

# 데이터 전처리

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import warnings
```

## 전체 데이터셋 : train

```
train = pd.read_excel('C:/Users/user/Desktop/Statistical_Data_Idea_Contest/DATA/
데이터/기술통계19.xlsx', index_col='global_id')
```

```
print('기술통계자료의 데이터 개수')
print('train: {}'.format(len(train)))
```

기술통계자료의 데이터 개수  
train: 3994

## 서비스업: service, 일반업: normal, 제조업: product

```
service =
pd.read_excel('C:/Users/user/Desktop/Statistical_Data_Idea_Contest/DATA/데이터/실
태조사_서비스업19.xlsx', index_col='global_id')
normal =
pd.read_excel('C:/Users/user/Desktop/Statistical_Data_Idea_Contest/DATA/데이터/실
태조사_일반항목19.xlsx', index_col='global_id')
product =
pd.read_excel('C:/Users/user/Desktop/Statistical_Data_Idea_Contest/DATA/데이터/실
태조사_제조업19.xlsx', index_col='global_id')
```

```
print('실태조사 자료 데이터의 개수')
print('sevice:{}, normal:{}, product:{}'.format(len(service), len(normal),
len(product)))
```

실태조사 자료 데이터의 개수  
sevice:8500, normal:4000, product:7500

## 기술통계조사와 실태조사 자료의 중복자료 추출

```
warnings.filterwarnings(action='ignore')
print('기술통계조사와 실태조사 자료의 중복항목 수는 다음과 같다.')
# 서비스업
line=[]
for i in train.index:
    if i in service.index:
        line.append(i)
    else:
```



```
111016.0    3.0
111037.0    3.0
111039.0    3.0
111041.0    2.0
111055.0    2.0
```

## 결측치 최빈값 처리

```
for index in index_list:
    freq = my_train[index].value_counts(dropna=True).idxmax()
    my_train[index].fillna(freq, inplace = True)
print(my_train.head(5))
```

	A1S1	A1N1	C2S2	H1_1	H4_1	I4Q1	I4Q2	I4Q3	I4Q4	I4Q5	I4Q6	\
global_id												
111016.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	
111037.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	3.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	
111039.0	4.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	7.0	3.0	3.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	
111041.0	4.0	5.0	2.0	5.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	
111055.0	5.0	5.0	2.0	3.0	1.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	

  

	I4Q7
global_id	
111016.0	3.0
111037.0	3.0
111039.0	3.0
111041.0	2.0
111055.0	2.0

## 응답범주 축소화

```
warnings.filterwarnings(action='ignore')

my_train['A1S1'][(my_train['A1S1']==1) | (my_train['A1S1']==2)] = 1
my_train['A1S1'][my_train['A1S1']==3] = 2
my_train['A1S1'][(my_train['A1S1']==4) | (my_train['A1S1']==5) |
(my_train['A1S1']==6)] = 3
my_train['A1S1'][my_train['A1S1']==7] = 4

my_train['A1N1'] [(my_train['A1N1']==1) | (my_train['A1N1']==2)] = 1
my_train['A1N1'] [(my_train['A1N1']==10) | (my_train['A1N1']==11)] = 2
my_train['A1N1'] [(my_train['A1N1']==5) | (my_train['A1N1']==6) |
(my_train['A1N1']==12 | (my_train['A1N1']==8 | (my_train['A1N1']==9))))] = 3
my_train['A1N1'] [(my_train['A1N1']==3) | (my_train['A1N1']==7)] = 4
my_train['A1N1'] [(my_train['A1N1']==13) | (my_train['A1N1']==14) |
(my_train['A1N1']==15)] = 5

my_train['C2S2'][(my_train['C2S2']==2) | (my_train['C2S2']==4)] = 2

my_train['H1_1'][(my_train['H1_1']==2) | (my_train['H1_1']==3)] = 1
my_train['H1_1'][(my_train['H1_1']==4) | (my_train['H1_1']==5) |
(my_train['H1_1']==6) | (my_train['H1_1']==7)] = 2
my_train['H1_1'][(my_train['H1_1']==1)] = 3
my_train['H1_1'][(my_train['H1_1']==9) | (my_train['H1_1']==8)]= 4
```



```

111041.0    2.0
111055.0    2.0
A1S1      float64
A1N1      float64
C2S2      float64
H1_1      float64
H4_1      float64
I4Q1      float64
I4Q2      float64
I4Q3      float64
I4Q4      float64
I4Q5      float64
I4Q6      float64
I4Q7      float64
dtype: object

```

## K-MEANS 클러스터

```
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
```

```

model = KMeans(n_clusters=3)
model.fit(my_train)
y_predict = model.fit_predict(my_train)
my_train['k_means'] = y_predict
print(my_train.head(5))
print(my_train.groupby('k_means').size())

```

	A1S1	A1N1	C2S2	H1_1	H4_1	I4Q1	I4Q2	I4Q3	I4Q4	I4Q5	I4Q6	\
global_id												
111016.0	1.0	4.0	2.0	3.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	
111037.0	1.0	4.0	2.0	3.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	
111039.0	3.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	
111041.0	3.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	
111055.0	3.0	4.0	2.0	3.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	

	I4Q7	k_means
global_id		
111016.0	3.0	1
111037.0	3.0	1
111039.0	3.0	0
111041.0	2.0	1
111055.0	2.0	1
k_means		
0	343	
1	849	
2	20	
dtype:	int64	

## 스펙트럴 군집

```
from sklearn.cluster import SpectralClustering
```

```
spectral = SpectralClustering(n_clusters=3, n_init=10)
y_predict = spectral.fit_predict(my_train)
my_train['Spectral'] = y_predict
print(my_train.head(5))

my_train.to_csv('C:/Users/user/Desktop/Statistical_Data_Idea_Contest/0423/kyumin
/cluster_result.csv', index=True)
```

	A1S1	A1N1	C2S2	H1_1	H4_1	I4Q1	I4Q2	I4Q3	I4Q4	I4Q5	I4Q6	\
global_id												
111016.0	1.0	4.0	2.0	3.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	
111037.0	1.0	4.0	2.0	3.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	
111039.0	3.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	
111041.0	3.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	
111055.0	3.0	4.0	2.0	3.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	

	I4Q7	k_means	Spectral
global_id			
111016.0	3.0	1	0
111037.0	3.0	1	0
111039.0	3.0	0	0
111041.0	2.0	1	0
111055.0	2.0	1	0

## Clustrering 결과분석

```
print(my_train.groupby('k_means').size())
print(my_train.groupby('Spectral').size())
```

```
k_means
0    343
1    849
2     20
dtype: int64
Spectral
0    1192
1         4
2        16
dtype: int64
```

혹시몰라서 int로도 string으로도 해봤으나 결과 값은 똑같다!

더미 변수처리는 했는데 Sptectral에서 너무 오래걸린다(안돌아감)

<https://m.blog.naver.com/PostView.nhn?blogId=ssdyka&logNo=221284738829&proxyReferer=https:%2F%2Fwww.google.com%2F>