



DONGYUXU

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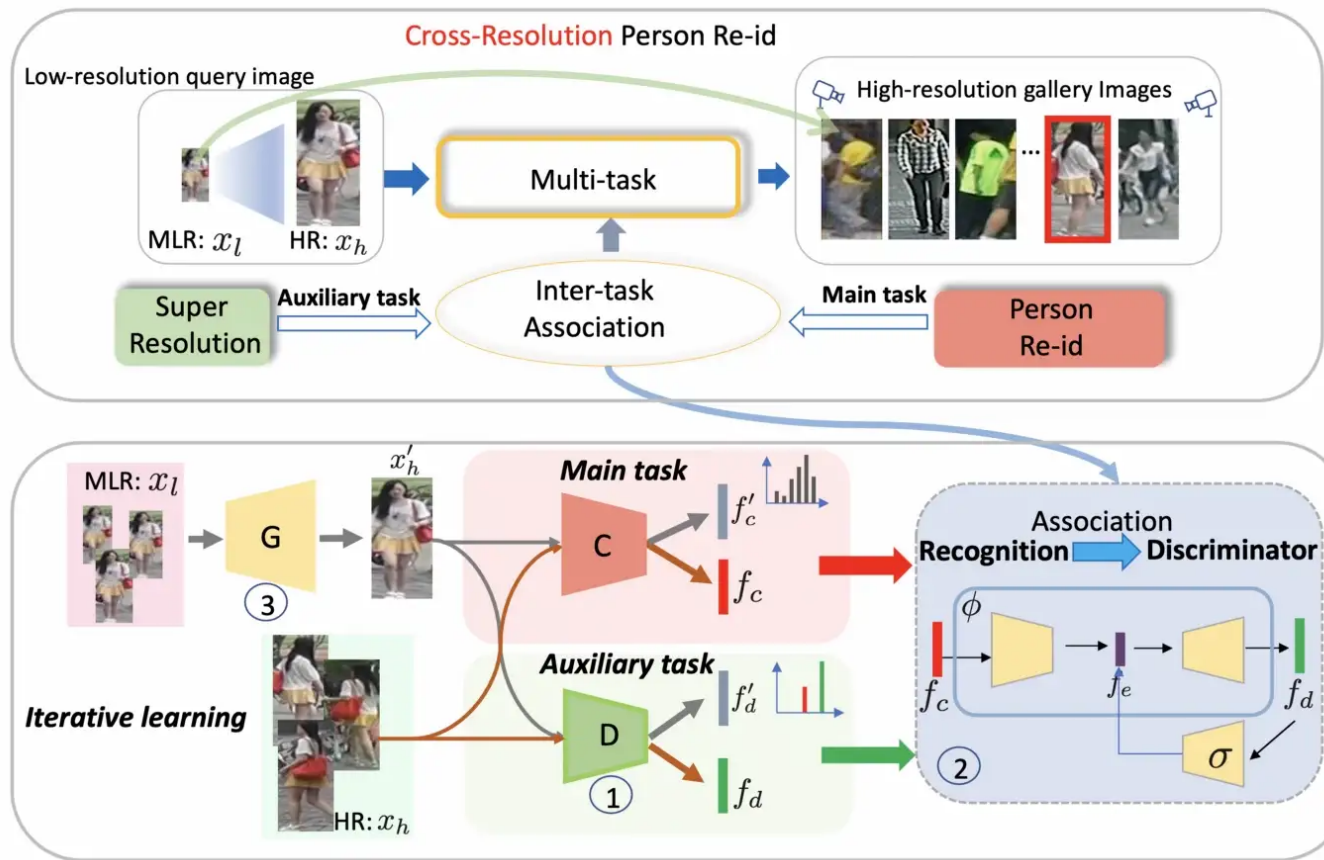


## Reading Notes: Inter-Task Association for Cross-Resolution Person Re-Identification

*This paper proposes a training regularisation called Inter-Task Association Critic (INTACT) to accelerate the integrated model (Supre-Resolution and Reid) training.*

**MOTIVATION:** The multi-task joint learning framework cascades SR and Reid to address the cross-resolution tasks is dramatically more difficult gradients backpropagation.

**METHODOLOGY:** Use a dedicated network  $\phi$  to represent the intrinsic association between the SR and Reid.



- Part I: Association Learning

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{intact}} = ||\phi(\mathbf{f}_c) - \mathbf{f}_d||_2^2$$

$f_c$  is the identity classification feature extracted from the Reid and  $f_d$  is the discriminator feature

To optimize the parameters of  $\theta$

$$\mathcal{L}_e = ||\sigma(f_d) - f_e||_2^2$$

$\sigma$  is a transform of the target  $f_d$

Add an additional bridging constraint to manipulate the optimizing direction

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{intact-e}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{intact}} + \mathcal{L}_e$$

The association model  $\theta$  and the bridging model  $\sigma$  are jointly learned

- Part II: Association Regularisation

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{dis}} = ||\phi(\mathbf{f}'_c) - \mathbf{f}'_d||_2^2$$

$\mathbf{f}'_c$  and  $\mathbf{f}'_d$  are the identity and discriminator of the SR model

The association network /epi is fixed to serve as an external critic

Brief summary: Use a model to learn the association between the real identity classification feature and the discriminator feature. After that, fixed the model parameters as a constraint to train the SR model, with the hope that the identity representation from SR could be more like Reid.

## EXPERIMENTS

Table 1. Cross-resolution person re-id performance (%). Bold and underlined numbers indicate top two results, respectively.

Model	MLR-Market-1501			MLR-CUHK03			MLR-VIPeR			MLR-DukeMTMC-reID			CAVIAR		
	Rank1	Rank5	Rank10	Rank1	Rank5	Rank10	Rank1	Rank5	Rank10	Rank1	Rank5	Rank10	Rank1	Rank5	Rank10
CamStyle [51]	74.5	88.6	93.0	69.1	89.6	93.9	34.4	56.8	66.6	64.0	78.1	84.4	32.1	72.3	85.9
FD-GAN [12]	79.6	91.6	93.5	73.4	93.8	97.9	39.1	62.1	72.5	67.5	82.0	85.3	33.5	71.4	86.5
SLD <sup>2</sup> L [17]	-	-	-	-	-	-	20.3	44.0	62.0	-	-	-	18.4	44.8	61.2
SING [16]	74.4	87.8	91.6	67.7	90.7	94.7	33.5	57.0	66.5	65.2	80.1	84.8	33.5	72.7	89.0
CSR-GAN [40]	76.4	88.5	91.9	71.3	92.1	97.4	37.2	62.3	71.6	67.6	81.4	85.1	34.7	72.5	87.4
JUDEA [25]	-	-	-	26.2	58.0	73.4	26.0	55.1	69.2	-	-	-	22.0	60.1	80.8
SDF [39]	-	-	-	22.2	48.0	64.0	9.3	38.1	52.4	-	-	-	14.3	37.5	62.5
RAIN [7]	-	-	-	78.9	97.3	98.7	42.5	<u>68.3</u>	<u>79.6</u>	-	-	-	42.0	<u>77.3</u>	89.6
CAD [26]	83.7	<u>92.7</u>	95.8	82.1	<u>97.4</u>	<b>98.8</b>	<u>43.1</u>	68.2	77.5	<u>75.6</u>	<u>86.7</u>	89.6	<u>42.8</u>	76.2	<u>91.5</u>
INTACT (Ours)	<b>88.1</b>	<b>95.0</b>	<b>96.9</b>	<b>86.4</b>	<b>97.4</b>	<u>98.5</u>	<b>46.2</b>	<b>73.1</b>	<b>81.6</b>	<b>81.2</b>	<b>90.1</b>	<b>92.8</b>	<b>44.0</b>	<b>81.8</b>	<b>93.9</b>

## ABLATION STUDY

Table 3. Evaluating INTACT’s loss components on MLR-Market-1501. MSE: pixel-wise content loss, ID: identity classification loss (Eq. (3)), Association: our association loss (Eq. (7) & (8)).

Supervision	Rank1	Rank5	Rank10
MSE+ID	83.7	93.0	95.6
MSE+ID+GAN	84.7	93.9	96.1
MSE+ID+GAN+Association	<b>88.1</b>	<b>95.0</b>	<b>96.9</b>

Table 5. Effect of the bridge constraint (Eq. (6)).

Bridge constraint	Rank1	Rank5	Rank10
W/O (Fig. 5 (d))	84.3	93.5	95.8
W (Fig. 5 (c))	<b>88.1</b>	<b>95.0</b>	<b>96.9</b>