

* Def: Survival Function

Reliability or survival of an item at the time point "t" is defined as the probability that item survives at least at the time "t". Let T be the lifetime random variable of the item with distribution function $F(\cdot)$ which is absolutely.

$$S(t) = \mathbb{P}(T \geq t) = 1 - F(t) = \bar{F}(t).$$

* Def: Lehmann Alternatives

$G(n) = [F(n)]^\alpha$, $\alpha > 0$ is a distribution function.

* Distribution Functions:

1) Exponential : $F_E(n) = 1 - e^{-\lambda n}$
 $f_E(n) = \lambda e^{-\lambda n}$

2) Weibull : $F_W(n) = 1 - e^{-(\lambda n)^\alpha}$
 $f_W(n) = \alpha \lambda (\lambda n)^{\alpha-1} e^{-(\lambda n)^\alpha}$

3) Gamma : $f_G(n) = \frac{\beta^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} n^{\alpha-1} \cdot e^{-\beta n}$

4) Exponentiated : $F_X(n) = (1 - e^{-\lambda n})^\alpha$,
Exponential $f_X(n) = \alpha \lambda (1 - e^{-\lambda n})^{\alpha-1} e^{-\lambda n}$

5) Marshall Olkin : Combining continuous distribution with discrete distribution

a discrete distribution.

Suppose that $X_1, \dots, X_N \stackrel{iid}{\sim} F(\cdot)$ and assume that $N \sim \text{Geo}(\theta)$
 $\mathbb{P}(N=n) = \theta(1-\theta)^{n-1}$, $0 < \theta < 1$.

Consider $Y = \min\{X_1, \dots, X_n\}$

$$\begin{aligned} S_Y(y) &= \mathbb{P}(Y \geq y) \\ &= \sum_{n \geq 1} \mathbb{P}(Y \geq y | N=n) \mathbb{P}(N=n) \quad \text{Total probability} \\ &= \sum_{n \geq 1} (1-F(y))^n \cdot \theta(1-\theta)^{n-1} \\ &= \theta(1-F(y)) \sum_{n \geq 1} ((1-F(y))(1-\theta))^n \end{aligned}$$

$$G(n) = \frac{F(n)}{F(n) + \theta S(n)}$$

$$S(n) = \frac{\theta(1-F(n))}{1 - (1-\theta)(1-F(n))}$$

$$f_{\text{MOE}}(n, \lambda, \alpha, \theta) = \frac{\alpha \lambda \theta e^{-\lambda n} (1 - e^{-\lambda n})^{\alpha-1}}{(1 - (1-\theta)(1 - (1 - e^{-\lambda n})^\alpha))^2} \mathbb{1}(n \geq 0)$$

6) Weighted Exponential : $f_{\text{WE}}(n, \alpha, \lambda) = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha+1} \lambda e^{-\lambda n} (1 - e^{-\alpha \lambda n}) \mathbb{1}(n \geq 0)$
distribution

7) α -Power Transformation Method (APT Method) :

Given data : plot density

Fit CDF/SF

MLE estimates

Goodness of fit test result (loglikelihood/KS/p-value)

Simulation from the distribution

Package name : mapt

$$F(n) = \begin{cases} \frac{\alpha^{F(n)} - 1}{\alpha - 1} & , \quad \alpha > 0, \alpha \neq 1 \end{cases}$$

APT

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \alpha - 1 \\ F(n) \end{array} \right., \quad \alpha = 1$$

$$f_{\text{APT}}(n) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{f(n) \log(\alpha) \alpha^{F(n)}}{\alpha - 1}, \quad \alpha > 0, \alpha \neq 1 \\ f(n), \quad \alpha = 1 \end{array} \right.$$

$$L(\alpha, 1) = n \log \alpha + n \log \left(\frac{\log(\alpha)}{\alpha - 1} \right) + n \log 1 - 1 \sum_{i=1}^n y_i - \log(\alpha) \sum_{i=1}^n e^{-\lambda y_i}$$