

3D RECONSTRUCTION OF MAIZE PLANTS IN THE PHENOVISION SYSTEM

Simon Donné¹, Hiep Quang Luong¹, Stijn Dhondt^{2,3}, Nathalie Wuyts^{2,3}, Dirk Inzé^{2,3}, Wilfried Philips¹

¹iMinds - IPI - UGent, ²PSB - VIB and ³Plant Biotechnology and Bioinformatics - UGent



Phenotyping for the assessment of plant responses to environmental stress

Plant phenotypes spring forth from the interplay between the genetic constitution and a plant's environment. Different genotypes respond to rough environmental conditions to a greater or lesser extent. Crop improvement benefits from their characterization.



The aim of the research is to phenotype the responses of maize grown under soil water deficit conditions, in plant growth and physiology.

We obtain a 3D model of the maize plant, as well as denoised spectra in the visible-near and shortwave-infrared range from top-view data.



The PHENOVISION system

PHENOVISION is a high-throughput plant phenotyping system for crops under greenhouse conditions. A conveyor belt system transports crops between automated irrigation stations and imaging cabins.

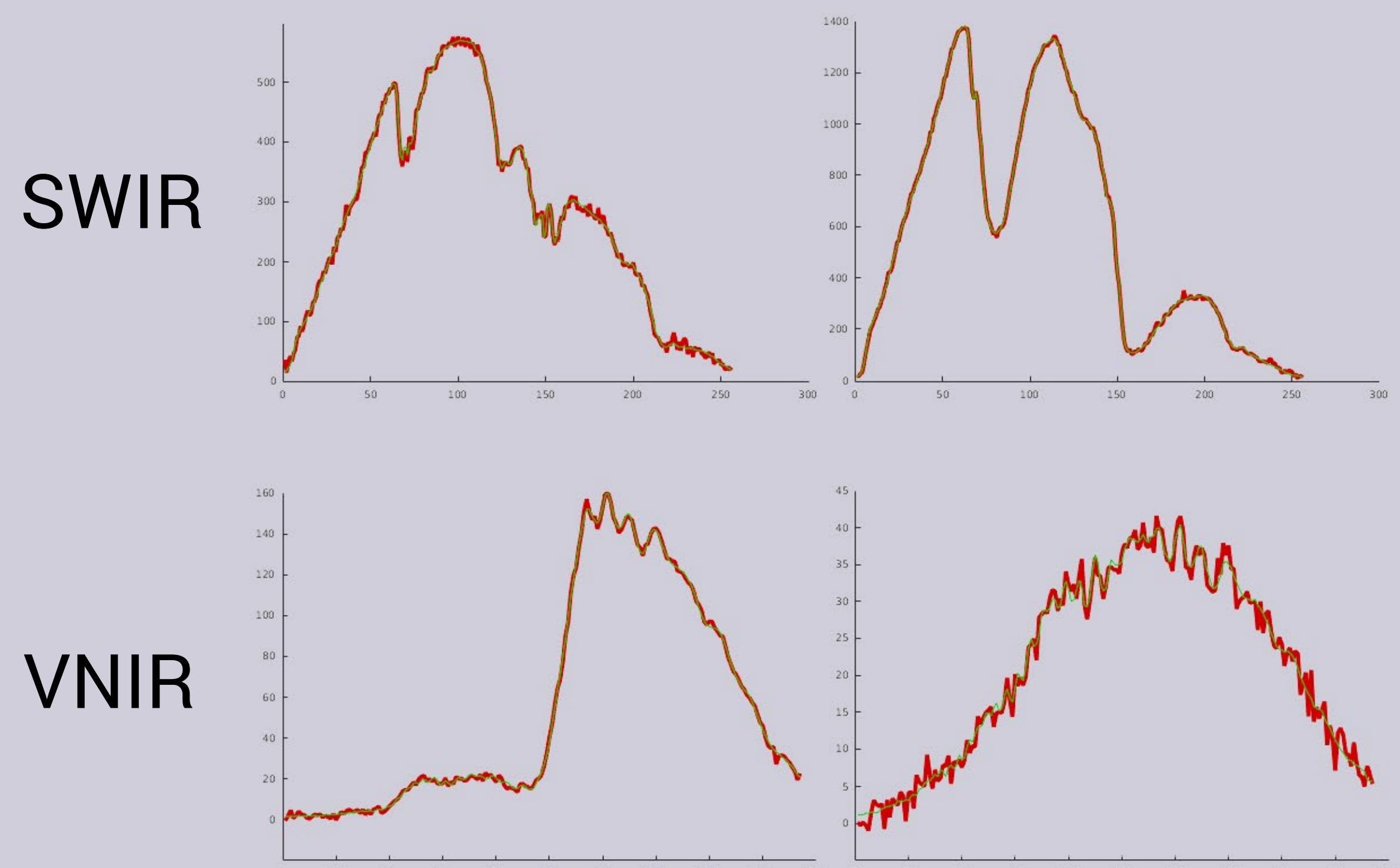


The imaging cabins capture three modalities:

- 1) all-round visual-spectrum
- 2) thermal infrared measurements
- 3) visible-near and shortwave-infrared spectra

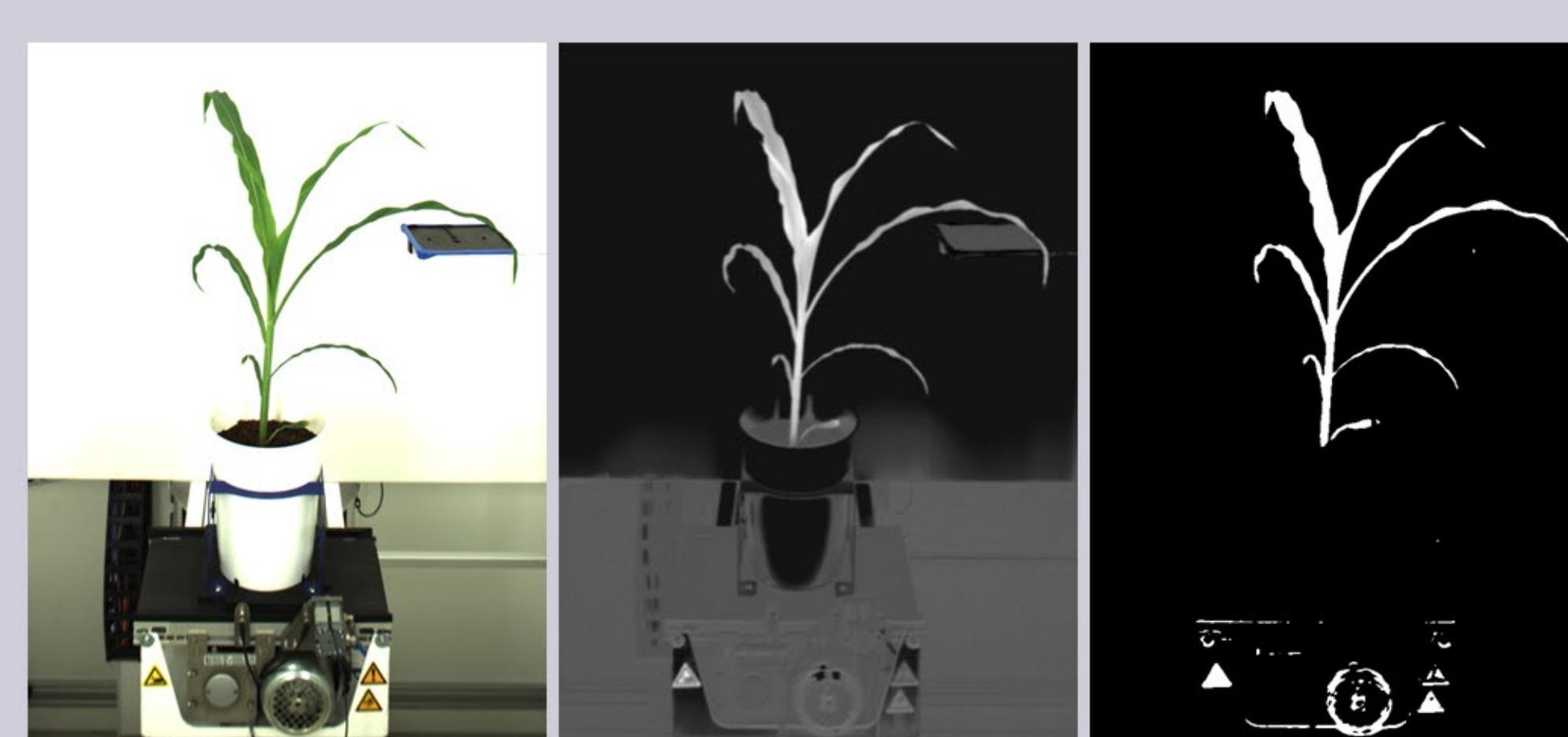


Hyperspectral denoising



Through spatial coherency and spectral sparsity constraints, denoised versions of the spectra are estimated.

3D reconstruction



Deep learning segmentation



Growth during development



Voxel carving and parametrization

