

- 1.** (1 point) Calculate the double integral  $\iint_R x \cos(2x + y) dA$  where  $R$  is the region:  $0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{6}, 0 \leq y \leq \frac{\pi}{4}$

*Answer(s) submitted:*

- $(\sin(7\pi/12) - (\pi/3)\cos(7\pi/12) - \sin(\pi/3) + (\pi/3)\cos(\pi/3)) / 4$

(correct)

*Correct Answers:*

- 0.0468567717876956

- 2.** (1 point) Calculate the volume under the elliptic paraboloid  $z = 2x^2 + 3y^2$  and over the rectangle  $R = [-2, 2] \times [-2, 2]$ .

*Answer(s) submitted:*

- $128/3 + 64$

(correct)

*Correct Answers:*

- 106.666666666667

- 3.** (1 point) Evaluate the following integral.

$$\int_1^4 \int_0^3 (4x^2 + y^2) dx dy = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

*Answer(s) submitted:*

- 171

(correct)

*Correct Answers:*

- 171

- 4.** (1 point)

Evaluate the iterated integral:

$$\int_0^7 \int_1^5 \sqrt{x+4y} dx dy$$

Answer : \_\_\_\_\_

*Answer(s) submitted:*

- $(1/15)(-(33)^{(5/2)} - (29)^{(5/2)} - (5)^{(5/2)}) + 1$

(correct)

*Correct Answers:*

- 111.467

- 5.** (1 point)

Evaluate the integral.

$$\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^1 \frac{4}{(1+y)^2} dy dx = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

*Answer(s) submitted:*

- $+4\arctan(1) - 2$

(correct)

*Correct Answers:*

- $-2 + 3.14159265358979$

- 6.** (1 point)

Evaluate the integral.

$$\int_1^2 \int_0^{\ln y} e^{x+y} dx dy = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

*Answer(s) submitted:*

- $e$

(correct)

*Correct Answers:*

- $e$

- 7.** (2 points) Evaluate the double integral  $\iint_D x \cos y dA$ , where  $D$  is bounded by  $y = 0$ ,  $y = x^2$ , and  $x = 5$ .

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

*Answer(s) submitted:*

- $(-\cos(25) + 1) / 2$

(correct)

*Correct Answers:*

- $1/2 * [1 - \cos(25)]$

- 8.** (2 points) Evaluate the double integral  $\iint_D (x^2 + 8y) dA$ , where  $D$  is bounded by  $y = x$ ,  $y = x^3$ , and  $x \geq 0$ .

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

*Answer(s) submitted:*

- $1/4 * 4/3 - 1/6 - 4/7$

(correct)

*Correct Answers:*

- $4/21 * 4 + 1/12$

- 9.** (2 points) Evaluate the double integral  $I = \iint_D xy dA$  where  $D$  is the triangular region with vertices  $(0,0), (2,0), (0,2)$ .

*Answer(s) submitted:*

- $6 - 16/3$

(correct)

*Correct Answers:*

- $0.66666666666667$

- 10.** (2 points)

Find the volume of the region enclosed by  $z = 1 - y^2$  and  $z = y^2 - 1$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 39$ .

$V = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$

*Answer(s) submitted:*

- 104

(correct)

*Correct Answers:*

- 104

- 11.** (2 points) Find the volume of the region under the graph of  $f(x,y) = 4x + y + 1$  and above the region  $y^2 \leq x$ ,  $0 \leq x \leq 16$ .

volume = \_\_\_\_\_

Answer(s) submitted:

- $(1024)16/5 + (64)4/3$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- $4*4*4^5/5+4*4^3/3$

- 12.** (2 points)

Find the volume of the solid bounded by the planes  $x = 0$ ,  $y = 0$ ,  $z = 0$  and  $5x + 2y + z = 10$ .

As a double integral, the volume is

$$V = \int_a^b \int_c^d \text{_____} dy dx$$

where

$a = \text{_____}$

$b = \text{_____}$

$c = \text{_____}$

$d = \text{_____}$

By evaluating the double integral, the volume is

$V = \text{_____}$

Answer(s) submitted:

- $10-5x-2y$
- 0
- 2
- 0
- $(10-5x)/2$
- $50/3$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- $10-5*x-2*y$
- 0
- 2
- 0
- $5-2.5*x$
- $(5**2)*(2**2)/6$

- 13.** (2 points) Set up a double integral in rectangular coordinates for calculating the volume of the solid under the graph of the function  $f(x,y) = 33 - x^2 - y^2$  and above the plane  $z = 8$ .

*Instructions:* Please enter the integrand in the first answer box. Depending on the order of integration you choose, enter  $dx$  and  $dy$  in either order into the second and third answer boxes with only one  $dx$  or  $dy$  in each box. Then, enter the limits of integration.

$$\int_A^B \int_C^D \text{_____} \text{_____} \text{_____}$$

$A = \text{_____}$

$B = \text{_____}$

$C = \text{_____}$

$D = \text{_____}$

Answer(s) submitted:

- $25-x^2-y^2$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- $25-x^2-y^2; dx; dy; -5; 5; -[\sqrt{25-y^2}]; \sqrt{25-y^2}$

- 14.** (1 point) Match the following integrals with the verbal descriptions of the solids whose volumes they give. Put the letter of the verbal description to the left of the corresponding integral.

—1.  $\int_0^2 \int_{-2}^2 \sqrt{4-y^2} dy dx$

—2.  $\int_{-1}^1 \int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} 1-x^2-y^2 dy dx$

—3.  $\int_0^1 \int_{y^2}^{\sqrt{y}} 4x^2+3y^2 dxdy$

—4.  $\int_{-2}^2 \int_4^{4+\sqrt{4-x^2}} 4x+3y dy dx$

—5.  $\int_0^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1-3y^2}} \sqrt{1-4x^2-3y^2} dxdy$

- A. One half of a cylindrical rod.
- B. Solid bounded by a circular paraboloid and a plane.
- C. Solid under an elliptic paraboloid and over a planar region bounded by two parabolas.
- D. One eighth of an ellipsoid.
- E. Solid under a plane and over one half of a circular disk.

Answer(s) submitted:

- A
- B
- C
- E
- D

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- A
- B
- C
- E
- D

- 15.** (2 points)

Suppose  $R$  is the shaded region in the figure, and  $f(x,y)$  is a continuous function on  $R$ . Find the limits of integration for the following iterated integrals.

(a)  $\iint_R f(x,y) dA = \int_A^B \int_C^D f(x,y) dy dx$

A = \_\_\_\_\_

B = \_\_\_\_\_

C = \_\_\_\_\_

D = \_\_\_\_\_

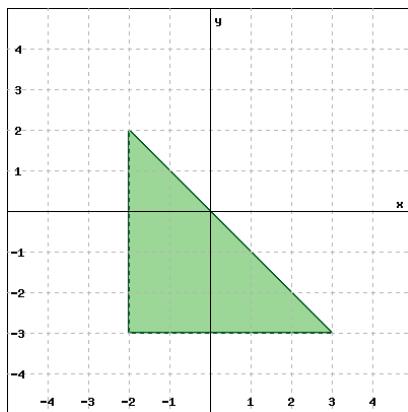
(b)  $\iint_R f(x,y) dA = \int_E^F \int_G^H f(x,y) dx dy$

E = \_\_\_\_\_

F = \_\_\_\_\_

G = \_\_\_\_\_

H = \_\_\_\_\_



Answer(s) submitted:

- -2
- 3
- -3
- -x
- -3
- 2
- -2
- -y

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- -2
- 3
- -3
- $2 - (x+2)$
- -3
- 2
- -2
- $-(2+y-2)$

**16.** (3 points)

Consider the following integral. Sketch its region of integration in the xy-plane.

$$\int_0^2 \int_{e^y}^{e^2} \frac{x}{\ln(x)} dx dy$$

(a) Which graph shows the region of integration in the xy-plane? [?/A/B/C/D]

(b) Write the integral with the order of integration reversed:

$$\int_0^2 \int_{e^y}^{e^2} \frac{x}{\ln(x)} dx dy = \int_A^B \int_C^D \frac{x}{\ln(x)} dy dx$$

with limits of integration

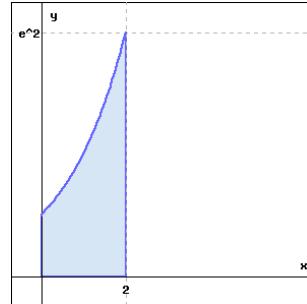
A = \_\_\_\_\_

B = \_\_\_\_\_

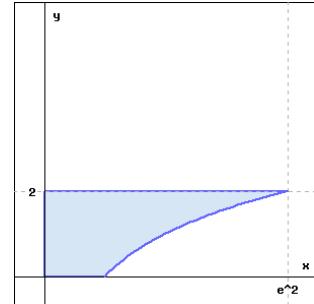
C = \_\_\_\_\_

D = \_\_\_\_\_

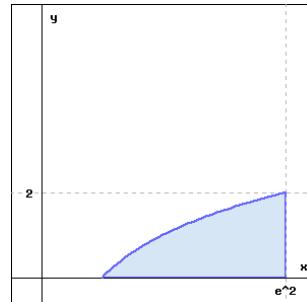
(c) Evaluate the integral. \_\_\_\_\_



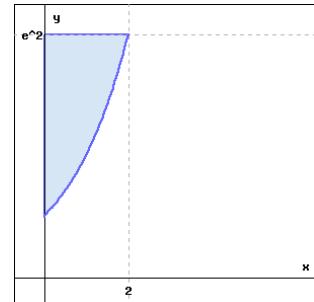
A



B



C



D

(Click on a graph to enlarge it)

Answer(s) submitted:

- C
- 1
- $e^2$
- 0
- $\ln x$
- $(1/2)(e^4 - 1)$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- C
- 1
- $e^2$
- 0
- $\ln(x)$
- $[e^{(2*2)-1}]/2$

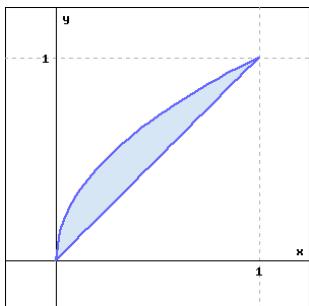
**17. (1 point)**

Consider the following integral. Sketch its region of integration in the xy-plane.

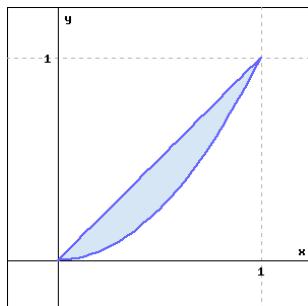
$$\int_0^1 \int_y^{\sqrt{y}} 120x^3y^3 \, dx \, dy$$

(a) Which graph shows the region of integration in the xy-plane? [?/A/B]

(b) Evaluate the integral. \_\_\_\_\_



A



B

(Click on a graph to enlarge it)

Answer(s) submitted:

- B
- $5-15/4$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- B
- 1.25

**18. (2 points) Evaluate the integral**

$$\int_0^2 \int_y^2 \sin(x^2) \, dx \, dy$$

by reversing the order of integration.

With order reversed,

$$\int_a^b \int_c^d \sin(x^2) \, dy \, dx,$$

where  $a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ ,  $b = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ ,  $c = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ , and  $d = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

Evaluating the integral,  $\int_0^2 \int_y^2 \sin(x^2) \, dx \, dy = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Answer(s) submitted:

- 0
- 2
- 0
- x
- $(-\cos(4)+1)/2$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- 0
- 2
- 0
- x
- $1/2 * [1 - \cos(2^2)]$

**19. (3 points)**

Consider the following integral. Sketch its region of integration in the xy-plane.

$$\int_0^2 \int_{y^2}^4 y \sin(x^2) \, dx \, dy$$

(a) Which graph shows the region of integration in the xy-plane? [?/A/B/C/D]

(b) Write the integral with the order of integration reversed:

$$\int_0^2 \int_{y^2}^4 y \sin(x^2) \, dx \, dy = \int_A^B \int_C^D y \sin(x^2) \, dy \, dx$$

with limits of integration

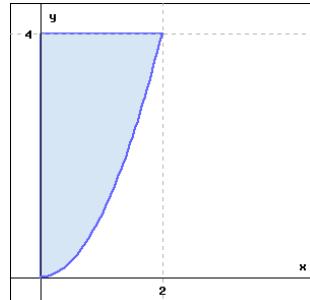
A = \_\_\_\_\_

B = \_\_\_\_\_

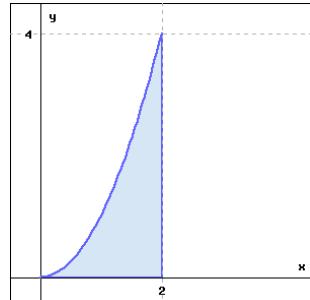
C = \_\_\_\_\_

D = \_\_\_\_\_

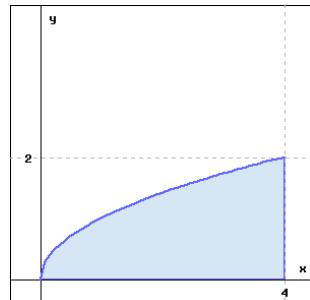
(c) Evaluate the integral. \_\_\_\_\_



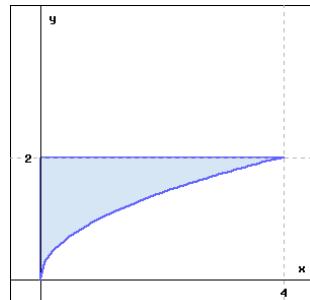
A



B



C



D

(Click on a graph to enlarge it)

Answer(s) submitted:

- C
- 0
- 4
- 0
- $\text{sqrt}(x)$
- $(-\cos(16) + 1)/4$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- C
- 0
- 4
- 0
- $\text{sqrt}(x)$
- $[1 - \cos(2^4)]/4$

- 20.** (2 points) In evaluating a double integral over a region  $D$ , a sum of iterated integrals was obtained as follows:

$$\iint_D f(x,y) dA = \int_0^3 \int_0^{(8/3)y} f(x,y) dx dy + \int_3^{11} \int_0^{11-y} f(x,y) dx dy.$$

Sketch the region  $D$  and express the double integral as an iterated integral with reversed order of integration.

$$\int_a^b \int_{g_1(x)}^{g_2(x)} f(x,y) dy dx$$

$$a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} b = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$g_1(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} g_2(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Answer(s) submitted:

- 0
- 8
- $3x/8$
- $11-x$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- 0
- 8
- $3*x/8$
- $11-x$

- 21.** (3 points) Let  $f(x,y) = x^2 e^{x^2}$  and let  $R$  be the triangle bounded by the lines  $x = 3$ ,  $x = y/2$ , and  $y = x$  in the  $xy$ -plane.

(a) Express  $\int_R f dA$  as a double integral in two different ways by filling in the values for the integrals below. (For one of these it will be necessary to write the double integral as a sum of two integrals, as indicated; for the other, it can be written as a single integral.)

$$\int_R f dA = \int_a^b \int_c^d f(x,y) d\underline{\hspace{2cm}} d\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

where  $a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ ,  $b = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ ,  $c = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ , and  $d = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

$$\text{And } \int_R f dA = \int_a^b \int_c^d f(x,y) d\underline{\hspace{2cm}} d\underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \int_m^n \int_p^q f(x,y) d\underline{\hspace{2cm}} d\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

where  $a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ ,  $b = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ ,  $c = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ ,  $d = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ ,  $m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ ,  $n = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ ,  $p = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ , and  $q = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

(b) Evaluate one of your integrals to find the value of  $\int_R f dA$ .

$$\int_R f dA = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Answer(s) submitted:

- y
- x
- 0
- 3
- x
- 2x
- x
- y
- x
- y
- 0
- 3
- y/2
- y
- 3
- 6
- y/2
- 3
- $(8e^9 + 1)/2$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- y
- x
- 0
- 3
- x
- $2*x$
- x
- y
- x
- y
- 0
- 3
- y/2
- y
- 3
- 6
- y/2
- 3
- $[(3*3-1)*e^(3*3)/2+1/2]*(2-1)$