

1. (1 point) Calculate the double integral $\iint_{\mathbf{R}} x \cos(2x + y) dA$ where \mathbf{R} is the region: $0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{6}, 0 \leq y \leq \frac{\pi}{4}$

Answer(s) submitted:

- $(\sin(7\pi/12) - (\pi/3) \cos(7\pi/12) - \sin(\pi/3) + (\pi/3) \cos(\pi/3) - \sin(\pi/4)) / 4$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- 0.0468567717876956

2. (1 point) Calculate the volume under the elliptic paraboloid $z = 2x^2 + 3y^2$ and over the rectangle $R = [-2, 2] \times [-2, 2]$.

Answer(s) submitted:

- $128/3 + 64$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- 106.666666666667

3. (1 point) Evaluate the following integral.

$$\int_1^4 \int_0^3 (4x^2 + y^2) dx dy = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Answer(s) submitted:

- 171

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- 171

4. (1 point)

Evaluate the iterated integral:

$$\int_0^7 \int_1^5 \sqrt{x+4y} dx dy$$

Answer :

Answer(s) submitted:

- $(1/15) ((33)^{(5/2)} - (29)^{(5/2)} - (5)^{(5/2)+1})$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- 111.467

5. (1 point)

Evaluate the integral.

$$\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^1 \frac{4}{(1+y)^2} dy dx = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Answer(s) submitted:

- $+4\arctan(1) - 2$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- $-2 + 3.14159265358979$

6. (1 point)

Evaluate the integral.

$$\int_1^2 \int_0^{\ln y} e^{x+y} dx dy = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Answer(s) submitted:

- e

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- e

7. (2 points) Evaluate the double integral $\iint_D x \cos y dA$, where D is bounded by $y = 0$, $y = x^2$, and $x = 5$.

Answer:

Answer(s) submitted:

- $(-\cos(25) + 1) / 2$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- $1/2 * [1 - \cos(25)]$

8. (2 points) Evaluate the double integral $\iint_D (x^2 + 8y) dA$, where D is bounded by $y = x$, $y = x^3$, and $x \geq 0$.

Answer:

Answer(s) submitted:

- $1/4 + 4/3 - 1/6 - 4/7$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- $4/21 + 4 + 1/12$

9. (2 points) Evaluate the double integral $I = \iint_{\mathbf{D}} xy dA$ where \mathbf{D} is the triangular region with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(2, 0)$, $(0, 2)$.

Answer(s) submitted:

- $6 - 16/3$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- 0.66666666666667

10. (2 points)

Find the volume of the region enclosed by $z = 1 - y^2$ and $z = y^2 - 1$ for $0 \leq x \leq 39$.

$V = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Answer(s) submitted:

- 104

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- 104

11. (2 points) Find the volume of the region under the graph of $f(x, y) = 4x + y + 1$ and above the region $y^2 \leq x$, $0 \leq x \leq 16$.

volume = _____

Answer(s) submitted:

- $(1024)16/5 + (64)4/3$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- $4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4^5/5 + 4 \cdot 4^3/3$

12. (2 points)

Find the volume of the solid bounded by the planes $x = 0$, $y = 0$, $z = 0$ and $5x + 2y + z = 10$.

As a double integral, the volume is

$$V = \int_a^b \int_c^d \text{_____} dy dx$$

where

$a = \text{_____}$

$b = \text{_____}$

$c = \text{_____}$

$d = \text{_____}$

By evaluating the double integral, the volume is

$V = \text{_____}$

Answer(s) submitted:

- $10 - 5x - 2y$
- 0
- 2
- 0
- $(10 - 5x) / 2$
- $50/3$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- $10 - 5 \cdot x - 2 \cdot y$
- 0
- 2
- 0
- $5 - 2.5 \cdot x$
- $(5 \cdot 2) \cdot (2 \cdot 2) / 6$

13. (2 points) Set up a double integral in rectangular coordinates for calculating the volume of the solid under the graph of the function $f(x, y) = 33 - x^2 - y^2$ and above the plane $z = 8$.

Instructions: Please enter the integrand in the first answer box. Depending on the order of integration you choose, enter dx and dy in either order into the second and third answer boxes with only one dx or dy in each box. Then, enter the limits of integration.

$$\int_A^B \int_C^D \text{_____} \text{_____} \text{_____}$$

$A = \text{_____}$

$B = \text{_____}$

$C = \text{_____}$

$D = \text{_____}$

Answer(s) submitted:

- $25 - x^2 - y^2$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- $25 - x^2 - y^2; dx; dy; -5; 5; -[\sqrt{25 - y^2}]; \sqrt{25 - y^2}$

14. (1 point) Match the following integrals with the verbal descriptions of the solids whose volumes they give. Put the letter of the verbal description to the left of the corresponding integral.

—1. $\int_0^2 \int_{-2}^2 \sqrt{4 - y^2} dy dx$

—2. $\int_{-1}^1 \int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} 1 - x^2 - y^2 dy dx$

—3. $\int_0^1 \int_{y^2}^{\sqrt{y}} 4x^2 + 3y^2 dx dy$

—4. $\int_{-2}^2 \int_4^{4+\sqrt{4-x^2}} 4x + 3y dy dx$

—5. $\int_0^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1-3y^2}} \sqrt{1-4x^2-3y^2} dx dy$

- A. One half of a cylindrical rod.
- B. Solid bounded by a circular paraboloid and a plane.
- C. Solid under an elliptic paraboloid and over a planar region bounded by two parabolas.
- D. One eighth of an ellipsoid.
- E. Solid under a plane and over one half of a circular disk.

Answer(s) submitted:

- A
- B
- C
- E
- D

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- A
- B
- C
- E
- D

15. (2 points)

Suppose R is the shaded region in the figure, and $f(x,y)$ is a continuous function on R . Find the limits of integration for the following iterated integrals.

$$(a) \iint_R f(x,y) dA = \int_A^B \int_C^D f(x,y) dy dx$$

A = _____

B = _____

C = _____

D = _____

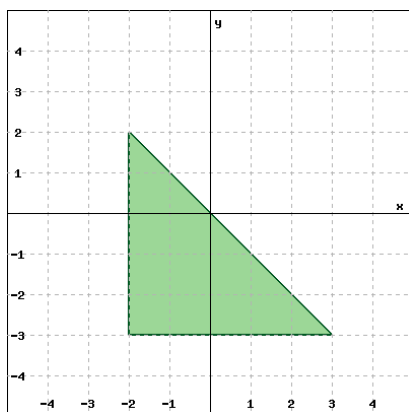
$$(b) \iint_R f(x,y) dA = \int_E^F \int_G^H f(x,y) dx dy$$

E = _____

F = _____

G = _____

H = _____



Answer(s) submitted:

- -2
- 3
- -3
- -x
- -3
- 2
- -2
- -y

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- -2
- 3
- -3
- $2 - (x+2)$
- -3
- 2
- -2
- $-(2+y-2)$

16. (3 points)

Consider the following integral. Sketch its region of integration in the xy -plane.

$$\int_0^2 \int_{e^y}^{e^2} \frac{x}{\ln(x)} dx dy$$

(a) Which graph shows the region of integration in the xy -plane? [?/A/B/C/D]

(b) Write the integral with the order of integration reversed:

$$\int_0^2 \int_{e^y}^{e^2} \frac{x}{\ln(x)} dx dy = \int_A^B \int_C^D \frac{x}{\ln(x)} dy dx$$

with limits of integration

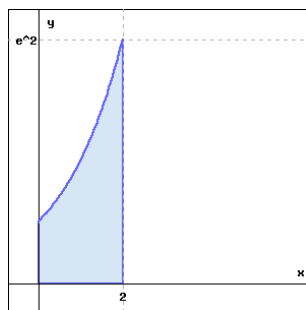
A = _____

B = _____

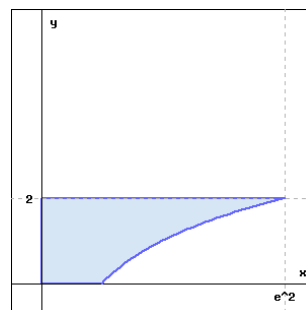
C = _____

D = _____

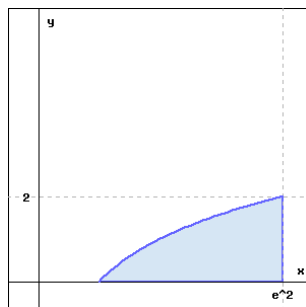
(c) Evaluate the integral. _____



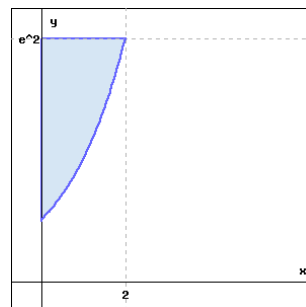
A



B



C



D

(Click on a graph to enlarge it)

Answer(s) submitted:

- C
- 1
- e^2
- 0
- $\ln x$
- $(1/2) (e^4 - 1)$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- C
- 1
- e^2
- 0
- $\ln(x)$
- $[e^{(2 \cdot 2)} - 1] / 2$

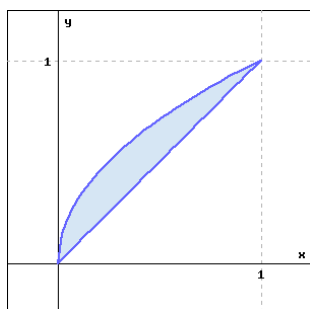
17. (1 point)

Consider the following integral. Sketch its region of integration in the xy-plane.

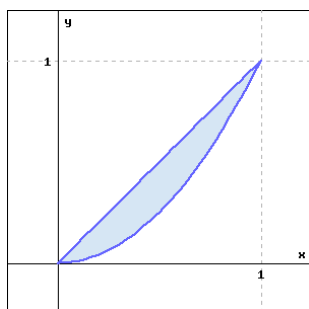
$$\int_0^1 \int_y^{\sqrt{y}} 120x^3 y^3 dx dy$$

(a) Which graph shows the region of integration in the xy-plane? [?/A/B]

(b) Evaluate the integral. _____



A



B

(Click on a graph to enlarge it)

Answer(s) submitted:

- B
- $5-15/4$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- B
- 1.25

18. (2 points) Evaluate the integral

$$\int_0^2 \int_y^2 \sin(x^2) dx dy$$

by reversing the order of integration.

With order reversed,

$$\int_a^b \int_c^d \sin(x^2) dy dx,$$

where $a = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $c = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, and $d = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.

Evaluating the integral, $\int_0^2 \int_y^2 \sin(x^2) dx dy =$

Answer(s) submitted:

- 0
- 2
- 0
- x
- $(-\cos(4) + 1) / 2$

(correct)

Correct Answers:

- 0
- 2
- 0
- x
- $1/2 * [1 - \cos(2 \cdot 2)]$

19. (3 points)

Consider the following integral. Sketch its region of integration in the xy-plane.

$$\int_0^2 \int_{y^2}^4 y \sin(x^2) dx dy$$

(a) Which graph shows the region of integration in the xy-plane? [?/A/B/C/D]

(b) Write the integral with the order of integration reversed:

$$\int_0^2 \int_{y^2}^4 y \sin(x^2) dx dy = \int_A^B \int_C^D y \sin(x^2) dy dx$$

with limits of integration

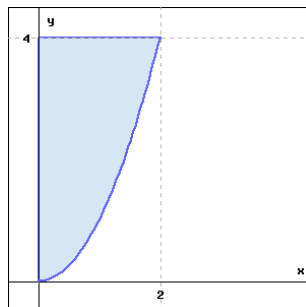
A = _____

B = _____

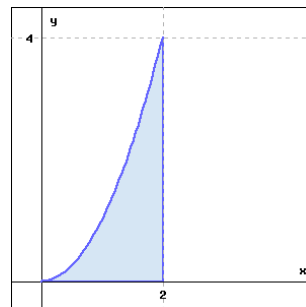
C = _____

D = _____

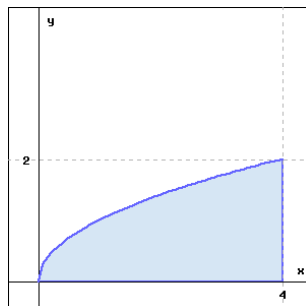
(c) Evaluate the integral. _____



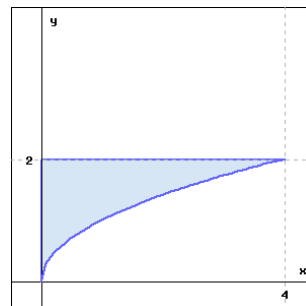
A



B



C



D

(Click on a graph to enlarge it)

Answer(s) submitted:

