

2. (1 point)

Find the equation of the sphere if one of its diameters has endpoints $(-4, -3, 10)$ and $(-2, 1, 16)$ which has been normalized so that the coefficient of x^2 is 1.

_____ = 0.

Answer(s) submitted:

- $(x+3)^2 + (y+1)^2 + (z-13)^2 - 14$

(correct)

3. (1 point) Find the lengths of the sides of the triangle with the vertices $A(2, -1, 4)$, $B(-2, 2, 8)$, and $C(6, 3, 7)$.

1. $|AB|$ = _____

2. $|AC|$ = _____

3. $|BC|$ = _____

4. Is $\triangle ABC$ an isosceles triangle? [?/Yes/No]

Answer(s) submitted:

- $\sqrt{41}$
- $\sqrt{41}$
- $\sqrt{66}$
- Yes

(correct)

4. (2 points) Find the distance from $(-9, 7, -14)$ to each of the following:

1. The xy -plane.

Answer: _____

2. The yz -plane.

Answer: _____

3. The xz -plane.

Answer: _____

4. The x -axis.

Answer: _____

5. The y -axis.

Answer: _____

6. The z -axis.

Answer: _____

Answer(s) submitted:

- 14
- 9
- 7
- $\sqrt{245}$
- $\sqrt{277}$
- $\sqrt{130}$

(correct)

6. (1 point) (a) Find a unit vector from the point $P = (2, 2)$ and toward the point $Q = (7, 14)$.

\vec{u} = _____

(b) Find a vector of length 39 pointing in the same direction.

\vec{v} = _____

Answer(s) submitted:

- $\langle 5/13, 12/13 \rangle$
- $\langle 15, 36 \rangle$

(correct)

8. (1 point) Find the length of the vectors

(a) $\tilde{i} - 2\tilde{j} + 4\tilde{k}$: length = _____

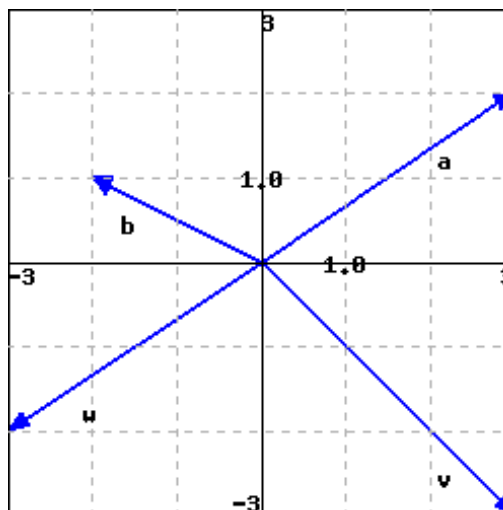
(b) $2.2\tilde{i} + 1.2\tilde{j} + 0.4\tilde{k}$: length = _____

Answer(s) submitted:

- $\sqrt{21}$
- $\sqrt{6.44}$

(correct)

9. (1 point) Resolve the vectors shown in the figure below into components. (Here, the vectors $\tilde{i} = \mathbf{i}$ and $\tilde{j} = \mathbf{j}$.)



$\vec{a} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \mathbf{i} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \mathbf{j}$

$\vec{b} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \mathbf{i} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \mathbf{j}$

$\vec{v} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \mathbf{i} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \mathbf{j}$

$\vec{w} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \mathbf{i} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \mathbf{j}$

Answer(s) submitted:

- 3
- 2
- -2
- 1
- 3
- -3
- -3
- -2

(correct)

10. (1 point) Let $\mathbf{a} = \langle 2, -2, -1 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{b} = \langle 1, 3, -2 \rangle$. Compute:

$\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} = (\rule{1cm}{0.4pt}, \rule{1cm}{0.4pt}, \rule{1cm}{0.4pt})$
 $\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b} = (\rule{1cm}{0.4pt}, \rule{1cm}{0.4pt}, \rule{1cm}{0.4pt})$
 $2\mathbf{a} = (\rule{1cm}{0.4pt}, \rule{1cm}{0.4pt}, \rule{1cm}{0.4pt})$
 $3\mathbf{a} + 4\mathbf{b} = (\rule{1cm}{0.4pt}, \rule{1cm}{0.4pt}, \rule{1cm}{0.4pt})$
 $|\mathbf{a}| = \rule{1cm}{0.4pt}$

Answer(s) submitted:

- 3
- 1
- -3
- 1
- -5
- 1
- 4
- -4
- -2
- 10
- 6
- -11
- 3

(correct)

11. (1 point)

Let $\mathbf{v} = \vec{PQ}$, where $P = (4, -4)$, $Q = (9, -5)$. Which of the vectors with the following given tails and heads are equivalent to \mathbf{v} ?

(a)

- Select
- Equivalent
- Not Equivalent

$(2, -5), (-3, -6)$

(b)

- Select
- Equivalent
- Not Equivalent

$(0, 0), (5, -1)$

(c)

- Select
- Equivalent
- Not Equivalent

$(-4, 0), (1, -1)$

(d)

- Select
- Equivalent
- Not Equivalent

$(3, -5), (6, -6)$

Answer(s) submitted:

- Not Equivalent

- Equivalent
- Equivalent
- Not Equivalent

(correct)

12. (1 point) Find a vector \mathbf{a} that has the same direction as $\langle -6, 9, 6 \rangle$ but has length 3.

Answer: $\mathbf{a} = \rule{1cm}{0.4pt}$

Answer(s) submitted:

- $(3/\sqrt{153}) \langle -6, 9, 6 \rangle$

(correct)

13. (1 point) Find a unit vector that has the same direction as the vector $6\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}$.

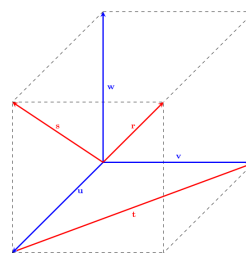
Answer: $\mathbf{u} = \rule{1cm}{0.4pt}$

Answer(s) submitted:

- $(1/\sqrt{53}) \langle 6, -1, 4 \rangle$

(correct)

14. (1 point) Below is a diagram of the dotted cube with edges of length 2. Suppose vectors $\mathbf{u} = \langle 2, 0, 0 \rangle$, $\mathbf{v} = \langle 0, 2, 0 \rangle$, and $\mathbf{w} = \langle 0, 0, 2 \rangle$. Find the following vectors.



1. $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v} + 2\mathbf{w} = \rule{1cm}{0.4pt}$

2. $\mathbf{t} = \rule{1cm}{0.4pt}$

3. $\mathbf{t} - 2\mathbf{r} = \rule{1cm}{0.4pt}$

4. $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v} + \mathbf{w} + \mathbf{r} + \mathbf{s} + \mathbf{t} = \rule{1cm}{0.4pt}$

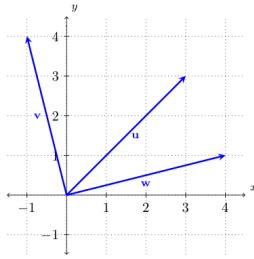
Note: You can click on the graph to enlarge the image.

Answer(s) submitted:

- $\langle 2, 2, 4 \rangle$
- $\langle -2, 2, 0 \rangle$
- $\langle -6, -2, -4 \rangle$
- $\langle 4, 6, 6 \rangle$

(correct)

15. (1 point) Find the following expressions using the graph below of vectors \mathbf{u} , \mathbf{v} , and \mathbf{w} .



1. $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v} =$ _____
2. $2\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{w} =$ _____
3. $3\mathbf{v} - 6\mathbf{w} =$ _____
4. $|\mathbf{w}| =$ _____

Note: You can click on the graph to enlarge the image.

Answer(s) submitted:

- $\langle 2, 7 \rangle$
- $\langle 10, 7 \rangle$
- $\langle -27, 6 \rangle$
- $\sqrt{17}$

(correct)

17. (1 point) A boat is heading due east at 34 km/hr (relative to the water). The current is moving toward the southwest at 13 km/hr.

- (1) Give the vector representing the actual movement of the boat.
_____.
- (2) How fast is the boat moving, relative to the ground?
_____ km/hr.
- (3) By what angle does the current push the boat off its due east course? Your answer should be a positive angle less than π radians.
_____.

Answer(s) submitted:

- $\langle 34 - 13/\sqrt{2}, -13/\sqrt{2} \rangle$
- $\sqrt{(34 - 13/\sqrt{2})^2 + (-13/\sqrt{2})^2}$
- 0.35486

(correct)

18. (1 point) Perform the following operations on the vectors $\vec{u} = \langle 2, 0, 3 \rangle$, $\vec{v} = \langle 5, -1, -1 \rangle$, and $\vec{w} = \langle -5, 5, 1 \rangle$.

$$\vec{u} \cdot \vec{w} =$$

$$(\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v})\vec{u} =$$

$$((\vec{w} \cdot \vec{w})\vec{u}) \cdot \vec{u} =$$

$$\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} + \vec{v} \cdot \vec{w} =$$

Answer(s) submitted:

- -7
- $\langle 14, 0, 21 \rangle$
- 663
- -24

(correct)

19. (1 point) **Distance and Dot Products:** Consider the vectors

$$\mathbf{u} = \langle -3, 10, -5 \rangle \text{ and } \mathbf{v} = \langle 5, -1, 3 \rangle.$$

Compute $\|\mathbf{u}\| =$ _____

Compute $\|\mathbf{v}\| =$ _____

Compute $\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v} =$ _____

Answer(s) submitted:

- $\sqrt{134}$
- $\sqrt{35}$
- -40

(correct)

20. (1 point)

What is the angle in radians between the vectors

$\mathbf{a} = \langle 5, 8, 4 \rangle$ and

$\mathbf{b} = \langle 2, 6, 6 \rangle$?

Angle: _____ (radians)

Answer(s) submitted:

- $\cos^{-1}(82/(\sqrt{105}\sqrt{76}))$

(correct)

21. (1 point)

Find the scalar and vector projection of the vector $\mathbf{b} = \langle 3, 1, -1 \rangle$ onto the vector $\mathbf{a} = \langle -3, 5, -1 \rangle$.

Scalar projection (i.e., component): _____

Vector projection \langle _____, _____, _____ \rangle

Answer(s) submitted:

- $-3/\sqrt{35}$
- $9/35$
- $-15/35$
- $3/35$

(correct)

23. (1 point)

A woman exerts a horizontal force of 1 pounds on a box as she pushes it up a ramp that is 1 feet long and inclined at an angle of 30 degrees above the horizontal.

Find the work done on the box.

Work: _____ ft-lb

Answer(s) submitted:

- $\sqrt{3}/2$

(correct)

24. (1 point) For what values of b are the vectors $\langle -13, b, 9 \rangle$ and $\langle b, b^2, b \rangle$ orthogonal?

Answer (separate with commas) $b =$ _____

Answer(s) submitted:

- 0, 2, -2

(correct)

25. (1 point) Determine whether the given vectors are *orthogonal*, *parallel*, or *neither*.

- choose one
- Orthogonal
- Parallel
- Neither

1. $\mathbf{v} = \langle 1, 2, -1 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{w} = \langle -10, -20, 10 \rangle$.

- choose one
- Orthogonal
- Parallel
- Neither

2. $\mathbf{v} = \langle 5, 8, 14 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{w} = \langle 8, -5, 0 \rangle$.

- choose one
- Orthogonal
- Parallel
- Neither

3. $\mathbf{v} = \langle 10, 20, -30 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{w} = \langle -30, 20, 10 \rangle$.

Note: You only have two attempts at this problem.

Answer(s) submitted:

- Parallel
- Orthogonal
- Neither

(correct)

26. (1 point) Find $\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b}$ if $|\mathbf{a}| = 10$, $|\mathbf{b}| = 6$, and the angle between \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} is $\frac{\pi}{10}$ radians.

$\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} =$ _____

Answer(s) submitted:

- $60 (\cos (\pi / 10))$

(correct)

27. (1 point) Find the angle θ between the vectors $\mathbf{a} = 5\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} - 4\mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{b} = 2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k}$.

Answer (in radians): $\theta =$ _____

Answer(s) submitted:

- $\pi / 6$

(correct)