

PHYS 304 Formula Sheet

The Wave Function

Time dependent Schrodinger Equation:

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2 \Psi}{\partial x^2} + V\Psi$$

Standard Deviation:

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\langle j^2 \rangle - \langle j \rangle^2}$$

Momentum:

$$\langle p \rangle = m \frac{d \langle x \rangle}{dt} = \int \Psi^* \left(\frac{\hbar}{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \right) \Psi dx$$

Infinite Square Well

Time Independent Schrodinger Equation:

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial x^2} + V\psi = E\psi$$

Eigenstate Expansion:

$$\Psi(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \psi_n(x) e^{-iE_n t / \hbar} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \Psi_n(x, t)$$

Energy In Infinite Square Well:

$$E_n = \frac{n^2 \pi^2 \hbar^2}{2ma^2}$$

Stationary States:

$$\psi_n(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{a}} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{a}x\right)$$

Determining Coefficients:

$$c_n = \sqrt{\frac{2}{a}} \int_0^a \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{a}x\right) \Psi(x, 0) dx$$

Expectation Value of Energy:

$$\langle H \rangle = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |c_n|^2 E_n$$

Harmonic Oscillator

$$k = \omega^2 m$$

Ladder Operators:

$$a_{\pm} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\hbar m \omega}} (\mp i p + m \omega x)$$

$$a_+ \psi_n = \sqrt{n+1} \psi_{n+1}$$

$$a_- \psi_n = \sqrt{n} \psi_{n-1}$$

Operators:

$$x = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega}} (a_+ + a_-)$$

$$p = i \sqrt{\frac{\hbar m \omega}{2}} (a_+ - a_-)$$

$$x^2 = \frac{\hbar}{2m\omega} [(a_+)^2 + (a_+ a_-) + (a_- a_+) + (a_-)^2]$$

Commutation:

$$[x, p] = i\hbar$$

$$[a_-, a_+] = 1$$

Hamiltonian:

$$H = \hbar \omega \left(a_+ a_- + \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$a_+ a_- + a_- a_+ = 2 \left(\frac{H}{\hbar \omega} \right)$$

States:

$$\psi_0(x) = \left(\frac{m\omega}{\pi \hbar} \right)^{1/4} e^{-\frac{m\omega}{2\hbar} x^2}$$

$$\psi_n = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n!}} (a_+)^n \psi_0$$

Energy:

$$E_n = \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right) \hbar \omega$$

Generalized Statistical Interpretation

Momentum Expansion:

$$\Phi(p, t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-ipx/\hbar} \Psi(x, t) dx$$

$$\Psi(x, t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{ipx/\hbar} \Phi(p, t) dp$$

Angular Momentum

$$L_x = y p_z - z p_y \quad L_y = z p_x - x p_z \quad L_z = x p_y - y p_x$$

Commutators:

$$[L_x, L_y] = i\hbar L_z \quad [L_y, L_z] = i\hbar L_x \quad [L_z, L_x] = i\hbar L_y$$

$$[L_z, x] = i\hbar y \quad [L_z, y] = -i\hbar x \quad [L_z, z] = 0$$

$$[L_z, p_x] = i\hbar p_y \quad [L_z, p_y] = -i\hbar p_x \quad [L_z, p_z] = 0$$

Square of Angular Momentum:

$$L^2 \equiv L_x^2 + L_y^2 + L_z^2 \quad [L^2, \mathbf{L}] = 0$$

Ladder Operators:

$$L_{\pm} = L_x \pm i L_y \quad [L_z, L_{\pm}] = \pm i\hbar L_{\pm}$$

$$L^2 = L_{\pm} L_{\mp} + L_z^2 \mp \hbar L_z$$

$$L_x = \frac{L_+ + L_-}{2} \quad L_y = \frac{L_+ - L_-}{2i}$$

$$L_+ |l, l\rangle = 0 \quad L_- |l, -l\rangle = 0$$

Eigenvalues:

$$L^2 |l, m\rangle = \hbar^2 l(l+1) |l, m\rangle$$

$$L_z |l, m\rangle = \hbar m |l, m\rangle$$

$$L_{\pm} |l, m\rangle = A_l^m |l, m \pm 1\rangle$$

$$A_l^m = \hbar \sqrt{l(l+1) - m(m \pm 1)}$$

Expectation Value when $L_x |\psi\rangle = L_y |\psi\rangle$:

$$\langle \psi | L_x^2 | \psi \rangle = \langle \psi | L_y^2 | \psi \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \langle \psi | L^2 - L_z^2 | \psi \rangle$$

Spherical Coordinate Representation:

$$L_x = \frac{\hbar}{i} \left(-\sin \phi \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} - \cos \phi \cot \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right)$$

$$L_y = \frac{\hbar}{i} \left(+\cos \phi \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} - \sin \phi \cot \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right)$$

$$L_z = \frac{\hbar}{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}$$

$$L_{\pm} = \pm \hbar e^{\pm i\theta} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \pm i \cot \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right)$$

$$L_+ L_- = -\hbar^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2} + \cot \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} + \cot^2 \theta \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} + i \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \right)$$

$$L^2 = -\hbar^2 \left[\frac{1}{\sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} \right]$$

Spin

Commutators:

$$[S_x, S_y] = i\hbar S_z \quad [S_y, S_z] = i\hbar S_x \quad [S_z, S_x] = i\hbar S_y$$

Eigenvalues:

$$S^2 |s, m\rangle = \hbar^2 s(s+1) |s, m\rangle$$

$$S_z |s, m\rangle = \hbar m |s, m\rangle$$

$$S_{\pm} |s, m\rangle = \hbar \sqrt{s(s+1) - m(m \pm 1)} |s, m \pm 1\rangle$$

Square of Angular Momentum:

$$S^2 \equiv S_x^2 + S_y^2 + S_z^2 \quad [S^2, \mathbf{S}] = 0$$

Spin 1/2

Spinors:

$$\chi = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix}, |a|^2 + |b|^2 = 1 \quad \chi_+ = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \chi_- = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Spin Operators:

$$S_x = \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad S_y = \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad S_z = \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$S^2 = \frac{3}{4} \hbar^2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad S_+ = \hbar \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad S_- = \hbar \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Trig Identities

$$2 \cos \theta \cos \phi = \cos(\theta - \phi) + \cos(\theta + \phi)$$

$$2 \sin \theta \sin \phi = \cos(\theta - \phi) - \cos(\theta + \phi)$$

$$2 \sin \theta \cos \phi = \sin(\theta + \phi) + \sin(\theta - \phi)$$

$$2 \cos \theta \sin \phi = \sin(\theta + \phi) - \sin(\theta - \phi)$$

Integral Identities

$$\begin{aligned}\int \sin^2 ax \, dx &= \frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{4a} \sin 2ax + C \\ \int \sin^3 ax \, dx &= \frac{\cos 3ax}{12a} - \frac{3 \cos ax}{4a} + C \\ \int \cos^2 ax \, dx &= \frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{4a} \sin 2ax + C\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\int \cos^3 ax \, dx &= \frac{\sin ax}{a} - \frac{\sin^3 ax}{3a} + C \\ \int \cos^n(ax) \sin(ax) \, dx &= -\frac{\cos^{n+1}(ax)}{a(n+1)} + C \\ \int \sin^n(ax) \cos(ax) \, dx &= \frac{\sin^{n+1}(ax)}{a(n+1)} + C\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\int_0^\pi \cos^{2n+1}(ax) \sin(ax) \, dx &= 0 & n = 0, 1, 2 \dots \\ \int_0^\pi \cos^{2n}(x) \sin(x) \, dx &= \frac{2}{2n+1} & n = 0, 1, 2 \dots\end{aligned}$$

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<https://github.com/DonneyF/formula-sheets>