Final Presentation

Team Sponsor: Justin Phelps

Group 12

Aiden Nipper

Will DiSalvo

Rodrigo Guerra

Donovan Reynolds

Bird Initiated Rubbish Disposal System



MEET THE TEAM



Aiden NipperPhotonic Science and Engineering



Will DiSalvo
Photonic Science
and Engineering



Rodrigo Guerra
Electrical Engineering



Donovan Reynolds

Computer Engineering

Problem & Motivation

- Littering is still a problem
 - Current solutions to clean up public spaces involve extensive energy costs
 - Volunteer cleanup, convict labor, salaried street cleaners
- The best solutions are just out of reach
 - Access to and education on proper waste disposal
 - Discouraging single use items

"While humanity struggles to learn basic cleanliness, it falls upon birds to tidy up the mess"

- ChatGPT 3.5
- Birds are:
 - Omnipresent
 - Intelligent enough to form correlations
 - Cheap to bribe





Core Goals

→ Promptly rewarding Birds that bring Cigarettes

- Quick Cigarette recognition, and quick food distribution
- Fast enough for Birds to associate their behavior with the rewards

→ Consistent Bird and Cigarette detection verdicts

- Accurate Bird and Cigarette Detection
- Consistent Food delivery

→ The BIRDS housing should be robust, yet easily maintained

- Should survive in outdoor environments (advanced)
- Trash container should be easily inserted/removed
- Food should be easily refilled
- Platforms should be easily disassembled





Objectives

→ Promptly rewarding Birds that bring Cigarettes

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| | Component | Parameter | Specification |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|------------------|--|
| | Power Supply Support Max Delivery | | Up to 10 Watts |
| ical | PCB | Power Draw | Less than 5 Watts |
| Electrica | Motors | Reliability | Operate without fail 80% of the time |
| | Image Processor | Response Time | Deliver verdict within 5 seconds of taking image |

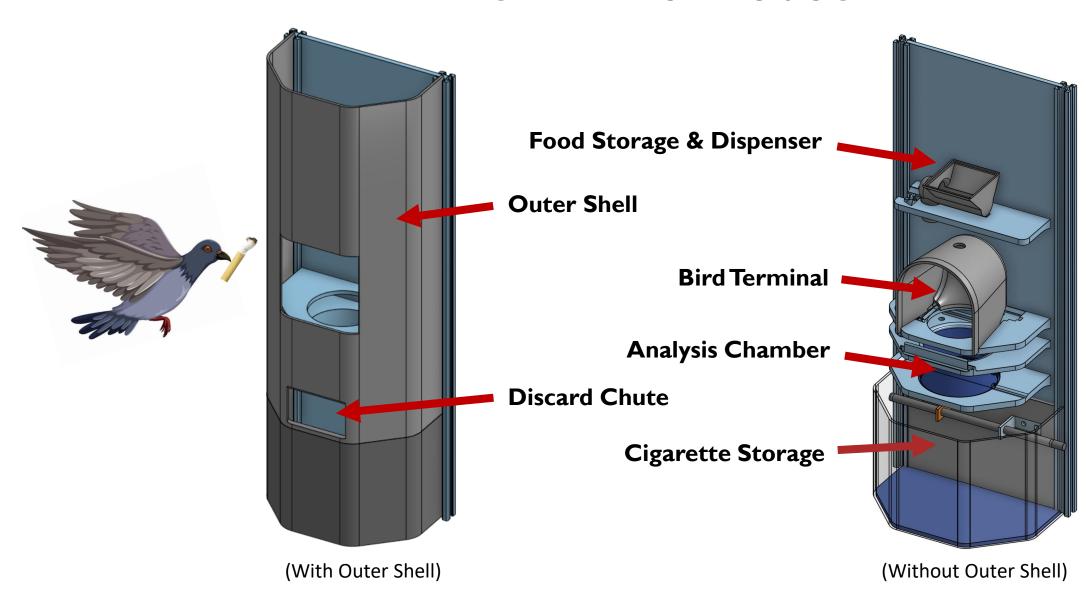
| | Component | Parameter | Specification |
|---------|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| | Collimating Lens (Trash) | FOV | 30° |
| | Collimating Lens (Bird) | HFOV | 90° |
| _ | Focusing Lenses | Focal Length | 10 – 20 cm |
| Optical | CMOS Sensors | Resolution | 640 x 480 pixels |
| O | Red Laser Diode | Spot Size | 6 mm (@ 5 m distance) |
| | Photodiode | Wavelength Range | 400 – 1100 nm |
| | Mirror | Wavelength Range | 400 – 700 nm |



| System/Feature | Requirement |
|--|-------------|
| Accuracy of Bird Image Recognition | ≥ 70% |
| Accuracy of Trash Image Recognition | ≥ 80% |
| Accuracy of Trash Motion Sensor | ≥ 90% |
| Time duration of Opening Doors | ≤3 sec |
| Time duration of Trash verdict | ≤3 sec |
| Time duration from Trash approval to Food Delivery | ≤2 sec |



The BIRDS House



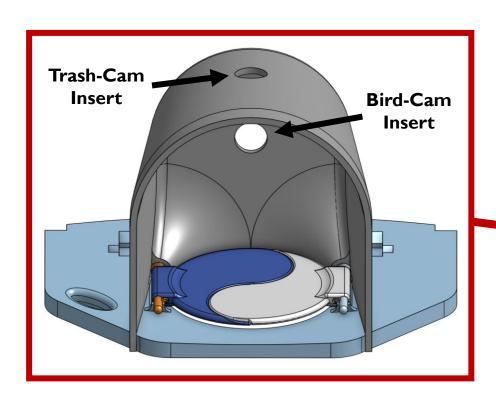


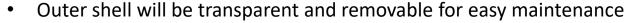


Bird Terminal

Main Features:

- Landing Platform landing pad for birds interacting with the system
- Bird-Cam pointed outward, for capturing images of birds
- Trash Intake hole with Servocontrolled doors that open upon bird being recognized
- Trash-Cam pointed downward at analysis, for capturing images of trash (cigarettes)
- Food Delivery tray for food to be dispensed from tube running from Food Dispenser





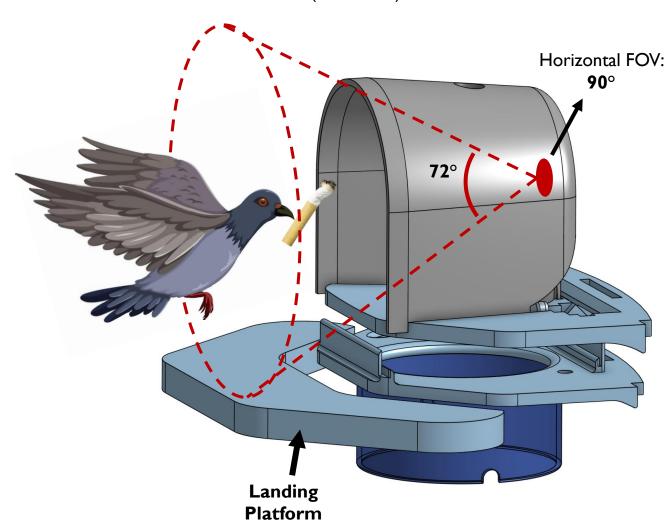
• System plates/platforms will be secured through slots in backplate





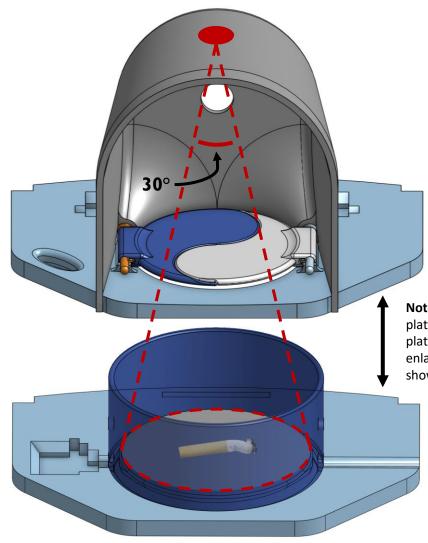
Bird-Cam FOV

(side view)



Trash-Cam FOV

(front view)





Note: motion sensor platform removed and platform separation enlarged to better show Trash-Cam FOV

Lens System Hardware Selections



Sensor Selection

| Specification | CMOS | CCD |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Readout Noise | 5 e ⁻ | 3 e ⁻ |
| Power Consumption | 2.5 V | 12 V |
| Readout Time | 10 ms | 500 ms |
| Price | \$50 | \$200 |

- More noise created by the CMOS sensor
- Readout time and power consumption are very low

Lens Selections

| Lens Shape | Ideal Conjugate Ratio | |
|---------------|---|--|
| Biconvex | < 5:1 | |
| Plano-convex | All | |
| Plano-concave | Infinite, larger finite (> 5:1) | |
| Biconcave | < 5:1 | |
| Meniscus | Varies; dependent upon curvature and polarity | |

- Objects will be far away from front of lens system, images will be formed close to the back of lens system
 - Leads to a large or infinite ideal conjugate ratio
- If a second lens is used, system will have a much smaller ideal conjugate ratio

Lens System Design

- Three-lens system with wide-angle lens utilized for Bird-Cam to capture a wider field of view as well as acquire sufficient minification
- Trash-Cam to acquire sufficient minification onto the CMOS sensor
 Infrared (IR) filter used to block

Two-lens system utilized for

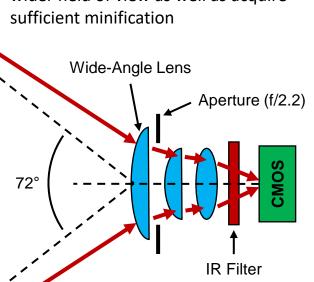
Infrared (IR) filter used to block out wavelengths in the IR range to prevent image distortion

Focal Length (cm)

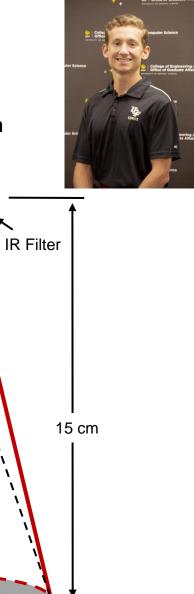
10 - 20

15

Bird-Cam



| Long System | Field of View (°) | | | |
|-------------|-------------------|------------|--|--|
| Lens System | Vertical | Horizontal | | |
| Bird-Cam | 72 | 90 | | |
| Trash-Cam | 30 | 30 | | |



Trash-Cam

CMOS

30°

8cm

Biconvex Lens

Plano-convex Lens

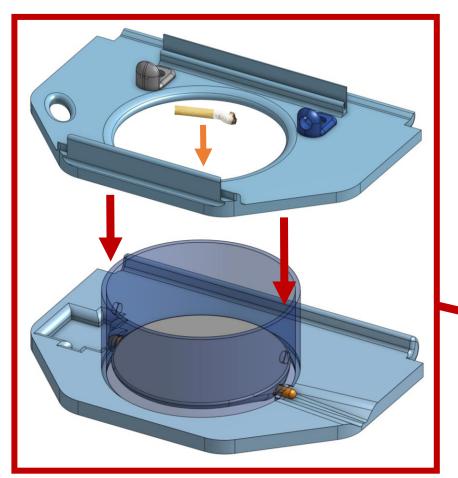
Analysis Chamber

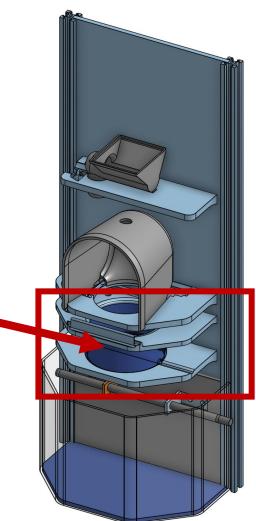
Laser Motion Sensor Platform

- Laser break plane that gets obstructed when items pass through (orange arrow)
- Activates Trash-Cam when tripped, so image recognition can take place

Analysis Chamber Platform

- Items that fall are analyzed by Trash-Cam
- Servo-controlled pivoting door sorts between trash (cigarettes) and non-trash after analysis
- Cigarettes sent to cigarette storage, other items sent to discard chute







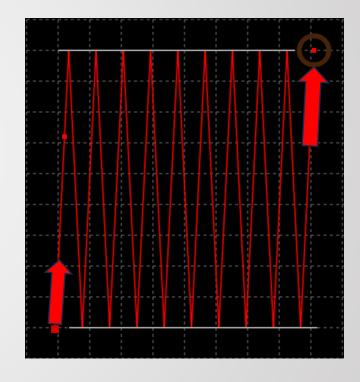
Laser Motion Sensor Selection



| Specification | Solar Cell | Photodiode | Photoresistor |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Data Rate | 34.2 Mbps | 2 Gbps | N/A |
| Rise Time | N/A | 1 µs | 10 ms |
| Spectral Bandwidth | 400 – 700 nm | 500 – 1000 nm | 400 – 900 nm |
| Cost | \$15.50 | \$0.40 | \$0.20 |

Photodiode has fastest rise time and a relatively low cost

Laser Grid

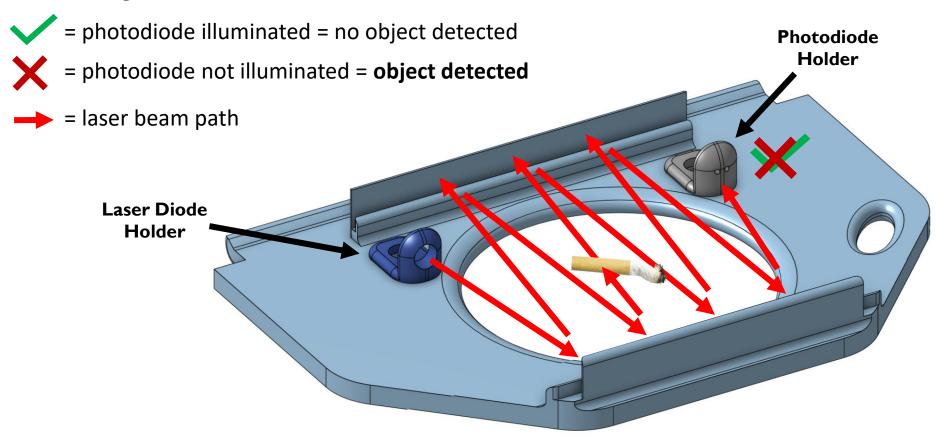


Single laser diode will send laser beam through mirror system into photodiode



Laser Motion Sensor Design

Sensor Integration:





Food Storage & Dispenser

Food Storage

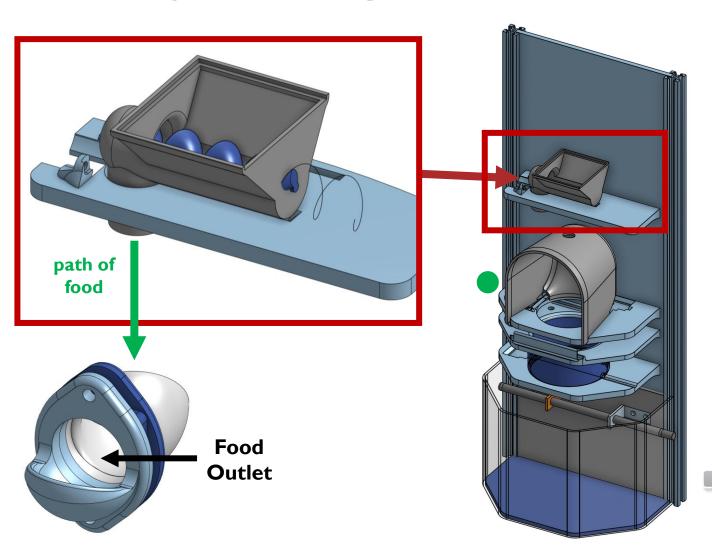
- Container will hold birdfeed, be transparent so birds can see food
- Storage funnels into screw conveyer dispenser

Food Dispenser

- Once activated by trash recognition, stepper-controlled screw spins and pushes birdfeed out through dispenser hole
- Food will fall through tube to food outlet for rewarded birds to eat

Food Outlet

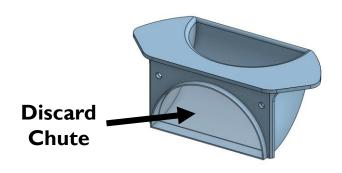
- Attached to outer shell, left of Bird Terminal opening (location shown by green dot in diagram on the right)
- Accessible from bird landing platform

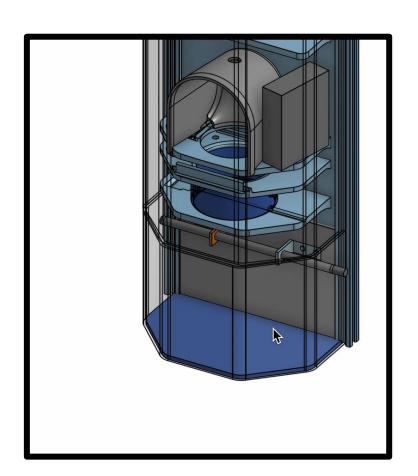


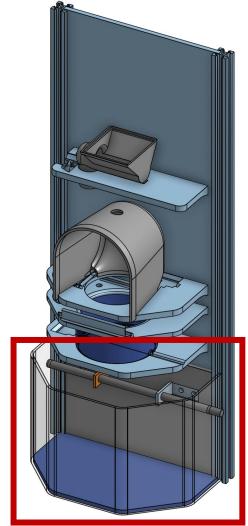


Cigarette Storage

- Cigarette storage container will also be transparent, and will be removable for emptying contents
- Container is emptied by first removing the securing rod from the back, then simply pulling out the container and properly disposing the contents
- Unwanted items will be discarded out the housing via the discard chute, which will be attached to the front of the container











Hardware Subsystems

Motion Detectors

- Trash Detector
 - Uses a Laser and Photodiode to detect when an object breaks the laser path as it passes through

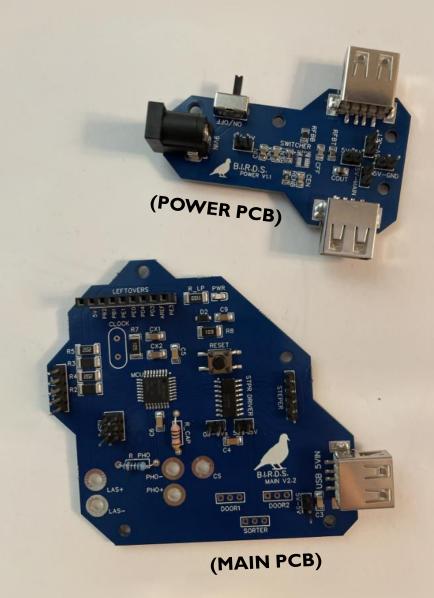
Actuators

- Food Dispenser
 - Uses a 5 Vdc Stepper Motor for its high torque and precise control
 - Will rotate a screw conveyer to dispense bird feed down to the food receptacle
- Door Actuators
 - Uses two 9-gram Servo Motors to operate two semicircular doors that open to the Analysis Chamber
- Trash Sorter
 - Uses one 9-gram Servo Motor to rotate the analysis plate towards Trash Storage or the Discard Chute

Jetson Communication

- Simple 4-pin connection to the Jetson to activate and receive verdicts of the image processing cameras
 - 2-pins for "Activate Bird Camera" and "Is Bird?"
 - 2-pins for "Activate Trash Camera" and "Is valid item?"





PCB Design

Power Board

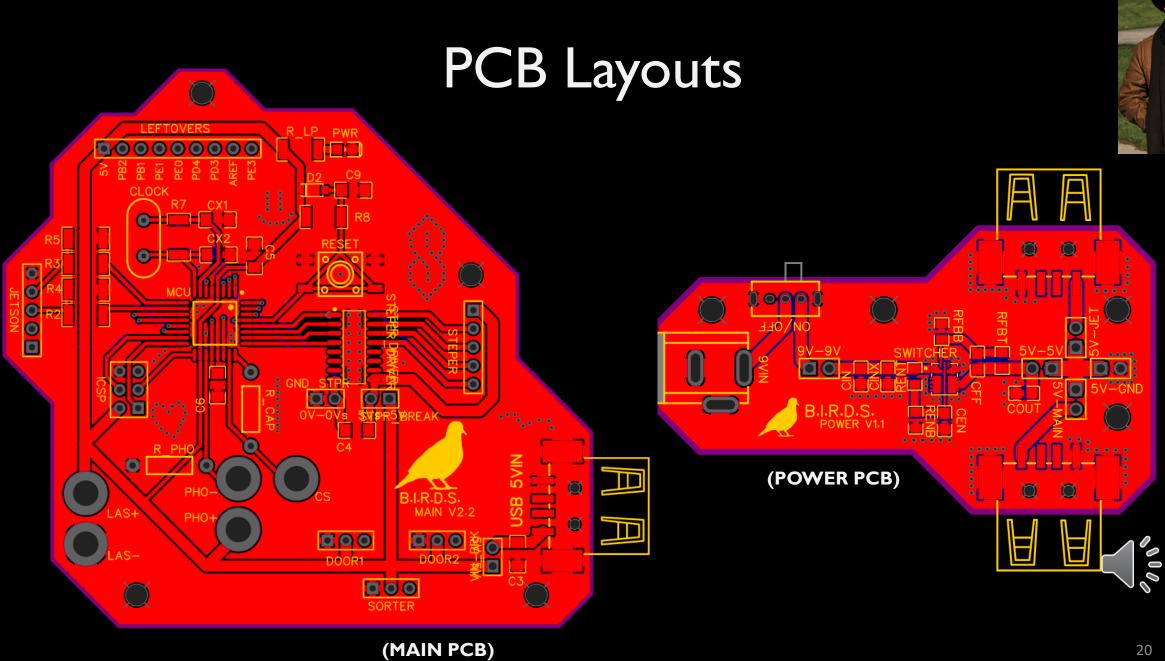
- Since we are powering two computing boards (Jetson Nano & Main), one board powers both
- Easier to debug and repair if something goes wrong
- Has multiple Jumper-Pin breakers for testing and control
- Takes in 9 Vdc from a 120 Vac to 9 Vdc wall adapter Outputs 5 Vdc to two USB-A female ports
- 96.608 % Efficient Buck Converter circuit from TI's WEBENCH application

Main Board

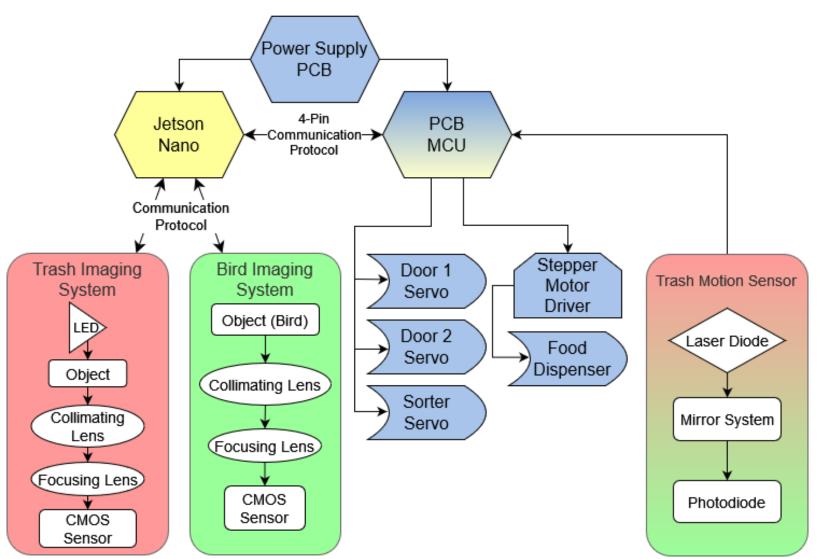
- Controls and coordinates all peripheral devices
- Programed through ICSP
- Has an isolatable stepper driver circuit that can be independently powered or powered by the Main
- Powered by 5 Vdc USB-A cable or ICSP pins
- Power LED (of course)







Hardware Block Diagram





Work Distribution

Aiden

Will

Rodrigo

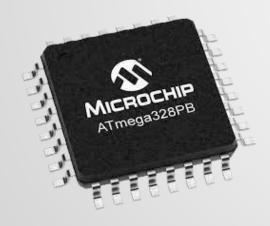
Donovan

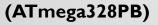


Microcontroller

What we need:

- Low power mode to draw less power when reading sensors
- Enough GPIO pins to support our peripherals
- Interrupt capabilities
- Cheap
- Development board for easy testing and debugging







(MSP430)



(ESP32)







- Because almost every microcontroller has the features that we are looking for, we decided to try to minimize cost.
- Another goal was to use Arduino IDE to make writing the embedded software very simple giving much more time and focus to the machine learning section.
- To minimize cost we wanted to pick a development board that someone in the group already owns
- Our final choice of development board was the Arduino Uno

| Device | Flash | RAM | GPIO Pins | Programming Language | Price |
|----------------------|--------|--------|--------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| Arduino Mega 2560 | 256 KB | 8 KB | 54 | Arduino IDE | Already Owned |
| Arduino Uno | 32 KB | 2 KB | 14 | Arduino IDE | Already Owned |
| MSP430FR6989 | 128 KB | 2 KB | 83 | С | \$26.59 |
| MSP430G2553 | 16 KB | 0.5 KB | 24 | С | Already Own |

Microcontroller Selection



- Since we are using Arduino, we are sticking with the ATmega series of MCU
- Flash memory is more than what we need
- EEPROM is only for storing specific data when powered off
- The I/O pins are important we have more than we need
- PWM channel the size doesn't matter as long as we have 3
- We may need a couple ADC channels but all of these have way more than necessary
- Price was the biggest selling point for the ATmega328PB

| Device | Flash (KB) | EEPROM (KB) | RAM (KB) | I/O Pins | 16-bit resolution PWM channels | Serial UARTs | ADC Channels | Price |
|-------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|---------|
| ATmega328PB | 64 | 2 | 4 | 27 | 11 (10-bit resolution) | 1 | 11 | \$1.63 |
| ATmega640 | 64 | 4 | 8 | 86 | 12 | 4 | 16 | \$5.70 |
| ATmega1280 | 128 | 4 | 8 | 86 | 12 | 4 | 16 | \$16.20 |
| ATmega1281 | 128 | 4 | 8 | 54 | 6 | 2 | 8 | \$13.60 |
| ATmega2560 | 256 | 4 | 8 | 86 | 12 | 4 | 16 | N/A |
| ATmega2561 | 256 | 4 | 8 | 54 | 6 | 2 | 8 | \$25.40 |



Machine Learning Technology Comparison



What we need:

- Hardware capable of performing object detection of bird within our allotted time of 1 second
- GPIO pins to communicate with our processor on our custom PCB
- Ability to run 2 different machine learning models either in parallel or quickly swap



NVIDIA Jetson Nano

- Can run multiple machine learning models in parallel
- Most expensive option for original price
- · Most versatile because of GPU
- 4 USB ports for easy access of peripherals
- Has prebuilt library for machine learning (Jetpack)

Final Consideration Options



Coral Dev Board

- · Works very well with TensorFlow architectures
- · Easy access to Wi-Fi and Bluetooth
- Has prebuilt machine learning models on TensorFlow hub that can be easily integrated



Raspberry Pi 4 + Coral Accelerator

- · This was the first idea for machine learning
- · Coral Accelerator helps match this with contenders
- Very popular choice for projects
- Very commonly sold out, or being resold for much more than its value
- Might run into issues with multiple pieces of hardware working together



Machine Learning Technology Selection



We need a device that can:

- Work well on a number of architectures
- Respond quick enough to meet our 1 second image processing goal
- Be received quickly to start testing
- Handle 2 different models, one for detecting birds and one for detecting cigarettes

Neural Net Framework Benchmark

| Model | Framework | NVIDIA Jetson Nano | Raspberry Pi 4 B + Coral Accelerator | Coral Dev Board |
|--------------|------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|
| MobileNet V1 | TensorFlow | 61.6 | 14.9 | 15.7 |
| MobileNet V2 | TensorFlow | 72.3 | 18.2 | 20.9 |
| ResNet-50 V2 | PyTorch | 27.7 | 52 | 56 |
| ResNet-18 | PyTorch | 200 | DNR | DNR |
| YOLOv3-320 | Darknet | 40 | DNR | DNR |
| VGG – 19 | MXNet | 100 | 200 | DNR |
| Unet | Caffe | 55.5 | 200 | DNR |

Machine Learning Hardware Specifications

| Feature | Coral Dev Board | NVIDIA Jetson Nano Developer Kit | Raspberry Pi 4 Model B + Coral USB Accelerator |
|------------|---|---|--|
| CPU | Quad Cortex-A53, Cortex- M4F | Quad-core ARM A57 | Quad-core Cortex-A72 |
| Clock Rate | 1.5 GHz | 1.43 GHz | 1.8 GHz |
| GPU | Integrated GC7000 Lite Graphics + Google Edge TPU coprocessor | 128-core Maxwell @ 921 MHz | Google Edge TPU coprocessor |
| Cache | 32KB L1 instruction and data cache, 1MB unified L2 | 48KB L1 instruction cache and 32KB L1 data cache, 2MB of L2 Unified Cache | 48KB L1 instruction cache and 32KB of L1 data cache, 1MB of L2 Shared Cache |
| RAM | 1 or 4GB LPDDR4 Memory | 2 or 4GB LPDDR4 Memory | 1, 2, 4, or 8GB LPDDR4 Memory |
| Flash | 8GB eMMC, with a MicroSD slot for expandable storage | 16GB eMMC, with a MicroSD slot for expandable storage | Expandable MicroSD slot for program and Operating system |





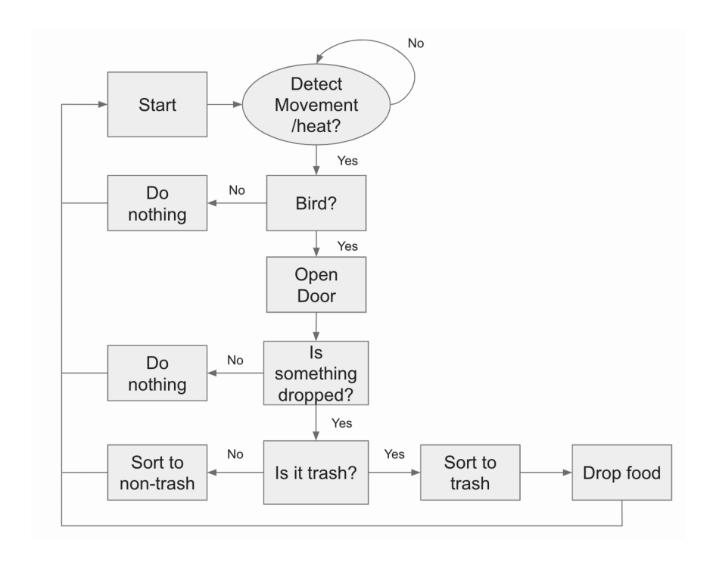


For our choice of machine learning technologies, we chose to go with the NVIDIA Jetson Nano 4GB

- Board comes with an easy way of installing a wide array of libraries (Jetpack SDK)
- This was the most versatile option guaranteeing performance
- Had a very easy setup with a microSD card using a tutorial from NVIDIA
 - Wide array of tutorials from NVIDIA on how to import prebuilt models and create your own object detection models.
- Was in stock and came within a few days of purchase
- Very easy to add Wi-Fi and Bluetooth capabilities should we need them in the future



Software Block Diagram

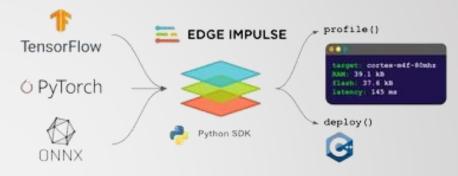






Training Machine Learning Platform

- Training is too much for the Jetson
- Need a cloud-based framework to train custom model
- Needs to interface with Jetpack SDK
- Needs to be a free platform
- To use Edge Impulse there are 3 main parts:
 - Data Collection
 - Training
 - Testing







Example shot of our Object Detection for cigarettes

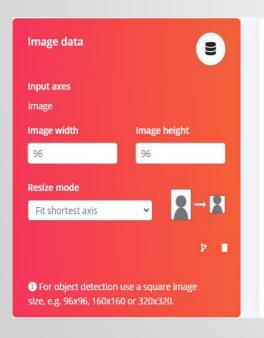
Edge Impulse – Data Collection

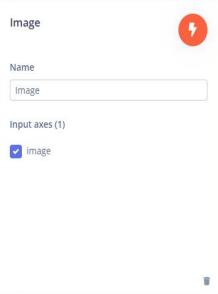
- Need to get images to train on
- Set up an old version of trash analysis to gather pictures with little variance
- After getting images draw bounding boxes over each cigarette
- Repeat this process until sufficient data is acquired
- After collection split the data to an 80/20 split for training and testing
- More Data means more computation time and only less than 20 minutes is free

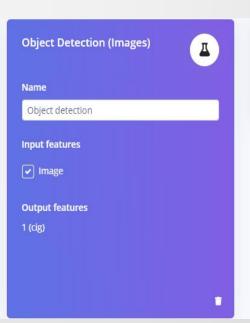


Edge Impulse – Training

- To train a new model an "impulse" needs to be created
- An impulse consists of 4 things:
 - Input Image Data
 - Image Pre-processor
 - Object Detection Framework
 - Output Features











Edge Impulse – Training



Image Data

This is the data labeled from the Data Collection slide

Image Pre-processing

- Bigger images gives more accuracy but less response time and memory
- We keep the images small to improve response time

Object Detection

- Which framework used is the most important aspect here
- We found FOMO (Faster-Objects More-Objects) to be the best balance of these 3
- We trained using 100 training cycles with a learning rate of .001 and using data augmentation with a validation size of 20%

Output Features

- This is the least impactful with just naming the output
- If we had more than 1 classification this would be more important
- It is important to balance response time, accuracy, and memory
- The final model gets evaluated using an F1 score to judge how accurate the model is



Edge Impulse – Testing

- To avoid overfitting there needs to be data that is not used to train
- We used the 20% testing data acquired earlier to test
- We achieved an accuracy above 80% reaching our goal
- Edge Impulse offers live classification to test our results
- We connected a camera and threw various cigarettes and sticks to test what it could classify
- The numbers below the name say the confidence level which we can tweak as needed









Budget

| Item | Price | Quantity |
|--------------------|-----------|----------|
| Microcontroller | \$13 | 1 |
| NVIDIA Jetson Nano | \$150 | 1 |
| Servo Motor | \$10 | 3 |
| Stepper Motor | \$13 | 1 |
| Custom PCB | \$20-\$30 | 2 |
| Housing Material | \$200 | 1 |
| LED Light Source | \$15 | 10 |

| Item | Price | Quantity |
|------------------|----------|----------|
| Collimating Lens | \$23.50 | 2 |
| Focusing Lens | \$20 | 2 |
| IR Filter | \$5 | 2 |
| CMOS Sensor | \$25 | 2 |
| Laser Diode | \$13.18 | 1 |
| Photodiode | \$0.32 | 20 |
| Mirror | \$0.28 | 50 |
| TOTAL | \$796.58 | |



Work Distribution



Aiden Nipper



- Lens System Design (Trash-Cam)
- Laser Motion Sensor Design
- Housing & Structural Design

Will DiSalvo



- Lens System Design (Bird-Cam)
- Laser Motion Sensor Design
- Structural Design

Rodrigo Guerra



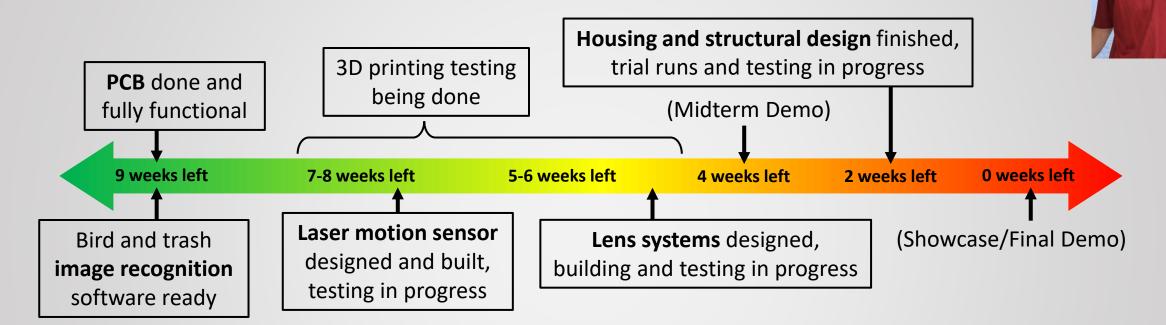
- PCB Design
- Wiring and Soldering
- Housing & Mechanical Design

Donovan Reynolds



- Machine Learning (Jetson)
- Embedded Software
- Website

Progression and Future Milestones



- Anticipating system to be tested outdoors after showcase, with hope of obtaining some cool results
- Hope for the project is that others improve design and use it to train birds in a specific area
- Having the BIRDS in major cities and/or universities could slowly begin to change the way our streets look

