



TELESPAZIO

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ADES Design Document

EOEPCA.SDD.xxx

TVUK System Team

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ADES Design Document

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| COMMENTS and ISSUES If you would like to raise comments or issues on this document, please do so by raising an Issue at the following URL https://github.com/EOEPCA/proc-ades/issues . | PDF This document is available in PDF format here . |
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AMENDMENT HISTORY

This document shall be amended by releasing a new edition of the document in its entirety. The Amendment Record Sheet below records the history and issue status of this document.

Table 1. Amendment Record Sheet

| ISSUE | DATE | REASON |
|--------------|------------|---|
| 0.1 | 14/04/2020 | Initial in-progress draft |
| 0.1.1 | 09/06/2020 | Update Design with ADES release 0.1 |
| 0.1.2 | 06/07/2020 | Updated Design for ADES release 0.1. Added Functional Design and External Interfaces sections |

Chapter 1. Introduction

1.1. Purpose and Scope

This document presents the ADES Design for the Common Architecture.

1.2. Structure of the Document

Section 2 - [Overview](#)

Provides an overview of the ADES component, within the context of the wider Common Architecture design.

Section 3 - [mainDesign](#)

Provides the design of the ADES component.

1.3. Reference Documents

The following is a list of Reference Documents with a direct bearing on the content of this document.

| Reference | Document Details | Version |
|--------------|---|--------------------------|
| [EOEPCA-MSD] | EOEPCA - Master System Design Document EOEPCA.SDD.001 https://eoezca.github.io/master-system-design/published/v1.0/ | Issue 1.0, 02/08/2019 |
| [EOEPCA-UC] | EOEPCA - Use Case Analysis EOEPCA.TN.005 https://eoezca.github.io/use-case-analysis | Issue 1.0, 02/08/2019 |
| [EP-FM] | Exploitation Platform - Functional Model, ESA-EOPSDP-TN-17-050 | Issue 1.0, 30/11/2017 |
| [TEP-OA] | Thematic Exploitation Platform Open Architecture, EMSS-EOPS-TN-17-002 | Issue 1, 12/12/2017 |
| [OGC-COMMON] | OGC Web Service Common, 06-121r9, https://www.ogc.org/standards/common | 06-121r9, 04/07/2010 |
| [OGC-WPS] | OGC Web Processing Service, OGC 05-007, http://portal.opengeospatial.org/files/?artifact_id=24151 | 05-007r7, 08/06/2007 |

| Reference | Document Details | Version |
|----------------|--|-------------------------|
| [OGC-WPS2] | OGC® WPS 2.0 Interface Standard, OGC 14-065, http://docs.openeospatial.org/is/14-065/14-065.html | 14-065r2, 05/03/2015 |
| [OGC-API-PROC] | OGC WPS 2.0 REST/JSON Binding Extension, Draft, OGC 18-062, https://raw.githubusercontent.com/openeospatial/wps-rest-binding/develop/docs/18-062.pdf | 1.0-draft |
| [OGC-OWC] | OGC OWS Context Conceptual Model, OGC 12-080, http://www.owscontext.org/ https://portal.openeospatial.org/files/?artifact_id=55182 | 12-080r2, 22/01/2014 |
| [OGC-OWC-ATOM] | OGC OWS Context Atom Encoding Standard, OGC 12-084, http://www.owscontext.org/ https://portal.openeospatial.org/files/?artifact_id=55183 | 12-084r2, 14/01/2014 |
| [CWL] | Common Workflow Language Specifications, https://www.commonwl.org/v1.0/ | v1.0.2 |
| [TB13-AP] | OGC Testbed-13, EP Application Package Engineering Report, OGC 17-023, http://docs.openeospatial.org/per/17-023.html | 17-023, 30/01/2018 |
| [TB13-ADES] | OGC Testbed-13, Application Deployment and Execution Service Engineering Report, OGC 17-024, http://docs.openeospatial.org/per/17-024.html | 17-024, 11/01/2018 |
| [TB14-AP] | OGC Testbed-14, Application Package Engineering Report, OGC 18-049r1, http://docs.openeospatial.org/per/18-049r1.html | 18-049r1, 07/02/2019 |
| [TB14-ADES] | OGC Testbed-14, ADES & EMS Results and Best Practices Engineering Report, OGC 18-050r1, http://docs.openeospatial.org/per/18-050r1.html | 18-050r1, 08/02/2019 |
| [TB14-WPS-T] | OGC Testbed-14: WPS-T Engineering Report, OGC 18-036r1, http://docs.openeospatial.org/per/18-036r1.html | 18-036r1, 07/02/2019 |

| Reference | Document Details | Version |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------|
| [OGC-API-HACK2019] | OGC API Hackathon 2019 Engineering Report, OGC 19-062, https://docs.ogc.org/per/19-062.html | 19-062, 14/11/2019 |
| [OS-GEO-TIME] | OpenSearch GEO: OpenSearch Geo and Time Extensions, OGC 10-032r8, http://www.opengeospatial.org/standards/opensearchgeo | 10-032r8, 14/04/2014 |
| [OS-EO] | OpenSearch EO: OGC OpenSearch Extension for Earth Observation, OGC 13-026r9, http://docs.opengeospatial.org/is/13-026r8/13-026r8.html | 13-026r9, 16/12/2016 |
| [GEOJSON-LD] | OGC EO Dataset Metadata GeoJSON(-LD) Encoding Standard, OGC 17-003r1/17-084 | 17-003r1/17-084 |
| [GEOJSON-LD-RESP] | OGC OpenSearch-EO GeoJSON(-LD) Response Encoding Standard, OGC 17-047 | 17-047 |
| [PCI-DSS] | The Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard, https://www.pcisecuritystandards.org/document_library?category=pcidss&document=pci_dss | v3.2.1 |
| [CEOS-OS-BP] | CEOS OpenSearch Best Practise, http://ceos.org/ourwork/workinggroups/wgiss/access/opensearch/ | v1.2, 13/06/2017 |
| [OIDC] | OpenID Connect Core 1.0, https://openid.net/specs/openid-connect-core-1_0.html | v1.0, 08/11/2014 |
| [OGC-CSW] | OGC Catalogue Services 3.0 Specification - HTTP Protocol Binding (Catalogue Services for the Web), OGC 12-176r7, http://docs.opengeospatial.org/is/12-176r7/12-176r7.html | v3.0, 10/06/2016 |
| [OGC-WMS] | OGC Web Map Server Implementation Specification, OGC 06-042, http://portal.opengeospatial.org/files/?artifact_id=14416 | v1.3.0, 05/03/2006 |
| [OGC-WMTS] | OGC Web Map Tile Service Implementation Standard, OGC 07-057r7, http://portal.opengeospatial.org/files/?artifact_id=35326 | v1.0.0, 06/04/2010 |

| Reference | Document Details | Version |
|------------|---|---------------------------------|
| [OGC-WFS] | OGC Web Feature Service 2.0 Interface Standard – With Corrigendum, OGC 09-025r2, http://docs.openeospatial.org/is/09-025r2/09-025r2.html | v2.0.2, 10/07/2014 |
| [OGC-WCS] | OGC Web Coverage Service (WCS) 2.1 Interface Standard - Core, OGC 17-089r1, http://docs.openeospatial.org/is/17-089r1/17-089r1.html | v2.1, 16/08/2018 |
| [OGC-WCPS] | Web Coverage Processing Service (WCPS) Language Interface Standard, OGC 08-068r2, http://portal.openeospatial.org/files/?artifact_id=32319 | v1.0.0, 25/03/2009 |
| [AWS-S3] | Amazon Simple Storage Service REST API, https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonS3/latest/API | API Version 2006-03-01 |
| [OPENAPI] | OpenAPI Specification, https://swagger.io/specification/ | API Version 3.0.3 2020-02-20 |

1.4. Terminology

The following terms are used in the Master System Design.

| Term | Meaning |
|---|---|
| Admin | User with administrative capability on the EP |
| Algorithm | A self-contained set of operations to be performed, typically to achieve a desired data manipulation. The algorithm must be implemented (codified) for deployment and execution on the platform. |
| Analysis Result | The <i>Products</i> produced as output of an <i>Interactive Application</i> analysis session. |
| Analytics | A set of activities aimed to discover, interpret and communicate meaningful patterns within the data. Analytics considered here are performed manually (or in a semi-automatic way) on-line with the aid of <i>Interactive Applications</i> . |
| Application Artefact | The 'software' component that provides the execution unit of the <i>Application Package</i> . |
| Application Deployment and Execution Service (ADES) | Web Processing Service that incorporates the Docker execution engine, and is responsible for the execution of the processing service (as a WPS request) within the 'target' Exploitation Platform. |

| Term | Meaning |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Application Descriptor | A file that provides the metadata part of the <i>Application Package</i> . Provides all the metadata required to accommodate the processor within the WPS service and make it available for execution. |
| Application Package | A platform independent and self-contained representation of a software item, providing executable, metadata and dependencies such that it can be deployed to and executed within an Exploitation Platform. Comprises the <i>Application Descriptor</i> and the <i>Application Artefact</i> . |
| Bulk Processing | Execution of a <i>Processing Service</i> on large amounts of data specified by AOI and TOI. |
| Code | The codification of an algorithm performed with a given programming language - compiled to Software or directly executed (interpreted) within the platform. |
| Compute Platform | The Platform on which execution occurs (this may differ from the Host or Home platform where federated processing is happening) |
| Consumer | User accessing existing services/products within the EP. Consumers may be scientific/research or commercial, and may or may not be experts of the domain |
| Data Access Library | An abstraction of the interface to the data layer of the resource tier. The library provides bindings for common languages (including python, Javascript) and presents a common object model to the code. |
| Development | The act of building new products/services/applications to be exposed within the platform and made available for users to conduct exploitation activities. Development may be performed inside or outside of the platform. If performed outside, an integration activity will be required to accommodate the developed service so that it is exposed within the platform. |
| Discovery | User finds products/services of interest to them based upon search criteria. |
| Execution | The act to start a <i>Processing Service</i> or an <i>Interactive Application</i> . |
| Execution Management Service (EMS) | The EMS is responsible for the orchestration of workflows, including the possibility of steps running on other (remote) platforms, and the on-demand deployment of processors to local/remote ADES as required. |
| Expert | User developing and integrating added-value to the EP (Scientific Researcher or Service Developer) |
| Exploitation Tier | The Exploitation Tier represents the end-users who exploit the services of the platform to perform analysis, or using high-level applications built-in on top of the platform's services |
| External Application | An application or script that is developed and executed outside of the Exploitation Platform, but is able to use the data/services of the EP via a programmatic interface (API). |

| Term | Meaning |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Guest | An unregistered User or an unauthenticated Consumer with limited access to the EP's services |
| Home Platform | The Platform on which a User is based or from which an action was initiated by a User |
| Host Platform | The Platform through which a Resource has been published |
| Identity Provider (IdP) | The source for validating user identity in a federated identity system, (user authentication as a service). |
| Interactive Application | A stand-alone application provided within the exploitation platform for on-line hosted processing. Provides an interactive interface through which the user is able to conduct their analysis of the data, producing <i>Analysis Results</i> as output. Interactive Applications include at least the following types: console application, web application (rich browser interface), remote desktop to a hosted VM. |
| Interactive Console Application | A simple <i>Interactive Application</i> for analysis in which a console interface to a platform-hosted terminal is provided to the user. The console interface can be provided through the user's browser session or through a remote SSH connection. |
| Interactive Remote Desktop | An Interactive Application for analysis provided as a remote desktop session to an OS-session (or directly to a 'native' application) on the exploitation platform. The user will have access to a number of applications within the hosted OS. The remote desktop session is provided through the user's web browser. |
| Interactive Web Application | An Interactive Application for analysis provided as a rich user interface through the user's web browser. |
| Key-Value Pair | A key-value pair (KVP) is an abstract data type that includes a group of key identifiers and a set of associated values. Key-value pairs are frequently used in lookup tables, hash tables and configuration files. |
| Kubernetes (K8s) | Container orchestration system for automating application deployment, scaling and management. |
| Login Service | An encapsulation of Authenticated Login provision within the Exploitation Platform context. The Login Service is an OpenID Connect Provider that is used purely for authentication. It acts as a Relying Party in flows with external IdPs to obtain access to the user's identity. |
| EO Network of Resources | The coordinated collection of European EO resources (platforms, data sources, etc.). |
| Object Store | A computer data storage architecture that manages data as objects. Each object typically includes the data itself, a variable amount of metadata, and a globally unique identifier. |
| On-demand Processing Service | A <i>Processing Service</i> whose execution is initiated directly by the user on an ad-hoc basis. |

| Term | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Platform (EP) | An on-line collection of products, services and tools for exploitation of EO data |
| Platform Tier | The Platform Tier represents the Exploitation Platform and the services it offers to end-users |
| Processing | A set of pre-defined activities that interact to achieve a result. For the exploitation platform, comprises on-line processing to derive data products from input data, conducted by a hosted processing service execution. |
| Processing Result | The <i>Products</i> produced as output of a <i>Processing Service</i> execution. |
| Processing Service | A non-interactive data processing that has a well-defined set of input data types, input parameterisation, producing <i>Processing Results</i> with a well-defined output data type. |
| Products | EO data (commercial and non-commercial) and Value-added products and made available through the EP. <i>It is assumed that the Hosting Environment for the EP makes available an existing supply of EO Data</i> |
| Resource | A entity, such as a Product, Processing Service or Interactive Application, which is of interest to a user, is indexed in a catalogue and can be returned as a single meaningful search result |
| Resource Tier | The Resource Tier represents the hosting infrastructure and provides the EO data, storage and compute upon which the exploitation platform is deployed |
| Reusable Research Object | An encapsulation of some research/analysis that describes all aspects required to reproduce the analysis, including data used, processing performed etc. |
| Scientific Researcher | Expert user with the objective to perform scientific research. Having minimal IT knowledge with no desire to acquire it, they want the effort for the translation of their algorithm into a service/product to be minimised by the platform. |
| Service Developer | Expert user with the objective to provide a performing, stable and reliable service/product. Having deeper IT knowledge or a willingness to acquire it, they require deeper access to the platform IT functionalities for optimisation of their algorithm. |
| Software | The compilation of code into a binary program to be executed within the platform on-line computing environment. |
| Systematic Processing Service | A <i>Processing Service</i> whose execution is initiated automatically (on behalf of a user), either according to a schedule (routine) or triggered by an event (e.g. arrival of new data). |
| Terms & Conditions (T&Cs) | The obligations that the user agrees to abide by in regard of usage of products/services of the platform. T&Cs are set by the provider of each product/service. |

| Term | Meaning |
|--|--|
| Transactional Web Processing Service (WPS-T) | Transactional extension to WPS that allows adhoc deployment / undeployment of user-provided processors. |
| User | An individual using the EP, of any type (Admin/Consumer/Expert/Guest) |
| Value-added products | Products generated from processing services of the EP (or external processing) and made available through the EP. This includes products uploaded to the EP by users and published for collaborative consumption |
| Visualisation | To obtain a visual representation of any data/products held within the platform - presented to the user within their web browser session. |
| Web Coverage Service (WCS) | OGC standard that provides an open specification for sharing raster datasets on the web. |
| Web Coverage Processing Service (WCPS) | OGC standard that defines a protocol-independent language for the extraction, processing, and analysis of multi-dimensional coverages representing sensor, image, or statistics data. |
| Web Feature Service (WFS) | OGC standard that makes geographic feature data (vector geospatial datasets) available on the web. |
| Web Map Service (WMS) | OGC standard that provides a simple HTTP interface for requesting geo-registered map images from one or more distributed geospatial databases. |
| Web Map Tile Service (WMTS) | OGC standard that provides a simple HTTP interface for requesting map tiles of spatially referenced data using the images with predefined content, extent, and resolution. |
| Web Processing Services (WPS) | OGC standard that defines how a client can request the execution of a process, and how the output from the process is handled. |
| Workspace | A user-scoped 'container' in the EP, in which each user maintains their own links to resources (products and services) that have been collected by a user during their usage of the EP. The workspace acts as the hub for a user's exploitation activities within the EP |

1.5. Glossary

The following acronyms and abbreviations have been used in this report.

| Term | Definition |
|-------------|---|
| AAI | Authentication & Authorization Infrastructure |
| ABAC | Attribute Based Access Control |
| ADES | Application Deployment and Execution Service |
| ALFA | Abbreviated Language For Authorization |
| AOI | Area of Interest |

| Term | Definition |
|-------------|---|
| API | Application Programming Interface |
| CMS | Content Management System |
| CWL | Common Workflow Language |
| DAL | Data Access Library |
| EMS | Execution Management Service |
| EO | Earth Observation |
| EP | Exploitation Platform |
| FUSE | Filesystem in Userspace |
| GeoXACML | Geo-specific extension to the XACML Policy Language |
| IAM | Identity and Access Management |
| IdP | Identity Provider |
| JSON | JavaScript Object Notation |
| K8s | Kubernetes |
| KVP | Key-value Pair |
| M2M | Machine-to-machine |
| OGC | Open Geospatial Consortium |
| PDE | Processor Development Environment |
| PDP | Policy Decision Point |
| PEP | Policy Enforcement Point |
| PIP | Policy Information Point |
| RBAC | Role Based Access Control |
| REST | Representational State Transfer |
| SSH | Secure Shell |
| TOI | Time of Interest |
| UMA | User-Managed Access |
| VNC | Virtual Network Computing |
| WCS | Web Coverage Service |
| WCPS | Web Coverage Processing Service |
| WFS | Web Feature Service |
| WMS | Web Map Service |
| WMTS | Web Map Tile Service |
| WPS | Web Processing Service |
| WPS-T | Transactional Web Processing Service |

| Term | Definition |
|-------|---|
| XACML | eXtensible Access Control Markup Language |

Chapter 2. Overview

2.1. Building Block Overview

Content Description

This section contains:



- High-Level Description of the Building Block
- Context within EOEPKA

The ADES provides a WPS 1.0 & 2.0 service interfaces as well as an OGC API Processes compliant API. It is responsible for the execution of the processing service (as a WPS request) within the ‘target’ Exploitation Platform (i.e. one that is close to the data). In the global scenario, we assume that the EMS ensures that the processor is deployed as a WPS service before it is invoked.

As illustrated in the EOEPKA Master System Design Document (ref. [\[EOEPKA-MSD\]](#)), the ADES provides an execution engine that handles the complexities of constructing the jobs and interfacing with the processing cluster. See the context within the EOEPKA, as depicted below in [Figure 1](#):



Figure 1. ADES Process Execution

The main responsibilities of the ADES are:

- Validate and accept an execution request from the EMS
- Submit the process execution to the processing cluster
- Monitor the process execution
- Retrieve the processing results

In order to accomplish the execution and monitor steps above, it also need to be responsible for the operations of:

- Data Stage-In for the process inputs
- Data Stage-Out for the process outputs

Those operations are internal sub-steps of the execution step.

2.1.1. Execution

The ADES performs an Execute operation upon a WPS ExecuteRequest, when instantiated by the EMS.

When performing the Execute operation, the ADES inspects the ExecuteRequest document, and instructs the underlying Kubernetes software, via a specific extension of the API named [Argo Workflows](#), to run the following steps:

- Data Stage-In
- Processing
- Data Stage-Out

Argo Workflows is responsible for the internal orchestration of the three steps above.

Additionally, when instructing Kubernetes to launch the jobs (stage-in/out or processing), the ADES provides also the reference of the Docker image to use, which is automatically retrieved from the processing nodes if not already present.

2.1.1.1. Data Stage-In

Data Stage-In is the process to locally retrieve the inputs for the processing. Processing inputs are provided as EO Catalogue references and the ADES is responsible to translate those references into inputs available for the local processing.

ADES leverages an OpenSearch client when interacting with the EO Catalogue and standard libraries and tools for the local product retrieval ([libcurl](#), [s3cmd](#)) to support the HTTP(S), FTP(S), FILE, OPeNDAP, and S3 protocols.

2.1.1.2. Processing

Processing is the core step of the Execute operation. During this step input data is transformed into outputs data.

ADES supports it by instructing the Kubernetes software, via its Argo extension, to download and use the configured Docker image, to provide the processing parameters and inputs, to execute the

configured processing command(s).

2.1.1.3. Data Stage-Out

Data Stage-Out is the process to upload remotely the outputs of the processing onto external system(s), and make them available for later usage.

ADES retrieves the processing outputs and automatically stores them onto an external persistent storage. Additionally, ADES publishes the metadata of the outputs onto a Catalogue, exposing the OpenSearch interface, and provides their references as an output.

Monitor

2.1.2. Monitor

ADES monitors a submitted execution at regular intervals and reports back the progress status via a GetStatus operation.

2.1.3. Dismiss

ADES can remove from the execution environment an already started processing job.

2.2. Static Architecture



Content Description

This section contains:

- Diagram and description of the major logical components within the Building Block

The ADES is based on an Web API framework architecture. It offers primarily an OWS Server with WPS 1.0 & 2.0 OGC services and it exposes a REST/JSON interface compliant with the OGC Processes API [\[OGC-API-PROC\]](#) compliant with the OpenAPI specification [\[OPENAPI\]](#).

[Figure 2](#) shows an overview of the ADES building block. It provides the framework for the WPS Server to manage and execute the processing services that interact with the external Kubernetes cluster via the Argo Workflows API.



Figure 2. ADES building block overview

The WPS Service provides the external interface of the ADES, available to the EMS only. It enables internal code and configuration for creating the Processing Services via the Deploy/Undeploy WPS operations.

Then, the WPS service triggers various function of the Processing Services for the Execute, GetStatus, GetResult and Dismiss WPS operations.

Internally, every Processing Service deployed on the ADES, uses the common library to perform properly it's execution as per the Argo Workflows API to submit, monitor, retrieve the results and dismiss a processing execution.

Section [Components Design](#) contains a detailed description of the ADES components.

2.3. Use Cases

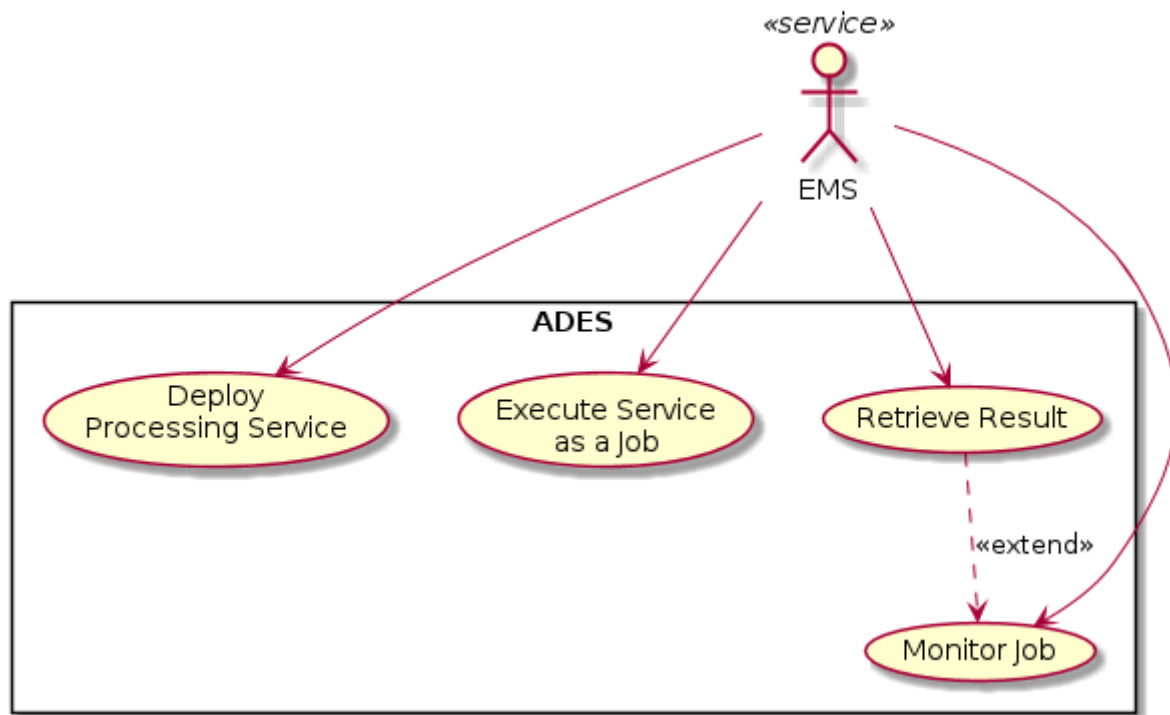
Content Description



This section contains:

- Diagrams and definition of the use cases covered by this Building Block

The following diagram describes the main use cases of the ADES



2.3.1. Deploy Processing Service

As an EMS service, I want to deploy (and un-deploy) a processing service, using a reference posting a [OWS Context](#) from a Resource Catalog referencing a [Common Workflow Language \(CWL\)](#) so that I can make it available (or remove) for the Execution, on behalf of my User.

2.3.2. Execute Service as Job

As an EMS service, I want to Execute an available processing service via the WPS & API interface, so that I can submit an execution, on behalf of my User.

2.3.3. Monitor Job

As an EMS service, I want to get the status of a given processing job, via the WPS & API interface, so that I can monitor a current or past execution, and provide the information back to my User.

2.3.4. Retrieve Result

As an EMS service, I want to get the reference of the processing results of a given processing job, via the WPS & API interface, so that I can provide the information back to my User.

2.4. Required Resources

This section contains:



- List of data model and related resources used in the building block
- List of HW and SW required resources for the correct functioning of the building Block
- References to open repositories (when applicable)

2.4.1. Data

2.4.1.1. OWS Context

2.4.1.2. Common Workflow Language (CWL)

Common Workflow Language (CWL) is used as the application package descriptor. It covers the following elements necessary to describe the application:

- * cyclic graph orchestrating the steps in order mapping workflow input/output with steps input/output
- * Steps describing a command line with their input/output
- * CWL specification extensions that may be used to provide the additional information elements

The application package is thus composed of a CWL file with the role of the application descriptor. The container reference is included in the CWL as a requirement.

2.4.2. Software

The following open-source software are required to support the implementation of the ADES:

- HTTP(S), FTP(S), FILE, OPeNDAP Client
 - libcurl <https://curl.haxx.se/libcurl/>
- OpenSearch Client
 - DotNetOpenSearchClient <https://github.com/Terradue/DotNetOpenSearchClient>
- Kubernetes Client
 - libcurl <https://curl.haxx.se/libcurl/>
- S3 Client
 - s3cmd <https://github.com/s3tools/s3cmd>
- WPS Server
 - ZOO-Kernel <http://zoo-project.org/docs/kernel/>

2.5. Design Standards, Conventions and Procedures



Content Description

This section contains:

- Explanations on the UML Design notation and necessary naming conventions used throughout the document

2.5.1. UML Design

2.5.2. Naming Conventions

Chapter 3. Components Design

Content Description

This section contains:



- A concise breakdown of the Building Block in several independent services (when applicable). For each component, the following subsections are added:
 - Overview and purpose: indicating the functionality covered by the component
 - SW Reuse and Dependencies: indicating reuse of third party open source solutions (if any) and any pre-required Dependencies
 - Interfaces: both internal to the building block and those exposed externally
 - Data: Data usage of the building block, data flow and any GDPR concerns should be addressed here
 - Applicable Resources: links and references to (Reference Docs), and repositories.

When a breakdown is necessary, a genral overview of the building block can be given. On the contrary, no breakdown indicates a single component development with the same expected sections.

3.1. ADES Core Framework

3.1.1. Overview and Purpose

The ADES Core Framework is the main software container for all the components composing the ADES.

3.1.2. Software Reuse and Dependencies

All software and their dependencies are described in the nextr sections

3.1.3. Interfaces

All interfaces are external and described in the [External Interfaces](#) section

3.1.4. Data

Not applicable

3.1.5. Applicable Resources

- [\[TB13-ADES\]](#)
- [\[TB14-WPS-T\]](#)

3.2. WPS Server

3.2.1. Overview and Purpose

The WPS Server provides the processing interfaces of the ADES. Basically, it exposes 2 web services:

- OGC Web Services Common [\[OGC-COMMON\]](#) hosting WPS 1.0.0 & 2.0.0 processing services
- OGC API Processes [\[OGC-API-PROC\]](#) hosting WPS in RESTful core OpenAPI

3.2.1.1. WPS 1.0 & 2.0 compliance

"ZOO-Kernel implements and complies with the WPS 1.0.0 and the WPS 2.0.0 standards edited by the Open Geospatial Consortium".

The Dismiss operation, which is *"only available in WPS 2.0.0, it lets the client ask the server to stop a running service and remove any file it created"*, requires changes in the source code to support the EMS operations. The current ZOO-Kernel implementation relies on local processes which are being removed from the execution environment. This approach prevents the management of remote processes. In this context, the ZOO-Kernel third-party software is modified to allow managing remote execution via APIs, in particular when the remote process exposes an OGC WPS-T 2.0.0 interface. It is foreseen an upstream contribution to the open-source ZOO-Project project.

3.2.1.2. OGC API Processes compliance

The ZOO-Project product, available at www.zoo-project.org, is an open-source implementation of both the Web Processing Service (WPS) standard (version 1.0.0 and 2.0) and the OGC API - Processes specification. The ZOO-Kernel is the main component written in C which enables the deployment of geospatial processes on the Web in a way that conforms to OGC standards. footnote: [\[https://docs.ogc.org/per/19-062.html#_zoo_project\]](https://docs.ogc.org/per/19-062.html#_zoo_project) [\[OGC-API-HACK2019\]](#)

3.2.2. Software Reuse and Dependencies

The following open-source software is reused:

- ZOO-Kernel <http://zoo-project.org/docs/kernel/>

3.2.3. Interfaces

The WPS Server exposes the OGC OWS services WPS 1.0 & WPS 2.0 as well as an OGC API Processes. According to their respective specifications, they allow to deploy, execute, monitor and dismiss processing services.

More details in the [External Interfaces](#) section.

3.2.4. Data

Not Applicable.

3.2.5. Applicable Resources

- [\[OGC-COMMON\]](#)
- [\[OGC-WPS\]](#)
- [\[OGC-WPS2\]](#)
- [\[OGC-API-PROC\]](#)
- [\[OGC-API-HACK2019\]](#)

3.3. Services

Services are the core elements performing the jobs submission by the users

Indeed, when a user [deploys](#) a service on the ADES, this latter prepares a service from the Application Package.

This Service shall be composed of the [workflow](#) of the application of the user and enhanced with [\[Data Staging\]](#) as pre and post processing steps of the workflow.

3.3.1. Overview and Purpose

The following diagram shows the component used by the Service component to enable the deployed application.



Figure 3. ADES Service Components Diagram

The Service component is in charge of orchestrating the application execution when the service is invoked by a [job submission](#) from the Web Processing Service layer.

3.3.2. Software Reuse and Dependencies

The following open-source software is reused:

- CWL Tool [\[CWL\]](#)
- Calrissian <https://github.com/Duke-GCB/calrissian>
- ZOO-Services <http://zoo-project.org/docs/services/index.html>

3.3.3. Data

- OWS Context
- CWL

3.3.4. Applicable Resources

- [\[CWL\]](#)
- [\[ZOO\]](#)

3.4. OWS Context Parser

3.4.1. Overview and Purpose

The aim of the software component is to provide a library for parsing an OWS document.

3.4.2. Software Reuse and Dependencies

Software developed in C++ language with no particular dependencies

3.4.3. Interfaces

Not Applicable

3.4.4. Data

The [OWS Context file](#) describes the elements necessary for the publication of an EOEPKA/ADES service.

3.4.5. Applicable Resources

- [\[OGC-OWC\]](#)
- [\[OGC-OWC-ATOM\]](#)

3.5. CWL Parser

3.5.1. Overview and Purpose

The software component is a shared library to provides the means to parse a Common Workflow Language Specification document.

The Common Workflow Language (CWL) targets data-intensive processing scenarios and to make these portable and scalable across platforms capable of interpreting and execute the processes by describing:

- * A runtime environment
- * A Workflow (DAG)
- * Command line tool(s)
- * Parameter of the process
- * Inputs/outputs

3.5.2. Software Reuse and Dependencies

Software developed in C++ language with no particular dependencies

3.5.3. Interfaces

Not applicable

3.5.4. Data

TODO : *Sample CWL data to be provided as a repo*

3.5.5. Applicable Resources

- [\[CWL\]](#)

Chapter 4. Functional Design

Content Description

This section contains:



- A listing of the main functions with regards to the [Use Cases](#). For each function,
 - Overview and purpose: description of the function
 - Activity diagram: graphical description of the function
 - Data Input/Output: Data flowing in and out of the function
 - Applicable Resources: links and references to (Reference Docs), and repositories.

When a breakdown is necessary, a general overview of the function can be given. On the contrary, no breakdown indicates a single component development with the same expected sections.

4.1. Application Deployment to Web Processing Service

4.1.1. Overview and Purpose

This is the main function in charge of building a [Service](#) component from an Application Package. Concretely, this function reads an [OWS Context](#) referencing a [CWL Workflow](#). With all the information in those documents, it builds a process describing

- General information about the service: identifier, title, abstract
- Input parameters definition: identifiers, types, options, default values,...
- Output results options: identifiers, types, format

Regardless of the deployment mechanism, the [CWL Workflow](#) is used to convey the information that describes the process inputs/outputs into WPS data model.

The mapping between CWL and WPS follows the work performed in the OGC Testbed 16.



Figure 4. Application Deployment to Web Processing Service Activity Diagram

All software and their dependencies are described in the next sections

4.1.2. Data Input/Output

- Input
 - [OWS Context](#) referencing a [CWL Workflow](#)
- Output
 - [Service Component](#)

4.1.3. Applicable Resources

- [\[TB13-ADES\]](#)
- [\[TB14-WPS-T\]](#)

4.2. Job Submission

4.2.1. Overview and Purpose

The submission of a job starts a process instantiation and execution of an application. Basically, the ADES executes the [Service Component](#) built during the [application deployment](#).

This function triggers 3 main operations sequentially

1. [Data Stage-In](#)

2. [Workflow Execution](#)

3. [Data Stage-Out](#)

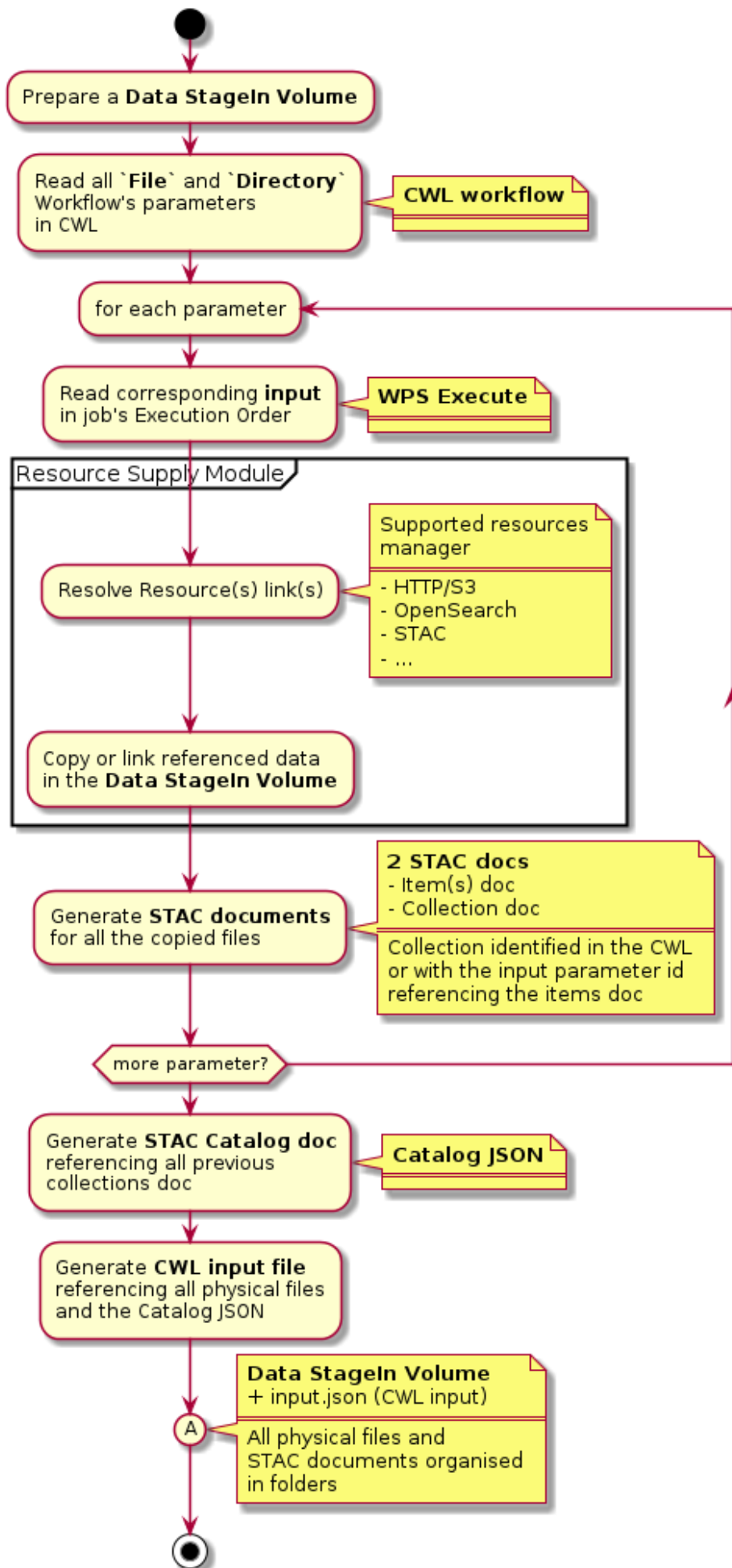
4.2.2. Data Input/Output

- Input
 - Job Execute Request
- Output
 - Job Identifier (status location)

4.3. Data Stage-In

This is a pre-processing step that provision all the data needed for the workflow execution and referenced in the job execute request.

4.3.1. Overview and Purpose



4.3.2. Data Input/Output

- Input
 - Job Execute Request
 - Workflow (CWL)
- Output
 - Input data folder
 - Path to catalog referencing input data folder

4.3.3. Applicable Resources

- [\[CWL\]](#)
- [\[ZOO\]](#)

4.4. Workflow Execution

TBD

4.4.1. Overview and Purpose

4.4.2. Data Input/Output

TBD

4.4.3. Applicable Resources

TBD

4.5. Data Stage-Out

This is a post-processing step that retrieve all the results produced the workflow execution, copy and publish them in a resource manager.

4.5.1. Overview and Purpose



Figure 6. ADES Data Stage-out Activity Diagram

4.5.2. Data Input/Output

- Input
 - Job Results folder
 - Catalog referencing results (optional)
- Output
 - Reference to catalog published to the resource manager

4.5.3. Applicable Resources

- [\[STAC\]](#)

Chapter 5. External Interfaces

Work In Progress

This section focuses on the available functionality published over interfaces.

- List of interfaces

Each interface in the list contains:

- Interface description
- Applicable standards
- Base URL of the interface
- List of exposed port by interface



Each port in the list contains:

- relative URI (*)
- Operation
- Description
- Conveyed information
- Usage examples

5.1. Description

The ADES provides a WPS 1.0 & 2.0 service interfaces as well as an OGC API Processes compliant API. It is responsible for the execution of the processing service (as a WPS request) within the ‘target’ Exploitation Platform (i.e. one that is close to the data). In the global scenario, we assume that the EMS ensures that the processor is deployed as a WPS service before it is invoked.

Refer to ADES component documentation - <https://eoepca.github.io/proc-ades>

5.2. Web Processing Services

The ADES exposes interfaces for the processing based on the OGC "Web Processing Service". This service port is available in 3 versions corresponding to the OGC WPS evolution.

The 2 next sections describes

- The 2 first versions implementing the [Web Service Common](#)
- The latest API implementing a REST interface described in [OpenAPI](#)

5.3. WPS 1.0.0 & 2.0.0

The [OpenGIS® Web Processing Service \(WPS\)](#) Interface Standard provides rules for standardizing how inputs and outputs (requests and responses) for geospatial processing services, such as

polygon overlay. The standard also defines how a client can request the execution of a process, and how the output from the process is handled. It defines an interface that facilitates the publishing of geospatial processes and clients' discovery of and binding to those processes. The data required by the WPS can be delivered across a network or they can be available at the server.

- Applicable standards - [\[OGC-WPS\]](#) [\[OGC-WPS2\]](#)

Base URL: <https://ades.eoepca.org/ows>

Table 2. ADES WPS 1.0.0 & 2.0.0 ports

| URL | Methods | Function |
|---|-----------|--------------------------------|
| https://ades.eoepca.org/ows | GET, POST | [ogcowscommon] |

OGC Web Service Common port

URL: <https://ades.eoepca.org/ows>

- Description - The WPS server is self-contained, it provides an initial endpoint that can be used by a WPS client to determine the server's capabilities.
- Operations - GET, POST according to the payload of the requested service
- Usage examples

```
https://ades.eoepca.org/ows?service=WPS&version=1.0.0&request=GetCapabilities
```

- Full references : [\[OGC-WPS\]](#) [\[OGC-WPS2\]](#)

5.4. OGC API Processes

The OGC API - Processes enables the execution of computing processes and the retrieval of metadata describing their purpose and functionality. Typically, these processes combine raster, vector, and/or coverage data with well-defined algorithms to produce new raster, vector, and/or coverage information.

- Applicable standards - [\[OGC-API-PROC\]](#)

Base URL: <https://ades.eoepca.org/api>

Table 3. ADES OGC API Processes ports

| Resource | Method | Description | Operation |
|--------------|--------|---|---------------------------------------|
| / | GET | landing page of this API | getLandingPage |
| /conformance | GET | Lists all requirements classes specified in the standard (e.g., OGC API - Processes Part 1: Core) that the server conforms to | getConformanceClasses |

| Resource | Method | Description | Operation |
|-------------------------------------|--------|---|---------------------------------------|
| /processes | GET | Lists all available processes this server offers. | getProcesses |
| /processes/{id} | GET | Describes a process. | getProcessDescription |
| /processes/{id}/jobs | GET | Lists available jobs of a process. | getJobs |
| /processes/{id}/jobs | POST | Submits a new job. | execute |
| /processes/{id}/jobs/{jobID} | GET | Shows the status of a job. | getStatus |
| /processes/{id}/jobs/{jobID} | DELETE | Cancel a job execution and remove it from the jobs list. | dismiss |
| /processes/{id}/jobs/{jobID}/result | GET | Lists available results of a job. In case of a failure, lists exceptions instead. | getResult |

Chapter 6. Use Case Traceability



Content Description

This section contains:

- A traceability matrix against the use case analysis document of the project, indicating which components address each use case

<< End of Document >>