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Challenging Problem 3

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Download latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Dontha-Aarthi/AI1103/blob/main/Challenging%20Problem3/Challenge%20Problem3.tex

1 UGC/MATH 2019, Q.50

Let X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5 be *i.i.d.* random variables having a continuous distribution function. Then

$$Pr(X_1 > X_2 > X_3 > X_4 > X_5 | X_1 = max(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5)$$

equals ____

$$(A) \frac{1}{4}$$

$$(B) \ \frac{1}{5}$$

(C)
$$\frac{1}{4!}$$

(*D*)
$$\frac{1}{5!}$$

(2.0.2) can be written in terms of PDF as

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) \left(\int_{-\infty}^{x} f_X(t) \left(\int_{-\infty}^{t} f_X(z) \left(\int_{-\infty}^{x} f_X(k) dk \right) dz \right) dt \right) dx$$
(2.0.6)

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) \left(\int_{-\infty}^{x} f_X(t) \left(\int_{-\infty}^{t} f_X(z) \left(F_X(z) \right) dz \right) dt \right) dx$$
(2.0.7)

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) \left(\int_{-\infty}^{x} f_X(t) \frac{(F_X(t))^2}{2} dt \right) dx$$
 (2.0.8)

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) \frac{(F_X(x))^3}{2 \times 3} dx$$
 (2.0.9)

$$= \frac{F_X^4(x)}{4 \times 3 \times 2} \bigg|_{-\infty}^{\infty} \tag{2.0.10}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4!}\tag{2.0.11}$$

2 Solution

Required probability

$$= \Pr(X_1 > X_2 > X_3 > X_4 > X_5 | X_1 = \max(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5)$$
(2.0.1)

$$= \Pr(X_2 > X_3 > X_4 > X_5) \tag{2.0.2}$$

CDF in terms of PDF is

$$F(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{x} f(t)dt \qquad (2.0.3)$$

And, PDF in terms of CDF is

$$f(x) = \frac{d}{dx}F(x) \tag{2.0.4}$$

The PDF of X is

$$F_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x)dx \qquad (2.0.5)$$