Chapter 1 Quiz

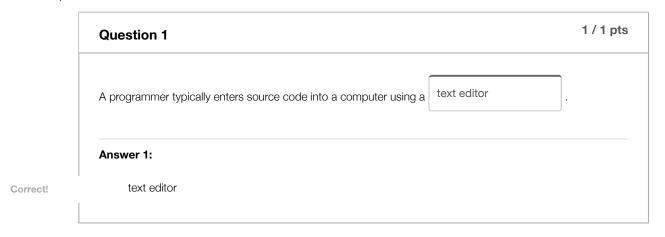
Due Aug 30 at 11amPoints 50Questions 50Available Aug 23 at 12am - Aug 30 at 11am 7 daysTime Limit 50 MinutesAllowed Attempts Unlimited

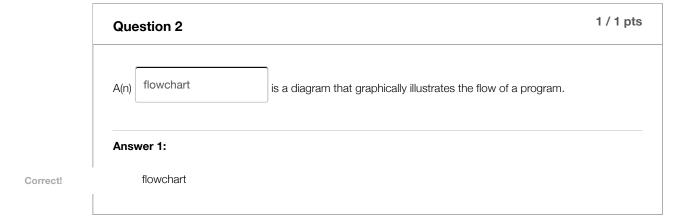
Take the Quiz Again

Attempt History

| | Attempt | Time | Score |
|--------|-----------|------------|--------------|
| LATEST | Attempt 1 | 32 minutes | 43 out of 50 |

Score for this attempt: **43** out of 50 Submitted Aug 29 at 10:07pm This attempt took 32 minutes.





Question 3 1/1 pts

| | The compile | step will reveal any syntax errors in your program. |
|----------------|-------------|---|
| | Answer 1: | |
| Correct! | compile | |
| Correct Answer | Compiling | |
| | | |

| _ | Question 4 | 1 / 1 pts |
|----------|--|-----------|
| | A set of well-defined steps for performing a task or solving a problem is known as a(n): | |
| | Hierarchy | |
| Correct! | Algorithm | |
| | Central Processing Unit | |
| | Encoded instruction | |
| | None of the above | |
| | | |

| | Question 5 | 0 / 1 pts |
|----------------|---|-----------|
| | Memory is used to hold programs and data for later use. | |
| | Answer 1: | |
| You Answered | Memory | |
| Correct Answer | Secondary storage | |
| Correct Answer | Storage media | |
| | | |

| | Question 6 | 1 / 1 pts |
|----------------|--------------------|---|
| | Key Words purpose. | are words that have a special meaning and may be used only for their intended |
| | Answer 1: | |
| Correct! | Key words | |
| Correct Answer | Keywords | |
| Correct Answer | keywords | |
| Correct Answer | key words | |
| | | |
| | | |

| | Question 7 | 1 / 1 pts |
|----------|--|-----------|
| Correct! | During which stage does the central processing unit analyze the instruction and encode it in the for number, and then generate an electronic signal? | m of a |
| | fetch | |
| | • decode | |
| | execute | |
| | oportability stage | |
| | | |

| | Question 8 | 1 / 1 pts |
|----------------|---|-----------|
| | Words or names defined by the programmer are called Programmer-Defined ld | |
| | Answer 1: | |
| Correct! | programmer-defined identifiers | |
| Correct Answer | programmer defined identifiers | |
| | | |

| | Question 9 | 1 / 1 pts |
|----------------|--|-----------|
| | Three primary activities of a program are: | |
| | Variables, Operators, and Key Words | |
| | Lines, Statements, and Punctuation | |
| Correct! | Input, Processing, and Output | |
| | Integer, Floating-point and Character | |
| | None of the above | |
| | | |
| | Question 10 | 0 / 1 pts |
| | The decodes an instruction and generates electrical signals. | |
| | Arithmetic and Logic Unit | |
| | Main memory | |
| | BIOS | |
| Correct Answer | Control Unit | |
| You Answered | None of the above | |
| | | |
| | Question 11 | 1 / 1 pts |
| | | |
| | An example of a secondary storage device is: | |
| | The computer's main memory | |
| | The keyboard | |

| | The monitor | |
|----------|---|---------------|
| Correct! | A hard disk | |
| | None of the above | |
| | | |
| | Question 12 | 1 / 1 pts |
| | At the heart of a computer is its central processing unit. The CPU's job is: | |
| | To fetch instructions | |
| | To carry out the operations commanded by the instructions | |
| | To produce some outcome or resultant information | |
| Correct! | All of the above | |
| | None of the above | |
| | | |
| | Question 13 | 1 / 1 pts |
| | A(n) variable is a named storage location. | |
| | Answer 1: | |
| Correct! | variable | |
| | | |
| | Question 14 | 1 / 1 pts |
| | Punctuation is used in a program to mark the beginning or ending of a statement | , or separate |
| | items in a list. | |

Answer 1:

Correct!

Punctuation

| Question 15 | 1 / 1 pt |
|-------------------------------------|----------|
| Computer programs are also known as | |
| hardware | |
| firmware | |
| software | |
| silverware | |
| None of the above | |
| | |
| | |

A variable declaration announces the name of a variable that will be used in a program, as well as:

The type of data it will be used to hold

The operators that will be used on it

The number of times it will be used in the program

The area of the code in which it will be used

| Question 17 | 1 / 1 pts |
|--|-----------|
| Which of the following best describes an operator? | |
| An operator is a rule that must be followed when constructing a program. | |

| Correct! | An operator allows you to perform operations on one or more pieces of data. | | |
|----------------|--|--|--|
| | An operator marks the beginning or ending of a statement, or is used to separate items in a list. | | |
| | An operator is a word that has a special meaning. | | |
| | An operator is a symbolic name that refers to a variable. | | |
| | | | |
| | Question 18 1 / 1 pts | | |
| | Logic errors are mistakes that cause a running program to produce incorrect results. | | |
| | Answer 1: | | |
| Correct! | logic errors | | |
| Correct Answer | Logic errors | | |
| | | | |
| | Question 19 1 / 1 pts | | |
| | This is used in a program to mark the beginning or ending of a statement, or separate items in a list. | | |
| | Separators | | |
| Correct! | Punctuation | | |
| | Operators | | |
| | | | |

Question 20 1 / 1 pts

Key Words

None of the above

| | The set of rules that must be followed when constructing a program is known as . | syntax |
|----------|--|--------|
| | Answer 1: | |
| Correct! | syntax | |
| | | |

| _ | | |
|-------------------|--|------------------------|
| | Question 21 | 0 / 1 pts |
| | The two general categories of software are system software | application software . |
| | Answer 1: | |
| You Answered | system software | |
| orrect Answer | application | |
| orrect Answer | system | |
| | Answer 2: | |
| l You Answered | application software | |
| orrect Answer | application | |
| orrect Answer | system | |
| | | |

| Correct! | Question 22 | 1 / 1 pts |
|----------|--|-----------|
| | During which stage does the central processing unit retrieve from main memory the next instruction sequence of program instructions? | in the |
| | • fetch | |
| | decode | |
| | execute | |
| | | |

| oportability stage | | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | |

| | Question 23 | 1 / 1 pts |
|----------|--|-----------|
| | Which of the following is not one of the five major components of a computer system? | |
| Correct! | Preprocessor | |
| | The CPU (central processing unit) | |
| | Main memory | |
| | Input/Output device | |
| | Secondary storage device | |
| | | |

| Question 24 |
|--|
| What statement best describes a variable and its primary purpose? |
| A variable is a structured, general-purpose language designed primarily for teaching programming. |
| A variable is a collection of eight bits. |
| A variable is a word that has a special meaning to the compiler. |
| A variable is a named storage location in the computer's memory used for holding a piece of information. |
| A variable is a "line" of code in the body of a program, that may change. |

Question 25 1 / 1 pts

| | The rules that must be followed when constructing a program are called syntax . | |
|----------|---|--|
| | Answer 1: | |
| Correct! | syntax | |
| | | |

| | Question 26 0 / 1 pts |
|----------------|--|
| | The type of memory that contains instructions "etched" onto a chip that control basic input/output operations of the computer is known as volatile |
| | Answer 1: |
| You Answered | volatile |
| Correct Answer | ROM |
| Correct Answer | Read Only Memory |
| Correct Answer | read only memory |
| | |

| | Question 27 | / 1 pts |
|----------|--|---------|
| Correct! | Internally, the CPU consists of two parts: | |
| | The Output Device and the Input Device | |
| | The Software and the Hardware | |
| | The Control Unit and the Arithmetic and Logic Unit | |
| | The Single-task Device and the Multi-task Device | |
| | None of the above | |
| | | |

| | Question 28 | 1 / 1 pts |
|----------|--|-----------|
| | Characters or symbols that perform operations on one or more operands are: | |
| | Syntax | |
| | Op codes | |
| Correct! | Operators | |
| | Program ops | |
| | None of the above | |
| | | |
| | Question 29 | 1 / 1 pts |
| | Mistakes that cause a running program to produce incorrect results are called: | |
| | Syntax errors | |
| Correct! | Logic errors | |
| | Compiler errors | |
| | Linker errors | |
| | None of the above | |
| | | |
| | Question 30 | 1 / 1 pts |
| | The purpose of a memory address is: | |
| Correct! | To identify the location of a byte in memory | |
| | To prevent multitasking | |
| | To obtain an algorithm | |

| | To improve the effectiveness of high-level languages None of the above | | |
|----------------|---|---------------------|--|
| | | | |
| L | | | |
| _ | Question 31 | 0 / 1 pts | |
| | The job of the CPU is to fetch instructions, carry out the operation | ations commanded by | |
| | the instructions, and produce some outcome or resultant information. | | |
| | Answer 1: | | |
| You Answered | CPU | | |
| Correct Answer | central processing unit | | |
| | | | |
| | Question 32 | 1 / 1 pts | |
| | This is a volatile type of memory, used for temporary storage. | | |
| | A floppy disk | | |
| | ALU | | |
| Correct! | • RAM | | |
| | A hard disk | | |
| | None of the above | | |
| | | | |
| | Question 33 | 1 / 1 pts | |
| | Characters or symbols that perform operations on one or more operands are: operators | | |

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|----------------|-----------|--|
| | Answer 1: | |
| Correct! | operators | |
| Correct Answer | Operators | |
| | | |

| | Question 34 | 1 / 1 pts |
|----------|---|-----------|
| | Which of the following is a preprocessor directive? | |
| | pay = hours * rate; | |
| | cin >> rate; | |
| | // This program calculates the user's pay. | |
| | int main() | |
| Correct! | • #include | |
| | | |

| | Question 35 | 1 / 1 pts |
|----------|-------------|--|
| | A algorithm | is a set of well-defined steps for performing a task or solving a problem. |
| | Answer 1: | |
| Correct! | algorithm | |
| | | |

| Question 36 | 1 / 1 pts |
|---|-----------|
| The name for a memory location that may hold data is: | |
| Key Word | |
| Syntax | |

| Q | uestion 38 | 1 / 1 pts |
|---|--|-----------|
| W | hat does the term hardware refer to? | |
| | The relative difficulty of programming | |
| - | The physical components that a computer is made of | |
| | The way a computer's storage space is organized | |
| | The logical flow of instructions | |
| | None of the above. | |

Question 39 1 / 1 pts

Correct!

None of the above

| | Even when there is no power to the computer, data can be held in: | |
|----------------|--|-----------|
| Correct! | Secondary storage | |
| | The Input Device | |
| | The Output Device | |
| | The Algorithm | |
| | None of the above | |
| | | |
| | Question 40 | 1 / 1 pts |
| | This step will uncover any syntax errors in your program. | |
| | Editing | |
| Correct! | Compiling | |
| | Linking | |
| | Executing | |
| | None of these | |
| | | |
| | Question 41 | 1 / 1 pts |
| | Programmer-defined names of memory locations that may hold data items are: | |
| | variables | |
| | Answer 1: | |
| Correct! | variables | |
| Correct Answer | Variables | |

| | Question 42 | 1 / 1 pts |
|----------|---|-----------|
| | Programmer-defined names of memory locations that may hold data are: | |
| | Operators | |
| Correct! | Variables | |
| | Syntax | |
| | Operands | |
| | None of the above. | |
| | | 1 / 1 pts |
| | Question 43 | 171 pts |
| | Words that have a special meaning and may be used only for their intended purpose are k | nown as: |
| | Operators — | |
| | Programmer Defined Words | |
| Correct! | Key Words | |
| | Syntax | |
| | None of the above | |
| | Question 44 | 0 / 1 pts |
| | The programming process consists of several steps, which include: | |
| Answered | Input, Processing, and Output | |
| | Key Words, Operators, and Punctuation | |
| | | |

| Correct Answer | Design, Creation, Testing, and Debugging | |
|----------------|---|-----------|
| | Syntax, Logic, and Error Handling | |
| | None of the above | |
| | | |
| | Question 45 | 1 / 1 pts |
| | This term refers to the programmer reading the program from the beginning and steping through estatement. | each |
| | Pseudocoding | |
| | Software Engineering | |
| Correct! | Desk Checking | |
| | Spot Checking | |
| | None of the above | |
| | Overtion 46 | 1 / 1 pts |
| | Question 46 | 171 010 |
| | During which stage does the central processing unit analyze the instruction and encode it in the for number, and then generate into an electronic signal? decode | rm of a |
| | | |
| | Answer 1: | |
| Correct! | decode | |
| Correct Answer | Decode | |
| | | |
| | Question 47 | 0 / 1 pts |
| | | |

| | Program statements written by the programming in a high-level language are known as pseudocode . | | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Answer 1: | | | |
| ou Answered | pseudocode | | | |
| rrect Answer | source code | | | |
| [| 4 / 4 | | | |
| | Question 48 1 / 1 pts | | | |
| | A(n) statement is a complete instruction that causes the computer to perform some action. | | | |
| | Answer 1: | | | |
| Correct! | statement | | | |
| | Question 49 1 / 1 pts | | | |
| | Question 49 A(n) is a set of instructions that the computer follows to solve a problem. | | | |
| | Compiler | | | |
| | Linker | | | |
| Correct! | Program | | | |
| | Operator | | | |
| | None of the above | | | |
| | Question 50 1/1 pts | | | |
| | The programmer usually enters source code into a computer using | | | |

Correct!

| Pseudocode | | |
|-------------------|--|--|
| A text editor | | |
| A hierarchy chart | | |
| A compiler | | |
| None of the above | | |

Quiz Score: 43 out of 50