Setting up Bluetooth serial connectivity from your Pi

Initial setup

Download the latest Raspian image: https://downloads.raspberrypi.org/raspbian_latest. Unzip the archive. Assuming the image file is 2021-10-30-raspios-bullseye-armhf-full.img, type the following in WSL:

Since the sectors are 512 bytes in length, the first partition starts at offset 512 x 8192 = 4194304 and contains 524288 sectors, so has size $512 \times 524288 = 268435456$. The second partition starts at sector 532480, so its offset is $512 \times 532480 = 272629760$.

Create two directories as mount points:

```
$ sudo mkdir /mnt/2021-10-30-raspios-bullseye-armhf-full.img1
$ sudo mkdir /mnt/2021-10-30-raspios-bullseye-armhf-full.img
```

Then mount the images:

```
$ sudo mount -v -o offset=4194304,sizelimit=268435456 -t vfat 2021-10-30-raspios-bullseye-armhf-full.img /mnt/2021-10-30-raspios-bullseye-armhf-full.img1
```

```
\ sudo mount -v -o offset=272629760 -t ext4 2021-10-30-raspios-bullseye-armhf-full.img /mnt/2021-10-30-raspios-bullseye-armhf-full.img2
```

Copy the contents of the os directory into /mnt/2021-10-30-raspios-bullseye-armhf-full.img2/:

```
$ sudo cp -R os/* /mnt/2021-10-30-raspios-bullseye-armhf-full.img2/
```

Edit /mnt/2021-10-30-raspios-bullseye-armhf-full.img2/etc/machine-info to give your Pi a meaningful name (sudo required).

Edit /mnt/2021-10-30-raspios-bullseye-armhf-full.img2/etc/rc.local and add the following line at the bottom, before the line with exit 0 (sudo required):

```
sudo /home/pi/btserial.sh &
```

Make /mnt/2021-10-30-raspios-bullseye-armhf-full.img2/home/pi/btserial.sh executable:

```
$ chmod +x /mnt/2021-10-30-raspios-bullseye-armhf-full.img2/home/pi/btserial.sh
```

Validate that the file /mnt/2021-10-30-raspios-bullseye-armhf-full.img2/etc/bluetooth/main.conf contains the following line:

Unmount the partitions in WSL:

```
$ sudo umount /mnt/2021-10-30-raspios-bullseye-armhf-full.img2/
$ sudo umount /mnt/2021-10-30-raspios-bullseye-armhf-full.img1/
```

Burn the image to your SD card. Raspberry Pi Imager is recommended for this: https://www.raspberrypi.com/software/. Choose an OS and select the option "Own Image". Select the img file which you just modified.

Unmount the SD card from Windows and insert it back into the Pi. Start the Pi.

Connecting

Pair your PC with the Pi. You can connect to a serial port in puTTY. Just figure out which COM port (in Bluetooth settings) is used for the outgoing connection to the Pi's Bluetooth connection, then configure puTTY to use this port. The port you're connecting to on the Pi is 115200 (as configured in the btserial.sh).

Connect via puTTY, then you can use sudo raspi-config to configure the network, as described here: https://www.raspberrypi.org/documentation/configuration/wireless-cli.md

Connecting this way doesn't require you use a password, so it's really wide open. I opted to remove the credentials from my version of btserial.sh, as soon as you've set your password, so you'll need to enter your username and password every time you log on. A method which I much prefer.

So, once connected, in the file /etc/systemd/system/rfcomm.service, change the line:

ExecStart=/usr/bin/rfcomm watch hci0 1 getty rfcomm0 115200 vt100 -a pi

to:

ExecStart=/usr/bin/rfcomm watch hci0 1 getty rfcomm0 115200 vt100

This line can also be removed from /etc/rc.local, since the Bluetooth service is now enabled

```
sudo /home/pi/btserial.sh &
```

If you're still paranoid about having logins possible over Bluetooth other than your own, to disallow users connecting over the Bluetooth serial port altogether, you'll need to disable the rfcomm service (sudo systemctl disable rfcomm). This will stop users connecting over the Bluetooth serial port, and will stay disabled after subsequent reboots. To be able to log back in over Bluetooth serial, re-enable the service (sudo systemctl enable rfcomm) while gaining access some other way, such via ssh or VNC.

To get serial Bluetooth working from an Android phone, fork or clone https://github.com/DoomyDwyer/termux-app, build that in Android Studio and deploy the APK built during the build to your Android. Alternatively, you can download the APK from https://github.com/DoomyDwyer/termux-app/releases/tag/v0.59 bt and follow the instructions set out for that release.

Basically, wherever you are with your Pi, you won't need a screen & keyboard to get it set up. With the Bluetooth you can obviously set up the wifi wherever you are, if that's available, with sudo raspiconfig, or at least query your ip address with ifconfig.

Once you have an IP address, you can obviously use VNC. That's available for Android but of course is much easier to work with on a laptop. But if there is no wifi available, you can perform all the cli tasks that you might need to over Bluetooth, with either puTTY or Termux on Android (not available on the Play Store release, you'll have to build this yourself).

This does enable you however to be able to connect to any Pi from your laptop over Bluetooth in order to set up the wifi, as long as the btserial stuff has been set up first, meaning you'll never have to lug around a screen, keyboard & mouse anywhere ever again.

