

```

#define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

double parallel_branch(string circuit_desc);
double series_branch(string circuit_desc);

// Global Iterator
int i = 0;
int main()
{
    // Main quantities
    double circuit_resistance{};
    double circuit_voltage{};

    // Get the circuit description from the user in one line.
    cout << "Circuit Description: ";
    string circuit_desc;
    getline(cin, circuit_desc);

    cout << "Voltage Applied: ";
    cin >> circuit_voltage;

    // Call the desired function depending on the type of connection
    if(circuit_desc[0] == 'P')
        circuit_resistance = parallel_branch(circuit_desc.erase(0, 2)); // .erase(0, 2) will erase the connection type and the following space "P "
    else if (circuit_desc[0] == 'S')
        circuit_resistance = series_branch(circuit_desc.erase(0, 2));
    else
    {
        // Check for wrong connection type.
        cout << "Wrong Circuit Description" << endl;
        return 1;
    }

    // Output the Final values
    cout << "Circuit Equivalent Resistance: " << circuit_resistance << endl;
    cout << "Total Circuit Current: " << circuit_voltage / circuit_resistance << endl;

    return 0;
}

// Calculates the value of a series sequence, uses recursion if necessary
double series_branch(string circuit_desc)
{
    // Initialize the current series resistance
    double circuit_resistance{0};
    string temp; int j{};

    do
    {
        // Chop the string into mini strings consisting of 1 value.
        j = circuit_desc.find(" ", i+1);
        if(j != string::npos)
            temp = circuit_desc.substr(i, j-i);
        else
            return circuit_resistance;

        i = j+1;

        // If numerical then do necessary computation
        if(!isalpha(temp[0]))
        {
            circuit_resistance += stod(temp);
        }
        // Else if not, check for subseries with in the main series, using recursion
        else
        {
            if(temp[0] == 'P')
                circuit_resistance += parallel_branch(circuit_desc);
            else if (temp[0] == 'S')
                circuit_resistance += series_branch(circuit_desc);
            else if (temp[0] == 'e' || temp[0] == 'E')
                return circuit_resistance;
            else
            {
                cout << "Wrong Circuit Description" << endl;
                exit(1);
            }
        }
    }
    while(1);
}

// Calculates the value of a series sequence, uses recursion if necessary similar to previous function
double parallel_branch(string circuit_desc)
{
    int j{};
    double circuit_resistance{0};
    string temp;

```

```

do
{
    j = circuit_desc.find(" ", i+1);
    if(j != string::npos)
        temp = circuit_desc.substr(i, j-i);
    else
        return circuit_resistance;

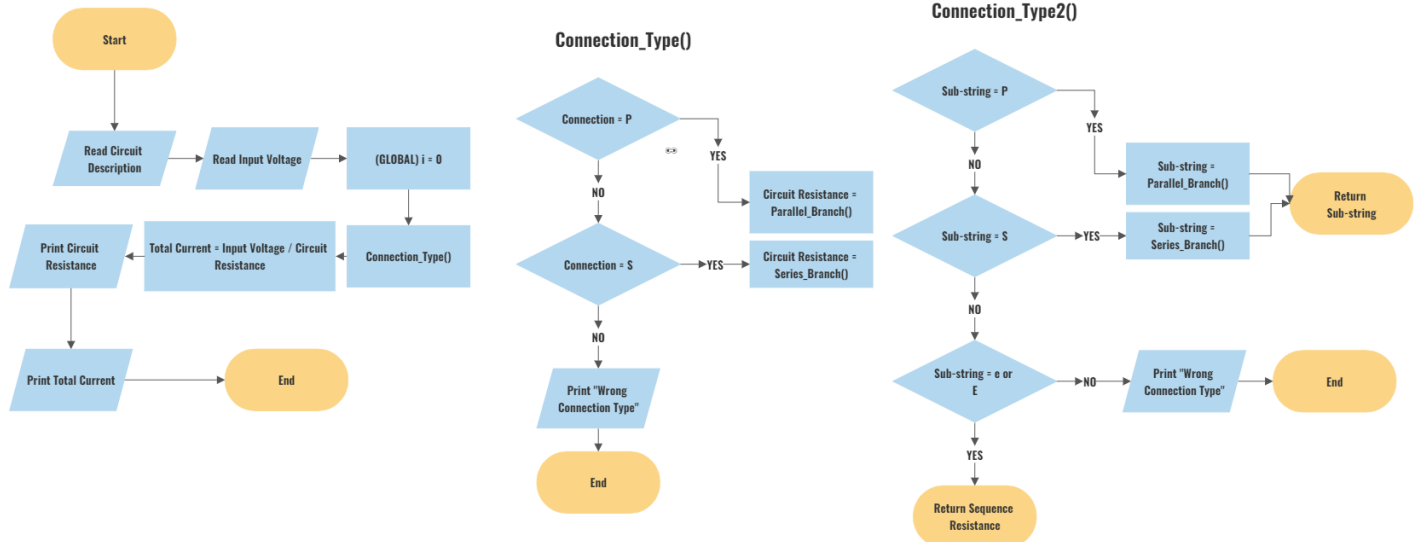
    i = j+1;

    if(!isalpha(temp[0]))
    {
        if(!circuit_resistance)
            circuit_resistance = stod(temp);
        else
            circuit_resistance = 1/(1/circuit_resistance + 1/stod(temp));
    }
    else
    {
        if(temp[0] == 'P')
            circuit_resistance = (circuit_resistance) ? 1/(1/circuit_resistance + 1/parallel_branch(circuit_desc)) : parallel_branch(circuit_desc);
        else if (temp[0] == 'S')
            circuit_resistance = (circuit_resistance) ? 1/(1/circuit_resistance + 1/series_branch(circuit_desc)) : series_branch(circuit_desc);
        else if (temp[0] == 'e' || temp[0] == 'E')
            return circuit_resistance;
        else
        {
            cout << "Wrong Circuit Description" << endl;
            exit(1);
        }
    }
}

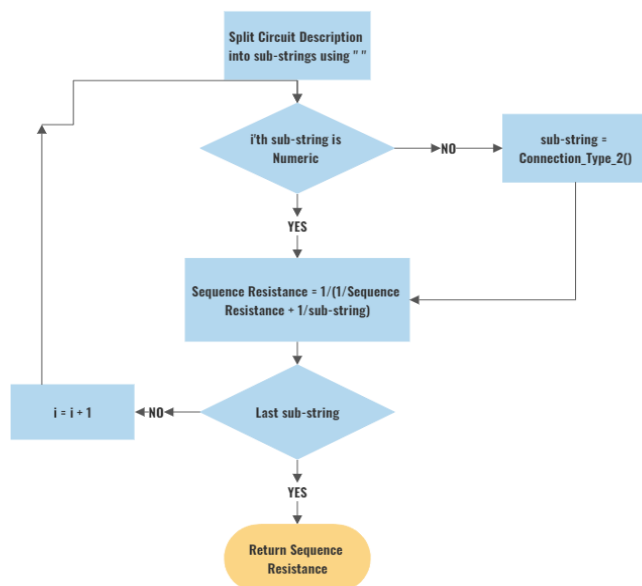
while(1);
}

```

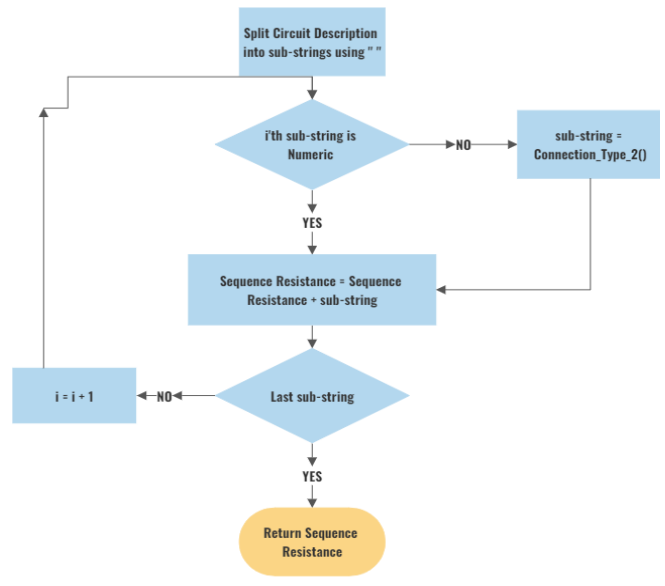
Recursive Program



Parallel_Branch()



Series_Branch()

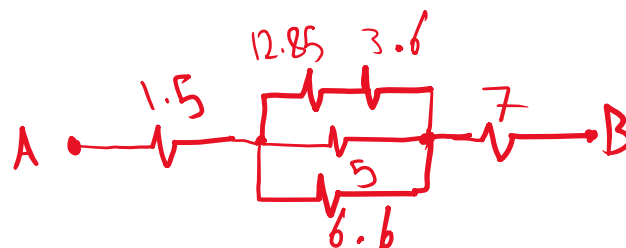


1. Circuit description: $S\ 1.5\ P\ S\ 12.85\ 3.6\ e\ 5\ 6.6\ e\ 7\ E$ Voltage applied: 3.8

```
Circuit Description: S 1.5 P S 12.85 3.6 e 5 6.6 e 7 E
Voltage Applied: 3.8
Circuit Equivalent Resistance: 10.9254
Total Circuit Current: 0.347814
```

$$R_{eq} = 1.5 + \left(\frac{1}{(12.85+3.6)} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6.6} \right)^{-1} + 7$$

$$R_{eq} = 10.925\ \Omega \quad , \quad I_{total} = \frac{V}{R_{eq}} = \frac{3.8}{10.925} = 0.348\ Amps$$



2. Circuit description: $S\ L\ 2.5\ 5.2\ e\ 4.7\ 8\ E$ Voltage applied: 9

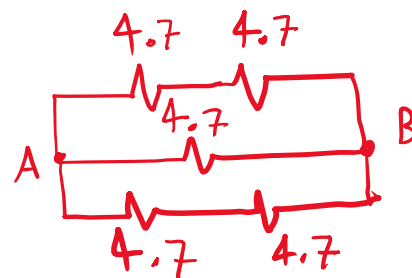
```
Circuit Description: S L 2.5 5.2 e 4.7 8 E
Voltage Applied: 9
Wrong Circuit Description
```

3. Circuit description: $P\ S\ 4.7\ 4.7\ e\ 4.7\ S\ 4.7\ 4.7\ e\ E$ Voltage applied: 7

```
Circuit Description: P S 4.7 4.7 e 4.7 S 4.7 4.7 e E
Voltage Applied: 7
Circuit Equivalent Resistance: 2.35
Total Circuit Current: 2.97872
```

$$R_{eq} = \left(\frac{1}{4.7+4.7} + \frac{1}{4.7} + \frac{1}{4.7+4.7} \right)^{-1}$$

$$R_{eq} = 2.35\ \Omega \quad , \quad I_{total} = \frac{V}{R_{eq}} = \frac{7}{2.35} = 2.98\ Amps$$

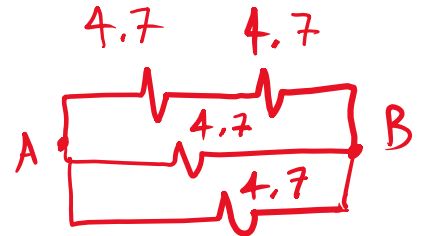


4. Circuit description: $P\ S\ 4.7\ 4.7\ e\ 4.7\ 4.7\ E$ Voltage applied: 9

```
Circuit Description: P S 4.7 4.7 e 4.7 4.7 E
Voltage Applied: 9
Circuit Equivalent Resistance: 1.88
Total Circuit Current: 4.78723
```

$$R_{eq} = \left(\frac{1}{4.7 + 4.7} + \frac{1}{4.7} + \frac{1}{4.7} \right)^{-1}$$

$$R_{eq} = 1.88\ \Omega, \quad I_{total} = \frac{V}{R_{eq}} = \frac{9}{1.88} = 4.79\ \text{Amps}$$



5. Circuit description: $Z\ S\ 8.2\ 3.1\ e\ 1.3\ 7.8\ E$ Voltage applied: 5

```
Circuit Description: Z S 8.2 3.1 e 1.3 7.8 E
Voltage Applied: 5
Wrong Circuit Description
```

6. Circuit description: $P\ S\ 8.2\ 3.1\ e\ S\ 1.3\ 7.8\ e\ E$ Voltage applied: 5

```
Circuit Description: P S 8.2 3.1 e S 1.3 7.8 e E
Voltage Applied: 5
Circuit Equivalent Resistance: 5.04069
Total Circuit Current: 0.991928
```

$$R_{eq} = \left(\frac{1}{8.2 + 3.1} + \frac{1}{1.3 + 7.8} \right)^{-1}$$

$$R_{eq} = 5.04\ \Omega, \quad I_{total} = \frac{V}{R_{eq}} = \frac{5}{5.04} = 0.99\ \text{Amps}$$

