

Problem 1

(a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \underline{\mathcal{F}}(\tau_p \underline{f})[m] &= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \tau_p \underline{f}[k] w^{-km} \\
 &= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{f}[k-p] w^{-km} \\
 &= w^{-pm} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{f}[k-p] w^{-(k-p)m} \\
 &= w^{-pm} \underline{\mathcal{F}} \underline{f}[m] \\
 &= (\underline{\omega}^{-p} \underline{\mathcal{F}} \underline{f})[m]
 \end{aligned}$$

所以

$$\underline{\mathcal{F}}(\tau_p \underline{f}) = \omega^{-p} \underline{\mathcal{F}} \underline{f}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \underline{\mathcal{F}} \underline{g}[m] &= \sum_{k=0}^{2N-1} \underline{g}[k] e^{-2\pi i m k / 2N} \\
 &= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{g}[k] e^{-2\pi i m k / 2N} + \sum_{k=N}^{2N-1} \underline{g}[k] e^{-2\pi i m k / 2N} \\
 &= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{f}[k] e^{-2\pi i m k / 2N} + \sum_{k=N}^{2N-1} \underline{f}[k-N] e^{-2\pi i m k / 2N} \\
 &= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{f}[k] e^{-2\pi i m k / 2N} + e^{-\pi i m} \sum_{k=N}^{2N-1} \underline{f}[k-N] e^{-2\pi i m (k-N) / 2N} \\
 &= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{f}[k] e^{-2\pi i m k / 2N} + e^{-\pi i m} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{f}[k] e^{-2\pi i m k / 2N}
 \end{aligned}$$

如果 $m = 2l$, 那么

$$\begin{aligned}
 \underline{\mathcal{F}} \underline{g}[m] &= \underline{\mathcal{F}} \underline{g}[2l] \\
 &= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{f}[k] e^{-2\pi i 2l k / 2N} + \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{f}[k] e^{-2\pi i 2l k / 2N} \\
 &= 2 \underline{\mathcal{F}} \underline{f}[l]
 \end{aligned}$$

如果 $m = 2l + 1$, 那么

$$\begin{aligned}
\underline{\mathcal{F}g}[m] &= \underline{\mathcal{F}g}[2l+1] \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{f}[k] e^{-2\pi i m k / 2N} + e^{-\pi i (2l+1)} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{f}[k] e^{-2\pi i m k / 2N} \\
&= 0
\end{aligned}$$

(c)记

$$w_k = e^{2\pi i / k}, \omega_k = (1, w_k, \dots, w_k^{k-1})$$

那么

$$\begin{aligned}
\underline{X} &= \underline{\mathcal{F}x} \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{x}[k] \omega_N^{-k} \\
\tilde{\underline{X}} &= \underline{\mathcal{F}\tilde{x}} \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{N+M-1} \underline{x}[k] \omega_{N+M}^{-k} \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{x}[k] \omega_{N+M}^{-k}
\end{aligned}$$

考虑第 m 个分量, 其中 $0 \leq m \leq N-1$:

$$\begin{aligned}
\underline{X}[m] &= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{x}[k] \omega_N^{-k}[m] \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{x}[k] w_N^{-km} \\
\tilde{\underline{X}}[m] &= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{x}[k] \omega_{N+M}^{-k}[m] \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{x}[k] w_{N+M}^{-km} \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{x}[k] e^{-2\pi i (km)/(N+M)} \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{x}[k] e^{-2\pi i (kmN/(N+M))/N} \\
&= \underline{X}[mN/(N+M)]
\end{aligned}$$

使用zero-pad是为了将信号数量扩充成2的幂, 方便使用FFT算法。

Problem 2

$$\begin{aligned}
(\underline{1} * \underline{f})[m] &= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{1}[k] \underline{f}[m-k] \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{f}[m-k] \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{f}[k]
\end{aligned}$$

所以

$$\underline{1} * \underline{f} = \left(\sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{f}[k] \right) \underline{1}$$

特别的, 我们有

$$\begin{aligned}
\underline{1} * \underline{1} &= N \underline{1} \\
\underline{1} * \underline{a} &= N \underline{a}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 3

(a)

$$\begin{aligned}
\underline{\mathcal{F}} \underline{h}[n] &= \sum_{k=0}^{2N-1} \underline{h}[k] e^{-2\pi i n k / 2N} \\
&= \sum_{l=0}^{N-1} \underline{h}[2l] e^{-2\pi i n 2l / 2N} \\
&= \sum_{l=0}^{N-1} \underline{f}[l] e^{-2\pi i n l / N} \\
&= \underline{\mathcal{F}} \underline{f}[n]
\end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}
(\underline{\mathcal{F}} \underline{g})[n] &= \sum_{k=0}^{N/2-1} \underline{g}[k] e^{-2\pi i n k / (N/2)} \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{N/2-1} \underline{f}[2k] e^{-2\pi i n (2k) / N}
\end{aligned}$$

注意到

$$\begin{aligned}
F[n] &= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{f}[k] e^{-2\pi i n k / N} \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{N/2-1} \underline{f}[2k] e^{-2\pi i n (2k) / N} + \sum_{k=0}^{N/2-1} \underline{f}[2k+1] e^{-2\pi i n (2k+1) / N}
\end{aligned}$$

那么

$$\begin{aligned}
F\left[n - \frac{N}{2}\right] &= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \underline{f}[k] e^{-2\pi i n k / N} \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{N/2-1} \underline{f}[2k] e^{-2\pi i (n - \frac{N}{2})(2k) / N} + \sum_{k=0}^{N/2-1} \underline{f}[2k+1] e^{-2\pi i (n - \frac{N}{2})(2k+1) / N} \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{N/2-1} \underline{f}[2k] e^{-2\pi i n (2k) / N} - \sum_{k=0}^{N/2-1} \underline{f}[2k+1] e^{-2\pi i n (2k+1) / N}
\end{aligned}$$

从而

$$\begin{aligned}
(\underline{\mathcal{F}}\underline{g})[n] &= \sum_{k=0}^{N/2-1} \underline{f}[2k] e^{-2\pi i n (2k) / N} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \left(F[n] + F\left[n - \frac{N}{2}\right] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 4

该文件无法读取，略过。