

Problem 1

(a)

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbb{P}[B] &= \frac{1}{1000} \\ \mathbb{P}[Y|B] &= 0.99 \\ \mathbb{P}[\bar{Y}|\bar{B}] &= 0.97\end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbb{P}[\bar{B}] &= 1 - \mathbb{P}[B] \\ &= 0.999 \\ \mathbb{P}[Y|\bar{B}] &= 1 - \mathbb{P}[\bar{Y}|\bar{B}] \\ &= 0.03\end{aligned}$$

(c)

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbb{P}[Y] &= \mathbb{P}[B]\mathbb{P}[Y|B] + \mathbb{P}[\bar{B}]\mathbb{P}[Y|\bar{B}] \\ &= \frac{1}{1000} \times 0.99 + 0.999 \times 0.03 \\ &= 0.03096\end{aligned}$$

(d)

$$\begin{aligned}p &= \mathbb{P}[B|Y] \\ &= \frac{\mathbb{P}[B]\mathbb{P}[Y|B]}{\mathbb{P}[B]\mathbb{P}[Y|B] + \mathbb{P}[\bar{B}]\mathbb{P}[Y|\bar{B}]} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{1000} \times 0.99}{0.03096} \\ &= 0.03197674418604651\end{aligned}$$

(e)该比例即为

$$\begin{aligned}p &= \mathbb{P}[Y|B] \\ &= 0.99\end{aligned}$$

Problem 2

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbb{P}[S | \text{ " } F \text{ "}] &= \frac{\mathbb{P}[S \cap \text{ " } F \text{ "}]}{\mathbb{P}[\text{ " } F \text{ "}]} \\
 &= \frac{\mathbb{P}[\text{ " } F \text{ " } | S] \mathbb{P}[S]}{\mathbb{P}[\text{ " } F \text{ " } | S] \mathbb{P}[S] + \mathbb{P}[\text{ " } F \text{ " } | \bar{S}] \mathbb{P}[\bar{S}]} \\
 &= \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2}{3}}{\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3}} \\
 &= \frac{2}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 3

$$p = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{54}}{\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{54} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{53}} = \frac{53}{107}$$

Problem 4

定义HHT出现在HTT之前的事件为A, 那么

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbb{P}[A] &= \mathbb{P}[A|H]\mathbb{P}[H] + \mathbb{P}[A|T]\mathbb{P}[T] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2}\mathbb{P}[A|H] + \frac{1}{2}\mathbb{P}[A]
 \end{aligned}$$

所以

$$\mathbb{P}[A] = \mathbb{P}[A|H]$$

另一方面

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbb{P}[A|H] &= \mathbb{P}[A|HH]\mathbb{P}[H] + \mathbb{P}[A|HT]\mathbb{P}[T] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2}\mathbb{P}[A|HH] + \frac{1}{2}\mathbb{P}[A|HT]
 \end{aligned}$$

现在考虑给定前两位HH, 事件A发生的概率, 这时候后事件A发生的情形为

$$HHT, HHHT, HHHHT, \dots$$

所以

$$\mathbb{P}[A|HH] = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{2^i} = 1$$

带入可得

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbb{P}[A|H] &= \mathbb{P}[A|HH]\mathbb{P}[H] + \mathbb{P}[A|HT]\mathbb{P}[T] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\mathbb{P}[A|HT]
 \end{aligned}$$

但是显然有

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbb{P}[A|HT] &= \mathbb{P}[A|HTH]\mathbb{P}[H] + \mathbb{P}[A|HTT]\mathbb{P}[T] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times \mathbb{P}[A|HTH] + \frac{1}{2} \times 0 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times \mathbb{P}[A|H]\end{aligned}$$

综合之前的讨论得到

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbb{P}[A] &= \mathbb{P}[A|H] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\mathbb{P}[A|HT] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \mathbb{P}[A|H] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \times \mathbb{P}[A]\end{aligned}$$

因此

$$\mathbb{P}[A] = \frac{2}{3}$$

所以题目中事件发生的概率为

$$1 - \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

参考资料：

<https://dicedcoins.wordpress.com/2012/07/19/flip-hhh-before-htt/>