lengus 14

Операторичи метод (продолжение)

Операторное исписиение

operuna σρας προσραγοθαμιε Λαπιαια

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t. 100 Nouver 1 = ge-pt dt = e-pt | 0 = 1 Omederenne Ckaren, 200 sel (motectes opumnass), ecu a) f zavance the R, $f \equiv 0$ the $(-\infty, 0)$; 8) & T Ha [0,T] He Sover, rem Komermoe rucus Torek pazparla bre onn I poda ("Torku ckarka");

6) ∃M>0, So≥0: Is(t) | = Mesot +t, so-nokazaren pocas.

Паблица оригиналов и прозажения 3

выгисти непосредственно

no cl-by 4°

no cb-by 1°+4° condt = $\frac{1}{2}$ (eidt eidt) = $\frac{1}{2}$ ($\frac{1}{p-id}$ + $\frac{1}{p+id}$) = $\frac{p}{p^2+d^2}$

$$t^{n}=(-1)^{n}(-t)^{n}=(-1)^{n}(\frac{1}{p})^{(n)}=n!p^{-n-1}$$

we closicly $1^{o}+6^{\circ}$

Choù créa meorfrazobanna f(t) = F(p). 1° d1f1+d2f2 = d1 F1+d2F2 (мнейночь) 2° f(at) = = = F(fa), a>o (hogodue) 3° f(t-b) = e-pb F(p), b>0 (3ang 3derbarme opermusis) 4° e-dt s(t) = F(p+d) (cueuserme uzoopaxerma) 5° $f'(t) \stackrel{.}{=} pF(p) - f(0+)$, ecm $f, f' \in \mathcal{O}(gup_0pe_p-ue opurunasa)$ $f''(t) = p^2 F(p) - p f(0+) - f'(0+)$, ecm $f, f', f'' \in \mathcal{O}$ 6° (-t) $f(t) \stackrel{.}{=} F'(p)$ (gugspep-ue orpaza) 7° $\int f(\mathbf{E}) d\mathbf{r} = F(\mathbf{p})$ (unrespupolerme opurmana) 80 $\frac{f(t)}{t} \stackrel{:}{=} \int_{P} F(u) du$ (unterpupolanne objegge)

Chepmen grynzigum

$$S(t), g(t) \rightarrow (f * g)(t) = \int f(s) g(t-s) ds$$
 (1) dectra

Das karux f u g uneer curren uniorpan (1)?

Ytheproderme Pycon f, $g \in O$. Torda uniorpan (1) enfederich,

 $(f * g)(t) = \int f(s) g(t-s) ds$. (2) $t > s$

Denisharumo, $S(s) g(t-s) \neq o \iff S > o$ u $t-s > o$, i.e. $o < s < t$

Tipunepla $1 * t = \int (t-s) ds = t \int ds - \int s ds = \frac{t^2}{2}$
 $t * t = \int s(t-s) ds = t \int s ds - \int s^2 ds = \frac{1}{6}t^3$

gos (unnetpurhocto)

1) f * g = g * f (unnetpurhocto) $(f*g)(t) = \int f(s)g(t-s)ds = -\int f(t-u)g(u)du = \int g(u)f(t-u)du = \int f(t-u)g(u)du = \int g(u)f(t-u)du = \int f(t-u)g(u)du = \int f(t-u)du = \int f(t-u)g(u)du = \int f(t-u)g(u)du = \int f(t-u)g(u)du = \int f(t-u)du = \int f(t-u)g(u)du = \int f(t-u)g(u)du = \int f(t-u)g(u)du = \int f(t-u)du = \int f(t-u)g(u)du = \int$

Ipuneper $1*t = \int s ds = \frac{t^2}{2}$; $1*f(t) = \int f(s)ds - nepherologietas$ qqqueusun f, pabuas 0 upu t = 0.

2) (d, f, + d2 f2) * g = d, (f, * g) + d2 (f2 * g) (mpen noch)

3) Myon f -opureren c hokazateren poeta λ_1 , T.e. $f \in \mathcal{O}_{A_1}$, u most auaronurus $g \in \mathcal{O}_{A_2}$. Torga $f * g \in \mathcal{O}_{A_1}$, $\lambda = \max_{i=1}^{n} \lambda_i \lambda_i \lambda_i^2$. Hano wunawue: $f \in \mathcal{O}_{A_1} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} |f(t)| \leq M_1 e^{\lambda_1 t}$, $M_1 > 0$, $\lambda_1 > 0$

Mus que onfederennocte $\lambda_1 > \lambda_2$. Monga [| s(s) g(t-s) | ds = $\leq M_1 M_2 e^{\lambda_2 t}$ $\int e^{\lambda_1 t} M_2 e^{\lambda_2 (t-s)} = M_1 M_2 e^{\lambda_2 t} e^{(\lambda_1 - \lambda_2)s}$ $\leq M_1 M_2 e^{\lambda_2 t} \int e^{(\lambda_1 - \lambda_2)s} ds =$ $= M_1 M_2 e^{\lambda_2 t} \left(e^{(\lambda_1 - \lambda_2)t} - 1 \right) \frac{1}{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} \leq \frac{M_1 M_2}{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} e^{\lambda_2 t} \left(\lambda_1 - \lambda_2 \right)$

 $= M_1 M_2 e^{\lambda_2 t} \left(e^{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} - 1 \right) \frac{1}{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} = M_1 M_2 e^{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2}$ $= M_1 M_2 e^{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2}$

4) Physical for
$$g \in \mathcal{O}$$
, $f = F$, $g = G$. Though Theorems.

(f* g) $f = F(p) G(p)$

Don-bo. $(f*g)(t) = \int_{C} e^{-pt} \left(\int_{S} f(s)g(t-s) ds\right) dt = \int_{C} \left(\int_{S} g(t-s)e^{-pt} dt\right) f(s) ds = G(p) \int_{C} e^{-sp} f(s) ds$

Thu nopen $\frac{1}{(p^2+1)^2}$ = $\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\sin t + \sin t}{2} \right] \left[\frac{\sin t + \sin t}{2} \right] \left[\frac{\sin (2\tau - t)}{2} \right] \left[\frac{\sin (2\tau - t)}{2} \right] \left[\frac{\sin t}{2} \right] \left[\frac{\sin (2\tau - t)}{2} \right] \left[\frac{\sin t}{2} \right] \left[\frac{\sin (2\tau - t)}{2} \right$

Anacomono

$$\frac{p}{(p^2+1)^2} = \cot \star \sin t = \dots$$

$$\frac{p^2}{(p^2+1)^2} = \cot x \sin t = \dots$$

Ho:
$$p^3$$
 : ? (Teopena Bopera re pasoraer p^3)

(XoTerous 867)
$$pF(p)G(p) =$$

upodorsk atto
gpopmy ry

Done-bo
$$p F(p) G(p) = (p F(p) - f(0+)) G(p) + f(0+) G(p) = (f'*g)(t) + f(0+) g(t)$$

$$= (f'*g)(t) + f(0+)g(t)$$

$$p F(p)G(p) = (pG(p) - g(o+))F(p) + g(o+)F(p) =$$

$$= (g'*f)(t) + g(o+)f(t)$$

Thumpun a)
$$\frac{p^3}{(p^2+1)^2} = p + \frac{p}{p^2+1} = (\cot t) + \cot t + \cot t = \cot t$$

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=
$$\int e^{2s} e^{t-s} ds + e^{2t} = e^{t} \int e^{s} ds + e^{2t} = 2e^{t} - e^{t}$$

 $\int e^{-1} \int (p-2)^{t} = \frac{2}{p-2} - \frac{1}{p-1} = 2e^{t} - e^{t}$

$$Ly := y^{(n)} + a_1 y^{(n-1)} + ... a_{n-1} y' + a_n y, a_i \text{ hotrogathor.}$$

$$(1) \int_{\mathbf{x}} Lx = f(t) \qquad \qquad \int_{\mathbf{z}} Lz = 1 \qquad (2)$$

$$x(0) = ... = x^{(n-1)}(0) = 0 \qquad \qquad \int_{\mathbf{z}} Lz = 1 \qquad (2)$$

$$x = \overline{x}, x' = p\overline{x}, ..., x^{(n)} = p\overline{x} \qquad \qquad furtherefore (2)$$

$$(p^n + a_1 p^{n-1} + ... + a_n) \overline{x} = F(p) \qquad \qquad furtherefore (2)$$

$$\overline{x} = \frac{F(p)}{\Psi(p)} = \frac{1}{p\Psi(p)} pF(p) = (z' * f)(t) + z(0) f(t)$$

$$\mathbb{Z}(t) = (z' * f)(t), \text{ ign } z(t) - \text{ peneme} (2)$$

Arropain femenne 3 agam Komm (1) Lx=f(t)

Myrebone 1 Komm

Mar 1 Pennis zadary Komm (2) / Lz=1

Mar 2 Kangan 2'(t) Mar 3 B32 Robeiprny (2 * f)(t) = x(t) $\frac{\prod \text{pump}}{(x(0))} |x''-x| = 0 \iff \frac{1}{2}(0) = \frac{1}{2}(0) = 0$ 1) z = cht - 1; 2) z' = sht; 3) $x = sht * e^t = \frac{1}{2}(e^t + e^{-t})$; $z' = sht * e^t = \frac{1}{2}(e^t - e^{-t})$. $= \frac{1}{2} \int (e^{s} - e^{s}) e^{t-s} ds = \frac{e^{t}}{2} \int (1 - e^{-2s}) ds = \frac{e^{t}}{2} \left(\frac{e^{t} - e^{-t}}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \int (e^{s} - e^{-s}) e^{t-s} ds = \frac{e^{t}}{2} \int (1 - e^{-2s}) ds = \frac{e^{t}}{2} \left(\frac{e^{t} - e^{-t}}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \int (e^{s} - e^{-s}) e^{t-s} ds = \frac{e^{t}}{2} \int (1 - e^{-2s}) ds = \frac{e^{t}}{2} \left(\frac{e^{t} - e^{-t}}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \int (e^{s} - e^{-s}) e^{t-s} ds = \frac{e^{t}}{2} \int (1 - e^{-2s}) ds = \frac{e^{t}}{2}$ $= e^{\frac{1}{2}} (t + \frac{1}{2}e^{-2t} - \frac{1}{2}) = \frac{te^{t}}{2} + \frac{e^{-t}}{4} - \frac{e^{t}}{4} = \frac{1}{2} sht + \frac{1}{2} te^{t}$