# **Key features**

### 1. Router:

connects different networks such as LAN to the internet or to other LANs

### 2. Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP):

automatically assigns IP addresses and other network settings to devices on a network

# 3. Domain Name System (DNS):

this resolves domain name into IP addresses so that devices can locate and communicate with websites and services on the internet or internal networks.

# 4. Access Control List (ACLs):

this controls what traffic is allowed or denied on a network by matching specific conditions, helping to enforce security and traffic control.

# **Devices and Configurations**

# **Key Devices**

#### . Router:

Routes data and manage traffic between different networks

### . Switches:

Connects devices within the same network

#### . Servers:

Serve DHCP, DNS and Web application services

#### . Endpoint Devices:

PCs and laptop

# **Configuration Steps**

### 1. Setup the Topology:

Arrange and connect router, switches and end devices.

### 2. Configure Devices:

 Assign static IP addresses to DHCP, DNS and web servers, also create gateway for each interface.

Devices	IP address
Gateway 1	192.168.1.1
Gateway 2	192.168.2.1
DHCP server	192.168.2.2
DNS server	192.168.2.3
Web server	192.168.2.4

# 3. Configure DHCP Servers:

- Define DHCP pools and scopes for each subnet.
- Bind interfaces to their respective pools.
- Enable DHCP server to assign IP addresses to end devices starting from 10.
- DHCP assigned the following IP addresses to the laptops and PC

Device	IP address
Developer's PC	192.168.1.10
Database Admin's PC	192.168.1.11
Engineer's PC	192.168.1.12

### 4. Apply ACLs:

- Define access rules to permit/deny traffic as required
- Apply rules to the appropriate interfaces.

Step 1: Enter Router CLI

enable

configure terminal

Step 2: Create ACL Using host

access-list 100 permit tcp host 192.168.1.25 host 192.168.2.4 eq 80

access-list 100 deny tcp any host 192.168.2.4 eq 80 access-list 100 permit ip any any

Step 3: Apply the ACL to the Correct Interface interface Fa0/1 ip access-group 100 out exit

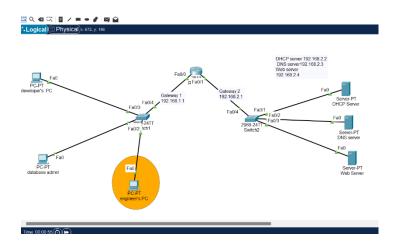
### 5. Test Connectivity:

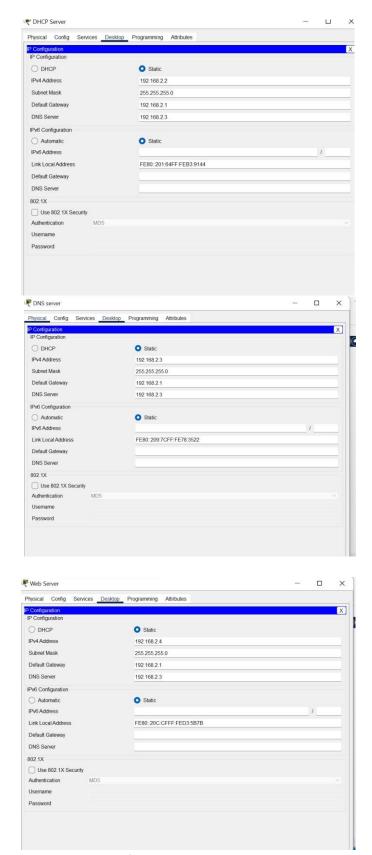
Test in web browser:

DeviceActionResultLaptop0Visit http:192.168.2.4AllowedOther PCsVisit http:192.168.2.4Blocked

Attached below are pictures of each step in the network segmentation.

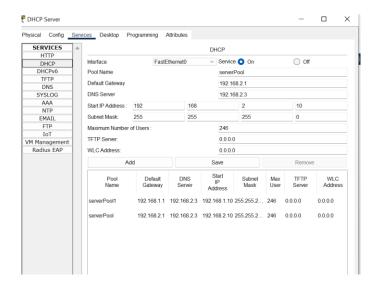
Step 1: setting and connecting devices





Step 2: setting static IP addresses for DHCP, DNS and Web server

Step 3: setting up server pool for each gateway and starting IP address



Result: Engineer's laptop is allowed to access web server while the other PCs are blocked from accessing web server.

