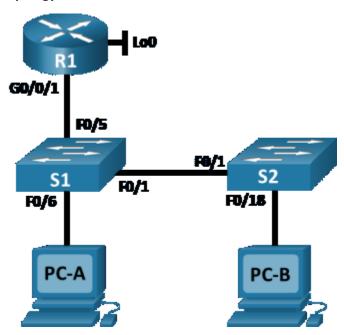
Packet Tracer Lab: Switch Security Configuration

Topology



Addressing Table

7.10.01.00.01.00.01					
Device	Interface / VLAN	IP Address	Subnet Mask		
R1	G0/0/1	192.168.10.1	255.255.255.0		
R1	Loopback 0	10.10.1.1	255.255.255.0		
S1	VLAN 10	192.168.10.201	255.255.255.0		
S2	VLAN 10	192.168.10.202	255.255.255.0		
PC – A	NIC	DHCP	255.255.255.0		
PC – B	NIC	DHCP	255.255.255.0		

Objectives

Part 1: Configure the Network Devices.

- Cable the network.
- Configure R1.
- Configure and verify basic switch settings.

Part 2: Configure VLANs on Switches.

- Configure VLAN 10.
- Configure the SVI for VLAN 10.
- Configure VLAN 333 with the name Native on S1 and S2.
- Configure VLAN 999 with the name ParkingLot on S1 and S2.

Part 3: Configure Switch Security.

- Implement 802.1Q trunking.
- Configure access ports.
- Secure and disable unused switchports.
- Document and implement port security features.

- Implement DHCP snooping security.
- Implement PortFast and BPDU guard.
- Verify end-to-end-connectivity.

Background

This is a comprehensive lab to review previously covered Layer 2 security features.

Note: The routers used with CCNA hands-on labs are Cisco 4221 with Cisco IOS XE Release 16.9.3 (universalk9 image). The switches used in the labs are Cisco Catalyst 2960s with Cisco IOS Release 15.0(2) (lanbasek9 image). Other routers, switches, and Cisco IOS versions can be used. Depending on the model and Cisco IOS version, the commands available and the output produced might vary from what is shown in the labs. Refer to the Router Interface Summary Table at the end of the lab for the correct interface identifiers.

Note: Make sure that the switches have been erased and have no startup configurations.

Required Resources

- 1 Router (Cisco 4221 with Cisco IOS XE Release 16.9.3 universal image or comparable)
- 2 Switches (Cisco 2960 with Cisco IOS Release 15.0(2) lanbasek9 image or comparable)
- 2 PCs (Windows with a terminal emulation program, such as Tera Term)
- Console cables to configure the Cisco IOS devices via the console ports
- Ethernet cables as shown in the topology

Part 1: Configure the Network Devices.

Step 1: Cable the network.

- 1. Cable the network as shown in the topology.
- 2. Initialize the devices.

Step 2: Configure R1.

1. Load the following configuration script on R1.

```
enable
configure terminal
hostname R1
no ip domain lookup
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.10.1 192.168.10.9
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.10.201 192.168.10.202
!
ip dhcp pool Students
network 192.168.10.0 255.255.255.0
default-router 192.168.10.1
domain-name secure.com
!
interface Loopback0
ip address 10.10.1.1 255.255.255.0
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1
description Link to S1 Port 5
ip dhcp relay information trusted
```

```
ip address 192.168.10.1 255.255.255.0
no shutdown
!
line con 0
logging synchronous
exec-timeout 0 0
```

2. Verify the running-configuration on R1 using the following command:

R1# show ip interface brief Interface IP-Address OK? Method Status Protocol unassigned GigabitEthernet0/0/0 YES unset down down GigabitEthernet0/0/1 192.168.10.1 YES manual up Loopback0 10.10.1.1 YES manual up up

3. Verify IP addressing and interfaces are in an up / up state (troubleshoot as necessary).

Step 3: Configure and verify basic switch settings.

1. Configure the hostname for switches S1 and S2.

Open configuration window Switch# config t Switch(config)# hostname S1 Open configuration window Switch# config t Switch(config)# hostname S2

2. Prevent unwanted DNS lookups on both switches.

```
S1(config)# no ip domain-lookup
S2(config)# no ip domain-lookup
```

3. Configure interface descriptions for the ports that are in use in S1 and S2.

```
S1(config)# interface f0/1
S1(config-if)# description Link to S2
S1(config-if)# interface f0/5
S1(config-if)# description Link to R1
S1(config-if)# interface f0/6
S1(config-if)# description Link to PC-A
S2(config)# interface f0/1
S2(config-if)# description Link to S1
S2(config-if)# interface f0/18
S2(config-if)# description Link to PC-B
```

4. Set the default-gateway for the Management VLAN to 192.168.10.1 on both switches.

```
S1(config)# ip default-gateway 192.168.10.1
S2(config)# ip default-gateway 192.168.10.1
```

Part 2: Configure VLANs on Switches.

Step 1: Configure VLAN 10.

1. Add VLAN 10 to S1 and S2 and name the VLAN Management.

```
S1(config)# vlan 10
S1(config-vlan)# name Management
```

```
S2(config)# vlan 10
S2(config-vlan)# name Management
```

Step 2: Configure the SVI for VLAN 10.

2. Configure the IP address according to the Addressing Table for SVI for VLAN 10 on S1 and S2. Enable the SVI interfaces and provide a description for the interface.

```
S1(config)# interface vlan 10
S1(config-if)# ip address 192.168.10.201 255.255.255.0
S1(config-if)# description Management SVI
S1(config-if)# no shutdown

S2(config)# interface vlan 10
S2(config-if)# ip address 192.168.10.202 255.255.255.0
2S1(config-if)# description Management SVI
S2(config-if)# no shutdown
```

Step 3: Configure VLAN 333 with the name Native on S1 and S2.

```
S1(config)# vlan 333
S1(config-vlan)# name Native

S2(config)# vlan 333
S2(config-vlan)# name Native
Step 4: Configure VLAN 999 with the name ParkingLot on S1 and S2.
S1(config-vlan)# vlan 999
S1(config-vlan)# name ParkingLot

S2(config-vlan)# vlan 999
S2(config-vlan)# name ParkingLot
```

Part 3: Configure Switch Security.

Step 1: Implement 802.1Q trunking.

1. On both switches, configure trunking on FO/1 to use VLAN 333 as the native VLAN.

```
S1(config)# interface f0/1
S1(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
S1(config-if)# switchport trunk native vlan 333
S2(config)# interface f0/1
S2(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
S2(config-if)# switchport trunk native vlan 333
```

2. Verify that trunking is configured on both switches.

S1# show interface trunk

Port Fa0/1	Mode on	Encapsulation 802.1q	Status trunking	Native vlan 333
Port Fa0/1	Vlans allowed on 1-4094	trunk		
Port Fa0/1	Vlans allowed and 1,10,333,999	d active in man	agement domain	

```
Port Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
```

Fa0/1 1,10,333,999

S2# show interface trunk

```
Port Mode Encapsulation Status Native vlan
```

Fa0/1 on 802.1q trunking 333

Port Vlans allowed on trunk

Fa0/1 1-4094

Port Vlans allowed and active in management domain

Fa0/1 1,10,333,999

Port Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned

Fa0/1 1,10,333,999

3. Disable DTP negotiation on F0/1 on S1 and S2.

```
S1(config)# interface f0/1
```

S1(config-if)# switchport nonegotiate

```
S2(config)# interface f0/1
```

S2(config-if)# switchport nonegotiate

4. Verify with the **show interfaces** command.

```
S1# show interfaces f0/1 switchport | include Negotiation
```

Negotiation of Trunking: Off

S2# show interfaces f0/1 switchport | include Negotiation

Negotiation of Trunking: Off

Step 2: Configure access ports.

1. On S1, configure F0/5 and F0/6 as access ports that are associated with VLAN 10.

```
S1(config)# interface range f0/5 - 6
```

S1(config-if)# switchport mode access

S1(config-if)# switchport access vlan 10

2. On S2, configure F0/18 as an access port that is associated with VLAN 10.

```
S2(config)# interface f0/18
```

S2(config-if)# switchport mode access

S2(config-if)# switchport access vlan 10

Step 3: Secure and disable unused switchports.

1. On S1 and S2, move the unused ports from VLAN 1 to VLAN 999 and disable the unused ports.

```
S1(config)# interface range f0/2-4 , f0/7-24, g0/1-2
```

S1(config-if-range)# switchport mode access

S1(config-if-range)# switchport access vlan 999

S1(config-if-range)# shutdown

```
S2(config)# interface range f0/2-17 , f0/19-24, g0/1-2
```

S2(config-if-range)# switchport mode access

S2(config-if-range)# switchport access vlan 999

S2(config-if-range)# shutdown

2. Verify that unused ports are disabled and associated with VLAN 999 by issuing the **show** command. S1# show interfaces status

Port	Name			Status	Vlan	Duple	Speed	Туре
Fa0/1	Link	to	S2	connected	trunk	a-ful	a-100	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/2				disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/3				disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/4				disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/5	Link	to	R1	connected	10	a-ful	a-100	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/6	Link	to	PC-A	connected	10	a-ful	a-100	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/7				disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/8				disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/9				disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/10				disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
<output< td=""><td>omitted</td><td>/</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></output<>	omitted	/						

S2# show interfaces status

Port	Name	Status	Vlan	Duplex	Speed	Туре
Fa0/1	Link to S1	connected	trunk	a-full	a-100	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/2		disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/3		disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
<output< td=""><td>omitted></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></output<>	omitted>					
Fa0/14		disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/15		disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/16		disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/17		disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/18	Link to PC-B	connected	10	a-full	a-100	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/19		disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/20		disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/21		disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/22		disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/23		disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Fa0/24		disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100BaseTX
Gi0/1		disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100/1000BaseTX
Gi0/2		disabled	999	auto	auto	10/100/1000BaseTX

Step 4: Document and implement port security features.

The interfaces F0/6 on S1 and F0/18 on S2 are configured as access ports. In this step, you will also configure port security on these two access ports.

1. On S1, issue the **show port-security interface f0/6** command to display the default port security settings for interface F0/6. Record your answers in the table below.

S1# show port-security interface f0/6
Port Security : Disabled
Port Status : Secure-down
Violation Mode : Shutdown
Aging Time : 0 mins
Aging Type : Absolute
SecureStatic Address Aging : Disabled

Maximum MAC Addresses : 1
Total MAC Addresses : 0

Configured MAC Addresses : 0 Sticky MAC Addresses : 0

Last Source Address:Vlan : 0000.0000.0000:0

Security Violation Count : 0

Default Port Security Configuration				
Feature	Default Setting			
Port Security	Disabled			
Maximum number of MAC				
addresses	1			
Violation Mode	Shutdown			
Aging Time	0 mins			
Aging Type	Absolute			
Secure Static Address Aging	Disabled			
Sticky MAC Address	0			

- 2. On S1, enable port security on F0/6 with the following settings:
 - Maximum number of MAC addresses: 3
 - Violation type: restrict
 - Aging time: **60 min**
 - Aging type: inactivity
 - S1(config)# interface f0/6
 - S1(config-if)# switchport port-security
 - S1(config-if)# switchport port-security maximum 3
 - S1(config-if)# switchport port-security violation restrict
 - S1(config-if)# switchport port-security aging time 60
 - S1(config-if)# switchport port-security aging type inactivity
- 3. Verify port security on S1 F0/6.

S1# show port-security interface f0/6
Port Security : Enabled
Port Status : Secure-up
Violation Mode : Restrict
Aging Time : 60 mins
Aging Type : Inactivity
SecureStatic Address Aging : Disabled

Maximum MAC Addresses : 3
Total MAC Addresses : 1
Configured MAC Addresses : 0
Sticky MAC Addresses : 0

Last Source Address:Vlan : 0022.5646.3411:10

Security Violation Count : 0

S1# show port-security address Secure Mac Address Table

Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports	Remaining Age (mins)
10	0022.5646.3411	SecureDynamic	Fa0/6	60 (I)

Total Addresses in System (excluding one mac per port) : 0
Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) : 8192

4. Enable port security for F0/18 on S2. Configure the port to add MAC addresses learned on the port automatically to the running configuration.

```
S2(config)# interface f0/18
S2(config-if)# switchport port-security
S2(config-if)# switchport port-security mac-address sticky
```

- 5. Configure the following port security settings on S2 F/18:
 - Maximum number of MAC addresses: 2
 - Violation type: **Protect**
 - Aging time: **60 min**

S2(config)# interface f0/18

S2(config-if)# switchport port-security aging time 60 S2(config-if)# switchport port-security maximum 2

S2(config-if)# switchport port-security violation protect

6. Verify port security on S2 F0/18.

S2# show port-security interface f0/18
Port Security : Enabled
Port Status : Secure-up
Violation Mode : Protect
Aging Time : 60 mins
Aging Type : Absolute
SecureStatic Address Aging : Disabled

Maximum MAC Addresses : 2
Total MAC Addresses : 1
Configured MAC Addresses : 0
Sticky MAC Addresses : 0

Last Source Address:Vlan : 0022.5646.3413:10

Security Violation Count : 0

S2# show port-security address

Secure Mac Address Table

Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports	Remaining Age (mins)
				
10	0022.5646.3413	SecureSticky	Fa0/18	-

Total Addresses in System (excluding one mac per port) : 0
Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) : 8192

Step 5: Implement DHCP snooping security.

1. On S2, enable DHCP snooping and configure DHCP snooping on VLAN 10.

```
S2(config)# ip dhcp snooping
S2(config)# ip dhcp snooping vlan 10
```

2. Configure the trunk port on S2 as a trusted port.

```
S2(config)# interface f0/1
S2(config-if)# ip dhcp snooping trust
```

3. Limit the untrusted port, F18 on S2, to five DHCP packets per second.

```
S2(config)# interface f0/18
S2(config-if)# ip dhcp snooping limit rate 5
```

4. Verify DHCP Snooping on S2.

```
S2# show ip dhcp snooping
Switch DHCP snooping is enabled
DHCP snooping is configured on following VLANs:
10
DHCP snooping is operational on following VLANs:
10
DHCP snooping is configured on the following L3 Interfaces:
Insertion of option 82 is enabled
    circuit-id default format: vlan-mod-port
    remote-id: 0cd9.96d2.3f80 (MAC)
Option 82 on untrusted port is not allowed
Verification of hwaddr field is enabled
Verification of giaddr field is enabled
DHCP snooping trust/rate is configured on the following Interfaces:
```

Interface	Trusted	Allow option	Rate limit (pps)
FastEthernet0/1 Custom circuit-ids:	yes	yes	unlimited
FastEthernet0/18	no	no	5
Custom circuit-ids:			

5. From the command prompt on PC-B, release and then renew the IP address.

```
C:\Users\Student> ipconfig /release
C:\Users\Student> ipconfig /renew
```

6. Verify the DHCP snooping binding using the **show ip dhcp snooping binding** command.

Step 6: Implement PortFast and BPDU guard.

1. Configure PortFast on all the access ports that are in use on both switches.

```
S1(config)# interface range f0/5 - 6
S1(config-if)# spanning-tree portfast
S2(config)# interface f0/18
S2(config-if)# spanning-tree portfast
```

2. Enable BPDU guard on S1 and S2 VLAN 10 access ports connected to PC-A and PC-B.

```
S1(config)# interface f0/6
S1(config-if)# spanning-tree bpduguard enable
S2(config)# interface f0/18
S2(config-if)# spanning-tree bpduguard enable
```

3. Verify that BPDU guard and PortFast are enabled on the appropriate ports.

```
S1# show spanning-tree interface f0/6 detail

Port 8 (FastEthernet0/6) of VLAN0010 is designated forwarding

Port path cost 19, Port priority 128, Port Identifier 128.6.

<output omitted for brevity>

Number of transitions to forwarding state: 1

The port is in the portfast mode

Link type is point-to-point by default

Bpdu guard is enabled

BPDU: sent 128, received 0
```

Step 7: Verify end-to-end connectivity.

Verify PING connectivity between all devices in the IP Addressing Table. If the pings fail, you may need to disable the firewall on the PC hosts.

Close configuration window

Questions to answer

1. In reference to Port Security on S2, why is there no timer value for the remaining age in minutes when sticky learning was configured?

This switch does not support the port security aging of sticky secure addresses.

- 2. In reference to Port Security on S2, if you load the running-config script on S2, why will PC-B on port 18 never get an IP address via DHCP?
 - Port security is set for only two MAC addresses and port 18 has two "sticky" MAC address bound to the port. Additionally, the violation is protect, which will never send a console/syslog message or increment the violation counter.
- 3. In reference to Port Security, what is the difference between the absolute aging type and inactivity aging type?

If the inactivity type is set, then the secure addresses on the port will be removed only if there is no data traffic from the secure source addresses for the specified time period. If the absolute type is set, then all secure addresses on this port age out exactly after the time specified ends.

Device Configurations – Final

Switch S1

```
S1# show running-config
Building configuration...

Current configuration : 5203 bytes
!

version 15.0

no service pad
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
no service password-encryption
!

hostname S1
!

no ip domain-lookup
```

```
spanning-tree mode pvst
vlan 10
name Management
vlan 333
name Native
vlan 999
name ParkingLot
interface FastEthernet0/1
description Link to S2
 switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
 switchport trunk native vlan 333
 switchport mode trunk
 switchport nonegotiate
interface FastEthernet0/2
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/3
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
 shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/4
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
 shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/5
description Link to R1
 switchport access vlan 10
 switchport mode access
 spanning-tree portfast
interface FastEthernet0/6
 description Link to PC-A
switchport access vlan 10
 switchport mode access
 switchport port-security maximum 3
 switchport port-security violation restrict
 switchport port-security aging time 60
 switchport port-security aging type inactivity
 switchport port-security
 spanning-tree portfast
 spanning-tree bpduguard enable
interface FastEthernet0/7
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
 shutdown
```

```
!
interface FastEthernet0/8
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/9
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
 shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/10
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/11
 switchport access vlan 999
switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/12
 switchport access vlan 999
switchport mode access
 shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/13
switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/14
 switchport access vlan 999
switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/15
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/16
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/17
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/18
switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
 shutdown
```

```
!
interface FastEthernet0/19
switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/20
switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/21
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/22
switchport access vlan 999
switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/23
switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
 shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/24
switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface Vlan1
no ip address
interface Vlan10
description Management SVI
ip address 192.168.10.201 255.255.255.0
ip default-gateway 192.168.10.1
line con 0
 exec-timeout 0 0
logging synchronous
line vty 0 4
 login
```

```
line vty 5 15
login
end
Switch S2
S2# show running-config
Building configuration...
Current configuration: 5303 bytes
!
version 15.0
no service pad
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
no service password-encryption
hostname S2
ip dhcp snooping vlan 10
ip dhcp snooping
no ip domain-lookup
spanning-tree mode pvst
vlan 10
name Students
vlan 333
name Native
vlan 999
name ParkingLot
interface FastEthernet0/1
description Link to S1
 switchport trunk native vlan 333
 switchport mode trunk
switchport nonegotiate
ip dhcp snooping trust
interface FastEthernet0/2
 switchport access vlan 999
switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/3
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
Ţ
interface FastEthernet0/4
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
 shutdown
```

```
!
interface FastEthernet0/5
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/6
switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/7
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/8
switchport access vlan 999
switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/9
switchport access vlan 999
switchport mode access
 shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/10
switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/11
 switchport access vlan 999
switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/12
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/13
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/14
 switchport access vlan 999
switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/15
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
 shutdown
```

```
!
interface FastEthernet0/16
switchport access vlan 999
switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/17
switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
 shutdown
ļ
interface FastEthernet0/18
 description Link to PC-B
 switchport access vlan 10
 switchport mode access
 switchport port-security maximum 2
 switchport port-security violation protect
 switchport port-security mac-address sticky
 switchport port-security aging time 60
 switchport port-security
 spanning-tree portfast
 spanning-tree bpduguard enable
ip dhcp snooping limit rate 5
interface FastEthernet0/19
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/20
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/21
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
 shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/22
 switchport access vlan 999
switchport mode access
 shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/23
 switchport access vlan 999
switchport mode access
 shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/24
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
```

```
switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
 switchport access vlan 999
 switchport mode access
shutdown
interface Vlan1
no ip address
interface Vlan10
description Management SVI
ip address 192.168.10.202 255.255.255.0
ip default-gateway 192.168.10.1
line con 0
exec-timeout 0 0
logging synchronous
line vty 0 4
login
line vty 5 15
login
end
```