

Improving fluency in sign language to text systems



Photo courtesy Gary AK

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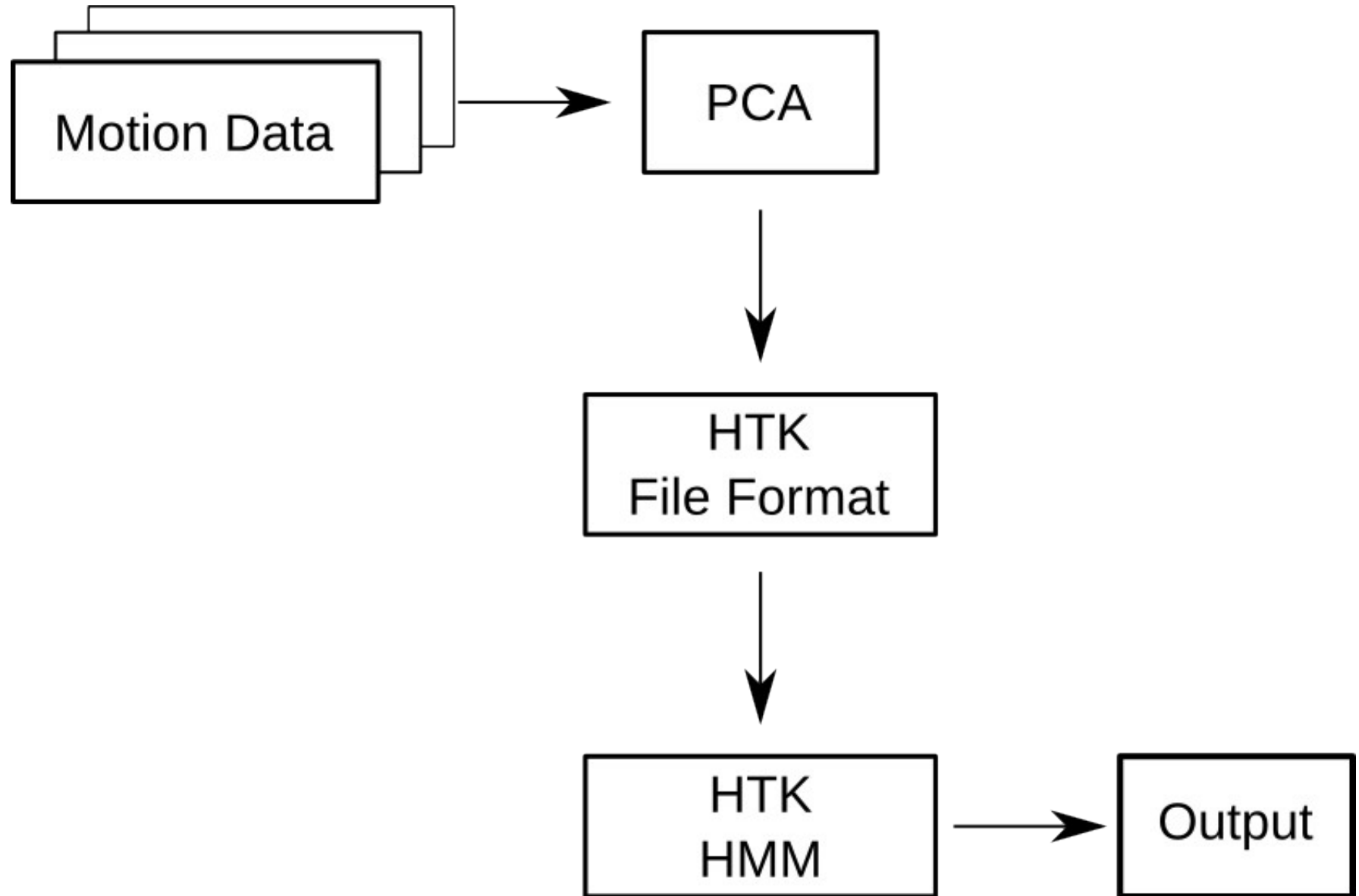
Presentation outline

- ◆ Introduction
- ◆ System outline
- ◆ Implementation
- ◆ Current status
- ◆ Further work

Aims of the Project

- ◆ Build a system to translate British Sign Language (BSL) to text
- ◆ Run in real time
- ◆ Utilise commodity hardware

System Outline



Defining the setting

- ◆ Corpus based on using Information Points
- ◆ “Where is the Gisbert Kapp building?”
- ◆ Reduces complexity
- ◆ Increases overall accuracy

Sign Language Data Capture

- ◆ Use of motion tracking equipment
- ◆ Accurate 3D positional data
- ◆ Controlled environment
- ◆ Low noise system

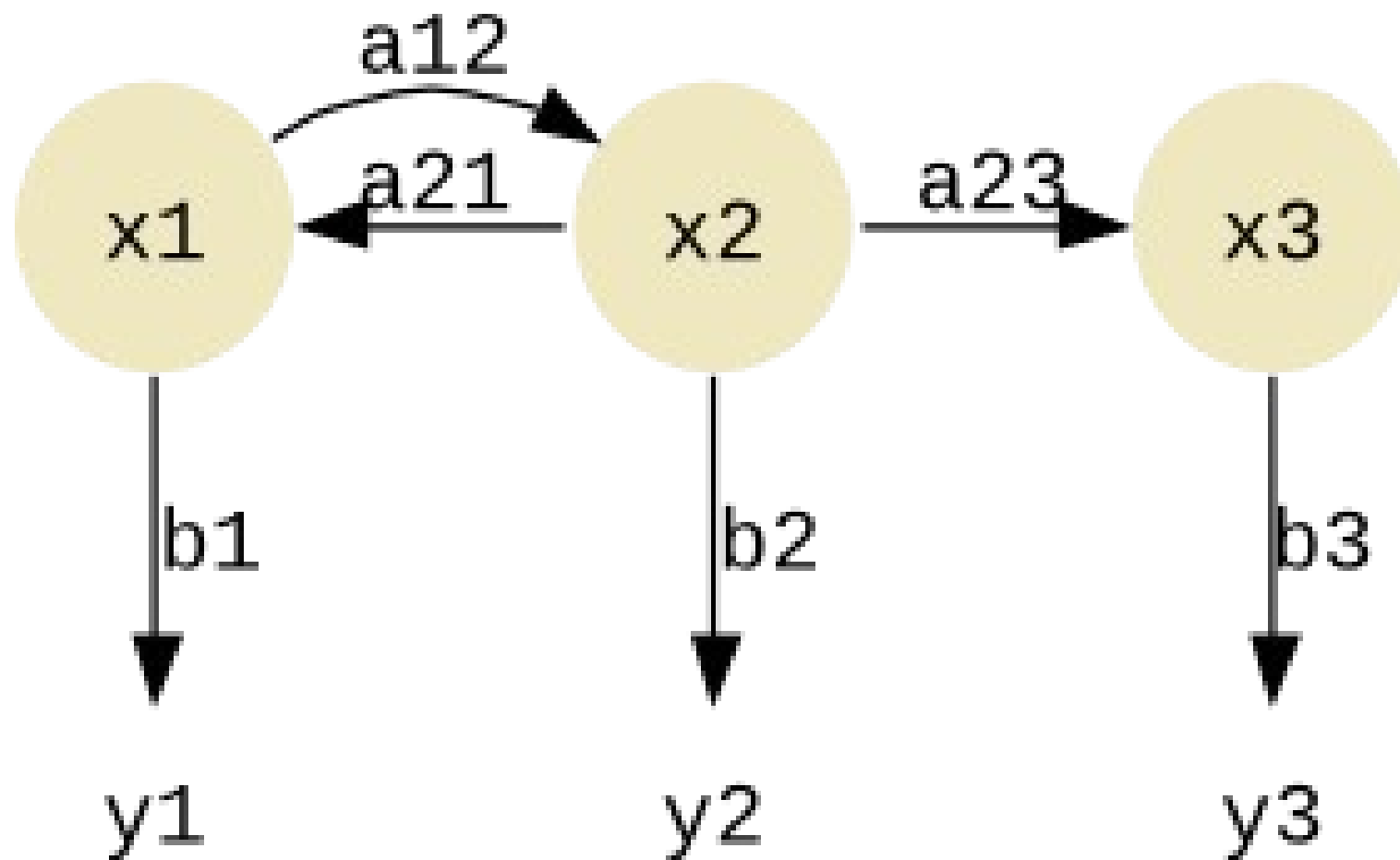
Principle Component Analysis

- ◆ 30 3D vectors from motion tracking
- ◆ 900 dimension dataset per second
- ◆ Reduction using PCA to less than 50
- ◆ Faster to run PCA

Hidden Markov Models

- ◆ Statistical model
- ◆ Probability of state transitions
- ◆ Probability of outcome from states
- ◆ Current state is unknown

HMM Structure



HMM Training

- ◆ Word dictionary
- ◆ Initial state and outcome probabilities
- ◆ Annotated training data
- ◆ Training data should include 10 or more examples of each word

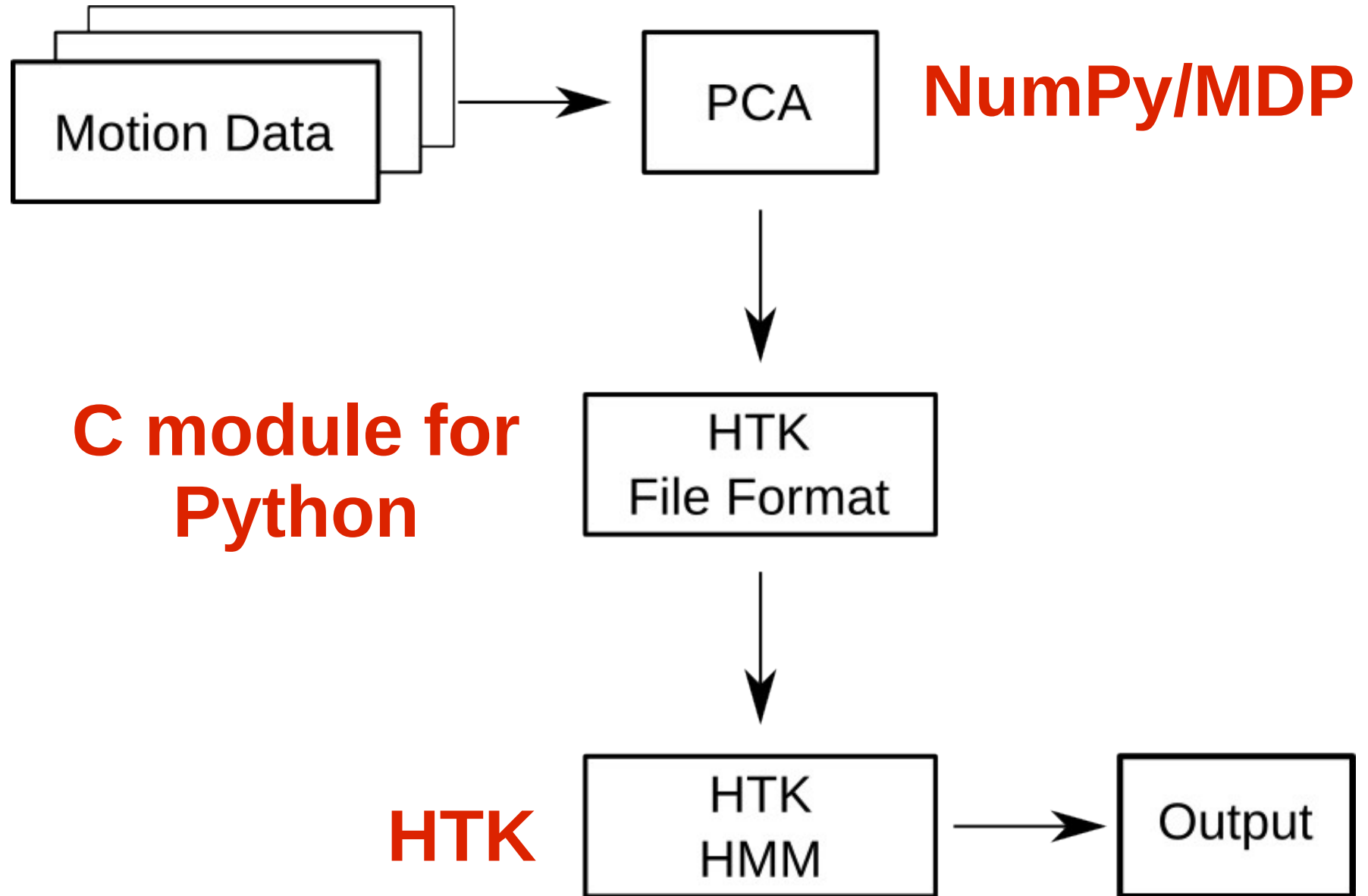
HMM Testing

- ◆ Grammar
- ◆ “Clean” testing data
- ◆ Accuracy of system obtained

Implementation

- ◆ Python wrappers
- ◆ NumPy and Modular Data Processing for PCA
- ◆ HMM Tool Kit

System Outline



Current Status

- ◆ Currently non-real time
- ◆ HTK wrappers complete
- ◆ PCA code implemented
- ◆ Motion tracker data to be recorded on Friday

Future work

- ◆ Thread program for real time processing
- ◆ Research computer vision based gesture recognition
- ◆ Extract features from video
- ◆ Use webcam or similar as input device

Conclusions

- ◆ Wide scope for further work
- ◆ Useful in the real world
- ◆ Accuracy is important
- ◆ Running about two weeks late

Any Questions?