VİTMO

A study of the influence of news reports and other contextual open-source information on the consumer behavior of bank card users

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Literature overview



News headings

Topic analysis

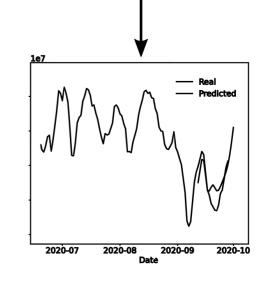
LDA NMF JASen Top2vec BERTopic

Processed news



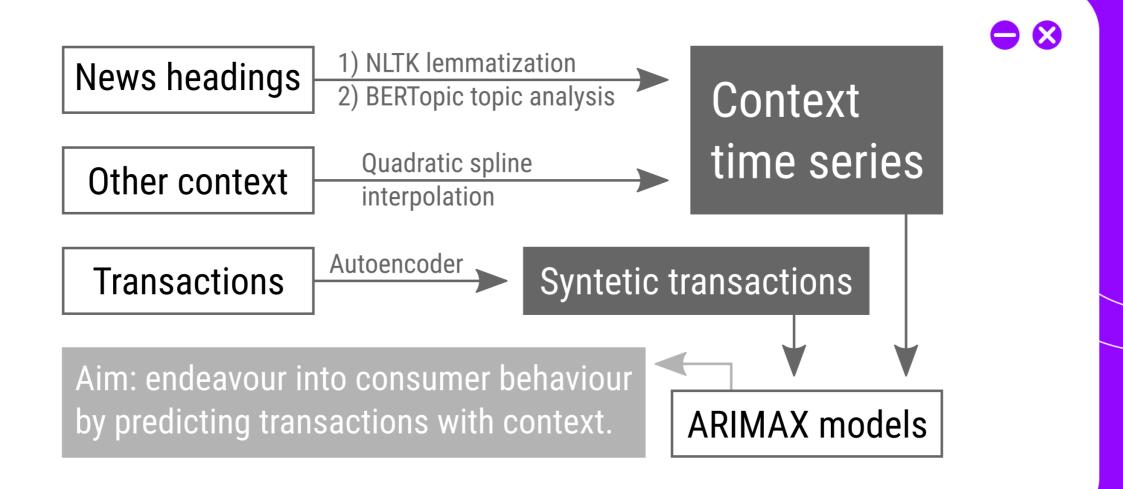
ARX RF BRNN
(S)ARIMAX QRF RCNN
VARX SVR LSTM
NARX kNN LR/PCA

Consumption time series



Plan of the experiment

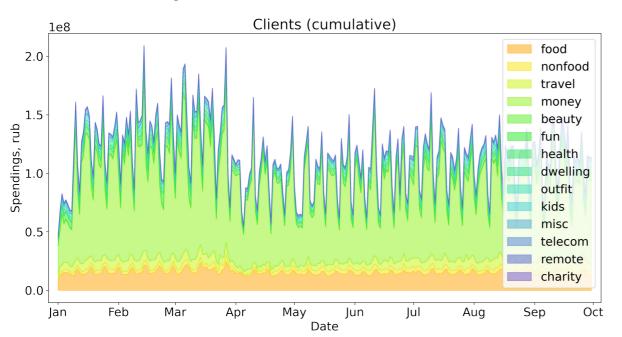




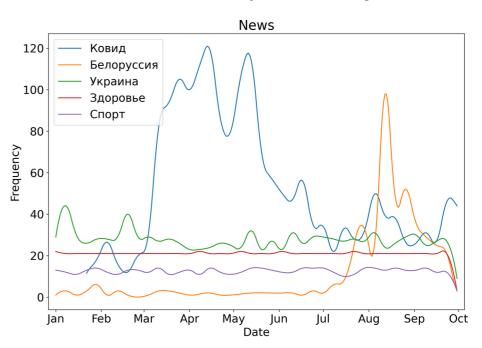
Data overview



Synthetic transactions



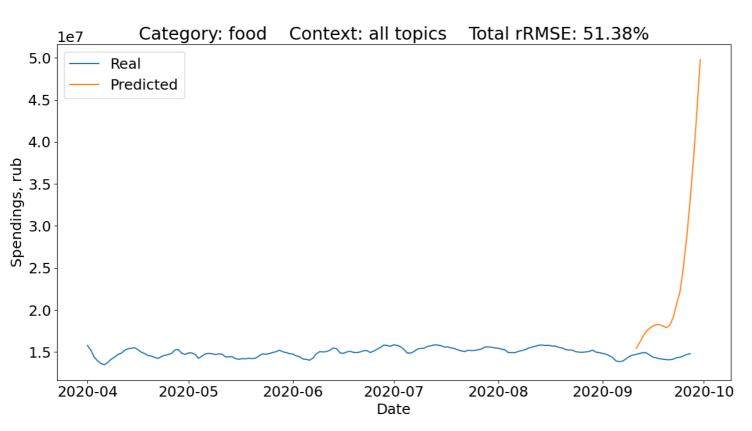
News after topic analysis



Additionally, **20** macroeconomical and epidemiological **time series** were added to the context.

ARIMAX using the whole context







Error metrics are averaged across 10 runs with different prediction dates.

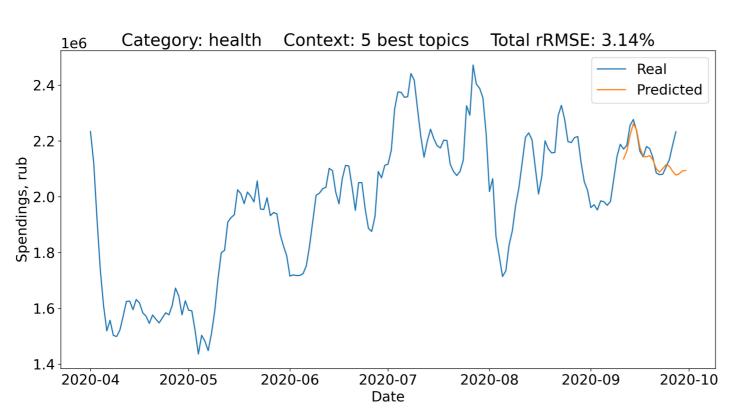
ARIMAX consumption forecast using the whole context is of low quality. Selection of exogenous variables is required.

ARIMAX predictions for the best categories





Health - 3.14%



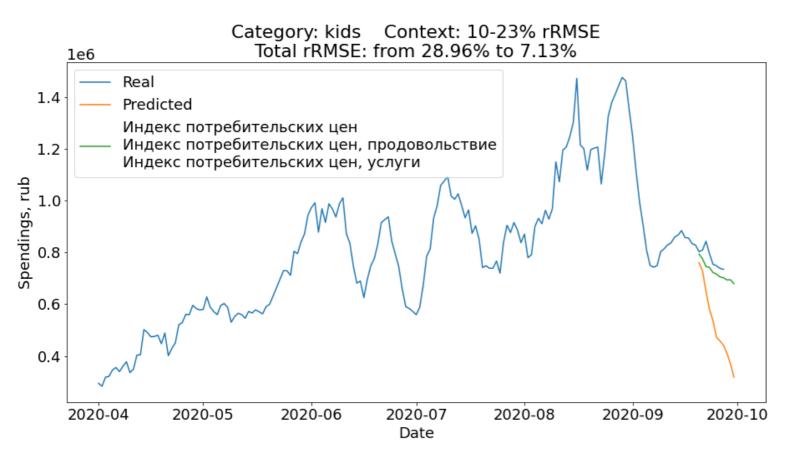
5 best topics, used for the model:

- Real estate affordability, Russia
- Real estate affordability, SPb
- COVID news
- GDP
- COVID-19 in Russia, new cases

ARIMAX prediction enhancement via adding **LiTMO** exogenous variables

 $Kids - 29.96 \rightarrow 7.13%$





Added variables:

- Consumer price index
- Consumer price index, food
- Consumer price index, services

First two topics are negatively correlated with consumption with zero day lag.

Consumption and context cross-correlation //TMO





	food	travel	beauty	fun	health	kids
Unemployment	113, -0.81	22, 0.94	42, 0.95	26, 0.86	1, 0.83	0, 0.74
Covid-19 in Russia, to-	95, -0.80	0, 0.89	0, 0.95	0, 0.87	0, 0.73	0, 0.69
tal deaths						
Key interest rate	103, 0.82	18, -0.95	36, -0.95	26, -0.88	0, -0.83	0, -0.73
COVID news	97, 0.81	21, -0.93	22, -0.91	18, -0.85	0, -0.81	0, -0.74
Travel news	94, -0.76	122, -0.66	84, 0.56	35, 0.54	35, 0.51	71, 0.65
Investment news	39, 0.61	117, 0.45	72, 0.61	116, 0.59	117, 0.65	93, -0.42
GDP, billions rub	83, -0.81	0, 0.82	0, 0.91	0, 0.83	0, 0.69	0, 0.66

Pearson cross-correlation maximum and corresponding lag

Findings & conclusion



Data:

- Transactional data, enhanced with an autoencoder.
- 78000 news headings processed with BERTopic.
- Interpolated macroeconomical and COVID data.

Models:

- Deep dense autoencoder (see report for the architecture)
- BERTopic
- ARIMAX

Findings:

- Mining and processing methods as well as ARIMAX models were implemented in Python3.
- Some consumption categories show dependency on context such as news. The best predictions are achieved when context is carefully selected.
- Time-lagged cross-correlation can be used to confirm or refuse causal hypotheses.

Conclusion:

 The Individual task was fully completed, although further research is needed.

