Библиотека Boost

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Boost

- Boost собрание библиотек, расширяющих функциональность С++.
- Свободно распространяются по лицензии Boost Software License вместе с исходным кодом.
- Библиотеки boost являются кандидатами на включение в следующий стандарт C++.
- Некоторые библиотеки boost были включены стандарт C++ 2011/14 года.
- При включении библиотеки в boost она проходит несколько этапов рецензирования.
- Имеет собственную систему сборки (Boost Build).
- В текущей версии (1.60) в boost более сотни библиотек.
- Исходный код и документация доступны на boost.org.

Категории библиотек

- String and text processing
- Containers,
- Iterators
- Algorithms
- Function objects and higher-order programming
- Generic Programming
- Template Metaprogramming
- Concurrent Programming
- Math and numerics
- Correctness and testing
- Data structures
- Domain Specific

- System
- Input/Output
- Memory
- Image processing
- Inter-language support
- Language Features Emulation
- Parsing
- Patterns and Idioms
- Programming Interfaces
- State Machines
- Broken compiler workarounds
- Preprocessor Metaprogramming

any

```
#include <boost/any.hpp>
using boost::any_cast;
typedef std::list<boost::anv> manv:
void append_int(many & values, int value) {
    boost::any to_append = value;
    values.push_back(to_append);
void append_string(many & values, const std::string & value) {
    values.push_back(value);
void append_char_ptr(many & values, const char * value) {
    values.push_back(value);
void append_any(many & values, const boost::any & value) {
    values.push_back(value);
void append_nothing(many & values) {
    values.push back(boost::anv()):
bool is_string(const boost::any & operand) {
    return any_cast < std::string > (& operand);
```

assign

```
#include <boost/assign/list_inserter.hpp> // for 'insert()'
#include <boost/assert.hpp>
using namespace std:
using namespace boost::assign;
int main() {
    vector<int> v;
    v += 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9;
    map < string , int > months;
    insert ( months )
        ( "january", 31 )( "february", 28 )
        ("march", 31)("april", 30)
("may", 31)("june", 30)
        ("july", 31)("august", 31)
        ( "september", 30 )( "october", 31 )
        ( "november", 30 )( "december", 31 );
    typedef pair< string, string > str_pair;
    deque < str_pair > deq;
    push_front( deq )( "foo", "bar")( "boo", "far" );
}
```

function

```
boost::function < float (int x, int y) > f;
struct int div {
 float operator()(int x, int y) const { return ((float)x)/y; };
};
f = int_div();
std::cout << f(5, 3) << std::endl:
boost::function < void (int values[], int n, int& sum, float& avg)>
    sum_avg;
void do_sum_avg(int values[], int n, int& sum, float& avg) {}
sum_avg = &do_sum_avg;
struct X { int foo(int); };
boost::function<int (X*, int)> f:
f = &X::foo;
X x;
f(&x, 5);
```

bind

```
struct image:
struct animation {
    void advance(int ms):
    bool inactive() const;
    void render(image & target) const;
};
std::vector < animation > anims:
template < class C, class P> void erase_if(C & c, P pred) {
    c.erase(std::remove if(c.begin(), c.end(), pred), c.end());
}
void update(int ms) {
    std::for_each(anims.begin(), anims.end(),
        boost::bind(&animation::advance, 1, ms));
    erase_if(anims, boost::mem_fn(&animation::inactive));
}
void render(image & target) {
    std::for_each(anims.begin(), anims.end(),
        boost::bind(&animation::render, _1, boost::ref(target)));
```

bind and function

```
struct button
    boost::function < void() > onClick;
}:
struct player
    void play();
    void stop();
}:
button playButton, stopButton;
player thePlayer;
void connect()
    playButton.onClick = boost::bind(&player::play, &thePlayer);
    stopButton.onClick = boost::bind(&player::stop, &thePlayer);
}
```

lexical_cast

```
#include <boost/lexical_cast.hpp>
#include <vector>
using boost::lexical_cast;
using boost::bad_lexical_cast;
int main(int /*argc*/, char * argv[]) {
    std::vector<short> args;
    while (*++argv) {
        try {
            args.push_back(lexical_cast < short > (*argv));
        catch(const bad_lexical_cast &) {
            args.push_back(0);
void log_message(const std::string &);
void log_errno(int yoko) {
    log_message("Error " + lexical_cast<std::string>(yoko)
                         + ": " + strerror(yoko));
```

optional

```
optional < char > get_async_input() {
    if ( !queue.empty() )
        return optional < char > (queue.top());
    else return optional < char > (); // uninitialized
}
void receive_async_message() {
    optional < char > rcv ;
    // The safe boolean conversion from 'rcv' is used here.
    while ( (rcv = get_async_input()) && !timeout() )
        output(*rcv);
optional < string > name ;
if ( database.open() )
    name.reset ( database.lookup(employer_name) );
else
    if ( can_ask_user )
        name.reset ( user.ask(employer_name) );
if ( name )
    print(*name);
else
    print("employer's name not found!");
```

static_assert

```
#include <climits>
#include <limits>
#include <cwchar>
#include <iterator>
#include <boost/static_assert.hpp>
#include <boost/type_traits.hpp>
BOOST_STATIC_ASSERT(std::numeric_limits < int >:: digits >= 32);
BOOST_STATIC_ASSERT(WCHAR_MIN >= 0);
template <class RandomAccessIterator >
RandomAccessIterator foo(RandomAccessIterator from,
                          RandomAccessIterator to) {
   // this template can only be used with random access iterators...
   typedef typename std::iterator_traits<
             RandomAccessIterator >::iterator_category cat;
   BOOST STATIC ASSERT(
      (boost::is_convertible <
         cat.
         const std::random access iterator tag&>::value));
   // detail goes here...
   return from;
```

String Algo

```
#include <boost/algorithm/string.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace boost;
string str1(" hello world! ");
to_upper(str1); // str1 == "HELLO WORLD! "
trim(str1);  // str1 == "HELLO WORLD!"
string str2=
  to_lower_copy(
      ireplace_first_copy(
         str1."hello"."goodbye")): // str2 == "goodbye world"!
string str3("hello abc-*-ABC-*-aBc goodbye");
typedef vector< iterator_range<string::iterator> > find_vector_type;
find_vector_type FindVec; // #1: Search for separators
ifind_all(FindVec, str3, "abc"); // { [abc], [ABC], [aBc] }
typedef vector< string > split_vector_type;
split_vector_type SplitVec; // #2: Search for tokens
split( SplitVec, str3, is_any_of("-*"), token_compress_on );
// { "hello abc", "ABC", "aBc goodbye" }
```

variant

```
#include "boost/variant.hpp"
#include <iostream>
struct my_visitor : public boost::static_visitor<int>
ł
    int operator()(int i) const
        return i;
    int operator()(const std::string & str) const
        return str.length();
};
int main() {
    boost::variant < int, std::string > u("hello world");
    std::cout << u; // output: hello world
    int result = boost::apply_visitor( my_visitor(), u );
    std::cout << result:
    // output: 11 (i.e., length of "hello world")
```

filesystem

```
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
 path p (argv[1]); // p reads clearer than argv[1] in the following code
  if (exists(p)) // does p actually exist?
    if (is_regular_file(p))  // is p a regular file?
      cout << p << " size is " << file_size(p) << '\n';
    else if (is_directory(p)) // is p a directory?
      cout << p << "is a directory\n";
    else
      cout << p <<
        "exists, but is neither a regular file nor a directory\n";
  else
    cout << p << "does not exist\n":
  return 0:
```

ASIO

```
using boost::asio::ip::tcp; using boost::asio;
std::string make_daytime_string() {
  using namespace std; // For time_t, time and ctime;
 time t now = time(0):
 return ctime(&now):
int main() {
 try {
    io_service io_service;
    tcp::acceptor acceptor(io_service, tcp::endpoint(tcp::v4(), 13));
    for (::) {
      tcp::socket socket(io_service);
      acceptor.accept(socket);
      std::string message = make_daytime_string();
      boost::system::error_code ignored_error;
      asio::write(socket, asio::buffer(message), ignored_error);
  catch (std::exception& e) { std::cerr << e.what() << std::endl; }</pre>
                       http://compscicenter.ru
                                                                        15/16
```

ASIO

```
using boost::asio::ip::tcp:
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
 try {
    boost::asio::io service io service:
   tcp::resolver resolver(io_service);
    tcp::resolver::query query(argv[1], "daytime");
   tcp::resolver::iterator endpoint_iterator = resolver.resolve(query);
    tcp::socket socket(io service):
    boost::asio::connect(socket, endpoint_iterator);
   for (::) {
     boost::arrav<char, 128> buf:
      boost::system::error_code error;
     size t len = socket.read some(boost::asio::buffer(buf). error);
     if (error == boost::asio::error::eof)
        break: // Connection closed cleanly by peer.
      else if (error)
        throw boost::system::system error(error): // Some other error.
      std::cout.write(buf.data(), len);
 } catch (std::exception& e) { std::cerr << e.what() << std::endl; }
```