

1. Pascal Triangle

Write a command line program (or JTextField-JButton program) that creates a two-dimensional matrix representing the Pascal triangle.

Input the size from the user, which is a integer between 1~15.

Output the triangle, all integers with 6 characters wide, right padded.

* Use Enhanced for statement for the array process.

Sample Input

9

Sample Output

```

                                     1
                                   1 1
                                1 2 1
                             1 3 3 1
                          1 4 6 4 1
                       1 5 10 10 5 1
                    1 6 15 20 15 6 1
                 1 7 21 35 35 21 7 1
              1 8 28 56 70 56 28 8 1
           1 9 36 84 126 126 84 36 9 1

```

2. Turtle Graphics

Write a command line program (or JTextField-JButton program) for Turtle Graphics. The turtle holds a pen, and draws as it moves. Use a 10x10 array for the map. It starts at position (5, 5) and faces upward.

Read commands and control the turtle:

"left"	Turn left 90 degrees
"right"	Turn right 90 degrees
"move 5"	Move forward 5 steps
"quit"	Quit

Print "<" or ">" or "^" or "v" for the turtle. (left/right/up/down)

Print "." for empty box, "#" for filled box.

Print a space " " between columns.

* Use Enhanced for statement for the array process.

Sample Input & Output

start

A 10x10 grid of dots. A small blue triangle points upwards at the intersection of the 5th column and 5th row.

move 3

A 10x10 grid of dots. In the center column (the 5th column from the left), the characters '^', '#', '#', and '#' are placed in the 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and 5th rows from the top, respectively. All other positions in the grid are empty.

left

move 4

A 10x10 grid of dots. In the second row, the second, third, fourth, and fifth dots are replaced by the characters '<', '#', '#', and '#' respectively. In the fourth, fifth, and sixth rows, the fifth dot is replaced by the character '#'. All other positions in the grid contain a dot.

right

move 2

```

      ^
      #
      # # # #
      #
      #
      #
      #
      #
      #
      #
  
```

right

```

> . . . . .
# . . . . .
# # # # #
. . . . #
. . . . #
. . . . #
. . . . .
. . . . .
. . . . .
. . . . .
. . . . .

```

move 3

```
. # # # > . . . .  
. # . . . . . .  
. # # # # # . . .  
. . . . # . . .  
. . . . # . . .  
. . . . # . . .  
. . . . . . . .  
. . . . . . . .  
. . . . . . . .  
. . . . . . . .
```

right

[illegible]

```
move 7
```

[illegible]

left

```

. # # # # . . . .
. # . . # . . . .
. # # # # # . . . .
. . . . # # . . . .
. . . . # # . . . .
. . . . # # . . . .
. . . . # . . . .
. . . . > . . . .
. . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . .

```

```
move 3
```

```

. # # # # . . . .
. # . . # . . . .
. # # # # # . . . .
. . . . # # . . . .
. . . . # # . . . .
. . . . # # . . . .
. . . . # . . . .
. . . . # # # > . .
. . . . . . . . .
. . . . . . . . .

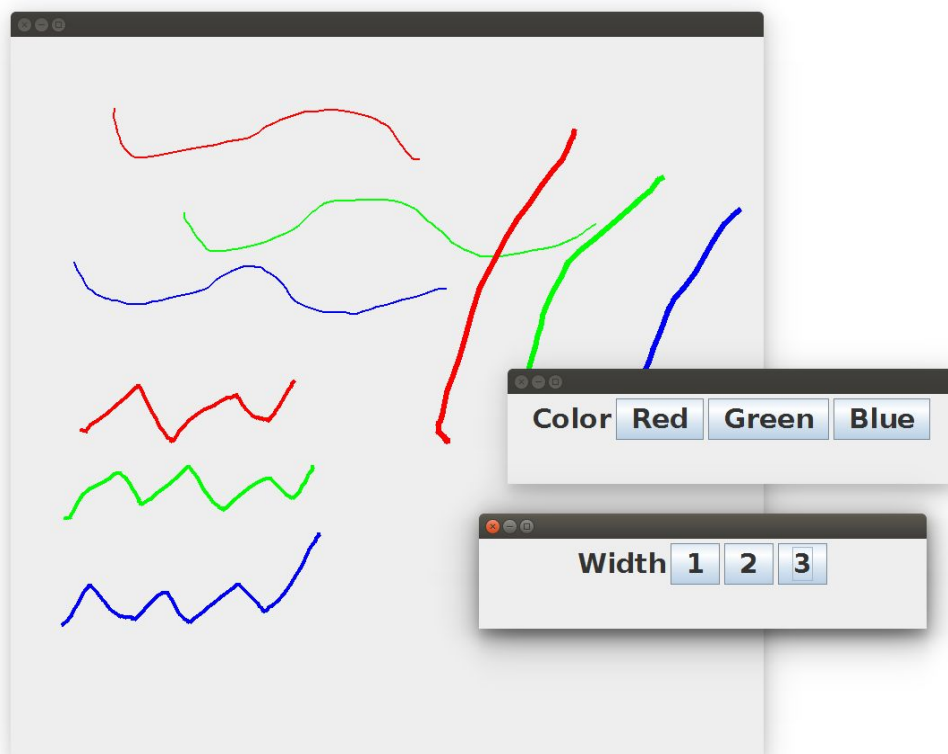
```

3. Painting

Write a JFrame-JPanel program for painting. Drag the mouse left-button to paint on the panel. Create 3 JFrames:

- JFrame-1 contains a JPanel for painting. (size = 800x800)
- JFrame-2 contains a JLabel "Color" and 3 JButtons "Red", "Green", "Blue" to set color. (font-size = 30)
- JFrame-3 contains a JLabel "Width" and 3 JButtons "1", "2", "3" to set line-width. (font-size = 30)

Sample Output



Note

**** Code given at the end of file ****

MouseListener & MouseMotionListener functions

```
public void mousePressed(MouseEvent event) { ... }  
public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent event) { ... }  
public void mouseDragged(MouseEvent event) { ... }  
public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent event) { ... }  
public void mouseEntered(MouseEvent event) { ... }  
public void mouseExited(MouseEvent event) { ... }  
public void mouseMoved(MouseEvent event) { ... }
```

Check mouse left-button/right-button

```
if (SwingUtilities.isLeftMouseButton(event)) ...
```

```
if (SwingUtilities.isRightMouseButton(event)) ...
```

Get mouse (x,y)

```
x = event.getX();
```

```
y = event.getY();
```

Set color and line-width

```
Graphics g = getGraphics();
```

```
Graphics2D g2 = (Graphics2D)g;
```

```
g2.setColor(color);
```

```
g2.setStroke(new BasicStroke(width));
```

```
g2.draw...
```

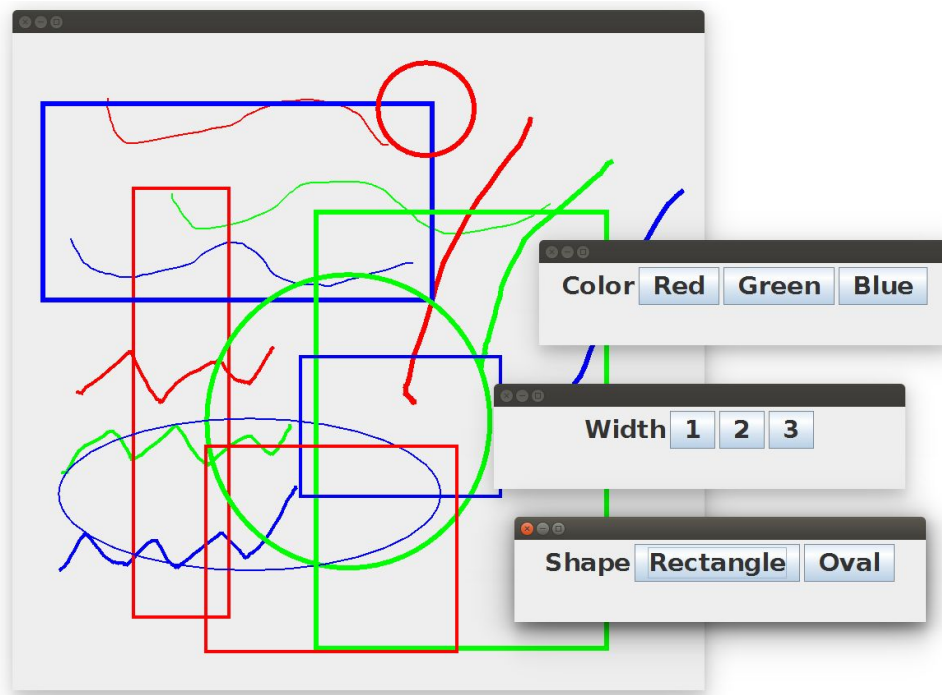
4. Painting (continued)

Please modify your code in problem 3, when you right-click on 2 points, draw a rectangle or oval surrounded by the 2 points.

Create a new JFrame:

- JFrame-4 contains a JLabel "Shape" and 2 JButtons "Rectangle", "Oval" to set shape. (font-size = 30)

Sample Output



Code for Problem 3 & 4

Main.java

```
// Main.java
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        MyPanel panel = new MyPanel();

        JFrame frame1 = new JFrame();
        JFrame frame2 = new JFrame();
        // ...

        JButton button1 = new JButton("Red");
        JButton button2 = new JButton("Green");
        // ...

        JLabel label1 = new JLabel("Color");
        // ...

        button1.setFont(new Font("Arial", Font.BOLD, 30));
        button2.setFont(new Font("Arial", Font.BOLD, 30));
        label1.setFont(new Font("Arial", Font.BOLD, 30));
        // ...

        button1.addActionListener((e)->{ panel.setColor(Color.RED); });
        button2.addActionListener((e)->{ panel.setColor(Color.GREEN); });
        // ...

        frame2.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
        // ...

        frame1.add(panel);
        frame2.add(label1);
        frame2.add(button1);
        frame2.add(button2);
        // ...

        frame1.pack();
        frame2.pack();
        // ...

        frame1.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        frame2.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        // ...
    }
}
```

```

        frame1.setSize(800, 800);
        frame2.setSize(500, 100);
        // ...

        frame1.setVisible(true);
        frame2.setVisible(true);
        // ...
    }
}

```

MyPanel.java

```

// MyPanel.java
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import javax.swing.*;
import java.util.*;

public class MyPanel extends JPanel
    implements MouseListener, MouseMotionListener {

    Color color;
    // ...

    public MyPanel() {
        addMouseListener(this);
        addMouseMotionListener(this);
        // ...
    }

    public void mousePressed(MouseEvent event) {
        System.out.println("mousePressed");
        // ...
    }

    public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent event) {
        System.out.println("mouseReleased");
        // ...
    }

    public void mouseDragged(MouseEvent event) {
        System.out.println("mouseDragged");
        // ...
    }

    public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent event) {
        System.out.println("mouseClicked");
        // ...
    }

    public void mouseEntered(MouseEvent event) {
        System.out.println("mouseEntered");
    }
}

```

```
        // ...
    }

    public void mouseExited(MouseEvent event) {
        System.out.println("mouseExited");
        // ...
    }

    public void mouseMoved(MouseEvent event) {
        System.out.println("mouseMoved");
        // ...
    }

    public void setColor(Color c) {
        System.out.println("setColor");
        // ...
    }
}
```