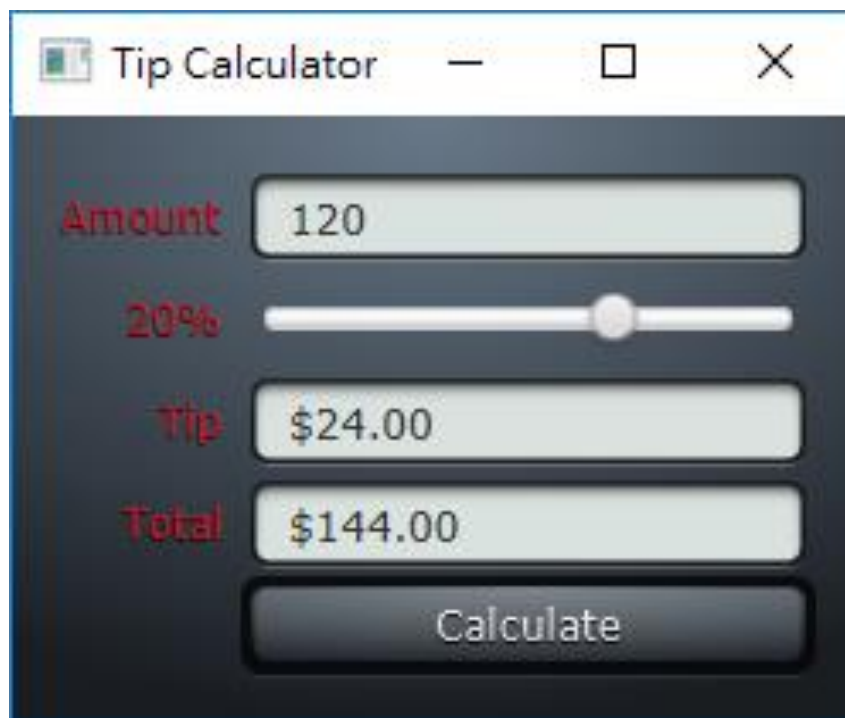


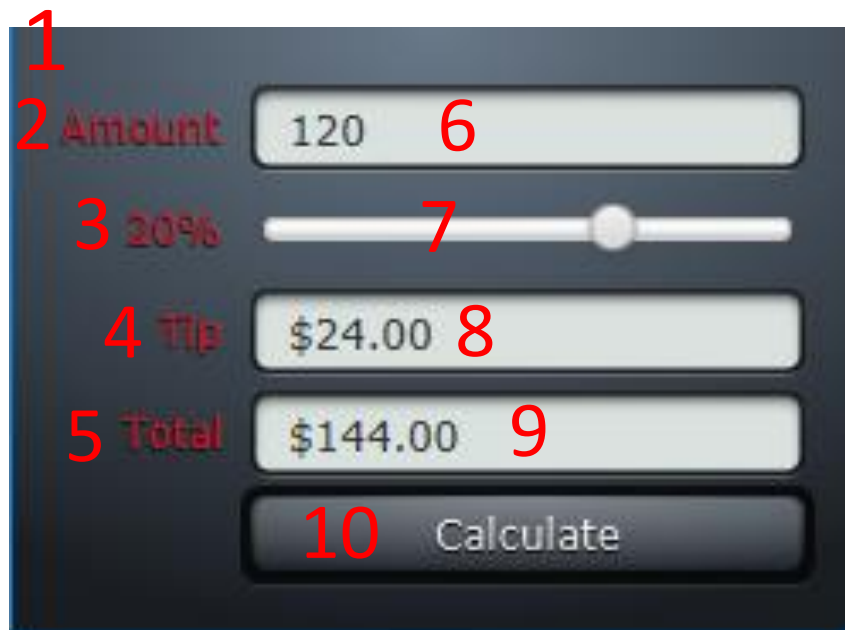
## Course 03

Please implement following GUI by Scene Builder and complete the application with given codes. Study the codes carefully and make sure you get a best understanding of what/how/when the programs do.

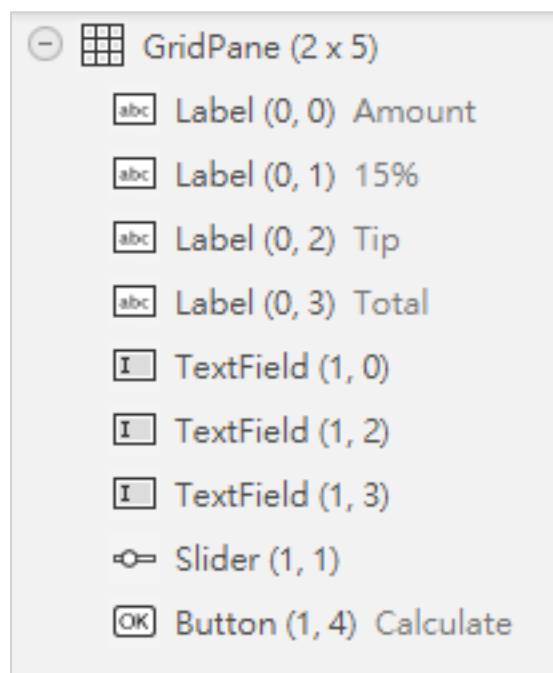
### 1. Tip Calculator



## GUI Description:



## Hierarchy:



0) File Name: TipCalculator.fxml

Controller Class: TipCalculatorController

### 1) GridPane

- a) Stylesheets: TipCalculator.css
- b) styleClass: background
- c) 2 columns and 5 rows

- d) Pref Width: Reset to default
- e) Pref Height: Reset to default
- f) Column 0
  - Halignment: RIGHT
  - Pref Width: Reset to default
- g) Column 1
  - Halignment: RIGHT
  - Pref Width: Reset to default
- h) Padding: 14 14 14 14 (TOP, RIGHT, BOTTOM, LEFT)
- i) Hgap: 8

## **2) Label**

- a) styleClass: lab
- b) Text: "Amount"

## **3) Label**

- a) styleClass: lab
- b) fx:id: tipPercentageLabel
- c) Text: "15%"

## **4) Label**

- a) styleClass: lab
- b) Text: "Tip"

## **5) Label**

- a) styleClass: lab
- b) Text: "Total"

## **6) TextField**

- a) styleClass: tex-field
- b) fx:id: amountTextField

## **7) Slider**

- a) fx:id: tipPercentageSlider
- b) Max: 30
- c) Value: 15
- d) Block Increment: 5

## **8) TextField**

- a) styleClass: tex-field

- b) fx:id: tipTextField
- c) Editable: unchecked
- d) Focus Traversable: unchecked

## 9) TextField

- a) styleClass: tex-field
- b) fx:id: totalTextField
- c) Editable: unchecked
- d) Focus Traversable: unchecked

## 10) Button

- a) id: button
- b) Text: "Calculate"
- c) Max Width: MAX\_VALUE
- d) On Action: calculateButtonPressed

## TipCalculator.css

```
.background {  
    -fx-background-repeat: repeat;  
    -fx-background-color:  
        linear-gradient(#38424b 0%, #1f2429 20%, #191d22 100%),  
        linear-gradient(#20262b, #191d22),  
        radial-gradient(center 50% 0%, radius 100%,  
            rgba(114,131,148,0.9),  
            rgba(255,255,255,0));  
}  
  
.lab {  
    -fx-font-family: "Verdana";  
    -fx-font-size: 12;  
    -fx-text-fill: rgb(162,21,35,1);  
    -fx-effect: dropshadow(one-pass-box, rgb(0,0,0,0.6), 0,0,0,1);  
}  
  
#button .text {  
    -fx-effect: dropshadow(one-pass-box, rgb(0,0,0,0.8), 0,0,0,1);  
}  
  
#button {
```

```

    -fx-background-color:
        rgb(255,255,255,0.08) , rgb(0,0,0,0.8) , #090a0c,
        linear-gradient(#4a5661 0%, #1f2429 20%, #1f242a 100%) ,
        linear-gradient(#242a2e, #23282e) ,
        radial-gradient(center 50% 0%, radius 100%,
            rgba(135,142,148,0.9) ,
            rgba(255,255,255,0)) ;

    -fx-background-radius: 7,6,5,4,3,5;
    -fx-background-insets: -3 -3 -4 -3, -3, 0, 1, 2, 0;
    -fx-font-family: "Verdana";
    -fx-text-fill: blue;
    -fx-text-fill: linear-gradient(white, #d0d0d0);
}

#button:focused, #button:hover {
    -fx-background-color:
        rgb(255,255,255,0.08) , rgb(0,0,0,0.8) , #090a0c,
        linear-gradient(#4a5661 0%, #1f2429 20%, #1f242a 100%) ,
        linear-gradient(#3f4950, #23282e) ,
        radial-gradient(center 50% 0%, radius 100%,
            rgba(135,142,148,0.9) , rgba(255,255,255,0)) ;
}

.tex-field {
    -fx-background-color:
        rgb(255,255,255,0.3) , linear-gradient(rgb(0,0,0,0.5) ,
        rgb(0,0,0,0.8) 50%) , rgb(218,226,224) ;
    -fx-background-radius: 6,5,4;
    -fx-background-insets: 0 0 -1 0, 0, 1.5;
    -fx-padding: 6 10 4 10;
    -fx-effect: innershadow(gaussian, rgb(0,0,0,0.8) , 5, 0, 0, 2);
    -fx-font-family: "Verdana";
}

.tex-field:focused {
    -fx-background-color:
        rgb(235,235,235,0.5) , rgb(0,0,0,0.4) , rgb(255,255,255) ;
    -fx-text-fill: rgb(128,128,128) ;
}

```

## TipCalculator.java

```
// Main application class that loads and displays the Tip Calculator's GUI.
import javafx.application.Application;
import javafx.fxml.FXMLLoader;
import javafx.scene.Parent;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.stage.Stage;

public class TipCalculator extends Application {
    @Override
    public void start(Stage stage) throws Exception {
        Parent root =
            FXMLLoader.load(getClass().getResource("TipCalculator.fxml"));

        Scene scene = new Scene(root); // attach scene graph to scene
        stage.setTitle("Tip Calculator"); // displayed in window's title bar
        stage.setScene(scene); // attach scene to stage
        stage.show(); // display the stage
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // create a TipCalculator object and call its start method
        launch(args);
    }
}
```

## TipCalculatorController.java

```
// TipCalculatorController.java
// Controller that handles calculateButton and tipPercentageSlider events
import java.math.BigDecimal;
import java.math.RoundingMode;
import java.text.NumberFormat;
import javafx.beans.value.ChangeListener;
import javafx.beans.value.ObservableValue;
import javafx.event.ActionEvent;
import javafx.fxml.FXML;
import javafx.scene.control.Label;
import javafx.scene.control.Slider;
```

```

import javafx.scene.control.TextField;

public class TipCalculatorController {
    // formatters for currency and percentages
    private static final NumberFormat currency =
        NumberFormat.getCurrencyInstance();
    private static final NumberFormat percent =
        NumberFormat.getPercentInstance();

    private BigDecimal tipPercentage = new BigDecimal(0.15); // 15% default

    // GUI controls defined in FXML and used by the controller's code
    @FXML
    private TextField amountTextField;

    @FXML
    private Label tipPercentageLabel;

    @FXML
    private Slider tipPercentageSlider;

    @FXML
    private TextField tipTextField;

    @FXML
    private TextField totalTextField;

    // calculates and displays the tip and total amounts
    @FXML
    private void calculateButtonPressed(ActionEvent event) {
        try {
            BigDecimal amount = new BigDecimal(amountTextField.getText());
            BigDecimal tip = amount.multiply(tipPercentage);
            BigDecimal total = amount.add(tip);

            tipTextField.setText(currency.format(tip));
            totalTextField.setText(currency.format(total));
        }
        catch (NumberFormatException ex) {
            amountTextField.setText("Enter amount");
        }
    }
}

```

```

        amountTextField.selectAll();
        amountTextField.requestFocus();
    }
}

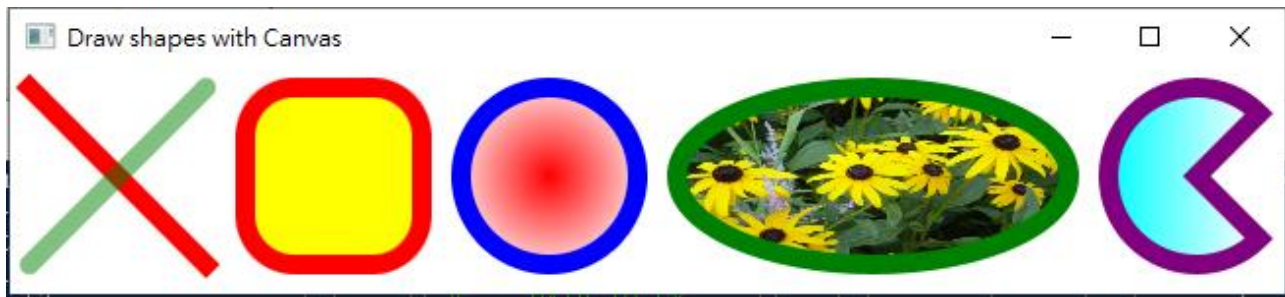
// called by FXMLLoader to initialize the controller
public void initialize() {
    // 0-4 rounds down, 5-9 rounds up
    currency.setRoundingMode(RoundingMode.HALF_UP);

    // listener for changes to tipPercentageSlider's value
    tipPercentageSlider.valueProperty().addListener(
        new ChangeListener<Number>() {
            @Override
            public void changed(ObservableValue<? extends Number> ov,
                Number oldValue, Number newValue) {
                tipPercentage =
                    BigDecimal.valueOf(newValue.intValue() / 100.0);
                tipPercentageLabel.setText(percent.format(tipPercentage));
            }
        }
    );
}
}

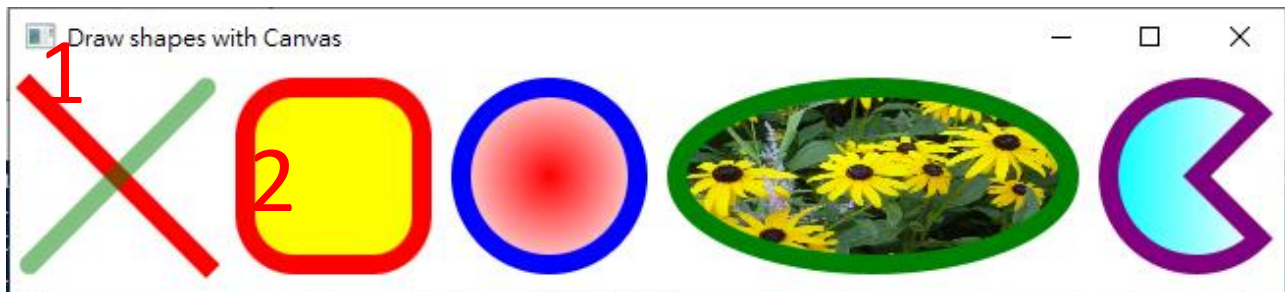
```



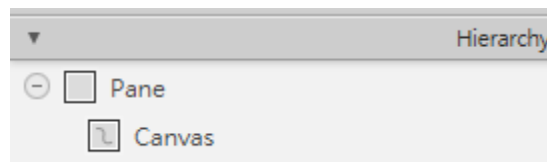
## 2. Canvas Shape



### GUI Description:



### Hierarchy:



0) File Name: CanvasShapes.fxml

Controller Class: CanvasShapesController

1) Pane

2) Canvas

a) fx:id :drawingCanvas

b) Width: 650

c) Height:115

## CanvasShapes.java

```
// CanvasShapes.java
import javafx.application.Application;
import javafx.fxml.FXMLLoader;
import javafx.scene.Parent;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.stage.Stage;

public class CanvasShapes extends Application {
    @Override
    public void start(Stage stage) throws Exception {
        Parent root =
            FXMLLoader.load(getClass().getResource("CanvasShapes.fxml"));

        Scene scene = new Scene(root);
        stage.setTitle("Draw shapes with Canvas");
        stage.setScene(scene);
        stage.show();
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        launch(args);
    }
}
```

## CanvasShapesController.java

```
// Fig. 22.14: CanvasShapesController.java
// Drawing on a Canvas.
import javafx.fxml.FXML;
import javafx.scene.canvas.Canvas;
import javafx.scene.canvas.GraphicsContext;
import javafx.scene.image.Image;
import javafx.scene.paint.Color;
import javafx.scene.paint.CycleMethod;
import javafx.scene.paint.ImagePattern;
import javafx.scene.paint.LinearGradient;
import javafx.scene.paint.RadialGradient;
import javafx.scene.paint.Stop;
```

```

import javafx.scene.shape.ArcType;
import javafx.scene.shape.StrokeLineCap;

public class CanvasShapesController {
    // instance variables that refer to GUI components
    @FXML private Canvas drawingCanvas;

    // draw on the Canvas
    public void initialize() {
        GraphicsContext gc = drawingCanvas.getGraphicsContext2D();
        gc.setLineWidth(10); // set all stroke widths

        // draw red line
        gc.setStroke(Color.RED);
        gc.strokeLine(10, 10, 100, 100);

        // draw green line
        gc.setGlobalAlpha(0.5); // half transparent
        gc.setLineCap(StrokeLineCap.ROUND);
        gc.setStroke(Color.GREEN);
        gc.strokeLine(100, 10, 10, 100);

        gc.setGlobalAlpha(1.0); // reset alpha transparency

        // draw rounded rect with red border and yellow fill
        gc.setStroke(Color.RED);
        gc.setFill(Color.YELLOW);
        gc.fillRoundRect(120, 10, 90, 90, 50, 50);
        gc.strokeRoundRect(120, 10, 90, 90, 50, 50);

        // draw circle with blue border and red/white radial gradient fill
        gc.setStroke(Color.BLUE);
        Stop[] stopsRadial =
            {new Stop(0, Color.RED), new Stop(1, Color.WHITE)};
        RadialGradient radialGradient = new RadialGradient(0, 0, 0.5, 0.5,
            0.6, true, CycleMethod.NO_CYCLE, stopsRadial);
        gc.setFill(radialGradient);
        gc.fillOval(230, 10, 90, 90);
        gc.strokeOval(230, 10, 90, 90);
    }
}

```

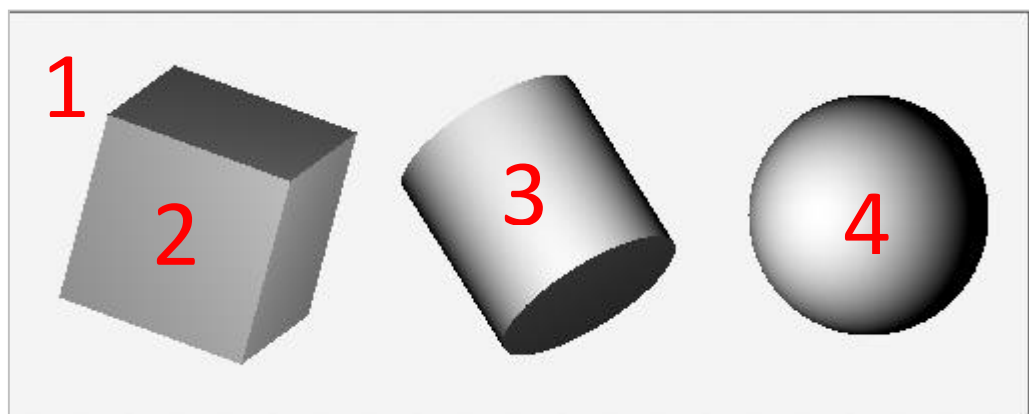
```
// draw ellipse with green border and image fill
gc.setStroke(Color.GREEN);
gc.setFill(new ImagePattern(new Image("yellowflowers.png")));
gc.fillOval(340, 10, 200, 90);
gc.strokeOval(340, 10, 200, 90);

// draw arc with purple border and cyan/white linear gradient fill
gc.setStroke(Color.PURPLE);
Stop[] stopsLinear =
    {new Stop(0, Color.CYAN), new Stop(1, Color.WHITE)};
LinearGradient linearGradient = new LinearGradient(0, 0, 1, 0,
    true, CycleMethod.NO_CYCLE, stopsLinear);
gc.setFill(linearGradient);
gc.fillArc(560, 10, 90, 90, 45, 270, ArcType.ROUND);
gc.strokeArc(560, 10, 90, 90, 45, 270, ArcType.ROUND);
}
}
```

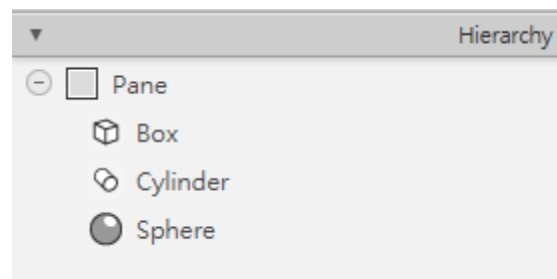
### 3. ThreeDimensionalShapes



#### GUI Description:



#### Hierarchy:



0) File Name: ThreeDimensionalShapes.fxml  
Controller Class: ThreeDimensionalShapesController.java

### 1) Pane

- a) Pref Width:510
- b) Pref Height:200

### 2) Box

- a) fx:id :box
- b) Width: 100
- c) Height: 100
- d) Depth: 100
- e) Rotate: 30
- f) Rotation axis:1 1 1
- g) LayoutX :100
- h) LayoutY:100

### 3) Cylinder

- a) fx:id : cylinder
- b) Height: 100
- c) Radius: 50
- d) Rotate: -45
- e) Rotation axis: 1 1 1
- f) LayoutX : 265
- g) LayoutY: 100

### 4) Sphere

- a) fx:id : sphere
- b) Radius: 60
- c) Rotate:0
- d) Rotation axis : 0 0 1
- e) LayoutX : 430
- f) LayoutY: 100

## ThreeDimensionalShapes.java

```
// ThreeDimensionalShapes.java
import javafx.application.Application;
import javafx.fxml.FXMLLoader;
import javafx.scene.Parent;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.stage.Stage;
```

```

public class ThreeDimensionalShapes extends Application {
    @Override
    public void start(Stage stage) throws Exception {
        Parent root =

FXMLLoader.load(getClass().getResource("ThreeDimensionalShapes.fxml"));

        Scene scene = new Scene(root);
        stage.setTitle("Draw shapes with Canvas");
        stage.setScene(scene);
        stage.show();
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        launch(args);
    }
}

```

### ThreeDimensionalShapesController.java

```

// Fig. 22.15: ThreeDimensionalShapesController.java
// Setting the material displayed on 3D shapes.
import javafx.fxml.FXML;
import javafx.scene.paint.Color;
import javafx.scene.paint.PhongMaterial;
import javafx.scene.image.Image;
import javafx.scene.shape.Box;
import javafx.scene.shape.Cylinder;
import javafx.scene.shape.Sphere;

public class ThreeDimensionalShapesController {
    // instance variables that refer to 3D shapes
    @FXML private Box box;
    @FXML private Cylinder cylinder;
    @FXML private Sphere sphere;

    // set the material for each 3D shape
    public void initialize() {

```

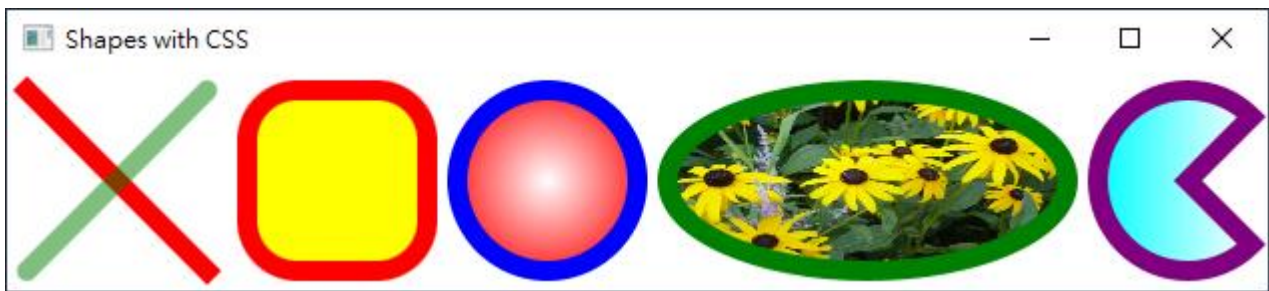
```
// define material for the Box object
PhongMaterial boxMaterial = new PhongMaterial();
boxMaterial.setDiffuseColor(Color.CYAN);
box.setMaterial(boxMaterial);

// define material for the Cylinder object
PhongMaterial cylinderMaterial = new PhongMaterial();
cylinderMaterial.setDiffuseMap(new Image("yellowflowers.png"));
cylinder.setMaterial(cylinderMaterial);

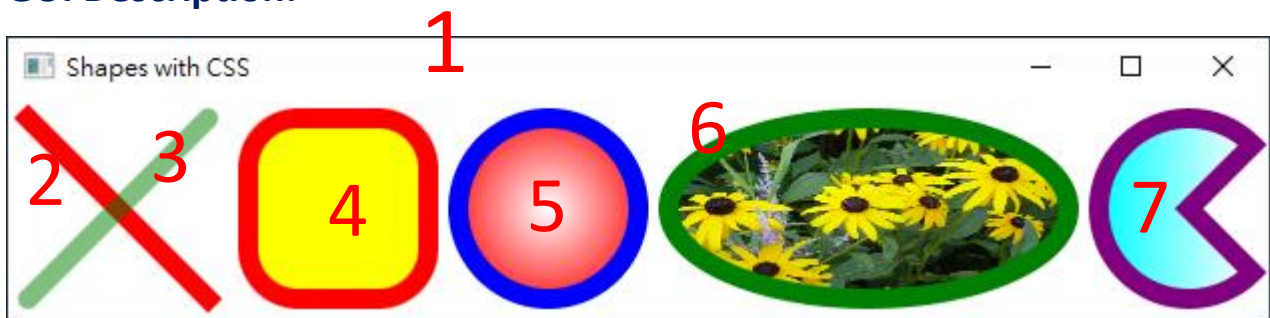
// define material for the Sphere object
PhongMaterial sphereMaterial = new PhongMaterial();
sphereMaterial.setDiffuseColor(Color.RED);
sphereMaterial.setSpecularColor(Color.WHITE);
sphereMaterial.setSpecularPower(32);
sphere.setMaterial(sphereMaterial);
}
}
```



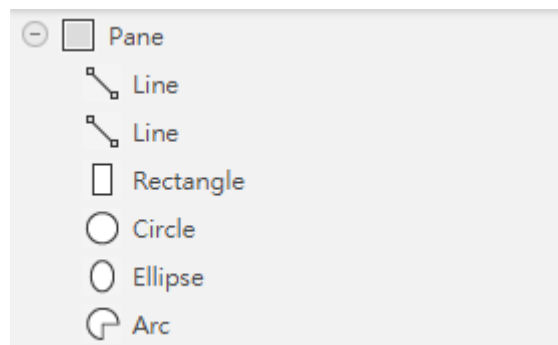
## 4. Basic Shapes



### GUI Description:



### Hierarchy:



0) File Name: BasicShapes.fxml

Controller Class: none

#### 1) Pane

- a) Stylesheets: BasicShapes.css
- b) id: Pane
- c) Min Width: USE\_COMPUTED\_SIZE
- d) Min Height: USE\_COMPUTED\_SIZE

- e) Pref Width: 630
- f) Pref Height: 110
- g) Max Width: USE\_COMPUTED\_SIZE
- h) Max Height: USE\_COMPUTED\_SIZE

## **2) Line**

- a) id: line1
- b) Layout X: 0
- c) Layout Y: 0
- d) Start X: 10
- e) Start Y: 10
- f) End X: 100
- g) End Y: 100
- h) fx:id: line2

## **3) Line**

- a) Layout X: 0
- b) Layout Y: 0
- c) Start X: 100
- d) Start Y: 10
- e) End X: 10
- f) End Y: 100
- g) fx:id: line2

## **4) Rectangle**

- a) Arc Width: 0
- b) Fill: Black
- c) Arc Height: 0
- d) Stroke: Reset to Default
- e) Strike Type: CENTERED
- f) Width: 90
- g) Height: 90
- h) Layout X: 120
- i) Layout Y: 10
- j) fx:id: rectangle

## **5) Circle**

- a) Fill: Black
- b) Stroke: Reset to Default
- c) Strike Type: CENTERED

- d) Radius: 45
- e) Center X: 270
- f) Center Y: 55
- g) fx:id: circle

## 6) Ellipse

- a) Fill: Black
- b) Stroke: Reset to Default
- c) Strike Type: CENTERED
- d) Radius X: 100
- e) Radius Y: 45
- f) Center X: 430
- g) Center Y: 55
- h) fx:id: ellipse

## 7) Arc

- a) Fill: Black
- b) Stroke: Reset to Default
- c) Strike Type: CENTERED
- d) Radius X: 45
- e) Radius Y: 45
- f) Start Angle: 45
- g) Length: 270
- h) Center X: 590
- i) Center Y: 55
- j) fx:id: arc

## BasicShapes.css

```
/* BasicShapes.css */
/* CSS that styles various two-dimensional shapes */

Line, Rectangle, Circle, Ellipse, Arc {
    -fx-stroke-width: 10;
}

#line1 {
    -fx-stroke: red;
}
```

```

#line2 {
    -fx-stroke: rgba(0%, 50%, 0%, 0.5);
    -fx-stroke-line-cap: round;
}

Rectangle {
    -fx-stroke: red;
    -fx-arc-width: 50;
    -fx-arc-height: 50;
    -fx-fill: yellow;
}

Circle {
    -fx-stroke: blue;
    -fx-fill: radial-gradient(center 50% 50%, radius 60%, white, red);
}

Ellipse {
    -fx-stroke: green;
    -fx-fill: image-pattern("yellowflowers.png");
}

Arc {
    -fx-stroke: purple;
    -fx-fill: linear-gradient(to right, cyan, white);
}

```

## BasicShapes.java

```

// BasicShapes.java
import javafx.application.Application;
import javafx.fxml.FXMLLoader;
import javafx.scene.Parent;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.stage.Stage;

public class BasicShapes extends Application {
    @Override

```

```
public void start(Stage stage) throws Exception {  
    Parent root =  
        FXMLLoader.load(getClass().getResource("BasicShapes.fxml"));  
  
    Scene scene = new Scene(root);  
    stage.setTitle("Shapes with CSS");  
    stage.setScene(scene);  
    stage.show();  
}  
  
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    launch(args);  
}  
}
```