

Пояснения / Thomas' Calculus

## Упражнение 12

Глава 4, раздел 4.2, страница 195

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Thomas' Calculus

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Содержание



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### Объяснение Проверено

Это ваше последнее бесплатное объяснение

Попробовать бесплатно

### Шаг 1

1 из 3

Given is the following function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x - 3, & 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 6x - x^2 - 7, & 2 < x \leq 3 \end{cases}$$

We want to check whether  $f$  satisfies the hypotheses of the Mean Value Theorem. The conditions it has to satisfy are:

- $f$  has to be continuous over a closed interval  $[a, b]$
- $f$  has to be differentiable over an open interval  $(a, b)$

In this case,  $[a, b] = [0, 3]$ 

Следующее упражнение

**Шаг 2**

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Since both  $f_1(x) = 2x - 3$  and  $f_2(x) = 6x - x^2 - 7$  are continuous and differentiable in every point, we only need to check the continuity and differentiability of  $f$  at the point  $x = 2$ .

For  $f$  to be continuous at  $x = 2$ , equation  $f_1(2) = f_2(2)$  has to be true:

$$f_1(2) = 2 \cdot 2 - 3 = 1 = 6 \cdot 2 - 2^2 - 7 = f_2(2) \quad \checkmark$$

For  $f$  to be differentiable at  $x = 2$ , equation  $f'_1(2) = f'_2(2)$  has to be true:

$$f'_1(x) = 2$$

$$f'_2(x) = 6 - 2x$$

$$f'_1(2) = 2 = 6 - 2 \cdot 2 = f'_2(2) \quad \checkmark$$

So,  $f$  does satisfy the hypotheses of the Mean Value Theorem.

**Результат**

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$f$  satisfies the hypotheses of the Mean Value Theorem

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