## Week-02

### Complex Number, Set

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# Today Agenda

- Complex Numbers
  - Visuals of Complex Number
  - Mathematical Operations

Sets

# **Complex Numbers**



# **Complex Numbers**

We recall the previous lecture where we have define the complex numbers. In this lecture more deep into mathematical operations graphical visual.

#### Definition

A complex number is a number of the form a+bi, where a and b are real numbers, and i is an indeterminate satisfying  $i^2=-1$ . For example, 2+3i is a complex number.

### Note

$$i = \sqrt{-1}$$

$$i^2 = -1$$

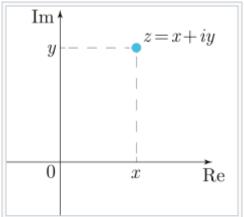
$$i^3 = -i$$

$$i^4 = 1$$

#### Definition

A number of the form  $a\sqrt{-1}=ai$  is a pure imaginary number where a is a non-zero real number

# Visuals of Complex Number



An illustration of the complex number  $S^{\square}$  z = x + iy on the complex plane. The real part is x, and its imaginary part is y.

# Mathematical Operations

Addition and subtraction

## Example

$$z = a + bi, w = c + di$$
  

$$z \pm w = (a + bi) \pm (c + di)$$
  

$$= (a \pm c) + (b \pm d)i$$

#### Note

The sum of two complex numbers is always a complex number. That sum may be an element of one of the subsets of the complex numbers, that is, a real number or a pure imaginary number

Multiplication and square

### Example

$$z = a + bi, w = c + di, z \times w = (a + bi) \times (c + di) = ac + adi + bci + bdi^2$$
  
=  $ac - bd + (ad + bc)i$   
 $z^2 = (a + bi)^2, = a^2 + abi + bi^2$   
=  $a^2 - b^2 + abi$ 

# Mathematical Operations

Reciprocal and division

### Example

Complex Numbers and its Conjugate is write as  $\bar{z} = a - bi$ 

Reciprocal! 
$$\frac{1}{z} = \frac{\bar{z}}{z\bar{z}}$$

$$\frac{\overline{z}}{z} = \frac{\overline{z}}{\overline{z}}$$

$$= \frac{a}{a^2 + b^2} - \frac{b}{a^2 + b^2}i$$
division

division

$$\frac{w}{z} = w \times \frac{1}{z} = c + di \times (\frac{a}{a^2 + b^2} - \frac{b}{a^2 + b^2}i)$$

## Identity

- \* The additive identity of the complex numbers is the real number (0+0i) or 0
- \* The additive inverse of any complex number (a + bi) is (-a bi).

# Addition and subtraction

- 1. Find the sum of  $\sqrt{-25} + \sqrt{-49}$
- 2. Find the subtraction  $\sqrt{-25}$   $\sqrt{-49}$
- 3. (5+3i)-(2+8i)
- 4. (7+4i)-(-1+3i)



# Multiplication and square

- 1. Find the sum of  $\sqrt{-25} + \sqrt{-49}$
- 2. Find the subtraction  $\sqrt{-25}$   $\sqrt{-49}$

# Reciprocal and division



Sets



# Sets

#### Definition

A set is the mathematical model for a collection of different[1] things;[2][3][4] a set contains elements or members, which can be mathematical objects of any kind: numbers, symbols, points in space, lines, other geometrical shapes, variables, or even other sets

### Example

School bag, have different set for things.



# Thank you!

