## Math 526 - Statistics II, Spring 2023

## Assignment 3

Due: Monday, April 24, by 8:00PM

Problem: In this assignment, you will perform signal analysis under a hidden Markov model.

The provided dataset contains successive measurements  $w_{1:N}$  of a highly corrupted signal with 3 dynamical states  $\sigma_{1:3}$ . The dataset is accurately represented by the hidden Markov model

$$\begin{split} s_1 \sim \mathsf{Categorical}_{\sigma_1,\sigma_2,\sigma_3} \left( \rho_{\sigma_1}, \rho_{\sigma_2}, \rho_{\sigma_3} \right) \\ s_n | s_{n-1} \sim \mathsf{Categorical}_{\sigma_1,\sigma_2,\sigma_3} \left( \pi_{s_{n-1} \to \sigma_1}, \pi_{s_{n-1} \to \sigma_2}, \pi_{s_{n-1} \to \sigma_3} \right), & n = 2, \dots, N \\ w_n | s_n \sim \mathsf{Normal} \left( \phi_{s_n}, 1 \right), & n = 1, \dots, N \end{split}$$

1. Implement the (normalized) forward filtering algorithm and evaluate the (marginal) likelihood under the following parameter choices

$$\rho_{\sigma_{1}} = 1, \qquad \rho_{\sigma_{2}} = 0, \qquad \rho_{\sigma_{3}} = 0$$

$$\pi_{\sigma_{1} \to \sigma_{1}} = 1/2, \qquad \pi_{\sigma_{1} \to \sigma_{2}} = 1/4, \qquad \pi_{\sigma_{1} \to \sigma_{3}} = 1/4$$

$$\pi_{\sigma_{2} \to \sigma_{1}} = 1/4, \qquad \pi_{\sigma_{2} \to \sigma_{2}} = 1/2, \qquad \pi_{\sigma_{2} \to \sigma_{3}} = 1/4$$

$$\pi_{\sigma_{3} \to \sigma_{1}} = 1/4, \qquad \pi_{\sigma_{3} \to \sigma_{2}} = 1/4, \qquad \pi_{\sigma_{3} \to \sigma_{3}} = 1/2$$

$$\phi_{\sigma_{1}} = -1, \qquad \phi_{\sigma_{2}} = +3, \qquad \phi_{\sigma_{3}} = +6$$

- 2. Implement the Viterbi algorithm and compute the optimal hidden state sequence under the same parameter choices.
- 3. Set up a Bayesian model to estimate all model parameters.
- 4. Describe a Markov chain Monte Carlo sampler to sample the model's posterior probability distribution. You do not need to implement your sampler.

Associated data: The dataset shown above is provided in corrupted\_data.mat.