A Comparison of Classical and Modern Information Retrieval Approaches on Recipes

https://github.com/Dowakiin/Advanced-Information-Retrival-WS24-25-Group22

A Project by Group 22:

Thomas Puchleitner

Markus Auer-Jammerbund Team-role: Query pipeline setup, Evaluation, Report

Thomas Knoll Team-role: Design Document, BERT embeddings, Evaluation, Report

Jonas Pfisterer Team-role: Word2Vec embeddings, Evaluation, Report

Team-role: Design Document, TF-IDF embeddings, Result processing,

Evaluation, Report

Research Questions



How well do advanced IR methods perform?

 Do advanced IR methods perform better than simpler ones?

 How do different methods handle varying input queries?





Data

Where did we get it from and what did we do with it?

Data:

 The recipes dataset and the pre-trained BERT model are from Hugging Face

Pre-processing:

- Merged the ingredient columns
- Merged the instruction columns
- Reduced the size to 100,000 (from 2 mil.)

Models

In increasing complexity

TF-IDF

- The old reliable
- Lightweight
- Easy to understand
- Simple to compute
- Lacks context awareness

Word2Vec

- Newer approach
- Simple in theory
- Not so simple to compute
- Has limited context awareness

BERT

- State-of-the-art
- Transformer based
- Heavyweight
- Has context awareness



Experiments and Evaluation



Experiment set-up:

- 3 difficulties: easy, medium, and hard
- 3 queries per difficulty
- 7 recommendations per query



Evaluation set-up:

- 4 evaluators
- 63 recommendations per method
- Evaluate for relevance (Yes / No)

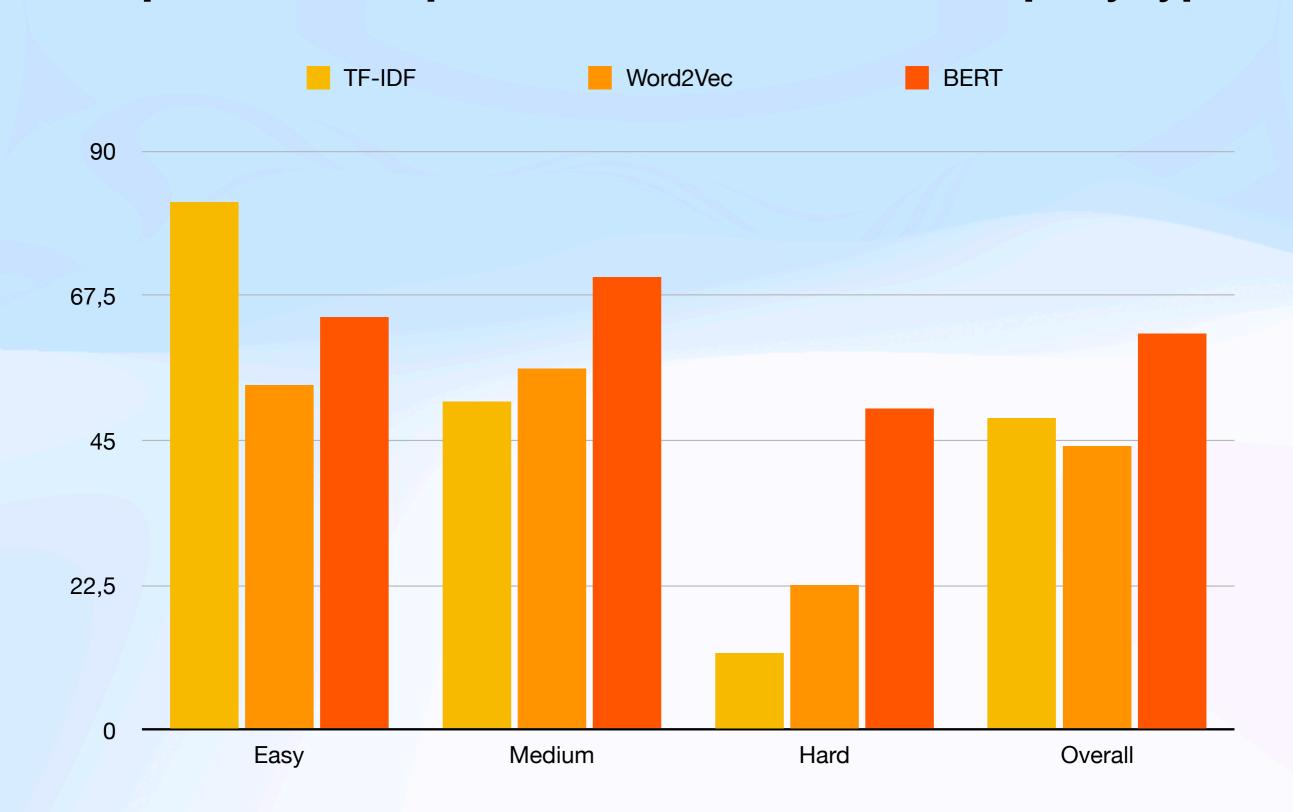


Evaluation:

- Compute the percentage of relevances across evaluators
- Average results to get a score

Results

Recipe relevance per IR method for different query types



Conclusion / Possible future work

Test with the whole dataset

 Increase robustness by: doing a blind evaluation, asking more queries, utilizing additional evaluators, and expanding on the returned recipes

 Deeper analysis of the weaker performance of Word2Vec (focusing on its parameter settings, training conditions, etc.)

Additional training or fine-tuning of the BERT model