

Introduction to Problem Solving in Python

COSI 10A



Class objectives

- For Loops
- Practice on For Loops



Definite Loops - for loops

Review: for loop syntax

Syntax:

```
for variable in range (start, stop):  
    statement  
    statement  
    ...  
    statement
```

header

body

- Set the **loop variable** equal to the **start** value
- Repeat the following:
 - Check if the **variable** is **less than** the **stop**. If not, stop
 - Execute the **statements**
 - Increase the variable's value by 1

```
for i in range(1, 6):    # repeat 5 times  
    bake_cookies()
```



Review: Ways to create ranges

Range From	Description	Example	Numbers in Range
<code>range(max)</code>	Range from 0 (inclusive) to max (exclusive)	<code>range(5)</code>	0, 1, 2, 3, 4
<code>range(min, max)</code>	Range from min (inclusive) to max (exclusive)	<code>range(3, 7)</code>	3, 4, 5, 6

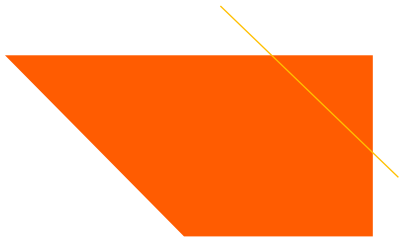


Repetition over a range

```
print("1 squared = ", 1*1)
print("2 squared = ", 2*2)
print("3 squared = ", 3*3)
print("4 squared = ", 4*4)
print("5 squared = ", 5*5)
print("6 squared = ", 6*6)
```

◆ Let's use a `for` loop ...

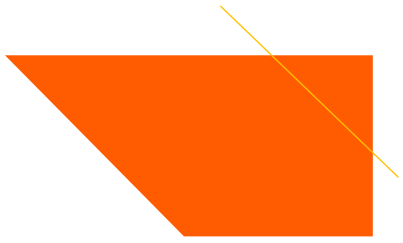
```
for i in range(1, 7):
    print(i, "squared = ", i*i)
```



Exercise 1

```
for i in range(1, 5):  
    print(i, " squared = " , i*i)  
  
print("Whoo!")
```

What is the output?

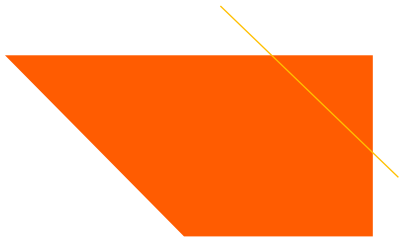


Exercise 1

```
for i in range(1, 5):  
    print(i, " squared = " , i*i)  
  
print("Whoo!")
```

What is the output?

```
1    squared =    1  
2    squared =    4  
3    squared =    9  
4    squared =   16  
Whoo!
```

Exercise 2

```
print("+----+")
for i in range(1, 4):
    print("\    /")
    print("/    \")
print("+----+")
```

What is the output?

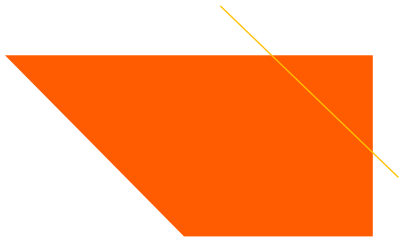


Exercise 2

```
print("+----+")
for i in range(1, 4):
    print("\    /")
    print("/    \")
print("+----+")
```

🛡️ What is the output?

```
+----+
\    /
/    \
\    /
/    \
\    /
/    \
+----+
```



Expression for counter

```
high_temp = 5  
for i in range(-3, high_temp // 2 + 1):  
    print(i * 1.8 + 32)
```

Output:

```
26.6  
28.4  
30.2  
32.0  
33.8  
35.6
```



Exercise 3

❖ Complete the following code, to produce the following output

```
2 times 1 = 2
2 times 2 = 4
2 times 3 = 6
2 times 4 = 8
```

```
def main():
    for i in range(FINISH ME)
        print (FINISH ME)

main()
```



Exercise 3

🛡️ Complete the following code, to produce the following output

```
2 times 1 = 2
2 times 2 = 4
2 times 3 = 6
2 times 4 = 8
```

```
def main():
    for i in range(FINISH ME)
        print (FINISH ME)
```

```
main()
```

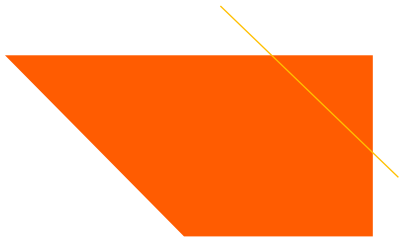
```
def main():
    for i in range(1, 5):
        print("2 times", i, "=", (2 * i))
```

```
main()
```



Ways to create ranges

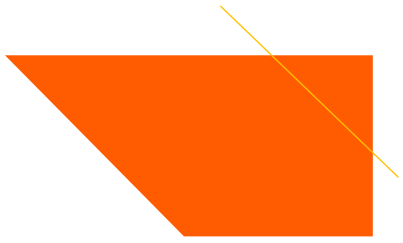
Range From	Description	Example	Numbers in Range
<code>range(max)</code>	Range from 0 (inclusive) to max (exclusive)	<code>range(5)</code>	0, 1, 2, 3, 4
<code>range(min, max)</code>	Range from min (inclusive) to max (exclusive)	<code>range(3, 7)</code>	3, 4, 5, 6
<code>range(min, max, step)</code>	Range from min (inclusive) to max (exclusive), increasing by step each time	<code>range(4, 22, 3)</code>	4, 7, 10, 13, 16, 19



Exercise 4

```
for i in range(2, 9, 2):  
    print(i)
```

Output:



Exercise 4

```
for i in range(2, 9, 2):  
    print(i)
```

Output:

```
2  
4  
6  
8
```




Decrementing loop

- Sometimes we want to process a range of numbers in reverse order, counting down rather than up

```
for i in range(5, 0, -1):  
    print(i)  
print ("Happy New Year!")
```

Output:

```
5  
4  
3  
2  
1  
Happy New Year!
```



```
print(' ', end=' ')
```

```
high_temp = 5  
for i in range(-3, high_temp // 2 + 1):  
    print(i * 1.8 + 32)
```

Output:

```
26.6  
28.4  
30.2  
32.0  
33.8  
35.6
```



```
print(' ', end=' ')
```

➡ Adding `end=' '` allows you to print without moving to the next line

```
high_temp = 5
for i in range(-3, high_temp // 2 + 1):
    print(i * 1.8 + 32, end=' ')
```

Output:

```
26.6 28.4 30.2 32.0 33.8 35.6>>>
```

```
high_temp = 5
for i in range(-3, high_temp // 2 + 1):
    print(i * 1.8 + 32, end=' ')
print()
```



Exercise 5

Write a for loop that produces the following output:

```
T-minus 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, blastoff!  
The end.
```