Airport Management System

Group Details (G3 2):

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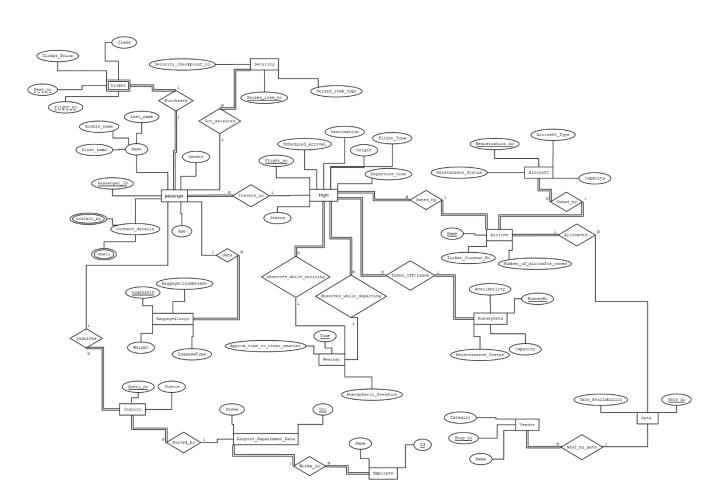
202101181-Juhi Andharia

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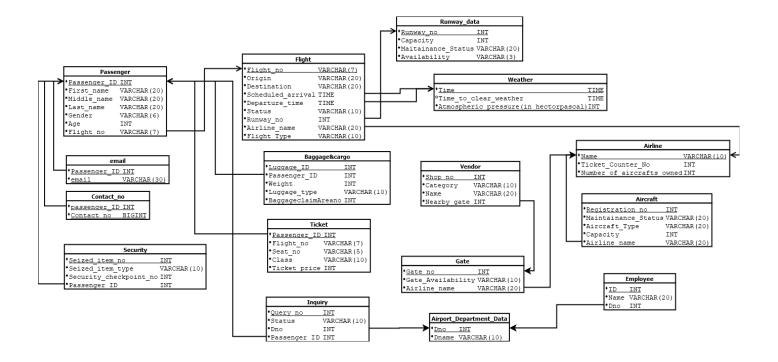
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Representative Contact Number - 9925787749

ER Diagram:



Relational Schema:



FDs and Normalization Proof:

→ We know that the relation is in BCNF, if the determinant of every functional dependency which holds on a relation is a super key of that relation. Here we can see that,

• Passenger:

Passenger_ID -> {First_name, Middle_name, Last_name, gender, age,
flight_no}

In the Passenger relation, Passenger_ID is the key and it determines all the other attributes of the relation Passenger. So we can confirm that this relation is in BCNF.

• Email:

```
{Passenger ID, email} -> {Passenger ID, email}
```

In the Email relation, {Passenger_ID, email} is the key and it determines all the other attributes of the relation Email. So we can confirm that this relation is in BCNF.

• Contact_no:

```
{Passenger ID, Contact no} -> {Passenger ID, Contact no}
```

In the Contact_no relation, {Passenger_ID, Contact_no} is the key and it determines all the other attributes of the relation Contact_no. So we can confirm that this relation is in BCNF.

• Flight:

```
Flight_no -> {Origin, Destination, Scheduled_arrival, Departure_time, Runway no, Airline name, Flight type, status}
```

In the flight relation, flight_no is the key and it determines all the other attributes of the relation flight. So we can confirm that this relation is in BCNF.

• Ticket:

```
Passenger ID -> {flight no, seat no, class, ticket price}
```

In the Ticket relation, passenger_ID is the key and it determines all the other attributes of the relation Ticket. So we can confirm that this relation is in BCNF.

• Airline:

```
Name -> {ticket_counter_no, number_of_aircrafts_owned}
```

In the Airline relation, name is the key and it determines all the other attributes of the relation Airline. So we can confirm that this relation is in BCNF.

• Aircraft:

```
Registration no -> {Maintainance_Status, Aircraft_Type, Capacity, Airline_name}
```

In the Aircraft relation, Registration_no is the key and it determines all the other attributes of the relation Aircraft. So we can confirm that this relation is in BCNF.

• Security:

```
Seized_item_no -> {Seized_item_type, Security_checkpoint_no,
Passenger_ID}
```

In the Security relation, seized_item_no is the key and it determines all the other attributes of the relation security. So we can confirm that this relation is in BCNF.

Baggage_and_cargo:

```
Luggage_ID -> {Passenger_ID, flight_no, Luggage_type, weight, baggageclaimarea}
```

In the Baggage_and_cargo relation, Luggage_ID is the key and it determines all the other attributes of the relation Baggage_and_cargo. So we can confirm that this relation is in BCNF.

• Inquiry:

```
Query_no -> {Passenger_Id, status, dno}
```

In the Inquiry relation, Query_no is the key and it determines all the other attributes of the relation Inquiry. So we can confirm that this relation is in BCNF.

• Runway_Data:

```
Runway no -> {Capacity, Maintainance status, Availability}
```

In the Runway_Data relation, runway_no is the key and it determines all the other attributes of the relation Runway_Data. So we can confirm that this relation is in BCNF.

• Weather:

```
Time -> {Time to clear weather, Atmospheric pressure}
```

In the Weather relation, Time is the key and it determines all the other attributes of the relation weather. So we can confirm that this relation is in BCNF.

• Vendor:

```
Shop no -> {Category, name, nearyby gate}
```

In the Vendor relation, shop_no is the key and it determines all the other attributes of the relation Vendor. So we can confirm that this relation is in BCNF.

• Gate:

```
Gate no -> {Gate availability, airline name}
```

In the Gate relation, gate_no is the key and it determines all the other attributes of the relation Gate. So we can confirm that this relation is in BCNF.

• Airport_department_data:

Dno -> dname

In the Airport_department_data relation, Dno is the key and it determines all the other attributes of the relation Airport_department_data. So we can confirm that this relation is in BCNF.

• Employee:

Id -> {name, dno}

In the Employee relation, ID is the key and it determines all the other attributes of the relation Employee. So we can confirm that this relation is in BCNF.

→ So, We can see that all the relations are in BCNF.