# **Hexxagon on Cardano: Game Design**

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# **Smart Contracts**

Smart Contract	InitialiseGameSC		
Value	Bet Amount	It can be ADA, native tokens, or any combination. This is the amount player1 deposits to create a game.	
Datum	Player A, Turn Duration, Board	Player A creates a game with those settings and waits for someone to join.  - Player A registers his identifier (NFT) for authentication when canceling or playing the game.  - Sets the Turn duration limit - and sets the Board	
Redeemer	Add Player or Withdraw	Player B will Initialize the game using 'Add Player' as a redeemer. If no one joins the game, Player A can cancel the game and claim back his deposit, using 'Withdraw' as a redeemer.	
Purpose	The purpose of this Smart contract is to Initialize the game.  Player A creates a game by sending a UTxO (with the Bet Amount as Value and Game Settings as Datum) to this smart contract.  Then, Player B will join and start the game by consuming the UTxO and sending a new UTxO to the RunGameSC to run the game.  The Smart contract will make sure:  1) Player B deposits the same amount as Player A.  2) The correct datum at the output UTxO (@RunGameSC):  a) Players are Player A (from datum) + Player B (from redeemer)  b) Turn duration not modified  c) Player Turn  d) State of the game = State 0 (Not Modified)  Or Player A cancels the game by consuming the UTxO and returning the value to his wallet.  The Smart contract will make sure:  1) The correct user (Player A) is canceling the game by checking the presence of the registered NFT in the input UTxOs.		

Smart Contract	RunGameSC	
Value	Total Bet Amount	
Datum	Players, Turn duration, State of the Game	Game Info:  - Players and Turn duration are fixed throughout the game (Read only)  - State of the Game changes every move (Read & Write)
Redeemer	Play Turn, Game Over, Timeout	The winning player is wrapped by GameOver (for external use. It is an easy way to expose the winner so that other smart contracts can easily verify a winner by accessing 'txInfoRedeemers' in TxInfo.)
Purpose	The purpose of this smart contract is to:  - PlayTurn  1) Make sure the Total Bet Amount remains intact 2) Players and Turn duration stays the same 3) The state of the game is updated legally.  a) Current time before the deadline b) Player's turn c) The board move is legal  - GameOver Player  1) Make sure it is Game Over. 2) Check if the winner == Player 3) Check if the Total Bet Amount is going to the winner  - Draw 1) Make sure it is Draw. 2) Ensure the Player withdraws only half of the Total Bet Amount.  - Timeout 3) Ensure the current time is after the deadline. 4) Check that the total bet amount is going to the opponent player (i.e., Not the current player)	

## **Score Tracking System**

**Minting Policy** 

This part tracks the player's info (score, etc...). We will make use of CIP-68. So, we will create a pair of NFTs for each player:

- 1) Player's NFT: held by the player (This NFT will also be used to play the game)
- 2) Reference NFT: held by a smart contract (holds the player's info (ex. score) in the UTxO's datum)

So, we need a minting policy to create these NFTs and a smart contract that holds and manages the reference NFT.

This part is separate from the game itself; multiple games can use it. In other words, it can be part of a large gaming platform. So it's a good exercise if we build it for our game. Plus, Player's NFT can have multiple use cases other than just for player identification and score tracking. For example, it can function as a ticket to be purchased to play the game/s, can grant you access to be part of a DAO, or can also have an expiration date that needs to be renewed by paying a subscription fee, etc...

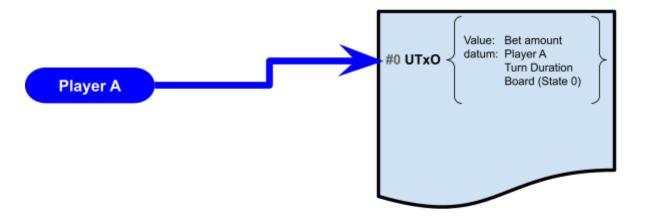
**PlayerIdentifierMP** 

Redeemer	CreatePlayer or DeletePlayer	
Purpose		
<b>Smart Contract</b>	RefNFTManagerSC	
Value	minADA + RefNFT	
Datum	[metadata, version, extra]	
Redeemer	Update or Burn	
Purpose	Track the Player's info (Score)	

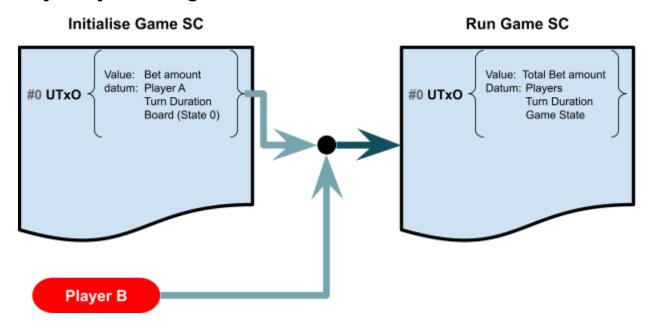
# **Flow Charts**

#### 1 - Player A creates a game

#### Initialise Game SC

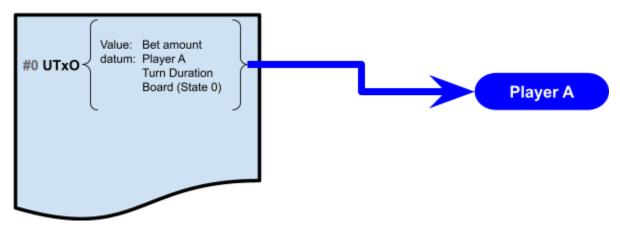


#### 2A - Player B joins the game

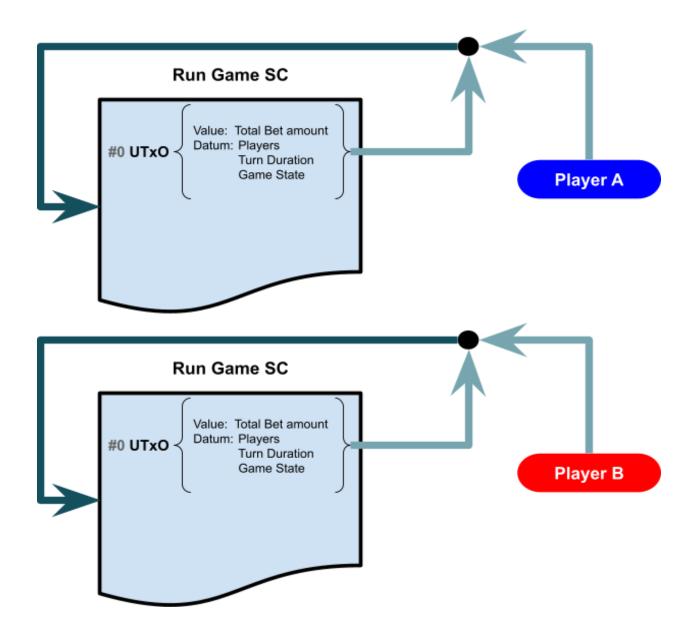


#### 2B - Player A cancels the game

#### Initialise Game SC



## 3 - Running the game



## 4 - Winner claims the reward and updates his score

#### RunGameSC

