# Compulsory Task 2

- An example of an innovative technology using NLP is Gmail's auto-response suggestions
  on your incoming emails. Imagine that I send an email to your Gmail address asking for
  an appointment. On opening the mail you will notice Gmail's automatically suggested
  response options such as "Yes, that works for me" and "Sorry, I'm not available at that
  time", intended to make replying as simple and quick as selecting the appropriate option
  (unless you want to say something more!)
- Read up on any similarly innovative technology using NLP (by companies such as Google, Microsoft, or IBM, for instance) and write a brief summary about the technology, what it does/achieves, and an overview of how it works (250 - 500 words).

# IBM Watson Natural Language Classifier (NLC)

IBM Watson Natural Language Classifier (NLC) is an accessible and effective tool for categorising unstructured text into pre-defined classes. NLC is specifically designed to handle tasks that involve text classification, which is a common requirement in many applications, including email sorting, customer service routing, and content filtering.

NLC operates on a supervised learning approach. Developers begin by supplying a set of sample texts that have been manually annotated with the correct labels. These labelled examples allow the model to learn key patterns, vocabulary, and context cues pertinent to each category. Once the classifier is trained, it processes new incoming text by extracting features (for example, keywords, syntax patterns) and comparing them with the training data.

The system then outputs a predicted category alongside a confidence score indicating the certainty of the prediction. This streamlined process is both computationally efficient and conceptually simpler than deep semantic parsing, making it particularly well-suited for projects where ease of implementation is important.

**Example:** various organisations have employed Watson NLC to enhance email security by classifying messages as legitimate or malicious. By training the classifier with datasets containing examples of phishing and spam emails, the system can accurately identify and filter out harmful messages, thereby protecting users from potential threats.

#### IBM Watson Assistant

Another IBM solution that leverages NLP in a straightforward manner is IBM Watson Assistant. While primarily used for building conversational interfaces or chatbots, Watson Assistant integrates fundamental NLP techniques to interpret user inputs and generate relevant responses.

Some of the IBM Watson Assistant Core Features are:

- Intent Recognition: Watson Assistant breaks down user utterances to identify the underlying intent, which it then maps to pre-configured responses or actions.
- Entity Extraction: the Assistant extracts key entities (such as dates, names, or locations) from the dialogue, enabling more context-aware conversations.
- Dialog Management: it also manages the flow of conversation, ensuring that interactions remain coherent and contextually appropriate, even without the deep linguistic analysis that advanced NLU might provide.

Watson Assistant's design philosophy is focused on reducing complexity, enabling developers to build and deploy conversational applications quickly. This focus on simplicity makes it an attractive alternative for projects that do not require the nuanced, multi-layered analysis provided by more advanced systems.

**Example:** a good example of IBM Watson Assistant deployment is Camping World, a leading retailer of recreational vehicles and related products. Camping World implemented IBM Watson Assistant to modernise its call centres and enhance customer experience. The AI-powered virtual assistant has enabled Camping World to increase agent efficiency by 33%, providing customers with quick and accurate responses to their inquiries

### Conclusion

Both IBM Watson Natural Language Classifier and Watson Assistant offer user-friendly yet powerful alternatives. By focusing on specific tasks like text classification and conversational interaction, they allow developers to harness the benefits of NLP without needing to manage the complexities inherent in deep semantic parsing. These solutions come with extensive documentation and developer support, ensuring they are accessible for academic assignments and real-world applications alike.

## References:

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