42

מטות Matot

Numbers 30:2-32:42

- הַמַטּוֹת לִבְנֶי יִשֹּׁרָאֶל לֵאמֹר זֶה הַדָּבָר אֲשֶׁר צִוְּה יְהוֹה: ויִדַבָּר משֶׁה אֶל־רָאשַי
- לֵאְסֶר אָסָר עָל־נַפְשׁוֹ לָא יַחֶל דְּבָרֶוֹ כְּכָל־הַיִּצְא מִפְיו יַעֲשֶׂה: אִישׁ כִּי־יִדּר לֵיהוֹה אִר־הִשַּבִע שִׁבַעַה
- Moses spoke to the heads of the Israelite tribes, saying: This is what הוהי has commanded:
- If a householder*householder I.e., an individual whose vows are not subject to another's review—unlike the vows made by dependent men within his household, and unlike those made by his wife or daughter. Or more vaguely, "anyone." See the Dictionary under 'ish. makes a vow to הוה' or takes an oath imposing an obligation*an obligation Or "a prohibition." on himself, he shall not break his pledge; he must carry out all that has crossed his lips.*crossed his lips Lit. "come out of his mouth."
- וָאָשַׂה כִּי־תִדָּר נֶדֵר לִיהוָה וָאָסַרָה אָסַר בַּבֵית אַבִיהַ בַּנְעָרֵיהַ:
- 4 If a woman*woman Lit. "(female) participant whose involvement defines the depicted situation." Unlike "woman" in contemporary English, Heb. 'ishshah can denote girls within its scope, as here and in 31.18, 35; Judg. 21.14. makes a vow to הוהי or assumes an obligation while still in her father's household by reason of her youth,
- אָבֵיה וִלְמוּ כָּל־נְדָרֶיה וְכָל־אסָר אֲשֶׁר־אָסְרָה עַל־נַפְשָׁה יָקוּם: אָבִיה אֶת־נִדְרָה וָאֱסָרָה אֲשֶׁר אָסְרָה עַל־נַפְשַׁה וְהֶחֵרְישׁ לְה וִשִּׂמַע
- 5 and her father learns of her vow or her self-imposed obligation and offers no objection, all her vows shall stand and every self-imposed obligation shall stand.
- על־נַפְשָׂה לָא יָקוּם וְיהֹוָהֹ יְסְלַח־לָה כִּי־הַנְיא אָבִיהָ אֹתְה: אָבַיהָ אֹתָה בִּיָּוֹם שָּׂמְעוֹ כָּל־נְדָרֶיה וָאֱסָרֶיה אֲשֶׁר־אָסְרָה וְאִם־הַנִּיא
- But if her father restrains her on the day he finds out, none of her vows or self-imposed obligations shall stand; and הוהי will forgive her, since her father restrained her.
- לְאִישׁ וּנְדָרֶיהָ עָלַיהָ אָוֹ מִבְטָא שְׂפָּתֶּיהָ אֲשֶׂר אָסְרָה עַל־נַפְּשָׁה: וְאִם־הַיָּוֹ תָהְיֶה
- 7 If she should become someone's [wife] while her vow or the commitment*commitment Lit. "utterance of her lips." to which she bound herself is still in force,
- וְהֶחֱרֶישׁ לֶה וְקְמוּ נְדָלֶיהָ וָאֱסִרֶהָ אֲשֶׂר־אִסְרָה עַל־נַפְּשָׂה יָקְמוּ: וְשָׁמִע אִישָׂה בִּיָוֹם שָׁמְעוֹ
- 8 and her husband learns of it and offers no objection on the day he finds out, her vows shall stand and her self-imposed obligations shall stand.
- וְאֵתֹ מִבְטָא שְׁפָתֶּיהָ אֲשֶׂר אָסְרָה עַל־נַפְשֶׂה וַיהֹוָה יְסְלְּח־לָה: וְאָם בִּיּוֹם שְׁמַעַ אִישָה יָנִיא אוֹתָהֿ וְהַפֵּר אֶת־נִדְרָה אֲשֶׁר עָלֶיה
- 9 But if her husband restrains her on the day that he learns of it, he thereby annuls her vow which was in force or the commitment*commitment Lit. "utterance of her lips." to which she bound herself; and הוהי will forgive her.—
- 10 ונֶדֵר אַלִּמְנָה וּגִרוּשָׂה כֵּל אֲשֵר־אָסִרָה עַל־נַפְּשַׂה יָקוּם עְלֵיהָ:
 - 10 The vow of a widow or of a divorced woman, however, whatever she has imposed on herself, shall be binding upon her.—

- בשבעה: אוֹ אַסרָה אַסר על־נפּשה בשבעה: So, too, if, while in her husband's household, she makes a vow or imposes an obligation on herself by oath,
- 12 אֹתְה וְלְמוּ כָל־נְדָרֶיה וְכָל־אָסָר אֲשֶׂר־אָסְרָה עַל־נַפְשָׂה יָקוּם: ושמע אישה והחבש לה לא הניא
 - and her husband learns of it, yet offers no objection—thus failing to restrain her—all her vows shall stand and all her self-imposed obligations shall stand.
- לנדרֶיה ולאסר נפשה לא יקום אישה הפרם ויהוה יסלְח־לָה: וָאִם־הָפֵּרْ יָפֵּׂר אֹתָם | אִישָהֿ בַיִוֹם שַמִעוֹ כָל־מוצָא שִפָּתְיהָ
- But if her husband does annul them on the day he finds out, then nothing that has crossed her lips shall stand, whether vows or self-imposed obligations. Her husband has annulled them, and הוהי will forgive her.
- 14 Every vow and every sworn obligation of וכל־שבעת אסר לענת נפש אישה יקימנו ואישה יפרנו: self-denial may be upheld by her husband or annulled by her husband.
- 15 אַשֶּׁר עָלַיהָ הַקִּים אֹתָם כִּי־הַחֵרֵשׁ לָה בִיִּוֹם שַׁמִעוֹ: אישה מיום אל־יום והקים את־כל־נדריה או את־כל־אַסרֵיה ואם־הַחַרֶשׁ יַחַרִּישׁ לַה
- If her husband offers no objection from that day to the next, he has upheld all the vows or obligations she has assumed: he has upheld them by offering no objection on the day he found out.
 - 16 ואָם־הַפַּר יָפֶר אֹתָם אַחֵרָי שַׂמְעַוֹ וְנָשַׂא אֵת־עַוֹנָה:
 - But if he annuls them after [the day] he finds out, he shall bear her guilt.
- :אֶת־מֹשֶׂה בֶּין אִישׁ לְאִשְׂתֻוֹ בִין־אַב לְבַתוֹ בִּנְעַרֶיהָ בֶּית אָבִיהָ: אַלָה הַחַלִּים אַשֵּׂר צוָה יהוַה
 - Those are the laws that הוהי enjoined upon Moses between a husband and his wife, and as between a father and his daughter while in her father's household by reason of her youth.

31

- וַיִדַבֶּר יִהוָה אֵל־מֹשֶׁה לַאמְר:
- spoke to Moses, saying, 1
- נַלָם נַקמַת בַנָי יִשַׂרָאֵל מֵאָת הַמִדִינָים אַחַר תַאָסָף אֵל־עַמִיךְ:
- "Avenge the Israelite people on the Midianites; then you shall be gathered to your kin."
- מַאַתְכֶם אֲנָשִים לַצָּבָא וִיהְיוֹ עַל־מִדֹיָן לָתֶת נקמַת־יְהוָה בְּמִדְיָן: וִידַבַּר משֵה אֵל־הָעָם לֵאמר הַחָלִצְוּ
- Moses spoke to the militia,*militia Heb. 'am; trad. "people." Cf. note at 25.1. saying, "Let troops*troops Lit. "participants whose involvement defines the depicted situation"; trad. "men." See the Dictionary under 'ish. be picked out from among you for a campaign, and let them fall upon Midian to wreak הוהי's vengeance on Midian.
- אַלָף לַמַטָּה אַלָף לַמַטַה לָכל מַטות ישראל תשלחו לַצַבא:
- You shall dispatch on the campaign a thousand from every one of the tribes of Israel."
- מַאַלפַּי יִשׂרָאֵל אָלֵף לַמַטָה שונים־עָשַר אַלֵף חַלוּצִי צָבַא: וַיִּמַסִרוּ
 - So a thousand from each tribe were furnished from the divisions of Israel, twelve thousand picked for the campaign.

- בֶּן־אֶלְעָזָר הַכֹּהֵ[לַצִּבָּא וּכְלָי הַקֹּדֶשׁ וַחֲצֵצְרְוֹת הַתְּרוּעָה בְּיָדְוֹ: וַיִשְׂלַח אֹתָם משֶׁה אֶלֶף לַמֵּטָה לַצִּבָא אֹתָם וְאֶת־פִּינְחָס
- 6 Moses dispatched them on the campaign, a thousand from each tribe, with Phinehas son of Eleazar serving as a priest on the campaign, equipped with the sacred utensils*sacred utensils Perhaps the Urim; cf. 27.21. and the trumpets for sounding the blasts.
- וַיִצבאוֹ עַל־מִדיָן כַאֲשֵר צוָה יְהוָה אֲת־משֵה וַיַּהַרגוּ כַּל־זַכַר:
- They took the field against Midian, as הוהי had commanded Moses, and slew every male.
- וְאֶת־תֶּבַע חֲמֶשֶׁת מַלְכָי מִדְיֻן וְאֵתֹ בַּלְעְם בֶּן־בְּעוֹר הָרְגִּוּ בֶּחְרֶב: מִדְיָן הָרְגָוּ עַל־חַלְלֵיהֶם אֶת־אֱוִי וְאֶת־לֶקָם וְאֶת־צִּוּר וְאֶת־חוּר וִאֵת־מַלְכַי
- 8 Along with their other victims, they slew the kings of Midian: Evi, Rekem, Zur, Hur, and Reba, the five kings of Midian. They also put Balaam son of Beor to the sword.
- ּוְאֵת כָל־בְּהֶמְתָּם וְאֶת־כָּל־מִקנֵהֶם וְאֶת־כָל־חֵילָם בָּזָזוּ: וִישִׂבְוּ בְנֵי־יִשִּׂרָאֶל אֶת־נָשָׂי מִדְיָן וְאֶת־טַפְּם
- 9 The Israelites took the women and other noncombatants*other noncombatants NJPS "children," trad. "little ones." See the Dictionary under aph. of the Midianites captive, and seized as booty all their beasts, all their herds, and all their wealth.
- 10 וְאָת כָל־עָרֵיהֶם בְּמַוֹשְׁבֹתָם וְאָת כָל־טִירֹתֶם שַּׁרְפָּוּ בָּאֲשׁ:
 - 10 And they destroyed by fire all the towns in which they were settled, and their encampments.
- וַיִּקְחוּ אֶת־כָּל־הַשָּׁלָל וְאֶת כָּל־הַמַלְקְוֹתַ בָּאָדָם וּבַבְּהֵמְה:
 - 11 They gathered all the spoil and all the booty, human and beast,
- 12 אֶל־הְמַחֲנֵה אֶל־עְרְבָת מוֹאָב אֲשֶׁר עָל־יַרְדָּן יְרֵחְוֹ: וְאֶל־עֲדָת בְּנִי־יִשְׂרָאֵל אֶת־הַשְּׁבִי וְאֶת־הַמַּלְקְוֹחַ וְאֶת־הַשִּׁלְל וַיָּבַאוּ אֵל־מִשָּׁה וִאֵל־אֵלִעָוָר הַכּּוֹן
 - 12 and they brought the captives, the booty, and the spoil to Moses, Eleazar the priest, and the Israelite community leadership,*Israelite community leadership Heb. 'adat bene yisra'el; NJPS "whole Israelite community." See note at 8.9. at the camp in the steppes of Moab, at the Jordan near Jericho.
- 13 וְאֶלְעָזָר הַכֹּהָן וְכָל־נְשִׁיאָי הָעָדָה לִקרָאתְם אֶל־מִחְוּץ לְמַחְנֶה: וַיַּצְאוּ משֵּה
 - 13 Moses, Eleazar the priest, and all the chieftains of the community came out to meet them outside the camp.
- 14 הֶּחְיֵל שָׁרָי הָאֲלָפִים ׁ וְשָׁרֵי הַמֵּאוֹת הַבָּאִים מִצְּבָא הַמִּלְּחָמָה: וַיִּקִצְּף משֶׁה עָל פְקוּדֵי
 - 14 Moses became angry with the commanders of the army, the officers of thousands and the officers of hundreds, who had come back from the military campaign.
 - 15 וַיָּאמֶר אֲלֵיהֶם מֹשְׂה הְחִיִיתֶם כָּל־נְקְבָה:
 - 15 Moses said to them, "You have spared every female!
- לִמְסָר־מְעַל בִּיהֹוָה עַל־דְּבַר־פְּעֵוֹר וַתְּהְי הַמַגֵּפָה בַּעֲדָת יְהֹוָה: הַן הַנָּה הִיּוֹ לִבְנָי יִשְׂרָאֵל בִּדְבַר בִּלְעָם
- 16 Yet they are the very ones who, at the bidding of Balaam, induced*induced Meaning of Heb. hayu ... limsor uncertain. the Israelites to trespass against הוהי in the matter of Peor, so that 'הוהי's community was struck by the plague.

- יבר הַרְגוּ: איש לִמשׁבָב זָכָר הַרְגוּ: 17 Now, therefore, slay every male among the ועתה noncombatants,*noncombatants Cf. note at v. 9. and slay also every woman who has known a man carnally; 18 וכל הַטַף בַּנָּשִׂים אֲשֵׁר לֹא־יָדעוּ מַשִּׁכָב זָכָר הַחֵיוּ לָכֶם: but spare every female noncombatant*female noncombatant Heb. ha-aph ba-nashim; NJPS "young woman"; trad. "(all the) women children." See note at 30.4. who has not had carnal relations with a man. בַּחָלָל תִתחַטאוּ בַיִּוֹם הַשִּלִישוּ וּבַיִוֹם הַשִּבִיעִי אַתְם ושבִיכֵם: 19 "You shall then stay outside the camp seven ואַתָּם חַנֶּו מחוץ לַמַחַנָּה שבעת יָמִים כל הֹרֶג לַפֵּשׁ וכָל ו נגָע days; every one among you or among your captives who has slain a person or touched a corpse shall purify himself on the third and seventh days. עור וכל־מַעשה עזים וכל־כלי־עץ תתחטאו: You shall also purify every cloth, every article of skin, everything made of goats' hair, and every object of wood." הַבָּאִים לַמַלַחָמָה זָאת חַקָּת הַתוֹלָה אֲשֶׁר־צוָה יְהוָה אֶת־משָה: Eleazar the priest said to the troops who had וַלאמר אַלעזַר הַכהַן אַל־אַנשי הַצַּבַא taken part in the fighting, "This is the ritual law that הוהי has enjoined upon Moses: ואת־הַכְּסֵף אַת־הַנָּחֹשֵׁתֹ אַת־הַבַּרוֵֹל אַת־הַבִּדִיל ואַת־הַעֹּבְרֵת: Gold and silver, copper, iron, tin, and lead— 23 אַדְ בְמֶי נִדָּה יִתְחַטָא וְכֹל אֲשֶׁר לֹא־יָבֶא בָאֶש תַעֲבֶירוּ בַמַיִם: any article that can withstand fire—these you כַל־דַבַּר אֲשַר־יַבָא בַאָש תַעבירו בַאָשׁ וַטַהֶּר shall pass through fire and they shall be pure, except that they must be purified with water of lustration; and anything that cannot withstand fire you must pass through water. On the seventh day you shall wash your clothes בַּיִוֹם הַשַּׂבִיעִי וּטִהַרְתָּם וִאַחַר תָּבְאוּ אֵל־הַמַחֵנָה: and be pure, and after that you may enter the וכבסתם בגדיכם camp." :said to Moses הוהי 25 ניאמר יהוה אל־משה לאמר: הַשָּׂבִי בָּאָדָם וּבַבַּהַמַה אַתָּה וְאֶלְעָזָר הַכּּהַן וְרָאשֶׂי אֲבְוֹת הָעֵדְה: "You and Eleazar the priest and the family heads שא את ראש מלקות of the community take an inventory of the booty that was captured, human and beast, בִין תפשי הַמַלחָמָה הַיצאים לַצָּבָא ובִין כָּל־הָעָדָה: and divide the booty equally between the וַחַצִּית אֶת־הַמַלּקוֹח combatants who engaged in the campaign and the rest of the community.
 - :ממְחֲצִיתְם תַּקְחוּ וְנָתַתָּה לְאֶלְעָזָר הַכֹּהֶן תְרוּמְת יְהוֹה: shall be taken from their half-share and given to Eleazar the priest as a contribution to הוהי;

and sheep,

וַהַרַמֹת

You shall exact a levy for הוהי: in the case of the

warriors who engaged in the campaign, one

item in five hundred, of persons, oxen, asses,

מחמש המאות מן האדם ומן הבקר ומן החמרים ומן הצאן:

מַבֶּס לִיהוָה מַאֵּת אַנִשַי הַמִּלְחָמָה הַיִּצְאַים לַצָּבָא אֲחָד נַפַּשׁ

- 30 מכל-הַבַּהַמָה וְנָתַתָּה אֹתָם לַלְוֹיִם שֹמבֵי מְשִׁמְרֵת מְשִׁכְּן יְהוָה: ן אָחֵז מן־הַחֲמִשִּׂים מן־הַאַדֶם מן־הַבַּקר מן־הַחַמרים ומן־הַצאן וממחצת בני־ישראל תקח ו אחד
 - and from the half-share of the other Israelites you shall withhold one in every fifty human beings as well as cattle, asses, and sheep—all the animals—and give them to the Levites, who attend to the duties of הוהי's Tabernacle."
 - 31 וַיָּעשׁ משֵׁה ואַלעוָר הַכֹּהָן כַאֲשֵׁר צוָה יְהוָה אַת־משַה:
- Moses and Eleazar the priest did as הוהי commanded Moses.
- 22 עם הצבא צאן שש־מאות אלף ושבעים אלף וחמשת אלפים: וִיהִי הַמַלקוח יָתֵר הַבָּוֹ אֲשֵׁר בַּוֹזִוּ
 - The amount of booty, other than the spoil that the troops had plundered, came to 675,000 sheep,

 - :ובלר שנים ושבעים אלף: 33 72,000 head of cattle,
 - :תמלים אחד וששים אלף: 34 61,000 asses,
 - אַשֶר לִא־יָדעוּ משַכָב זָכָר כָל־נֵּפַשׁ שׁנִיִם ושׁלשִים אַלַף: ונפש אדם מן־הַנַשִּׁים
 - and a total of 32,000 human beings, namely, the females*females See note at 30.4. who had not had carnal relations.
- שלש־מַאות אַלַף ושלשים אַלַף ושבעת אַלפים וַחַמַש מַאות: ותהי המחצה חלק היצאים בצבא מספר הצאן
- Thus, the half-share of those who had engaged in the campaign [was as follows]: The number of sheep was 337,500,
- וַיִהֵי הַמֶּכֵס לִיהֹוָה מִן־הַצָּאן עשׁ מַאוֹת חָמֵשׁ וִשֹּבִעִים:
- and הוהי's levy from the sheep was 675;
- והבקר ששה ושלשים אַלף ומכסם ליהוה שנים ושבעים:
- 38 the cattle came to 36,000, from which הוהי's levy was 72;
- וחמלים
- ים: the asses came to 30,500, from which שלשים אַלְף וַחַמַשׁ מַאָות וּמַכָסם לִיהוָה אַחָד וָשַשִּים: 's levy was 61.
- נפש: שלשים נפש: 40 And the number of human beings was 16,000, from which הוהי's levy was 32.
- תרומת יהוה לאלעור הכהן כאשר צוה יהוה את־משה: ויתן משה את־מכל
- Moses gave the contributions levied for הוהי to Eleazar the priest, as הוהי had commanded
- וממחצית בני ישראל אשל חצה משה מן־האנשים הצבאים: 42 As for the half-share of the other Israelites,
 - which Moses withdrew from those who had taken the field,
- שלש־מַאות אַלַף ושלשים אַלַף שבעת אַלפים וַחַמַש מַאות: וַתהֵי מַחֲצָת הָעָדָה מוְ־הַצָּאון
 - that half-share of the community consisted of 337,500 sheep,
 - 144 ובַלָּר ששה ושלשים אַלְף:
 - 36,000 head of cattle,
 - :תַמְשׁ מַאות עלשים אַלְף וַחֲמֵשׁ מַאות 45
 - 30,500 asses,
 - :וְנֶפֶשׁ אָלָם שִׁשָּׁה עְשֵׂר אַלַף
 - and 16,000 human beings.
- לַלִוּיָם שַמַרֵי מִשִּׁמַרֵת מִשִּׁכַן יְהוֹה כַאֲשֵׁר צוָה יְהוָה אֵת־משַה: אַת־הַאָחָוֹ אַתָּד מִן־הַחַמִּשִּׂים מִן־הָאָדָם וּמִן־הַבְּהַמָּה וַיִּתַּן אֹתָם וַיִּלְח משה ממחצת בני־ישראל
- From this half-share of the Israelites, Moses withheld one in every fifty humans and animals; and he gave them to the Levites, who attended to the duties of הוהי's Tabernacle, as הוהי had commanded Moses.

- בּקַלְיִם אֲשֶׂר לְאַלְפֶי הַאָּבָא שִׁרֶי הָאֲלָפִים וְשָׁרֶי הַמֵאְוֹת: 48 The commanders of the troop divisions, the וַיקרבוּ אַל־משה
 - officers of thousands and the officers of hundreds, approached Moses.
- 49 אַת־רָאש אַנשַי הַמַּלַחָמָה אַשֶר בִיִדְנוּ וַלֹא־נִפַּקָד מִמֵנוּ אִיש: ויאמרו אל־משה עבדיך נשאו
 - They said to Moses, "Your servants have made a check of the warriors in our charge, and not one of us is missing.
 - 50 וְצָמִיד טַבְעַת עָגֵיל וְכוּמֻז לְכַפֶּר עַל־נַפְשֹׁתְינוּ לִפְנֶי יְהֹוָה: וַנַקרֶב אַתֹּ־קַרבוֹ יָהוֹה אִישׁ אֲשׁר מַצַא כַלִּי־זַהַב אַצעדה
 - So we have brought as an offering to הוהי such articles of gold as each of us came upon: armlets, bracelets, signet rings, earrings, and pendants,*pendants Meaning of Heb. kumaz uncertain; cf. Exod. 35.22. that expiation may be made for our persons before הוהי."
- 51 וַיָּלָח משָה וָאַלְעַזָר הַכֹּהָן אַת־הַזָּהַב מַאָתַם כַל כַּלִי מַעְשָה:
 - Moses and Eleazar the priest accepted the gold from them, all kinds of wrought articles.
- וַחֲמִשִים שָׂקָל מֵאֵת שָׁרֶי הָאֲלָפִּים וּמֵאֶת שָׁרֶי הַמֵאְוֹת: הַתִרוֹמָה אֵשֵׁר הַרִּימוֹ לַיִהוֹה שׁשָּׂה עְשַׂר אֵלֵף שבע־מַאְוֹת ויהי | כל־זהב
- All the gold that was offered by the officers of thousands and the officers of hundreds as a contribution to הוהי came to 16,750 shekels.—

 - אַנשי הַצָּבַא בַּוווּ אִישׁ לְוּ: 53 But in the ranks, everyone kept his booty for himself.—
- 54 וַיָּבָאוּ אתוֹ אֵל־אָהֵל מועד זְכַרְוֹן לְבַנֵי־יִשׂרָאֵל לְפַנֵי יְהוָה: משה ואַלעזָר הַכֹּהַן אַת־הַזָּהָב מֵאֶת שַׁרָי הָאַלְפִים והַמֵאָות וַיִּלְח
 - So Moses and Eleazar the priest accepted the gold from the officers of thousands and the officers of hundreds and brought it to the Tent of Meeting, as a reminder in behalf of the Israelites before הוהי.

32

- וַיִּרְאוֹ אֶת־אֶרֶץ יַעְזֵר וְאֶת־אֶרֶץ גִּלְעָד וְהנָּה הַמַקוֹם מִקוֹם מִקנָה: ומקנה ו רַב הָיָה לִבנֵי ראובן ולִבנֵי־גָד עַצְוּם מִאַד
- The Reubenites and the Gadites owned cattle in very great numbers. Noting that the lands of Jazer and Gilead were a region suitable for cattle,
- וַיֹאמְרָוּ אֶל־מֹשֶׁה וְאֶל־אֶלְעָזָר הַכֹּהֵן וְאֶל־נִשִּׁיאֵי הָעָדָה לֵאמֹר: וַיָבאו בנֵי־גָד ובנֵי ראובֵן
 - the Gadite and Reubenite [leaders] came to Moses, Eleazar the priest, and the chieftains of the community, and said,
- עטַרות ודיבן ויַעזֵר ונִמִלָה וחֲשֹבוּן ואֵלעַלָה ושבם ונבו ובען:
- "Ataroth, Dibon, Jazer, Nimrah, Heshbon, Elealeh, Sebam, Nebo, and Beon—
- יָהוָה לִפַנֵי עַדָת ישִׁרָאֵל אֶרֵץ מִקנֵה הַוֹא וַלַעַבְדֵיךָ מִקנָה: האָרֶץ אָשֵׂר הַכַּה
- the land that הוהי has conquered for the community of Israel—is cattle country, and your servants have cattle.
- יָתַּן אַת־הָאָרֵץ הַזָּאת לַעַבְדֵיךָ לַאַחְזָה אַל־תַעַבַרֵנוּ אַת־הַיַּרְדֵּן: וַיאמרו אם־מַצָאנו חוֹן בִּעִינִיךָ
- It would be a favor to us," they continued, "if this land were given to your servants as a holding; do not move us across the Jordan."
- וּלִבנֵי רִאוּבָן הַאָּחֵיכֵם יָבֹאוֹ לַמַלְחַמָה וִאַתֵּם תַשׁבוּ פָה: וַיָאמֵר משוה לבני־גָד
- Moses replied to the Gadites and the Reubenites, "Are your brothers to go to war while you stay here?

- אָת־לָב בְּנֵי יִשֹׁרָאֵל מִעֲבר אֶל־הָאָרֶץ אֲשֶׂר־נָתְן לָהָם יְהֹוָה: וַלְמַה)תנואון(]תניאון[
 - Why will you turn the minds of the Israelites from crossing into the land that הוהי has given them?
- ַכָה עשוּ אַבתִיכָם בִשַּלְחִי אתָם מקדַש בַּרְנֵע לִראות אַת־הָאָרֵץ:
- That is what your fathers did when I sent them from Kadesh-barnea to survey the land.
- אֶת־לֶב בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֶל לְבַלְתִי־בֹא אֶל־הָאַרֶץ אֲשֶׂר־נָתְן לָהֶם יְהֹנָה: וַיַעלוֹ עד־נַחַל אָשׁכוֹל וַיִּרְאוֹ אַת־הַאַרֵץ וַיִּנִיאוּ
- After going up to the wadi Eshcol and surveying the land, they turned the minds of the Israelites from invading the land that הוהי had given them.
- ביום ההוא וישבע לאמר: 10 Thereupon הוהי was incensed and swore,
- אַשר נשבעתי לאַברָהָם ליִצחָק וּלִיעַקב כִי לא־מַלאוּ אַחַרִי: הָעלִים מִמִּצְרַיִם מִבֶּן עֶשִׁרִים שָנָהֹ וָמַעְלָה אָת הָאַדָּמָה אם־יראו האַנשים
- 'None of the men*men I.e., the militia; see chap. 14, esp. vv. 26-35. Lit. "participants whose involvement defines the depicted situation"; see the Dictionary under 'ish. from twenty years up who came out of Egypt shall see the land that I promised on oath to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, for they did not remain loyal to Me-
- 12 בַּלתִّי כַלֶב בַּן־יִפְנֵה הַקְנוֹי וִיהושׁע בַּן־נָון כֵי מַלְאוּ אַחֵרֵי יִהוָה:
 - none except Caleb son of Jephunneh the Kenizzite and Joshua son of Nun, for they remained loyal to הוהי.'
 - 13 אַרבַעים שנה עד־תם כל־הַדור הָעשה הָרַע בעינֵי יהוָה: ויחר אף יהוה בישראל וינעם במדבר
 - הוהי, incensed at Israel, made them wander in the wilderness for forty years, until the whole generation that had provoked הוהי's displeasure was gone.
 - 14 אַנשִים חַטָּאִים לִסְפָּוֹת עוֹד עָל חֲרְוֹן אַף־יְהֹוָה אֶל־יִשְׂרָאֵל: והנה קמתם תחת אבתיכם תרבות
 - And now you, a breed of sinful fellows,*fellows I.e., members of the community. Lit. "participants whose involvement defines the depicted situation"; trad. "men." See the Dictionary under 'ish. have replaced your fathers, to add still further to הוהי's wrath against Israel.
 - ויָסָף עוד להַנִּיחו בַמִדבָר וִשְחַתֵּם לכַל־הָעָם הַזֵּה: כי תשובן מאחריו
- If you turn away from [God], who then abandons them once more in the wilderness, you will bring calamity upon all this people."
- 16 וַיִּגִּשׁוּ אֵלָיוֹ וַיָּאמרוּ גִּדְרָת צֵאן נִבְנָה לִמִקנֵנוּ פָה וִעְרִים לִטַפְנוּ:
- Then they stepped up to him and said, "We will build here sheepfolds for our flocks and towns for our children.
 - אַל־מִקוֹמָם ויָשַב טַפַּנוֹ בִעָרָי הַמַבַצָּר מִפַּנֵי ישבי הָאָרֵץ: ואַנַחנו נַחָלָץ חַשִּׁים לפני בני ישראל עד אַשר אם־הַביאנם
- And we will hasten*hasten Meaning of Heb. ushim uncertain. as shock-troops in the van of the Israelites until we have established them in their home, while our children stay in the fortified towns because of the inhabitants of the land.
- 18 לְא נָשוֹב אֱל־בָּתַינוּ עָד הְתַנַחֵל בְּנֶי יִשֹׁרָאֵל אִישׁ נַחֵלָתְוּ:
- We will not return to our homes until the Israelites—every one of them—are in possession of their portion.

לַיִּרְהֶן נִהְלְאָה כִּי בָאָה נַחֲלָתֵׁנוּ אֵלֵינוּ מֵעֶבֶר הַיַּרְהֶן מִזְרְחָה: כַּי לָא נִנְחַל אִתָּם מֵעֶבֶר	19	But we will not have a share with them in the territory beyond the Jordan, for we have received our share on the east side of the Jordan."
אָם־תַּצְשָׂוּן אֶת־הַדִּבָר הַזַּה אִם־תַּחְלְצְוּ לִפְנֶי יְהֹוָה לִמִלְחִמְה: וַיָּאמֶר אֲלֵיהֶם משֶׁה	20	Moses said to them, "If you do this, if you go to battle as shock-troops, at the instance of ,
כָּל־חָלָוּץ אֶת־הַיַּרְהֶן לִפְנֶי יְהֹוֶה עָד הוֹרִישֶׁוֹ אֶת־אֹיְבְיו מִפָּנְיו: וְעָבַּר לָכֶם	21	and every shock-fighter among you crosses the Jordan, at the instance of הוהי, until [God] has personally dispossessed the enemies,
מֵיְהוֹהְה וּמִיִשְׂרָאֵל וְּהַיְתָּה הָאָּרֶץ הַזָּאת לָכֶם לַאֲחַזָּה לִפְנֵי יְהוֹה: וְנִכְבְּשָׂה הָאָּרֶץ לִפְנָי יְהוֹה וְאַחַר תָּשֻׁבוּ וִהְיִיתָם נְקּיֶם	22	and the land has been subdued, at the instance of הוהי, and then you return—you shall be clear before הוהי and before Israel; and this land shall be your holding under הוהי.
בֵּן הִנָּה חֲטָאתֶם לַיהֹוֶה וּדְעוּ חַטַאתְלֶם אֲשֶׂר תִּמְצָא אֶתְכֶם: וְאִם־לָא תַעֲשׁוּן	23	But if you do not do so, you will have sinned against הוהי; and know that your sin will overtake you.
בְּנְוּ־לָכֶם עָרִיםֹ לְטַפְּלֶם וּגְדֵרְת לְצֹנַאֲכֶם וְהַיֹצֶא מִפִּיכֶם תַּצְשׁוּ:	24	Build towns for your children and sheepfolds for your flocks, but do what you have promised."
ּוּבְנֵי רְאוּבֵן אֶלִ־מֹשֶׁה לֵאמֶר אֲבָדֶיךְ יִעֲשׁוּ כַּאֲשֶׂר אֲדֹנִי מְצַוֶּה: וַיָּאמֶר בְּנֵי־גִּד	25	The Gadites and the Reubenites answered Moses, "Your servants will do as my lord commands.
טַפָּנוּ נָשֵׂינוּ מִקנֶנוּ וְכָל־בְּהֶמְתְנוּ יְהְיוּ־שָׂם בְּעָרֶי הַגַּלְעָד:	26	Our children, our wives, our flocks, and all our other livestock will stay behind*behind Lit. "there." in the towns of Gilead;
יָעבְרוּ כָל־חֲלָוּץ צָבָא לִפְנֶי יְהֹוָה לַמִּלְחָמָה כַּאֲשֶׂר אֲדֹנָי דּבְר: וַעֲבָדֶּיִךְ	27	while your servants, all those recruited for war, cross over, at the instance of הוהי, to engage in battle—as my lord orders."
וְאֶת יְהוֹשַׂעַ בִּן־נָוּן וְאֶת־רָאשָּׁי אֲבְוֹת הַמַּטִוֹת לִבְנֶי יִשְׂרָאְל: וִיצֵו לָהֶם משֶׁה אָת אֶלְעזַר הַכּּהֵון	28	Then Moses gave instructions concerning them to Eleazar the priest, Joshua son of Nun, and the family heads of the Israelite tribes.
וְנִכְבְּשָׂה הָאָרֶץ לִפְנֵיכֶם וּנְתַתֶּם לָהֶם אֶת־אֶרֶץ הַגִּלְעָד לַאֲחֻזָּה: וּבְנֵירְאוּבֶן וּ אִתְכֶּם אֶת־הַיַּרְהֵּו כָּל־תָלִוּץ לַמִלְתַמָה לִפְנָי יְהֹוָה וַיֹּאמֶר משֶׁה אֲלֵהֶם אִם־יַעבְרָוּ בְנֵי־גָד	29	Moses said to them, "If every shock-fighter among the Gadites and the Reubenites crosses the Jordan with you to do battle, at the instance of הוהי, and the land is subdued before you, you shall give them the land of Gilead as a holding.
ּוְאָם־לָּא יְעַבְרֶוּ חֲלוּצִים אִתְּכֶם וְנְאחֵזָוּ בְתֹכְכֶם בְּאָרֶץ כְּנָעַן:	30	But if they do not cross over with you as shock-troops, they shall receive holdings among you in the land of Canaan."
וּבְנֶי רְאוּבֶן לֵאמֵר אֵתٌ אֲשֶּׁר הִבֶּר יְהֹוָה אֶל־עְבָדֶיךָ כֶּן נַעֲשֶׂה: וַיְעֲנָוּ בְנֵי־גָד	31	The Gadites and the Reubenites said in reply, "Whatever הוהי has spoken concerning your servants, that we will do.
לִפְנֶי יְהֹוָה אָרֶץ כְּנֶען וְאִתֹּנוּ אֲחֻזַּת נַחֲלָתֵנוּ מֵעְבֶר לַיַּרְדְּן: נַחְנוּ נַעֲבָר חֲלוּצִים	32	We ourselves will cross over as shock-troops, at the instance of הוהי, into the land of Canaan; and we shall keep our hereditary holding across the Jordan."*across the Jordan I.e., in Transjordan.

- אַרָין לעַרִּיהָ בּגָבַלֹת עָרַי הָאָרֵץ סְבִיב: 33 So Moses assigned to them—to the Gadites, the וֹמַנַשַּׂהֹ בַּן־יוֹמַף אֵתֹ־מַמִּלְבָתֹ סִיחֹן מֵלֵרַ הָאֵמֹרִי וֹאֵת־מַמּלְכַת וַיִּתֶן לָהֶם ו משוה לִבנִי־גָד וֹלִבנִי רְאוּבֵן וַלַחַצֵי ו שַבֵּט
 - Reubenites, and the half-tribe of Manasseh son of Joseph—the kingdom of Sihon king of the Amorites and the kingdom of King Og of Bashan, the land with its various cities and the territories of their surrounding towns.

 - 134 The Gadites rebuilt Dibon, Ataroth, Aroer, ויבנו בני־גד את־דיבן ואַת־עטרת ואָת ערער:
 - ואַת־עַטרָת שוֹפַן ואַת־יַעזֵר ויָגבִהָה:
- Atroth-shophan, Jazer, Jogbehah,
 - וִאַת־בֵּית נִמַרָה וָאֵת־בֵּית הָרָן עָרָי מִבִצָּר וִגִּדְרָת צִאן:
- Beth-nimrah, and Beth-haran as fortified towns or as enclosures for flocks.
- 37 ובני ראובן בנו את־חשבון ואת־אלעלא ואת קריתים:
- The Reubenites rebuilt Heshbon, Elealeh, Kiriathaim,
- עַם וְאֶת־שִבְּמָה וַיִּקרְאָוּ בְשַמֹת אֶת־שַמְוֹת הֶעָרִים אֲשֶׁר בִּנְוּ: ואַת־נבו ואַת־בַעל מעון מוסבת
- Nebo, Baal-meon—some names being changed—and Sibmah; they gave [their own] names to towns that they rebuilt.*they gave [their own] names to towns that they rebuilt Cf. vv. 41, 42.
- מַכְיר בֶּן־מְנַשָּה גִּלְעָדָה וְיִלְכְדָה וַיִּוֹרֶשׁ אֶת־הָאֱמֹרֵי אֲשֵׂר־בָּה:
 - The descendants of Machir son of Manasseh went to Gilead and captured it, dispossessing the Amorites who were there;

 - ניִתוּן משה אַת־הַגִּלְעד לִמְכִיר בַּן־מִנְשָה וַיֵּשֵב בָּה: 40 so Moses gave Gilead to Machir son of Manasseh, and he settled there.
- בַן־מַנַשֵּה הַלַּךְ וַיִּלְכָּד אַת־חוּתִיהָם וַיִּקרָא אַתהן חוַת יָאִיר: וְיָאָיר
- Jair son of Manasseh went and captured their villages,*their villages Or "the villages of Ham"; cf. Gen. 14.5. which he renamed Havvoth-jair.*Havvoth-jair I.e., "the villages of Jair."
- 42 ונָבַח הָלַךְ וַיִּלְכָד אֲת־קנַת ואַת־בַּנֹתַיה וַיִּקְרָא לָה נָבַח בְּשׁמוּ:
- And Nobah went and captured Kenath and its dependencies, renaming it Nobah after himself.