שופטים Shoftim

Deuteronomy 16:18-21:9

- 18 שפטים ושטרים תתודלך בכל־שעריך אַשוֹר יהוָה אֱלהיד נתו לוְד לִשַבַטִיךַ וִשַפַטוּ אֵת־הַעָם מִשַפַט־צַדֵק:
 - You shall appoint magistrates and officials for your tribes, in all the settlements that your God is giving you, and they shall govern the people with due justice.
- 19 לא־תַטָה מִשִּׁפָּט לְא תַכִּיר פַנָים וִלא־תַקָח שׂחַד כִי הַשֹּׁחַד יִעְוַר עיני חַכַמִּים וִיסַלְף הַבַרֵי צַהִיקם:
 - You shall not judge unfairly: you shall show no partiality; you shall not take bribes, for bribes blind the eyes of the discerning and upset the plea of the just.
- 20 צֶדֶק צֶדֶק תִרְדֻּף לְמָעון תִּחְיֶה וְיָרַשִּׁתְ אֶת־הָאַרֵץ אַשוֹר־יִהוֹוָה אֵלֹהֵירַ נתן לָך:
 - Justice, justice shall you pursue, that you may thrive and occupy the land that your God הוהי is giving you.
 - תַעשה־לַּךְ:
 - לארתטָע לְךָ אֲשֵׂרָה כָּל־עָץ אֵצֶל מִזְבָּח יְהֹוָה אֱלֹהֶיךָ אֲשֶׂר 21 You shall not set up a sacred post—any kind of pole beside the altar of your God הוהי that you may make—

 - הוהי or erect a stone pillar; for such your God ולָא־תַּקִים לָּךְ מַצֶּבָה אֲשֶׂר שָׁנָא יִהוָה אֵלוֹיַיךָ: detests.

- לא־תִזבַח לַיהוָה אֱלֹהֵיךָ שִור וָשֵׂה אֲשֵׂר יִהיָה בוֹ מוּם כִל דָבַר רַע כִי תועבת יהוָה אֱלֹהֵיךָ הוא:
- You shall not sacrifice to your God הוהי an ox or a sheep that has any defect of a serious kind, for that is abhorrent to your God הוהי.
- ַ כִּי־יִמָצָא בְקרְבְּךָ בְאַחָד שִׁעָרֶיךָ אֲשֶׂר־יְהוָה אֱלֹהֶיךָ נֹתָן לְךְ אַיש אוֹאשוָה אֲשֵׂר יַצְשַׂה אֶת־הָרֶע בַּעִינָי יְהוָה־אֱלֹהֶיךָ לַעֲבָר בְּרִיתְוּ:
- If there is found among you, in one of the settlements that your God הוהי is giving you, a man or woman who has affronted your God הוהי and transgressed the Covenant—
- וַיַּלֶךְ וַיַעֲבד אֱלֹהָים אֲחַרִים וַיִשׁתְחוּ לָהָם וַלַשָּמֵשׁ וּ אָו לַיָּבֶח או לכל־צבא הַשַּמִים אַשר לא־צויתי:
- turning to the worship of other gods and bowing down to them, to the sun or the moon or any of the heavenly host, something I never commanded—
- וְהֻגַּד־לְךָ וְשָׂמֶעְתָּ וְדָרַשִּׁתְ הֵיטֵב וְהִנָּה אֱמֶת נָכָוֹן הַדָּבָּר נֶעֶשִׂתָה התועבה הזאת בישראל:
- and you have been informed or have learned of it, then you shall make a thorough inquiry. If it is true, the fact is established, that abhorrent thing was perpetrated in Israel,
- וָהוצָאת אָת־הָאַישׁ הַהוֹא אוֹ אָת־הָאשָׂה הַהוֹא אָשֵר עַשׁוּ אַת־הַדָּבַר הַרַע הַזָּה אַל־שִעְרֵיך אַת־הַאִּישׁ אוֹ אַת־הָאִשַׂה וּסְקְלְתָּם בָּאֲבָנִים וָמֵתוּ:
- you shall take the man or the woman who did that wicked thing out to the public place, and you shall stone that man or woman to death.—
- על־פַי ן שנים עדים או שלשה עדים יומת המת לא יומת על־פִי עד :אֶתְר
- A person shall be put to death only on the testimony of two or more (more Lit. "three.") witnesses; no one shall be put to death on the testimony of a single witness.—

- יַד הָעַדִּים תְּהְיֶה־בְּוֹ בָרִאשֹנָהֹ לַהֲמִיתוֹ וְיָד כָּל־הַעָם בָּאַחֲרֹנֶה וּבַעַרִתְ הַרָע מִקרָבַּךֵ:
- 7 Let the hands of the witnesses be the first to put [the condemned] to death, followed by the hands of the rest of the people. Thus you will sweep out evil from your midst.
- כֵי יִפְלֵא מִמְךָּ דָבָר לַמִשְׁפָּט בִּין־הָּם וּ לְּדָם בֵּין־הַין לְדִּין וּבֶין נָגַע לָנָגַע דִבְרָי רִיבִת בִּשְעְרָיִך וְקִמְתְ וְעָלִיתְ אֶׁלֹ־הַמִּלְוֹם אֲשֶׁר יִבִחַר יִהֹוָה אֵלֹהֵיָך בִּוֹ:
- 8 If a case is too baffling for you to decide, be it a controversy over homicide, civil law, or assault—matters of dispute in your courts—you shall promptly repair to the place that your God will have chosen,
- וּבָאתֹּ אֶל־הַכֹּהֲנִיםׁ הַלְּוִיִּם וְאֶל־הַשֹּפֵּט אֲשֶׁר יִהְיֶה בַּיָּמֵים הָהֶם וִדְרַשַּׁתֹּ וָהִגִּידוּ לְּךָ אֲת דִּבַר הַמִשִּׁפַט:
- 9 and appear before the levitical priests, or the magistrate in charge at the time, and present your problem. When they have announced to you the verdict in the case,
- וְעֶשִׂיתְ עַלֹּיפִי הַדָּבָר אֲשֶׂר יַנְּידְוּ לְךָ מִן־הַמַקוֹם הַהֹּוּא אֲשֶׁר יִבְחַר יִהֹנָה וָשַׂמַרִתְּ לַעֲשׁוֹת כִּכִל אֲשֵׂר יוֹרוּךֵ:
- you shall carry out the verdict that is announced to you from that place that הוהי chose, observing scrupulously all their instructions to you.
- על־פִּׁי הַתּוֹרָה אֲשֶׂר יוֹרוּך וְעַל־הַמִשְׁפָּט אֲשֶׂר־יֹאמְרְוּ לְּךְ תַּעֲשַׂה לָא תָסוּר מן־הַהָּבָר אֲשֶׂר־יַגִּידוּ לְךָ יִמִין וּשְׂמָאל:
- 11 You shall act in accordance with the instructions given you and the ruling handed down to you; you must not deviate from the verdict that they announce to you either to the right or to the left.
- וְהָאִّישׁ אֲשֶׂר־יַצְשַׂה בְזָדוֹן לְבַלְתֹּי שִׁמְעַ אֶל־הַכֹּהַן הַעמֵד לְשָׁרֶת שָם אֶת־יְהוָה אֱלֹהֶיךָ אִוֹ אֶל־הַשֹּפֵּט וּמֵת הָאִישׁ הַהוֹּא וּבְעַרְתְּ הָרְע מִישִׂרָאֵל:
- 12 Should either party [to the dispute] act presumptuously and disregard the priest charged with serving there your God הוהי, or the magistrate, that party shall die. Thus you will sweep out evil from Israel:
- :13 וְכָל־הָעָם יִשֹּמְעַוּ וְיִרְאוּ וְלָא יְזִידְוּן עְוֹד
 - 13 all the people will hear and be afraid and will not act presumptuously again.
- כִּי־תִבָּא אֶל־הָאָרֶץ אֲשֶּׁר יְהֹוָה אֱלֹהֶירָ נֹתְן לָךְ וְירִשְׁתְה וְיִשְבְתְה בָה וְאָמַרְתָּ אָשִׂימָה עָלַיׁ מֶלֶךְ כְּכָל־הַגּוֹיֻם אֲשֶׁר סְבִיבֹתִי:
- 14 If, after you have entered the land that your God יהוה has assigned to you, and taken possession of it and settled in it, you decide, "I will set a king over me, as do all the nations about me,"
- 15 עַוֹם תָּשִׁים עָלֶּיךָ לֶּלֶךְ אֲשֶׂר יִבְחָר יְהוֹוָה אֱלֹהֶיךָ בְּוֹ מִקְּרֶב אַתֶּיךְ תָשִׁים עָלֶיךָ לֶּאָ תוּכַל לָתָת עָלֶיךָ אַישׁ נָכְרִי אֲשֶׂר לְא־אִחְיךָ הוּא:
 - 15 you shall be free to set a king over yourself, one chosen by your God הוהי. Be sure to set as king over yourself one of your own people; you must not set a foreigner over you, one who is not your kin.
- רַקָּ לֹא־יַרְבֶּה־לָּוֹ סוּסִים וְלְא־יָשִיב אֶת־הָעָם מִצְרַיְמָה לְמָעון הַרְבָּוֹת סֵוּס וְיהוָה אָמַר לָלֶם לָא תֹסִפּוּן לָשָוּב בַּהָרֶךְ הַאָּה עוֹד:
- 16 Moreover, he shall not keep many horses or send people back to Egypt to add to his horses, since יהוהי has warned you, "You must not go back that way again."
- 17 וְלָא יַרְבֶּה־לוֹ נָשֹׁיִם וְלָא יָסְוּר לְבָבֵוֹ וְכָסֶף וְזָהָב לָא יַרְבֶּה־לּוֹ מְאִד:
 - 17 And he shall not have many wives, lest his heart go astray; nor shall he amass silver and gold to excess.
- 18 וְהָיָה כְשִׂבְתוֹ עֻל כִּסֶא מַמְלַכְתְוֹ וְלָתַב לוֹ אֶת־מִשְוְנֵה הַתּוֹרָה הַזֹּאתֹ עַל־מַפֶּר מִלִּפְנֶי הַכֹּהֲנִים הַלְוִיְם:
- 18 When he is seated on his royal throne, he shall have a copy of this Teaching written for him on a scroll by (by Nuance of Heb. milliphne uncertain.) the levitical priests.

- 19 Let it remain with him and let him read in it all והַיִּתָה עמוֹ וַקְרָא בוֹ כָּל־יִמֵי חַיַיו לִמַען יַלְמַד לִיִרְאָה אֲת־יְהוָה אֱלֹהַיו לְשַמֹר אֱת־כַּל־דָבַרֶּי הַתוֹרָה הַזָּאת וְאֱת־הַחַקִים הַאֱלֶה לַעֲשֹׁתְם:
 - his life, so that he may learn to revere his God הוהי, to observe faithfully every word of this Teaching as well as these laws.
 - 20 לבלתי רום־לבבו מאחיו ולבלתי סור מן־המצוה ימין ושמאול למען יאריך ימים על־ממלכתו הוא ובניו בקרב ישראל:
- Thus he will not act haughtily toward his fellows or deviate from the Instruction to the right or to the left, to the end that he and his descendants may reign long in the midst of Israel.

- לְא־יִּהֹיֶה לַכֹּהֲגִּים הַלְוִיִּם כָּל־שַּׁבֶט לֵוָי חֶלֶק וְנַחֲלָה עִם־יִשׂרָאֵל אשי יהוַה ונַחַלַתו יאכַלון:
- The levitical priests, the whole tribe of Levi, shall have no territorial portion with Israel. They shall live only off הוהי's offerings by fire as their (their Lit. "its," i.e., the tribe's.) portion,
- ונחלה לא־יָהיֵה־לִּוֹ בַקְרֵב אַחַיו יְהוָהֹ הְוֹא נַחַלְתוֹ כַאַשֵּׁר דִבְּר־לְוֹ:
- and shall have no portion among their brother tribes: הוהי is their portion, as promised.
- ווֹה יִהְיֵהֹ מִשֹׁפַּׁט הַכֹּהֵנִים מֵאֶת הָעָֹם מֵאֶת זבִתִי הַזָּבַח אִם־שִוֹר אִם־שַה ונתן לכהן הזרע והלחיים והקבה:
- This then shall be the priests' due from the people: Everyone who offers a sacrifice, whether an ox or a sheep, must give the shoulder, the cheeks, and the stomach to the priest.
- ַרֵאשִּׂית דִגָנָךָ תִּירְשַׂךָ וִיִצְהָרֵבָ וִרֵאשַית גַּז צֹאנָךָ תִתְּן־לְוֹ:
- You shall also give him the first fruits of your new grain and wine and oil, and the first shearing of your sheep.
- כִי בו בַּחַר יִהוָה אֵלהִיךָ מִכָּל־שִבְטַיךָ לַעַמֹד לְשַׂרָת בְּשַׁם־יִהוָה הְוֹא ובניו כל־הימים:
- For your God הוהי has chosen him and his descendants, out of all your tribes, to be in attendance for service in the name of הוהי for all time.
- וֹכִי־יָבֹא הַלֵּוֹי מֵאַחָד שׁעְרֵיךָ מְכָּל־יִשֹׁרָאֵל אֲשֵׂר־הְוֹא נָּר שַׁם וּבָא בכל־אַנַת נַפשו אַל־הַמַקום אַשר־יבחר יהוָה:
- If a Levite would go, from any of the settlements throughout Israel where he has been residing, to the place that הוהי has chosen, he may do so whenever he pleases.
- ושבת בשם יהוה אלהיו ככל־אחיו הלווים העמדים שם לפני יהוָה:
 - He may serve in the name of his God הוהי like all his fellow Levites who are there in attendance before הוהי.
 - חַלַק כַחַלֵק יאכַלוּ לבָד ממכַרִיו עַל־הָאַבות:
- They shall receive equal shares of the dues, without regard to personal gifts or patrimonies. (without regard to personal gifts or patrimonies Meaning of Heb. uncertain.)
- ַכִּי אַתָּהֹ בָּא אֶל־הָאָׂרֶץ אֲשֶׂר־יְהֹוָה אֱלֹהֶיךָ נֹתָן לְךְ לְא־תִלְמַד לַעֲשׂוֹת כתועבת הגוים ההם:
- When you enter the land that your God הוהי is giving you, you shall not learn to imitate the abhorrent practices of those nations.
- לְא־יִמָצָא בְךָ מַעֲבֶיר בְּנְוֹ־וּבִתְוֹ בָאֲשׁ קֹסֶם קּסָמִים מעונן ומנַחֵשׁ ומכשף:
- Let no one be found among you who consigns a son or daughter to the fire, or who is an augur, a soothsayer, a diviner, a sorcerer,

- ים אַל־הַמֵּתִים: 11 one who casts spells, or one who consults ghosts or familiar spirits, or one who inquires of the dead.
- בי־תוֹעָבָת הָאַלֵּה וּבְגַּלַל הַתוֹעָבָת הָאַלֵּה יִהוָה אֱלֹהֵיך 12 For anyone who does such things is abhorrent to מוֹרֵישׁ אוֹתַם מִפַּנֵיךָ:
 - הוהי, and it is because of these abhorrent things that your God הוהי is dispossessing them before
 - בוה עם יהוָה אַלהֵיך: אַלהַיך: עם יהוָה אַלהִיך: 13 You must be wholehearted with your God
 - 14 כִי ו הַגּוֹיָם הָאֵלֶה אֲשֶׂר אַתָּה יוֹרָשׁ אוֹתְם אֶל־מְענְנָים וְאֶל־קּסְמִים ישמעו ואַתָּה לֹא כַן נַתַן לַךְ יְהוָה אֱלֹהִיךְ:
 - Those nations that you are about to dispossess do indeed resort to soothsayers and augurs; to you, however, your God הוהי has not assigned the like.
 - 15 נַבִּיא מַקּרַבַּךָ מֵאַחֶיךָ כַּמֹנִי יָקִים לְדָ יְהוֹה אֱלֹהַיִּדְ אֱלִיו תְשִׁמְעוּוְ:
- From among your own people, your God הוהי will raise up for you a prophet like myself; that is whom you shall heed.
- 16 ככל אַשֶּר־שַאַלִת מֵעָם יְהוָה אֱלֹהֶיךָ בַחֹרֶב בַיִּוֹם הַקְהַל לֵאמֵר לְא אֹסֵף לִשִׁמֹעַ אַת־קוֹל יִהֹוָה אֵלֹהָי וִאַת־הָאֵשׁ הַגִּדֹלָה הַזָּאת לְא־אַרִאָה עוד ולא אמות:
 - This is just what you asked of your God מההי at Horeb, on the day of the Assembly, saying, "Let me not hear the voice of my God הוהי any longer or see this wondrous fire any more, lest I die."

 - said to me, "They have done well in הוהי said to me, "They have done well in speaking thus.
 - וּרָבֶר בְּלִיו וִדְבַר אַקים לָהֶם מִקְרֶב אֲחֵיהֶם כָּמֵוֹךְ וְנָתַתְי דִבְרַי בִּפִּיו וִדְבָּר 18 I will raise up for them from among their own אַלִיהֶם אַת כַל־אַשֵר אַצוַנוּ:
 - people a prophet like yourself, in whose mouth I will put My words and who will speak to them all that I command:
 - 19 וְהָיָה הָאִישׁ אֲשָר לְא־יִשִּׁמֵעُ אֶל־דִּבְרַי אֲשֶר יְדַבְּר בִּשְׁמֵי אָנֹכִי :אדרש מעמו
 - and anybody who fails to heed the words [the prophet] speaks in My name, I Myself will call to account.
 - 20 אַך הַנַבִּיא אֵשֵר יַזִיד לִדַבַּר דַבַר בְשַׁמִי אַת אֵשַר לִא־צוִיתיוֹ לָדַבַּר וַאֲשֵׁר יִדַבַּר בִשֵּׁם אֱלֹהֵים אֲחַרֵים וֹמֵת הַנָּבִיא הַהוֹא:
 - But any prophet who presumes to speak in My name an oracle that I did not command to be uttered, or who speaks in the name of other gods—that prophet shall die."

 - that the oracle was not spoken by הוהי"—
 - 22 אַשֵּל יִדְבֵּר הַנַּבִיא בִשֵּם יְהוֹה וִלֹא־יִהְיָה הַהַבַר וִלְא יַבֹא הוּא הַדַּבַר אֲשֵר לֹא־דַבַּרוֹ יָהוָה בּזָדוֹן דַבַּרוֹ הַנַבִּיא לָא תְגוּר מִמְנוּ:
 - if the prophet speaks in the name of הוהי and the oracle does not come true, that oracle was not spoken by הוהי; the prophet has uttered it presumptuously: do not stand in dread of that person.

- כִי־יַכִרית יְהוָה אֱלֹהֵיךָ אֱת־הַגוּיִם אֲשֵׁר יְהוָה אֱלֹהֵיךָ נתוְן לְּךָ אָת־אַרצַם וִירְשַׁתְּם וִיַשַבְתַּ בַעַרֵיהֵם וּבַבַתֵּיהַם:
- When your God הוהי has cut down the nations whose land your God הוהי is assigning to you, and you have dispossessed them and settled in their towns and homes.

- שַׁלְוֹשׁ עָרִים תַּבְדִּיל לֶךְ בְּתַוֹךְ אַרְצְדָ אֲשֶׂר יְהֹוָה אֱלֹהֶיךָ נֹתָן לְךָ לרשתה:
 - תַּכִין לְךָּ הַבֶּּבֶרְ וְשַׁלַשְׁתָּ אֶת־גְּבָוּל אַרְצְךָ אֲשֶׁר יַנְחִילְךָ יְהֹוָה אַלֹּהִיךַ וְהַיָּה לַנִּוּס שִׁמָּה כַּלּ־רִצְחַ:
 - וְזֶהֹ דְּבָר הָרֹצֵּׁחַ אֲשֶׂר־יָנָוּס שָׁמָה וָחִי אֲשֶּׁר יַכָּה אֶת־רֵעֵּהוּ בָּבַלִי־לַעת וָהַוּא לֹא־שֹׁנָא לִוֹ מַתְּמֹל שׁלִשַּׁם:
- וַאֲשֶׂר יָבֹא אֶת־רֵעָהוּ בַיַּצְר ׁלַחְטָב עֵצִים ׁ וְנִהְּחָה יָדְוֹ בַגַּרְזֶן ׁ לִכְרָת הָלֵץ וְנָשִׂל הַבַּרְזֶל מִן־הָלֵץ וּמִצָא אֶת־רֵעְהוּ וָמֵת הוּא יָנָוּס אֶל־אַחְת הָעָרִים־הָאָלֶה וָתִי:
 - פֶּן־יִרְדֹּף גֹּאֵל הַהָּם אַחֲרֶי הָרֹצֵׁחַ כִּי־יֵחַם ׁלְבָבוֹ וְהִשִּׁיגֶוֹ כִּי־יִרְבָּה הַדֶּכֶךְ וְהִכְּהוּ נֻפֶּשׁ וְלוֹ אָין מִשִּׁפְּט־מַנֶּת כִּי לָא שׁנָּא הְוּא לְוֹ מִתְמִוֹל שִׁלְשִׁוֹם:
 - על־כֶן אָנכִי מצַוּךָ לַאמֵר שַלְשׁ עָרִים תַבְּדִיל לְרָ:
 - וְאָם־יַרְחִّיב יְהֹוָה אֱלֹהֶׁיךָ אֶת־גְּבֵלְךָ כַּאֲשֶׂר נִשְׂבָע לַאֲבֹתְיִךְ וְנָתַן לְךָ אֶת־כִלּ־הָאָרֶץ אֲשֶׁר הִבָּר לִתֶת לַאֲבֹתִיךָ:
- כִי־תִשְׂמֹר אֶת־כָּל־הַמִּצְוָּה הַזֹּאת לַצְשׂתָּה אֲשֶּׁר אַנֹכִי מְצַוְּךָּ הַיּוֹם לְאַהַבָּה אֶת־יִהוָה אֱלֹהָידְ וְלָלֶכֶת בִּדְּרָכִיו כָּל־הַיָּמִים וְיָסַפְּתְּ לְדָ עוֹדׁ שִׁלְשׁ עָרִים עָל הַשִּׁלְשׁ הָאָלֶה:
 - וְלָא יִשַׂפֵּךְ הַם נָלִי בִּקְרֶב אַרְצְךָ אֲשֶׁר יְהֹוָה אֱלוֹלֶידָ נֹתְן לְךָ נַחֲלָה וְהָיָה עָלֵיךָ הַמִים:
 - וְכִי־יִהְיֶה אִישׁ שֹׁנָא לְרֵעֵּהוּ וְאָרַב לוֹ וְקָם עָלִיו וְהִכְּהוּ נֶפֶשׁ וָמֵת וָנֶס אֵל־אַחָת הַעָרֵים הָאָל:
 - וְשָלְחוּ זִקנֵי עִירוֹ וְלָקחְוּ אֹתְוֹ מִשֶּׁם וְנָתְנָוּ אֹתוֹ בְּיֶד גֹּאֶל הַהָּם וַמֵּת:
 - 13 לא־תַחוס עִינָדָ עלַיו ובערת דַם־הַנַקי מישראל וטוב לַדָּ

- 2 you shall set aside three cities in the land that your God הוהי is giving you to possess.
- 3 You shall survey the distances, and divide into three parts the territory of the country that your God הוהי has allotted to you, so that any [man] ([man] See note at 4.42.) who has killed someone (who has killed someone See note at 4.42.) may have a place to flee to.—
- 4 Now this is the case of the killer who may flee there and live: one who has slain another unwittingly, without having been an enemy in the past.
- 5 For instance, a man goes with another fellow into a grove to cut wood; as his hand swings the ax to cut down a tree, the ax-head flies off the handle and strikes the other so that he dies. That man shall flee to one of these cities and live.—
- 6 Otherwise, when the distance is great, the blood-avenger, pursuing the killer in hot anger, may overtake him and strike him down; yet he did not incur the death penalty, since he had never been the other's enemy.
- 7 That is why I command you: set aside three cities.
- 8 And when your God הוהי enlarges your territory, as was sworn to your fathers, and gives you all the land that was promised to be given to your fathers—
- 9 if you faithfully observe all this Instruction that I enjoin upon you this day, to love your God מהוהי and to walk in God's ways at all times—then you shall add three more towns to those three.
- 10 Thus blood of the innocent will not be shed, bringing bloodguilt upon you in the land that your God הוהי is allotting to you.
- 11 If, however, a man who is the enemy of another lies in wait and sets upon [the victim] and strikes a fatal blow and then flees to one of these towns,
- 12 the elders of his town shall have him brought back from there and shall hand him over to the blood-avenger to be put to death;
- 13 you must show him no pity. Thus you will purge Israel of the blood of the innocent, (purge Israel of the blood of the innocent Cf. Num. 35.33–34.) and it will go well with you.

- אַשֶּׁר הַנְחַלָּתְרָ אֲשֶׂר הַנְחַלָּתְרָ אֲשֶׂר הַנְחַלָּתְרָ אֲשֶׂר הַנְחַלָּתְרָ אֲשֶׂר הַנְחַלָּת הַלְּתַל You shall not move your neighbor's landmarks, set בַאַבץ אַשר יְהוָה אֱלֹהֵיך נתוְ לְדָ לִרְשׁתְה:
 - up by previous generations, in the property that will be allotted to you in the land that your God is giving you to possess.
- 15 לָא־יָקוּם עָּד אֲחָד בִּאִיש לְכָל־עוֹן וּלְכָל־חַטָּאת בַּכְל־חַטָא אֲשֶר יֲחֵטָא על־פי | שני עדים או על־פי שלשה־עדים יקום דבר:
 - A single witness may not validate against an [accused] party any guilt or blame for any offense that may be committed; a case can be valid only on the testimony of two witnesses or more. (more See note at 17.6.)

 - בו סְרָה: בוּ סְרָה: 16 If someone appears against another party to testify maliciously and gives incriminating yet false testimony,
 - 17 ועָמדָו שנֵי־הָאַנָשִים אַשבּרּלָהֶם הָרִיב לפני יהוָה לפני הַכְהַנִים והשפטים אשר יהיו בימים ההם:
 - the two parties to the dispute shall appear before הוהי, before the priests or magistrates in authority at the time,
 - 18 ודָרִשוּ הַשֹּפָטִים הַיַּטָב וִהְנָּה עֲד־שַׂמָר הָעָד שַקר עָנָה בַאָּחִיו:
 - and the magistrates shall make a thorough investigation. If the one who testified is a false witness, having testified falsely against a fellow Israelite,
 - 19 וַעֲשֵיתֵם לו כַאֲשֵר זָמַם לַעֲשֵות לֹאָחַיו ובערת הָרָע מקרבֵך:
 - you shall do to the one as the one schemed to do to the other. Thus you will sweep out evil from your midst:
 - והַנִּשׂאָרִים יִשֹּמִעוּ וִירָאוּ וִלְא־יֹסֹפוּ לַעֲשׂוֹת עוֹד כַדַבַר הַרַע הַזֵה בקרבה:
 - others will hear and be afraid, and such evil things will not again be done in your midst.
 - ולא תחוס עינד נפש בנפש עין בעין שן בשן יד ביד רגל בַּרָגֵל:
- Nor must you show pity: life for life, eye for eye, tooth for tooth, hand for hand, foot for foot.

- כִי־תַצֵּא לַמַלַחָמָה עַל־אֹיִבַרָ וְרָאִית סוֹס וָרֶכֵב עָם רָב מִמְךָ לְא תִירָא מהם כי־יהוה אַלהַיךָּ עמַך המעלד מאַרץ מצרים:
- When you [an Israelite warrior] take the field against your enemies, and see horses and chariots—forces larger than yours—have no fear of them, for your God הוהי, who brought you from the land of Egypt, is with you.
- והָיָה כַּקרָבַכֶם אֵל־הַמִּלֹחָמָה וִנְגָּשׁ הַכֹּהוֹ וִדְבֶּר אֵל־הַעְם:
- Before you join battle, the priest shall come forward and address the troops.
- ואָמַר אַלֵהֵם שֹמָע ישֹרָאֵל אַתֵּם קרֵבִים הַיֵּוֹם לַמִּלְחָמָה עַל־איִבֵיכָם אַל־יֵרָך לִבַבַבָּם אַל־תִירִאָוּ וִאַל־תַחפוּוּ וִאַל־תַעַרְצוּ מִפְנֵיהֵם:
- He shall say to them, "Hear, O Israel! You are about to join battle with your enemy. Let not your courage falter. Do not be in fear, or in panic, or in dread of them.
- כִי יִהוָה אֵלְהֵיכֵם הַהּלֶךְ עִמָּכָם לְהִלְּחָם לָכָם עִם־אִיבֵיכֶם לְהוּשִׁיע :אֶתְכֶם
- For it is your God הוהי who marches with you to do battle for you against your enemy, to bring you victory."

- וִדְבַּרָוּ הַשַּׂטִרִים אֱל־הָעָם לֵאמר מִי־הָאִّישׁ אֲשֵׂר בַּנָה בַיִּת־חָדָשׁ וּלְא חַנַכוֹ יֶלֶךְ וִיַשֹב לבִיתוּ פַן־יַמוּת בַמַלְחַמַה וְאֵישׁ אַחֵר יַחנַכְנוּ:
- Then the officials shall address the troops, as follows: "Is there anyone who has built a new house but has not dedicated it? Let him go back to his home, lest he die in battle and another dedicate it.
- ומי־הָאִّישׁ אַשַר־נָטָע כַּרֶם וּלָא חַלְלוֹ יֵלֶךְ וּיָשַׁב לְבֵיתוּ פַּן־יָמוּת בַמַלחַמַה ואִיש אַחֵר יחַלְלְנוּ:
- Is there anyone who has planted a vineyard but has never harvested it? Let him go back to his home, lest he die in battle and another harvest it.
- ומי־הָאִّישׁ אַשֵר־אַרָשׁ אִשָּה וּלְא לִקּחָה יֵלֶךְ וּיָשַׂב לבֵיתַוּ פַּן־יָמוּת בַמַלְחַמָּה וָאֵישׁ אַחֵר יִקְחֵנָה:
- Is there anyone who has paid the bride-price for a wife, (paid the bride-price for a wife Thereby making her his wife legally, even though she has not yet moved into his household.) but who has not yet taken her [into his household]? Let him go back to his home, lest he die in battle and another take her [into his household as his wife]."
- ויָספָּוּ הַשַּטַרִים לִדַבֶּר אֵל־הָעָם וֹאָמִרוּ מִי־הָאִישׁ הַיָּרֵא וִרָךְ הַלַּבְב יַלֶךְ וַיָשַב לְבֵיתוּ וַלָּא יִמַס אַת־לְבַב אַחַיו כַּלְבַבוּ:
- The officials shall go on addressing the troops and say, "Is there anyone afraid and disheartened? Let him go back to his home, lest the courage of his comrades flag like his."
- וָהָיָה כִּכַלְּת הַשֹּטִרִים לִדַבֶּר אֵל־הָעָם וּפַּקְדֵוּ שַׂרֵי צִבָּאות בִּרְאשׁ הַעָם:
- When the officials have finished addressing the troops, army commanders shall assume command of the troops.
- 10 כִּי־תִקרָב אֱל־עִיר לִהְלָּחֵם עָלַיהָ וִקְרָאתְ אֱלֵיהַ לִשְלְוֹם:
 - When you approach a town to attack it, you shall offer it terms of peace. (offer it terms of peace Or "call on it to surrender.")
- 11 והָיָה אָם־שַלְוֹם תַעַנָךָ וּפַתחָה לְךָ וִהְיָּה כָל־הַעָם הַנִּמַצָא־בָה יִהִיוּ לָךָ לָמַס וַעֲבַדִּוּדָ:
 - If it responds peaceably and lets you in, all the people present there shall serve you at forced labor.

 - וֹאָם־לָא תְשַלִּים עִמַךְ וַעְשַׂתָה עִמְרָ מַלְחָמָה וִצַּרִתְ עְלֵיה: 12 If it does not surrender to you, but would join battle with you, you shall lay siege to it;

 - ,delivers it into your hand הוהי delivers it into your hand, ונתנה יהוה אַלהיך ביַדך והכית אַת־כַל־זכורה לִפִי־חְרַב: you shall put all its males to the sword.
- ַרָק הַנָּשִּׁים וְהַטַּׂף וְהַבְּהֵמָה וְכֹלֹ אֲשֶׂר יִהְיֶה בָעָיר כָל־שְלָלָה תָבַז לָךְ וִאַכַלְתַּ אֵת־שׁלָל איבֹיך אֲשֵׁר נַתַן יִהוָה אֵלהֵיך לַךְ:
- You may, however, take as your booty the women, the children, the livestock, and everything in the town—all its spoil—and enjoy the use of the spoil of your enemy, which your God הוהי gives you.
- ַכן תַעשה לכל־הֶעָלִים הַרחקת ממך מאָד אַשר לא־מַעְרֶי הַנְוֹים־הָאֵלֵה הַנָה:
- Thus you shall deal with all towns that lie very far from you, towns that do not belong to nations hereabout.
- רַק מַעָרַי הָעַמִים הָאַלֵּה אַשֵּׁר יִהוָה אֵלֹהֵיךָ נֹתָן לְדָ נַחַלָּה לְא תחַיֵה כַּל־נִשַּמַה:
- In the towns of the latter peoples, however, which your God הוהי is giving you as a heritage, you shall not let a soul remain alive.

- No, you must proscribe (proscribe See Lev. 27.29.) קי־הַחֲרֶם תַּחֲרִימֵם הַחִתְי וְהָאֱמֵרִיּ הְהַנְעֵנֶי וְהַפְּרִוִּּי הַחוּי them—the Hittites and the Amorites, the Canaanit
 - 17 No, you must proscribe (proscribe See Lev. 27.29.) them—the Hittites and the Amorites, the Canaanites and the Perizzites, the Hivites and the Jebusites—as your God הוהי has commanded you,
- 18 לְמַען אֲשֶּׁר לְא־יְלַמְדְוּ אֶתְכֶם לַעֲשׂוֹת כְּכֹל תְוֹעֲבֹתִם אֲשֶׂר עְשׂוּ לֵאלְהֵיהٍם וַחֲטָאתֶם לִיהוָה אֱלֹהֵיכֶם:
- lest they lead you into doing all the abhorrent things that they have done for their gods and you stand guilty before your God. הוהי.
- 19 כִּי־תִצְוּר אֶל־עִיר ּ יָמִּים רַבִּים לְהִלָּחָם עְלֶיהְ לְתִפְשָׂה לְא־תַשְׂחְית אֶת־עֵצִה לִנְהָחַ עָלִיוֹ גַּרְוֶן כִּי מִמֶנוּ תֹאכֵל וְאֹתְוֹ לָא תִכְרֶת כִּי הַאָּדָם עֵץ הַשַּׁלָה לִבֹא מפַנִיךְ בַּמַצוֹר:
 - 19 When in your war against a city you have to besiege it a long time in order to capture it, you must not destroy its trees, wielding the ax against them. You may eat of them, but you must not cut them down. Are trees of the field human to withdraw before you into the besieged city?
- רַּבְנִית וְכַרֶתְ וּבְנֵיתְ הַאָּעֶלְ הַאָּעֶלְ הַאָּא אֹתְוֹ תַשְּׂחְיִת וְכַרֶתְ וּבְנֵיתְ וּבְנֵיתְ מַצוֹר עָל־הַעִיר אֲשֵׁר־הוֹא עשה עמר מַלְחַמֵה עד רְדִתְּה:
- 20 Only trees that you know do not yield food may be destroyed; you may cut them down for constructing siegeworks against the city that is waging war on you, until it has been reduced.

- פִי־יִמַצָא חַלָּל בָאָדִמָה אֲשֶׁר יְהֹוָה אֱלֹהֶיךָ נֹתַן לְךָ לְרִשְׂתְּה נֹפֶל בַשַּׁדַה לָא נוֹדַע מֵי הִכָּהוּ:
- 1 If, in the land that your God הוהי is assigning you to possess, someone slain is found lying in the open, the identity of the slayer not being known,
- וִיצְאָוּ זְקָנֶיךָ וְשֹפְּטְיִךָ וּמִדְדוּ אֶל־הָעָרִים אֲשֶׂר סְבִיבְת הֶחָלָל:
- 2 your elders and magistrates shall go out and measure the distances from the corpse to the nearby towns.
- וְהָיָה הָעִּיר הַקִּרֹבָה אֶל־הֶחְלֶל וְלָקְחוֹי זִקְנֵיּ הָעִּיר הַהְּוֹא עֶגְלָת בָּלְר אֲשַׂר לִא־אָבַל בָּה אֲשַׁר לֹא־מַשְׂכָה בְּעָל:
- 3 The elders of the town nearest to the corpse shall then take a heifer which has never been worked, which has never pulled in a yoke;
- וְהוֹרִדוּ זִקנֵי הָעִיר הַהָּוֹא אֶת־הָעֶנְלָהֹ אֶל־נַחַל אֵיתַׂן אֲשָׂר לֹא־יֵעְבָד בְּוֹ וִלָּא יַזָּרַעַ וִעָרָפּוּ־שֵׁם אֵת־הַעָנְלַה בַּנַחַל:
- 4 and the elders of that town shall bring the heifer down to an everflowing wadi, which is not tilled or sown. There, in the wadi, they shall break the heifer's neck.
- וְנִגְשַוּ הַכֹּהֲנִיםٌ בְּנֵי לֵוִיٌ כֵּי בָם בָּחֵّר יְהוָה אֱלֹהֶּיךָ לְשַּׂרְתוֹ וּלְבָרֶךְ בְשַׂם יְהוָה וְעַל־פִּיהֶם יִהְיֶה כָּל־רִיב וְכָל־נָגַע:
- 5 The priests, sons of Levi, shall come forward; for your God הוהי has chosen them for divine service and to pronounce blessing in the name of הוהי, and every lawsuit and case of assault (assault Cf. 17.8. Or "skin affection"; cf. 24.8.) is subject to their ruling.
- וְכֿל זִקנֵי הָעָיר הַהְּוֹא הַקּרֹבִים אֶל־הָחָלֶל יִרְחֲצוּ אֶת־יְדֵיהֶם עַל־הָעֶגְלָה הָעְרוּפָה בַנְּחַל:
- 6 Then all the elders of the town nearest to the corpse shall wash their hands over the heifer whose neck was broken in the wadi.
- :וְעָנָוּ וְאָמֵרָוּ יָדֵינוּ לָא)שפכה(]שַׁפְּכוּ[אֶת־הַדָּם הַזֵּה וְעֵינִינוּ לָא רָאוּ:
- 7 And they shall make this declaration: "Our hands did not shed this blood, nor did our eyes see it done.

- 8 כַפַּר לְעַמְךָ יִשְׂרָאָל אֲשֶׂר־פִּדִּיתַ יְהֹוָה וְאַל־תִתֵן הַם נָלִי בְּקְרֶב עַמַךְ יִשְׂרָאַל וְנַכַּפֶּר לְהֵם הַהָּם:
- 8 Absolve, הוהי, Your people Israel whom You redeemed, and do not let guilt for the blood of the innocent remain among Your people Israel." And they will be absolved of bloodguilt.
- וְאַתָּה תְבַעֶר הַדָּם הַנָּקִי מִקּרְבְּךָ כִי־תַעֲשֶׁה הַיָשֶׁר בְּעִינָי יְהֹוָה:
- 9 Thus you will remove from your midst guilt for the blood of the innocent, for you will be doing what is right in the sight of הוהי.