

pIR: An R package for isoelectric point prediction based on amino acid sequences

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Abstract

Accurate estimation of the isoelectric point value (pI) based on the amino acid sequence becomes critical to perform proteomics experiments. Also, it is one of the most useful electrostatic properties to study peptides and proteins. Different methods has been proposed to compute the theoretical isoelectric point of peptides and proteins using several pK sets [1, 2]. This vignette provides a brief overview of the available interface and functionality as well as a short use case.

Keywords: proteomics, peptides, proteins, electrophoresis, mass spectrometry, isoelectric point, tutorial.

Contents

1	Compute isoelectric protein of peptides and proteins	1
1.1	Iterative Method	1
1.1.1	Calculate isoelectric point	2
1.1.2	Compute pI using all the pk sets	3
1.2	Bjellqvist Method	4
1.2.1	Calculate isoelectric point	4
1.2.2	Compute pI using all the pk sets	4
1.3	SVM Method	5
2	Session info	5

1 Compute isoelectric protein of peptides and proteins

1.1 Iterative Method

Isoelectric point can be defined as the point in a titration curve at which the net surface charge of a protein or peptide equals to zero. The called "**Iterative Method**" to predict the isoelect point only considers the contribution of individual pKa values to the Henderson-Hasselbach equation. Keeping in main this we can use Henderson-Hasselbach equation to calculate protein charge in certain pH:

- for negative charged macromolecules:

$$pH = -1/(1 + 10^{(pK_n - pH)}) \text{ Equation(1)}$$

where pK_n is the acid dissociation constant of negatively charged amino acid

- **for positive charged macromolecules:**

$$pH = 1/(1 + 10^{(pH - pK_p)}) \text{ Equation(2)}$$

where pK_p is the acid dissociation constant of positively charged amino acid

The most important moment during isoelectric point determination is usage of appropriate pK values. Unfortunately, there is no agreement in this matter. Each source gives different pKs. Some of them are presented pK that are available for the Iterative method in **pIR** are:

Table 1: pK values for the Iterative method

	Amino acid								
pK value set	NH2	COOH	C	D	E	H	K	R	Y
emboss	8.6	3.6	8.5	3.9	4.1	6.5	10.8	12.5	10.1
DTASelect	8.0	3.1	8.5	4.4	4.4	6.5	10.0	12.0	10.0
solomon	9.6	2.4	8.3	3.9	4.3	6.0	10.5	12.5	10.1
sillero	8.2	3.2	9.0	4.0	4.5	6.4	10.4	12.0	10.0
rodwell	8.0	3.1	8.33	3.68	4.25	6.0	11.5	11.5	10.07
patrickios	11.2	4.2	-	4.2	4.2	-	11.2	11.2	-
lehninger	9.69	2.34	8.33	3.86	4.25	6.0	10.5	12.4	10.0
grimsley	7.7	3.3	6.8	3.5	4.2	6.6	10.5	12.04	10.3

1.1.1 Calculate isoelectric point

```
# compute the isoelectric point using solomon method
library(pIR)
seq <- "GLPRKILCAIAKKKGKCKGPLKLVCKC"
pI.value <- pIIterative(sequence = seq, pkSetMethod = "solomon")
pI.value
# 10.526

# ----- #

# compute the isoelectric point using rodwell method
library(pIR)
seq <- "GLPRKILCAIAKKKGKCKGPLKLVCKC"
pI.value <- pIIterative(sequence = seq, pkSetMethod = "rodwell")
pI.value
# 11.404

# ----- #

# compute the isoelectric point using emboss method
library(pIR)
seq <- "GLPRKILCAIAKKKGKCKGPLKLVCKC"
pI.value <- pIIterative(sequence = seq, pkSetMethod = "emboss")
pI.value
# 10.801

# ----- #
```

```

# compute the isoelectric point using lehninger method
library(pIR)
seq <- "GLPRKILCAIAKKKGKCKGPLKLVCKC"
pI.value <- pIIterative(sequence = seq, pkSetMethod = "lehninger")
pI.value
# 10.530

# ----- #

# compute the isoelectric point using grimsley method
library(pIR)
seq <- "GLPRKILCAIAKKKGKCKGPLKLVCKC"
pI.value <- pIIterative(sequence = seq, pkSetMethod = "grimsley")
pI.value
# 10.495

# ----- #

# compute the isoelectric point using patrickios method
library(pIR)
seq <- "GLPRKILCAIAKKKGKCKGPLKLVCKC"
pI.value <- pIIterative(sequence = seq, pkSetMethod = "patrickios")
pI.value
# 11.200

# ----- #

# compute the isoelectric point using DtaSelect method
library(pIR)
seq <- "GLPRKILCAIAKKKGKCKGPLKLVCKC"
pI.value <- pIIterative(sequence = seq, pkSetMethod = "DtaSelect")
pI.value
# 10.025

```

1.1.2 Compute pI using all the pk sets

```

# compute the isoelectric point using all pK sets
library(pIR)
seq <- "GLPRKILCAIAKKKGKCKGPLKLVCKC"
pIValue <- computeAllIterativeValues(seq = seq)
pIValue
#      method values
# 1      solomon 10.526
# 2      rodwell 11.404
# 3      emboss 10.801
# 4      lehninger 10.530
# 5      grimsley 10.495
# 6      patrickios 11.200
# 7      DtaSelect 10.025

```

1.2 Bjellqvist Method

The Bjellqvist method [2] is based on the determination of the pK differences between closely related amino acids, and it was the first algorithm that proposed a different pKa value depending on the amino acid position in the sequence. The current version of the pIR supports four different pKsets: **bjell** [2], **calibrated** [3], **skoog** and **expasy** <http://expasy.org/>

1.2.1 Calculate isoelectric point

```
# ----- #

# compute the isoelectric point using  bjell pk set
library(pIR)
seq <- "AGAAPYVQAFDSLLAGPVAE"
pI.value <- pIBell(sequence = seq, pkSetMethod = "bjell")
pI.value
# 3.04

# ----- #

# compute the isoelectric point using  calibrated pk set
library(pIR)
seq <- "AGAAPYVQAFDSLLAGPVAE"
pI.value <- pIBell(sequence = seq, pkSetMethod = "calibrated")
pI.value
# 4.09

# ----- #

# compute the isoelectric point using  skoog pk Set
library(pIR)
seq <- "AGAAPYVQAFDSLLAGPVAE"
pI.value <- pIBell(sequence = seq, pkSetMethod = "skoog")
pI.value
# 2.93

# ----- #

# compute the isoelectric point using  expasy pK set
library(pIR)
seq <- "AGAAPYVQAFDSLLAGPVAE"
pI.value <- pIBell(sequence = seq, pkSetMethod = "expasy")
pI.value
# 4.09
```

1.2.2 Compute pI using all the pk sets

```
# compute the isoelectric point using all the pK sets
seq <- "AGAAPYVQAFDSLLAGPVAE"
pIValue <- computeAllBjellValues(seq = seq)
pIValue
# method values
```

#1	expasy	4.09
#2	skoog	2.93
#3	calibrated	4.09
#4	bjell	3.04

1.3 SVM Method

2 Session info

Here is the output of `sessionInfo` on the system on which this document was compiled:

```
> toLatex(sessionInfo())
```

- R version 3.2.3 (2015-12-10), x86_64-apple-darwin13.4.0
- Locale: C/en_GB.UTF-8/en_GB.UTF-8/C/en_GB.UTF-8/en_GB.UTF-8
- Base packages: base, datasets, grDevices, graphics, methods, stats, utils
- Other packages: pIR 0.99.0
- Loaded via a namespace (and not attached): BiocStyle 1.8.0, MASS 7.3-45, Matrix 1.2-3, MatrixModels 0.4-1, Rcpp 0.12.3, SparseM 1.7, car 2.1-1, caret 6.0-64, codetools 0.2-14, colorspace 1.2-6, corrplot 0.73, devtools 1.10.0, digest 0.6.9, foreach 1.4.3, ggplot2 2.0.0, grid 3.2.3, gtable 0.1.2, iterators 1.0.8, kernlab 0.9-23, knitr 1.12.3, lattice 0.20-33, lme4 1.1-11, lsr 0.5, magrittr 1.5, memoise 1.0.0, mgcv 1.8-11, minqa 1.2.4, munsell 0.4.3, nlme 3.1-124, nloptr 1.0.4, nnet 7.3-12, parallel 3.2.3, pbkrtest 0.4-6, plyr 1.8.3, quantreg 5.21, reshape2 1.4.1, roxygen2 5.0.1, scales 0.3.0, splines 3.2.3, stats4 3.2.3, stringi 1.0-1, stringr 1.0.0, tools 3.2.3, withr 1.0.1

References

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