

# Introduction to WS-Security

Oxford University

Software Engineering Programme

Dec 2012



© Paul Fremantle 2012. Portions © Jeremy Gibbons 2010, © WSO2 2005-2012 used with permission of the author(s).  
Licensed under the Creative Commons 3.0 BY-SA (Attribution-Sharealike) license.  
See <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/3.0/>

# Overview

- Introduction
  - WS Security features
- XML Security
  - XML Encryption
  - XML Signature



# Introduction

- XML-Signature & XML-Encryption
  - To secure XML documents
- How do we secure SOAP messages ?
- WS-Security specifications
  - Based on XML-Signature and XML-Encryption
- Token profiles to define how different security applications can be used
  - Username Tokens
  - X509 Tokens
  - SAML Tokens



# WS-Security Features

- UsernameToken
- Timestamp
- Encryption
  - Encryption parts
  - Elements and element contents
- Signature
  - Signature parts



# Some Jargon

- Claim
  - A statement about a subject or resource
- Token
  - A serialized collection of claims



# Authentication - UsernameToken

- Two forms
  - Plain text password
  - Digest of a password
- Most popular and recommended is plain text password
  - No need to store the requesters' password
  - LDAP
- The “Security” header contains a “UsernameToken” element with the “Username” and “Password” child elements
- Username Token without passwords



# Authentication

- X509 Tokens
  - Signature
- SAML Tokens
  - as a claim
  - as a key pair



# Integrity - Signature

- Sign different parts of the SOAP message
  - Add a Timestamp and sign it to protect against replay attacks
- “Signature” element within the “Security” header
- Different key reference mechanisms
  - Direct reference
  - Subject Key Identifier
  - Issuer serial
  - Thumbprint SHA Identifier





# Confidentiality - Encryption

- Encrypt elements or element contents of a SOAP message
- An ephemeral key is generated and its used to encrypt content
- Ephemeral key is encrypted with the recipient's public key



# Non repudiation

- Does signature always provide non repudiation ?
  - Asymmetric/Symmetric Signature



# XML Security

- Confidentiality of XML documents
  - XML Encryption by W3C
  - <http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlenc-core/>
- Integrity and non-repudiation
  - XML Signature by W3C
  - <http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlsig-core/>



# XML-Encryption

- Encrypts XML with a symmetric key
- Allows using an asymmetric key



© Paul Fremantle 2012. Portions © Jeremy Gibbons 2010, © WSO2 2005-2012 used with permission of the author(s).  
Licensed under the Creative Commons 3.0 BY-SA (Attribution-Sharealike) license.  
See <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/3.0/>

# Plain-text XML

```
<RootElement xmlns="http://www.apache.org/ns/#app1">  
  <foo>Some simple text</foo>  
</RootElement>
```



© Paul Fremantle 2012. Portions © Jeremy Gibbons 2010, © WSO2 2005-2012 used with permission of the author(s).  
Licensed under the Creative Commons 3.0 BY-SA (Attribution-Sharealike) license.  
See <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/3.0/>

# XML Encryption

- Encrypt an XML Element
  - Encrypt the entire Element
- Encrypt an XML Element Content
  - Encrypt the only the content of the Element



# Element Encryption

```
<RootElement xmlns="http://www.apache.org/ns/#app1">
  <xenc:EncryptedData
    xmlns:xenc="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#"
    Type="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#Element">
    <xenc:EncryptionMethod
      Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes128-cbc"/>
    <ds:KeyInfo/>

    <xenc:CipherData/>

  </xenc:EncryptedData>

</RootElement>
```



© Paul Fremantle 2012. Portions © Jeremy Gibbons 2010, © WSO2 2005-2012 used with permission of the author(s).  
Licensed under the Creative Commons 3.0 BY-SA (Attribution-Sharealike) license.  
See <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/3.0/>

# Content Encryption

```
<RootElement xmlns="http://www.apache.org/ns/#app1">
  <foo>
    <xenc:EncryptedData
      xmlns:xenc="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#"
      Type="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#Content">
      <xenc:EncryptionMethod
        Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes128-cbc"/>
        <ds:KeyInfo/>
        <xenc:CipherData/>
      </xenc:EncryptedData>
    </foo>
  </RootElement>
```





# Encrypted Data

```
<RootElement xmlns="http://www.apache.org/ns/#app1">
  <xenc:EncryptedData xmlns:xenc="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#"
    Type="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#Element">
    <xenc:EncryptionMethod ... />
    <ds:KeyInfo xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#">
      ...
    </ds:KeyInfo>
    <xenc:CipherData xmlns:xenc="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/
      xmlenc#">
      ...
    </xenc:CipherData>
  </xenc:EncryptedData>
</RootElement>
```



# CipherData

```
<RootElement xmlns="http://www.apache.org/ns/#app1">
  <xenc:EncryptedData ... >
    <xenc:EncryptionMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes128-cbc" />
      <ds:KeyInfo xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#">
        ...
      </ds:KeyInfo>
      <xenc:CipherData xmlns:xenc="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#">
        <enc:CipherValue>zX60MsDMv2..</enc:CipherValue>
      </xenc:CipherData>
    </xenc:EncryptedData>
  </RootElement>
```



# XML-Signature

- Allows signing an XML document or parts of it
- Canonicalization
- Three types
  - Enveloping
  - Enveloped
  - Detached



# Summary

- WS-Security features
- XML Encryption
- XML Signature



© Paul Fremantle 2012. Portions © Jeremy Gibbons 2010, © WSO2 2005-2012 used with permission of the author(s).  
Licensed under the Creative Commons 3.0 BY-SA (Attribution-Sharealike) license.  
See <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/3.0/>