Introduction to Radio Pulsars

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PRESENTATION PLAN

- A brief history of the discovery
- Vacuum model
- The zeroth-order model

A BRIEF HISTORY





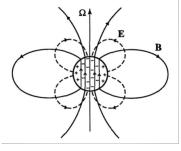


- Prediction [Baade, Zwicky, 1934; Landau 1932]
- Discovery [Hewish et al., 1968]

Basic parameters:

- $M \approx 2 \cdot 10^{33} \mathrm{g}$
- $R = 10 \div 15 km$
- P = 1.5 ms
- $\bullet \ B_0 \sim 10^{12} \text{Gs}$

VACUUM MODEL



Inside a well-conducting sphere:

$$\mathsf{E}_{in} + \frac{\mathbf{\Omega} \times \mathbf{r}}{c} \times \mathsf{B}_{in} = 0$$

Let the axis of rotation is parallel to the axis of magnetization, so:

$$\Phi_{e}(r < R, \theta) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\Omega}{c} r^{2} \sin^{2} \theta$$

$$\Phi_{e}(r > R, \theta) = -\frac{1}{3} \frac{\Omega B_{0}}{c} \frac{R^{5}}{r^{3}} P_{2}(\cos \theta)$$

THE ZEROTH-ORDER MODEL

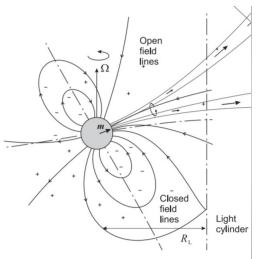
Curvature of the force lines of the dipole magnetic field \Longrightarrow radiation of hard gamma quanta $\gamma + B \to e^+ + e^- + B$ [Sturrock, 1971]

A chain of processes:

- acceleration of primary particles
- radiation of bending photons birth of secondary electron-positron pairs
- acceleration of secondary particles, radiation of bending photons by them
- screening of the longitudinal electric field



STRUCTURE OF THE MAGNETOSPHERE



A magnetosphere completely filled with plasma, so:

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$$E_{||} = 0$$

Corotation:

•
$$\mathbf{E} + \frac{\mathbf{\Omega} \times \mathbf{r}}{c} \times \mathbf{B} = 0$$

Drift speed:

$$\bullet \ \ U_{dr} = c \frac{E \times B}{B^2} = \Omega \times r + j_{\parallel} B$$

Light cylinder:

•
$$R_L = \frac{c}{\Omega}$$



SUMMARY

- One of the most important discoveries in astrophysics of the 20th century
- The zeroth-order model is not a vacuum, but a model of a magnetosphere completely filled with plasma
- Existence of Open and Closed field lines

CONCLUSION

References:

- V.S.Beskin, Radio pulsars: already fifty years!
- V.S.Beskin,
 MHD Flows in Compact Astrophysical Objects

Thank you for attention!