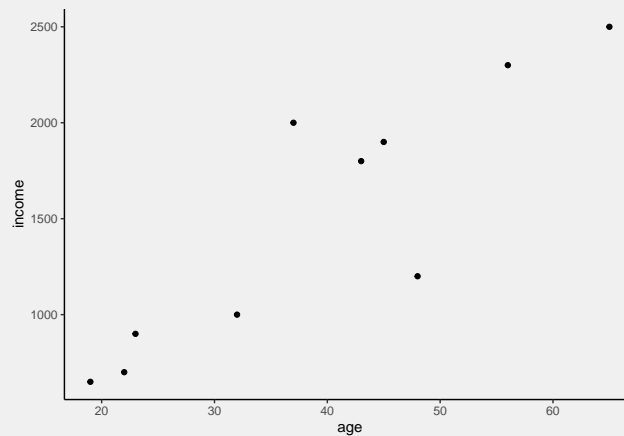
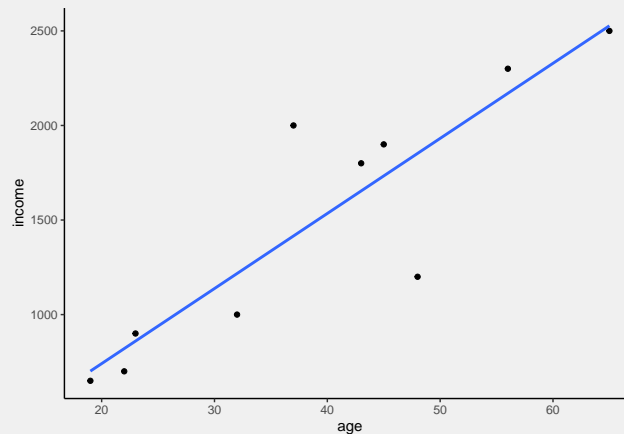


1 | Regression – Calculations

1. Plot the data in Table 1 in a suitable scatter plot.



2. Fit a line of best fit through the scatterplot.



3. Assuming a regression model of the type $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + \epsilon_i$, calculate the estimators for β_0 and β_1 .
-

For intermediate calculations see Excel Sheet.

$$\hat{\beta}_1 = \frac{83200}{2096} = 39.69465$$

$$\hat{\beta}_0 = 1495 - \hat{\beta}_1 \times 39 = -53.0916$$

4. Calculate the regression coefficients β_0 and β_1 using matrices.

Recall that

$$(X'X)^{-1} = \frac{1}{n\sum x_i^2 - \sum x_i \sum x_i} \begin{bmatrix} \sum x_i^2 & -\sum x_i \\ -\sum x_i & n \end{bmatrix}$$

and that

$$(X'Y) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & \dots & 1 \\ x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_n \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \sum y_i \\ \sum x_i y_i \end{bmatrix}$$

Into this we plug the values from our Excel sheet:

$$\begin{aligned} (X'X)^{-1} &= \frac{1}{20960} \begin{bmatrix} 17306 & -390 \\ -390 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 0.8256679 & -0.01860687 \\ -0.01860687 & 0.0004770992 \end{bmatrix} \\ (X'Y) &= \begin{bmatrix} 14950 \\ 666250 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Which leads us to

$$\hat{\beta} = (X'X)^{-1}(X'Y) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.8256679 & -0.01860687 \\ -0.01860687 & 0.0004770992 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 14950 \\ 666250 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -53.092 \\ 39.6946 \end{bmatrix}$$

5. Build the SRF and interpret the estimators of β_0 and β_1 .

$$\widehat{\text{income}}_i = -\widehat{53.0916} + \widehat{39.69465} \text{ age}_i$$

- **Intercept:** At age zero, a person would earn -53.09 units of income on average
- **Slope:** For every additional year of age, a person's income would increase by 39.69 units on average

2 | In case you are interested. . .

Code for Exercise 1

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(incomedata, aes(x=age, y=income)) +
  geom_point()
```

Code for Exercise 2

```
ggplot(incomedata, aes(x=age, y=income)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(method=lm, se=FALSE)
```