### PO91Q: Fundamentals in Quantitative Research Methods

Worksheet Week 3 - Solutions

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# 1 | Conceptual Exercises

1.

a. Billy is looking for the heaviest bag possible and finds one that is 1082 g. What is the probability of finding a heavier bag?

 $\mu = 1000$   $\sigma = 50$  x = 1082

Normally distributed, so find a z-score for the observed value. Heavier means right tail.

 $Z = (x - \mu)/\sigma$  Z = (1082 - 1000)/50Z = 1.64

Consult tables area under right tail, close to 0.05. Therefore, probability is 5%.

b. What is the probability that Billy will find a bag lighter than 870g?

 $\mu = 1000$   $\sigma = 50$  x = 870

Normally distributed so find a z-score for the observed value.

 $Z = (x - \mu)/\sigma$  Z = (870 - 1000)/50Z = -2.6

Consult table's area under right tail, probability is equal to 0.0047. For a positive z-score this would indicate the probability of a heavier bag, but because our z score is negative, it shows the probability of a lighter bag. This probability is less than 0.5%.



c. How would the results of a. and b. change if the standard deviation was only 40g?

#### For a.

 $\mu = 1000$ 

 $\sigma = 40$ 

x = 1082

 $Z = (x - \mu)/\sigma$ 

Z = (1082 - 1000)/40

Z = 2.05

Probability is 2% now.

#### For b.

 $\mu = 1000$ 

 $\sigma$  = 40

x = 870

 $Z = (x - \mu)/\sigma$ 

Z = (870 - 1000)/40

Z = -3.25

Probability is now about 0.1%

Both of these probabilities are smaller and are a direct reflection of a more narrow distribution.

- 2. 1.96
- 3. 12.92%
- 4.  $\frac{50-62.3}{8.5}$  = -1.447059  $\rightarrow$  7.35%

## 2 R Exercises

See RScript in the Online Companion