



XML Tutorial

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XML on the Server

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XML files are plain text files just like HTML files.

XML can easily be stored and generated by a standard web server.

Storing XML Files on the Server

XML files can be stored on an Internet server exactly the same way as HTML files.

Start Windows Notepad and write the following lines:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<note>
```

XML Certificate

XML DOM

DOM Intro

DOM Nodes

DOM XMLHttpRequest

DOM Accessing

DOM Node Info

DOM Node List

DOM Traversing

DOM Navigating

DOM Get Values

DOM Change Nodes

DOM Remove Nodes

DOM Replace Nodes

DOM Create Nodes

DOM Add Nodes

DOM Clone Nodes

DOM Examples

DOM Reference

DOM Node Types

DOM Node

DOM NodeList

DOM NamedNodeMap

DOM Document

```
<from>Jani</from>
<to>Tove</to>
<message>Remember me this weekend</message>
</note>
```

Save the file on your web server with a proper name like "note.xml".

Generating XML with PHP

XML can be generated on a server without any installed XML software.

To generate an XML response from the server using PHP, use following code:

```
<?php
header("Content-type: text/xml");
echo "<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>";
echo "<note>";
echo "<from>Jani</from>";
echo "<to>Tove</to>";
echo "<message>Remember me this weekend</message>";
echo "</note>";
?>
```

Note that the content type of the response header must be set to "text/xml".

[See how the PHP file will be returned from the server.](#)

- DOM Element
- DOM Attribute
- DOM Text
- DOM CDATA
- DOM Comment
- DOM XMLHttpRequest
- DOM Parser

Web Services

- XML Services
- XML WSDL
- XML SOAP
- XML RDF
- XML RSS

XML DTD

- DTD Intro
- DTD Building Blocks
- DTD Elements
- DTD Attributes
- DTD Elements vs Attr
- DTD Entities
- DTD Examples

XSD Schema

If you want to study PHP, you will find our PHP tutorial on our [homepage](#).

Generating XML with ASP

To generate an XML response from the server - simply write the following code and save it as an ASP file on the web server:

```
<%  
response.ContentType="text/xml"  
response.Write("<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>")  
response.Write("<note>")  
response.Write("<from>Jani</from>")  
response.Write("<to>Tove</to>")  
response.Write("<message>Remember me this weekend</message>")  
response.Write("</note>")  
%>
```

Note that the content type of the response must be set to "text/xml".

[See how the ASP file will be returned from the server.](#)

If you want to study ASP, you will find our ASP tutorial on our [homepage](#).

Generating XML From a Database

XML can be generated from a database without any installed XML software.

XSD Intro
XSD Why Use
XSD How To
XSD <schema>

XSD Simple

XSD Elements
XSD Attributes
XSD Restrictions

XSD Complex

XSD Elements
XSD Empty
XSD Elements Only
XSD Text Only
XSD Mixed
XSD Indicators
XSD <any>
XSD <anyAttribute>
XSD Substitution
XSD Example

XSD Data

XSD String
XSD Date

To generate an XML database response from the server, simply write the following code and save it as an ASP file on the web server:

```
<%  
response.ContentType = "text/xml"  
set conn=Server.CreateObject("ADODB.Connection")  
conn.provider="Microsoft.Jet.OLEDB.4.0;"  
conn.open server.mappath("/datafolder/database.mdb")  
  
sql="select fname,lname from tblGuestBook"  
set rs=Conn.Execute(sql)  
  
response.write("<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>")  
response.write("<guestbook>")  
while (not rs.EOF)  
response.write("<guest>")  
response.write("<fname>" & rs("fname") & "</fname>")  
response.write("<lname>" & rs("lname") & "</lname>")  
response.write("</guest>")  
rs.MoveNext()  
wend  
  
rs.close()  
conn.close()  
response.write("</guestbook>")  
%>
```

[See the real life database output from the ASP file above.](#)

XSD Numeric

XSD Misc

XSD References

XSD Reference

The example above uses ASP with ADO.

If you want to study ASP and ADO, you will find the tutorials on our [homepage](#).

Transforming XML with XSLT on the Server

This ASP transforms an XML file to XHTML on the server:

```
<%  
'Load XML  
set xml = Server.CreateObject("Microsoft.XMLDOM")  
xml.async = false  
xml.load(Server.MapPath("simple.xml"))  
  
'Load XSL  
set xsl = Server.CreateObject("Microsoft.XMLDOM")  
xsl.async = false  
xsl.load(Server.MapPath("simple.xsl"))  
  
'Transform file  
Response.Write(xml.transformNode(xsl))  
%>
```

Example explained

- The first block of code creates an instance of the Microsoft XML parser (XMLDOM), and loads the XML file into memory.
- The second block of code creates another instance of the parser and loads the XSL

file into memory.

- The last line of code transforms the XML document using the XSL document, and sends the result as XHTML to your browser. Nice!

[See how it works.](#)

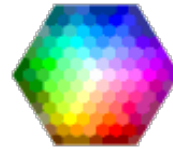
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