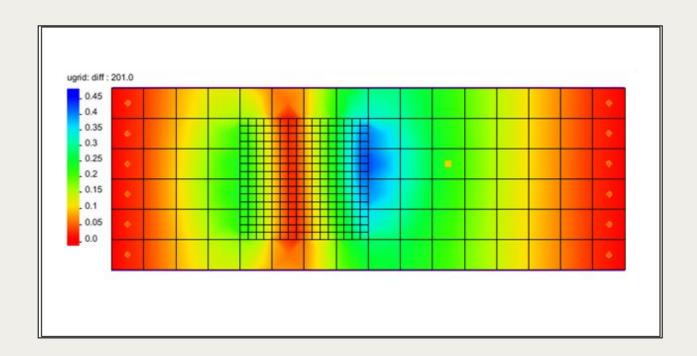


GMS 10.8 Tutorial

MODFLOW-USG Transport - TVM Package

Use the Time-Variant Materials package (TVM) in GMS



Objectives

Learn how to use the Time-Variant Materials package (TVM) with MODFLOW-USG Transport.

Prerequisite Tutorials

• MODFLOW-USG Transport

Required Components

- GMS Core
- MODFLOW-USG Transport

Time

• 20-30 minutes



1	Introduction	.2
2	Getting Started	.2
3	Changing the Conductivity	
4	Map to MODFLOW	
5	Activating the TVM Package	5
6	Defining the TVM Package	
7	Saving and Running MODFLOW	6
8	Examining the Results	
g	Conclusion	
9	001101031011	

1 Introduction

The Time-Variant Materials package (TVM) works with MODFLOW-USG Transport. The TVM package allows hydraulic conductivity and storage values to be changed as a step function between stress periods or in a continuous manner through a transient simulation.

This tutorial demonstrates how the TVM package can be used with a MODFLOW-USG Transport simulation.

The problem in this tutorial consists of a two layer unstructured grid (UGrid) with a MODFLOW-USG Transport simulation. The UGrid contains a well on the second layer set with a constant pumping rate.

This tutorial will demonstrate the following topics:

- 1. Opening an existing MODFLOW-USG Transport simulation.
- 2. Creating a transient conductivity coverage and dataset.
- 3. Activating the TVM package.
- 4. Running the simulation and examining the results.

2 Getting Started

Do the following to get started:

- 1. If necessary, launch GMS.
- 2. If GMS is already running, select *File* | **New** to ensure that the program settings are restored to their default state.
- 3. Click **Open** (or *File* | **Open**...) to bring up the *Open* dialog.
- 4. Browse to the data files for this tutorial and select "start.gpr".
- 5. Click **Open** to import the file and close the *Open* dialog.
- 6. In the Project Explorer, select the "Head" dataset.

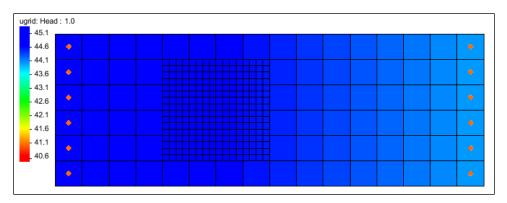


Figure 1 Imported MODFLOW-USG Transport model

The Graphics Window should appear as in Figure 1. This model has a two layer UGrid with a refined zone. General heads have been set at each end. There is a well on the second layer.

Before continuing, save the project with a new name.

- 7. Select File | Save As... to bring up the Save As dialog.
- 8. Browse to the directory for this tutorial.
- 9. Enter "model-tvm.gpr" as the File name.
- 10. Select "Project Files (*.gpr)" from the Save as type drop-down.
- 11. Click **Save** to save the project file and close the *Save As* dialog.

3 Changing the Conductivity

Before activating the TVM package, start with creating a time-variant dataset for the refined area of the UGrid. This will be done using a separate map coverage which will then be added to the model.

- 1. Right-click on the " model" conceptual model and select **New Coverage...** to bring up the *Coverage Setup* dialog.
- 2. Enter "tvm hk" for the Coverage name.
- 3. In the Area Properties column, turn on Datasets.
- 4. Click the **Datasets** button to open the *Datasets* dialog.
- 5. Click the **Insert Row** described button
- 6. In the new row, enter "TVM HK".
- 7. Click **OK** to close the *Datasets* dialog.
- 8. Click **OK** to close the Coverage Setup dialog.

With the new " tvm-hk" coverage created, time-variant data needs to be added to the refined area of the UGrid.

- 9. Make certain the " tvm-hk" coverage is active in the Project Explorer.
- 10. Using the **Create Arc** \int tool, create four arcs around the refined area of the UGrid as in Figure 2 below.

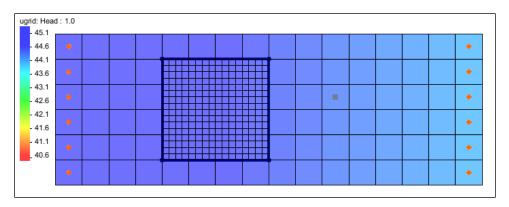


Figure 2 Arcs drawn around refined area of the UGrid

- 11. Select the **Build Polygons** The macro.
- 12. Using the **Select Polygons** \nearrow tool, double-click on the polygon to open the *Attribute Table* dialog.
- 13. Change the TVM_HK column to be "<transient>".
- 14. Click the button in the TVM_HK column to open the XY Series Editor.
- 15. Enter the values in Table 1 below to create a time series:

Time (d)	TVM_HK
0.0	1.5
1.0	1.5
1.0	3.0
101.0	3.0
101.0	6.0
201.0	6.0

Table 1 Time series

- 16. Click **OK** to close the XY Series Editor.
- 17. Click **OK** to close the *Attribute Table* dialog.

The "tvm_hk" coverage now contains time-variant material data that can be added to the MODFLOW-USG Transport simulation.

4 Map to MODFLOW

The data added in the conceptual model needs to be mapped to the UGrid model.

- Right-click on the "♥ model" conceptual model and select Map To |
 MODFLOW/MODPATH to open the Map → Model dialog.
- 2. Check All applicable coverages and click **OK** to close the $Map \rightarrow Model$ dialog.

A new dataset, " TVM_HK", should appear in the Project Explorer in the MODFLOW simulation.

5 Activating the TVM Package

With the horizontal conductivity data available, the TVM package can now be activated and added to the MODFLOW simulation. To activate the TVM package:

- 1. Switch to the **UGrid** module.
- 2. Select MODFLOW | Global Options... to bring up the MODFLOW Global/Basic Package dialog.
- 3. Click Packages... to bring up the MODFLOW Packages / Processes dialog.
- 4. In the Optional packages / processes section, turn on TVM Time Varying Materials.
- 5. Click **OK** to exit the MODFLOW Packages / Processes dialog.
- 6. Click **OK** to exit the MODFLOW Global/Basic Package dialog.

6 Defining the TVM Package

With the time-varying dataset mapped to the simulation and the TVM package activated, the parameters for the TVM package can now be defined.

- 1. Select MODFLOW | Optional Packages | TVM Time Varying Materials... to bring up the TVM Package dialog.
- 2. In the list on the left, select HK.
- 3. Select **Dataset to Array** to bring up the *Select Dataset* dialog.
- 4. Under Solution, select "TVM_HK".
- 5. Turn on All time steps.
- 6. Click **OK** to close the *Select Dataset* dialog.
- 7. Click **OK** to close the *TVM Package* dialog.

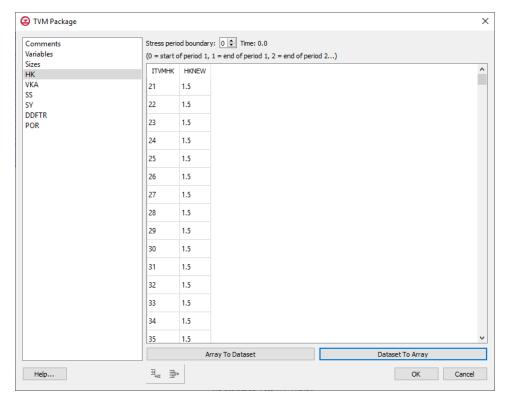


Figure 3 TVM Package dialog

7 Saving and Running MODFLOW

The changes should now be saved before running MODFLOW-USG Transport.

- 1. Click **Save** to save the project.
- 2. Click the **Run MODFLOW** ▶ macro in the toolbar to bring up the *MODFLOW* model wrapper dialog.
- 3. When MODFLOW finishes, check on the *Read solution on exit* and *Turn on contours (if not on already)* boxes.
- 4. Click **Close** to close the *MODFLOW* model wrapper dialog.
- 5. Click **Save** to save the project with the new solution.

The solution set should appear in the Project Explorer.

8 Examining the Results

In order to more clearly see how the TVM package impacted the simulation, compare the results. This can be done by using the *Data Calculator* to create a dataset that compares the solution set with the TVM package to the previous solution set.

- 1. Click the Data Calculator macro to open the Data Calculator.
- In the Datasets section, select the " Head" dataset under the " start (MODFLOW)" folder.

- 3. Turn on Use all time steps.
- 4. Click Add to Expression.
- 5. Click the minus (-) button.
- 6. In the *Datasets* section, select the " Head" dataset under the " model-tvm (MODFLOW)" folder.
- 7. Click Add to Expression.
- 8. For Result, enter "diff".
- 9. Click Compute.
- 10. Click Done.
- 11. Select the " diff" dataset in the Project Explorer.
- 12. In the *Time Steps* window, use the down arrow key to step through the time steps and watch how the contours change.

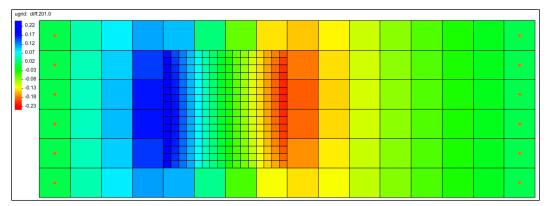


Figure 4 Last time step of the difference dataset showing the results of the TMV package.

9 Conclusion

This concludes the tutorial. Here are the key concepts from this tutorial:

- Using the TVM Package to add time-varying materials to a MODFLOW-USG Transport simulation.
- Creating a time-variant dataset using the Map module.
- Activating the TVM package for a MODFLOW simulation.