## ISMtools v1.0.10

# Automation tools for Fujitsu Software Infrastructure Manager (ISM) using REST API.

These are some scripts/examples to automate tasks regarding ISM. Of course there are much more things possible. But you can use this toolset as a platform for own extensions.

CAUTION

Please keep in mind, that the ISM advanced license is required to use the [ISM\_REST\_API]!

The number of tools/scripts might increase over time ...

Any feedback is appreciated  $\square$ .

**IMPORTANT** 

Please note: This toolset is provided W/O ANY WARRANTY and is to be used at your own risk!

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## History

Table 1. ChangeLog

Ver sio n	Date	Description	Author
1.0. 10	2023-03- 27	+ ism_show_profiles: Added command to list all available deployment profiles in ISM. (thanks to Gerald Rausch)	Jürgen Orth
1.0. 9	2023-03- 08	+ ism_get_snap: Snapfile will be deleted on ISM-VA after it has been downloaded.	Jürgen Orth
1.0. 8	2023-03- 03	+ Added missing command in commandlist of README	Jürgen Orth
1.0.	2023-02-28	* New commands ism_get_groupname, ism_get_snapfile, ism_copy_2ds + Security enhancement and better error handling for ism_cmd + Additional option for ism_get_sysrep to upload it to Fujitsu's SFTP server + Additional output of filesize for ism_show_isos (thanks to Gerald Rausch) x fixed error in ism_del_iso (thanks to Gerald Rausch)	Jürgen Orth
1.0. 6	2023-02- 17	+ Updated link to REST API reference document	Jürgen Orth
1.0. 5	2023-02- 11	* Added commands ism_get_power, ism_set_power. Thanks to contribution from Gerald Rausch.	Jürgen Orth
1.0. 4	2023-02- 05	+ Added paragraph regarding security concerns	Jürgen Orth
1.0.	2023-01- 12	+ Added this file as PDF below dir doc	Jürgen Orth
1.0. 2	2023-01- 11	- Initial version with a set of about 20 scripts	Jürgen Orth

#### Legend:

- \* New feature
- + Improvement
- ! Change that may require modification
- x Bugfix
- Information

## **Installation**

## Requirements

This toolset is intended to be used in Linux environments. Alternatively it can be used in Windows environments with activated WSL (Windows Subsystem Linux) and installed Linux like *Ubuntu*, *Debian, Fedora, Rocky* or *OpenSUSE* for example from *Microsoft Store*. You can also use CygWin (In this case WSL is not needed).

Following commands are required:

- Bash (including common tools like awk, sed, grep, host, openssl, ...)
- cURL (for talking with iRMC)
- jq (for filtering/processing of JSON data needed by some scripts)
- optional git and/or wget

If some of those packages are not installed then you normally can get them by using your OS' paket manager e.g. yum, zypper or apt.

## Setup

To use this toolset run the following steps:

Clone the repository:

```
$ git clone https://github.com/fujitsu/ISMtools.git
$ cd ISMtools
$ export PATH=$PATH:$PWD/scripts
```

or download this ZIP file e.g. with wget or with your internet browser and unzip it accordingly.

```
$ wget https://github.com/fujitsu/ISMtools/archive/refs/heads/master.zip # ①
$ unzip master.zip
$ cd ISMtools-main
$ export PATH=$PATH:$PWD/scripts
```

① You can also use curl -sLo master.zip https://github.com/fujitsu/ISMtools/archive/refs/heads/master.zip instead of wget.

## **Quick overview**

All tools below dir scripts (don't forget to add this dir to your PATH var) start with ism\_ in their script names. The second part of the name, e.g. list indicates the intended functionality and the optional third one some further description. So ism\_list\_nodes will list all registered nodes in formatted JSON format whereas ism\_show\_racks will display all *RackIds* and their corresponding *RackNames* in a formatted table view.

## **General options**

All scripts have a basic set of options. Some might have more options as described later in this document.

· -h for usage help

- -i to define ISM VA (overrides default in .ism\_env)
- -u to enter user credentials (overrides default in .ism\_env)
- -d to set a debug level (overrides default in .ism\_env)

WARNING

Please consider the Security concerns.

Additional you can define ENV vars ISM\_VA (ISM virtual appliance), ISM\_USER or DEBUG like export ISM\_VA=myism.mydomain.net:25566, which override defaults in .ism\_env, too. Precedence is: Commandline option, ENV var, config file.

## List of commands

Configfile

Configuration file .ism\_env is mainly used to define common settings like IP address of ISM-VA, username, password, ...

There are also some helper functions included.

• ism\_show\_env

Displays the effective settings depending on the configuration file, ENV vars or given options.

• ism chk con

Displays output of ism\_show\_env and checks the connection to the ISM VA to see if you can communicate with the REST API and everything is fine (password or session id for example).

• ism login

Creates an ISM session. Should be used like eval \$(ism\_login).

• ism\_logout

Ends an ISM session. Should be used like eval \$(ism\_logout).

ism cmd

Basic command to use the REST API. Used by all other commands. Output is native JSON.

• ism\_list\_assets

List all asset information in formatted JSON format.

• ism\_list\_firmware

List all firmware information in formatted JSON format.

ism\_list\_inventory

List all inventory information in formatted JSON format.

- ism\_list\_events <nodename>|<nodeip>|<nodesn>
   List all events for a given node in formatted JSON format.
- ism\_list\_nodes [<filter>]

List all node information in formatted JSON format.

- ism\_list\_traps <nodename>|<nodeip>|<nodesn> List all traps for given node in formatted JSON format.
- ism j2c [NODE|EVENT|TRAP|FIRMWARE|ASSET|<ColumnSpec>]

Converts output of ism\_list\_\* commands from JSON to CSV with the specified columns.

- ism\_get\_nodeid <nodename>|<nodeip>|<nodesn> Displays the *NodeId* of given node.
- ism\_get\_rackid <RackName>
   Displays the RackId of given rack name.
- ism\_get\_groupname
  Displays the *groupname* of current user.
- ism\_get\_sysrep [-o <outputfile>] [-c] <nodename>|<nodeip>|<nodesn>
  Creates and downloads ZIP file with system event log and SystemReport from iRMC (XML-Format).
- ism\_get\_snap [-t <days>] [-m part|full] [-c] Creates and downloads ISM snap file (ZIP-Format).
- ism\_get\_power <nodename>|<nodeip>|<nodesn> Gets the power status of a node.
- ism\_set\_power <nodename>|<nodeip>|<nodesn> Shutdown|PowerOn Sets the power status of a node.
- ism\_add\_server [<inputfile>]
  Registers servers listed in given input file.
- ism\_run\_refreshnodes [<filter>]
  Updates/refreshs the info and status of nodes.
- ism\_run\_gfupdate [-s]

Updates the ISM internal repository from *GlobalFlash*. With option -s only firmware for registered components are downloaded.

- ism\_set\_thresholds [<warn> [<critical> [<filter>]]]
  Sets power thresholds for all/given nodes.
- ism\_show\_racks
  Display an overview of racks with *RackId* and *RackName*.
- ism\_show\_profiles
  List all available deployment profiles in ISM.
- ism\_show\_isos Display imported ISO files.
- ism\_del\_iso [<id>]
  Deletes given ISO. Without param the command runs in interactive mode.

## **Commands**

## **Configfile**

.ism\_env contains defaults to make things more comfortable.

```
#!/bin/bash
# (c) Juergen Orth ;-)
# $Id: README.adoc 176 2023-03-29 10:14:32Z HMBJOrth $
# for documentation see https://github.com/fujitsu/ISMtools
# Settings and tools for ISMtools based on bash and curl
# IP, Name or FQDN of ISM VA with optional portnumber
ISM VA DEFAULT=ism.customer.net
# ISM VA default portnumber
ISM_PORT_DEFAULT=25566
# User and passwort. Format username:password
ISM_USER_DEFAULT=administrator:admin
# Debug settings: 0=none, 1=few, 2=more, 3=much more debug output
DEBUG_DEFAULT=0
# CERT file. Doesn't matter if available.
CACERT=${0%/*}/DCMA.crt
# Default options for cURL - --silent suppresses progress bar
CURLOPTIONS="--silent --show-error"
# LOGFILE: to see some log output of commands
LOGFILE=/tmp/ISMtools-$$.log
# OUTPUTFILE: to see some output of commands
OUTPUTFILE=/tmp/ISMtools-$$.zip
# TMPFILE: for temporary files
TMPFILE=/tmp/ISMtools-$$
# SNAPDAYS: Period for snap files (current date -SNAPDAYS back)
SNAPDAYS=0
# SNAPMODE: Defines mode (full or part) of snap file
SNAPMODE=full
# Don't change lines below
# Define vars PROG, DIR and expand PATH to find subcommands
... (truncated)
```

### **Used ENV vars**

- ISM\_VA: IP-address, name or FQDN of iRMC and optional port number like ism.customer.net:4711.
- ISM\_USER: User credentials in format user:password
- DEBUG: If set (e.g. export DEBUG=1) the scripts will output debug information to *stderr*. As higher the number as more output will be produced.
- ISM\_session: These var is set by command eval \$(ism\_login) and is used to handle ISM sessions. They should be unset with command eval \$(ism\_logout).
- WARNING: If set a warning message appears when https data is not confirmed by certificate. Use it

## **Commandline options**

Generic options for all commands:

-h
 Gives a short overview for possible options of a command.

```
• -i <ISMname>|<ISMip>|<ISMfqdn>[:<portnum>]
Overrides settings in .ism_env and ENV var ISM_VA.
```

- -u <username>:<password>
   Overrides settings in .ism\_env and ENV var ISM\_USER.
- -d <debuglevel>
   Overrides settings in .ism\_env and ENV var DEBUG.

These general options are not described again below. Further options that are specific for some command will be explained at the corresponding command.

### **Commands**

#### ism\_show\_env

Display the current environment that would be effective when running one of irmc\_xxx scripts:

1) The jq tool is available which is needed for some scripts.

#### ism\_chk\_con

This command checks the connection. So you can see if you can use the REST API of ISM\_VA. Additional the current settings from <code>ism\_show\_env</code> are displayed.

```
ISM session:
                        CACERT:
                                      /tmp/ism/DCMA.crt
                        JSON:
                                      jq .
2022-12-23 11:58:52 -- Connection OK ①
$ ism_chk_con -i 10.172.125.109 -u administrator:wrongPW
2022-12-23 12:03:38 -- Effective settings:
                        ISM_VA:
                                      10.172.125.109:25566
                        ISM FQDN:
                                      tvm-ism109.bupc-test.hmb.fsc.net.
                        ISM_IP:
                                      10.172.125.109
                        ISM_USER:
                                      administrator:wrongPW
                        ISM session:
                                      /tmp/ism/DCMA.crt
                        CACERT:
                        JSON:
                                      jq.
2022-12-23 12:03:39 -- NO Connection (2)
```

- 1 This connection is working
- 2 This connection couldn't be established

#### ism\_login

Used for initiating an ISM session and setting of the required ENV var ISM\_session. Usage: eval \$(ism\_login). With an established session there is no need for authentication overhead when doing several requests in a row. Please notice that sessions expire after some time of inactivity!

```
$ eval $(ism_login -i 10.172.125.109)
$ ism show env
2022-12-23 12:15:12 -- Effective settings:
                        ISM_VA:
                                      ism.customer.net:25566
                        ISM FQDN:
                                      ism.customer.net
                                      169.254.254.254
                        ISM IP:
                        ISM_USER:
                                      administrator:admin
                        ISM session: d1b2533efc595f2ef535d97941d80e35 1
                        CACERT:
                                      /tmp/ism/DCMA.crt
                        JSON:
                                      jq .
```

1 This session id is used for further requests.

#### ism\_logout

Used for destroying an ISM session and unsetting the session related ENV var. Usage: eval \$(ism\_logout)

#### ism\_cmd

Basic command to perform REST API tasks: Usage: ism\_cmd get|post|patch|delete <endpoint> [other options ..]. You can write the method in lower or upper case letters and use <endpoint> w/ or w/o leading "/".

Output is in formatted JSON format (one very long line). To beautify output and make it easier to

read you can pipe the output to jq . or python -m json.tool for example.

TIP Possible tool for formatting is displayed in output of [\_ism\_show\_env] at entry *JSON*.

So if you have some documentation in [ISM\_REST\_API] like:

#### 4.3.2 List Retrieval for Nodes

#### [Overview]

Retrieves information of all nodes under the management of the user group that the user belongs to.

Query parameters can be used to narrow down the nodes to be retrieved.

#### [Format]

```
GET /nodes
```

#### [Query Parameter]

Parameter	Туре	Description
name	string	Narrowing down by Node Name

then you can use ism\_cmd in the following manner:

#### Example:

```
$ ism_cmd GET /nodes ①

{"MessageInfo":[], "SchemaType":"https://10.172.125.109:25566/ism/schema/v2/Nodes/Nodes
-GET
-Out.0.0.1.json", "IsmBody":{"Nodes":[{"AdditionalData":{}, "Fabric":[], "ParentFabricId"
:null, "DataCenterInfo":{"DcId":null, "Name":null}, "SlotNum":null, "UpdateDate":"2022-12-
23T06:44:41.931Z", "ChildNodeList":[], "IpAddress":"10.172.124.85", "Model":"PRIMERGY
RX100
S8", "Status":"Normal", "Description":null, "AlarmStatus":"Warning", "Type":"server", "Node
GroupId":8, "NodeTagList":[], "IpVersion":"V4"
... (truncated)
```

① ism\_cmd get nodes or ism\_cmd get "nodes?name=mynodename" would also be valid examples.

#### ism\_list\_assets

List all assets in formatted JSON format.

```
List all inventory data in formatted JSON format.$ ism_list_assets
{
        "MessageInfo": [],
        "SchemaType":
"https://10.172.125.85:25566/ism/schema/v2/Nodes/NodesInventory-GET-Out.0.0.1.json",
        "IsmBody": {
        "Nodes": [
```

```
"Manufacture": "FUJITSU",
        "MacAddress": "b0-ac-fa-a0-65-cf",
        "Wwnn": null,
        "VariableData": {
          "Firmware": [
              "Function": null,
              "Slot": null,
              "Type": "storage",
              "Name": "ET203AU",
              "Unified": null,
              "Bus": null,
              "Device": null,
              "Model": "ET203AU",
              "Segment": null,
              "FirmwareVersion": "V10L90-3000"
            }
          ],
          "Raid": [
            {
              "Status": "Available",
              "Name": "EXCP0000",
              "Level": "RAID0",
              "Disks": 1,
              "Number": 0,
              "FreeCapacity": 0,
              "TotalCapacity": 374528
            },
... (truncated)
```

#### ism\_list\_firmware

List all firmware data in formatted JSON format. This is nearly the same as <code>ism\_list\_assets</code>. The difference is that only *Firmware* will be displayes in *VariableData*. So output size is much smaller.

```
"Function": null,
              "Slot": null,
              "Type": "storage",
              "Name": "ET203AU",
              "Unified": null,
              "Bus": null,
              "Device": null,
              "Model": "ET203AU",
              "Segment": null,
              "FirmwareVersion": "V10L90-3000"
           }
          1
        },
        "Name": "ET-DX200S3-C11",
        "HardwareLogTarget": 1,
        "SerialNumber": "4601547358",
        "ServerViewLogTarget": 0,
        "NodeId": 10115,
        "ProductName": "ETERNUSDXLS3 ET203AU",
        "UpdateDate": "2023-01-05T06:36:03.270Z",
        "Progress": "Complete",
        "RaidLogTarget": 0,
        "SoftwareLogTarget": 0
     },
... (truncated)
```

### ism\_list\_inventory

List all inventory data in formatted JSON format.

```
$ ism_list_inventory
          "MessageInfo": [],
          "SchemaType":
"https://10.172.125.85:25566/ism/schema/v2/Nodes/NodesInventory-GET-Out.0.0.1.json",
          "IsmBody": {
            "Nodes": [
                "Manufacture": "FUJITSU",
                "MacAddress": "b0-ac-fa-a0-65-cf",
                "Wwnn": null,
                "VariableData": {
                  "Firmware": [
                    {
                      "Function": null,
                      "Slot": null,
                      "Type": "storage",
                      "Name": "ET203AU",
                      "Unified": null,
                      "Bus": null,
```

```
"Device": null,
              "Model": "ET203AU",
              "Segment": null,
              "FirmwareVersion": "V10L90-3000"
           }
          ],
          "Raid": [
           {
              "Status": "Available",
              "Name": "EXCP0000",
              "Level": "RAID0",
              "Disks": 1,
              "Number": 0,
              "FreeCapacity": 0,
              "TotalCapacity": 374528
... (truncated)
```

### ism\_list\_events <nodename>|<nodeip>|<nodesn>

List all events in formatted JSON format for given node.

```
$ ism_list_events EWAL001056
          "SchemaType":
"https://10.172.125.85:25566/ism/schema/v2/Event/EventHistoryEventShow-GET-
Out.0.0.1.json",
          "MessageInfo": [],
          "IsmBody": {
            "Logs": [
              {
                "Id": "478966",
                "OccurrenceDate": "2023-01-05T09:31:15.547Z",
                "Type": "asynchronous operation complete",
                "Level": "info",
                "MessageId": "10020303",
                "Message": "Reacquisition of node information was completed.",
                "TargetInfo": {
                  "Name": "rx4770m6-4-112",
                  "ResourceIdType": "NodeId",
                  "ResourceId": 10180
                "Operator": null
              },
        ... (truncated)
```

### ism\_list\_nodes [<filter>]

List all node data (that is accessible for the user group the current user belongs to) in formatted

JSON format. Output can be filtered with following filter keywords (that can be combined if necessary):

Possible filter keywords are:

```
name, type, model, ipaddress, rackid, floorid, dcid, nodegroupid, status, alarmstatus, nodetag, uniqinfo
```

So if you want to output all data of nodes for a given *rack id* that are in status *Warning* then you could do it like this:

① Please note that you have to use single or double quotes for the filter as the "&" character has a special meaning for the bash interpreter.

### ism\_list\_traps <nodename>|<nodeip>|<nodesn>

List all traps in formatted JSON format for a given node.

```
"ResourceId": 10145,

"Severity": "Minor"

},
... (truncated)
```

1 In this example serial number is used to define node.

#### ism\_j2c [NODE|EVENT|TRAP|FIRMWARE|ASSET|<ColumnSpec>]

Converts JSON to CSV. JSON data is read from *STDIN* and written to *STDOUT*. You can only specify keys at level three of the JSON input. Parameters NODE, EVENT etc. define example ColumnSpecs for the corresponding ism\_list\_\* command. If no parameter is given then NODE is assumed.

```
$ ism_list_nodes "type=server&rackid=1" | ism_j2c '["UniqInfo","IpAddress"]'

"sep=,"
"UniqInfo","IpAddress"
"MACK001036","10.172.124.101"
"EWAL001056","10.172.124.113"
"YLNS001039","10.172.124.125"
"YM6D024205","10.172.124.233"
"YLVT001989","10.172.124.87"
"YMSQ002118","10.172.124.225"
"YM6D009446","10.172.124.24145"
"YLNV001022","10.172.124.203"
"YMTJ001026","10.172.124.221"
"YM6D024204","10.172.124.231"
```

1 Please note the quoting which is necessary!

### ism\_get\_nodeid <nodename>|<nodeip>|<nodesn>

Extracts the NodeId for the specified node. If the name contains spaces or other special characters it has to be quoted.

```
$ ism_get_nodeid EWAL001056
10180
```

### ism\_get\_rackid <RackName>

Extracts the RackId for a given Rackname. If the name contains spaces or other special characters it has to be quoted.

```
$ ism_get_rackid "HQ Server Rack #1"
9
```

#### ism\_get\_groupname

Shows the groupname for the current user. Is sometimes needed to determine file location below FTP root directory.

```
$ ism_get_groupname
Administrator
```

#### ism\_get\_sysrep [-o <outputfile>] [-c] <nodename>|<nodeip>|<nodesn>

Creates and downloads a System-Report ZIP file which contains the system report and the system event log (SEL). If no outputfile is given then default value *OUTPUTFILE* defined in Configfile is used. With option -c the output file is copied afterwards to Fujitsu's SFTP server to directory /incoming.

```
$ ism_get_sysrep EWAL001056
       2023-01-05 10:16:22 -- Log in to ISM if necessary ...
       2023-01-05 10:16:25 --
                                  Session_Id=fc045d8db0565cb83f8e1f649202cab7
       2023-01-05 10:16:26 -- Retrieving NodeId
       2023-01-05 10:16:28 --
                                  NodeId=10180 for EWAL001056
       2023-01-05 10:16:28 -- Start Systemreport generation
       2023-01-05 10:16:30 --
                                 TaskId=396 - waiting for finishing ...
       2023-01-05 10:16:52 -- Complete Success
       2023-01-05 10:16:53 -- Creating Systemreport
       2023-01-05 10:16:54 --
                                  TaskId=397 - waiting for finishing
       2023-01-05 10:16:57 -- Complete Success
       2023-01-05 10:16:57 -- Create ZIP file
       2023-01-05 10:16:59 --
                                  ZIP
file=https://10.172.125.85:25566/ism/data/export/Administrator/transfer/Archive/fc045d
8db0565cb83f8e1f649202cab7/download/archivedlog/397/ArchivedLog_20230105101654.zip
       2023-01-05 10:16:59 -- Download ZIP file to /tmp/ISMtools.out
       2023-01-05 10:17:04 -- Result file /tmp/ISMtools.out (Size=39K / Type=ZIP)
       2023-01-05 10:17:04 -- Logging out
       2023-01-05 10:17:06 -- Finished
```

### ism\_get\_snap [-t <days>] [-m part|full] [-c]

Creates and downloads an ISM snap file (ZIP format) that can be used for support issues. You can specify the period in *days* of log files that should be retrieved by parameter -t. If no time spec is given then default value *SNAPDAYS* defined in *Configfile* is used. Using -m option allows to define whether to generate a full or a partial snap. Default *SNAPMODE* is defined in *Configfile*. With option -c the snap file is copied afterwards to Fujitsu's SFTP server to directory /incoming. After downloading the snap file to your local machine it is deleted at the ISM-VA.

```
$ ism_get_snap -m full -t 2
2023-02-28 10:15:35 -- Log in to ISM if necessary ...
2023-02-28 10:15:35 -- Session_Id=87d2fca86a635f4f3143f8a3aeb8b73c
2023-02-28 10:15:35 -- Generating snapfile ...
```

```
2023-02-28 10:15:37 -- TaskId=77 - waiting for finishing

2023-02-28 10:17:25 -- Complete Success
2023-02-28 10:17:30 -- Starting download of snapfile ...
2023-02-28 10:17:30 -- Snapfile ismsnap-77-20230228101537-20230226-
20230301-20230226-20230301-full.zip (Size=13M/Type=ZIP)
2023-02-28 10:17:31 -- Deleting snapfile on ISM_VA
2023-02-28 10:17:35 -- Logging out
```

#### ism\_copy\_2ds <file> [<file> ..]

Copies one or more files to the /incoming directory of Fujitsu's SFTP server. If asked you can use *ftp* as password.

#### ism\_get\_power <nodename>|<nodeip>|<nodesn>

Get the current power status of a given node. You can see an example at the ism\_set\_power command below.

### ism\_set\_power <nodename>|<nodeip>|<nodesn> Shutdown|PowerOn

Set the current power status of a node to the given state.

**CAUTION** 

Please note: Shutdown is NOT a graceful shutdown!

```
}
}
$ ism_get_power RX2520M4-XXXXX ①
On
```

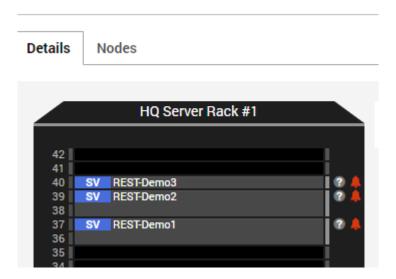
- 1 Read the current power status
- 2 Change the power status

### ism\_add\_server [<inputfile>]

Registers new servers to your ISM VA. Input data is read from *inputfile*. If it is omitted then default file <code>ism\_nodes.csv</code> in the same directory as the <code>ism\_add\_server</code> command is taken. The syntax can be seen in example below. Empty lines and such with "#" at the beginning are ignored. If you do not like to enter mounting position enter null for the corresponding entry.

```
$ cat ism nodes.csv
        MODEL; NAME; DESC; SERVER; USER; PW; RACK; POS; HE; TAGS
        PRIMERGY RX2540 M6; REST-Demo1; Added by
script;10.172.124.223;admin;admin;9;36;2;REST-API Testserver JO
        PRIMERGY RX4770 M4; REST-Demo2; Added by
script;10.172.124.247;admin;admin;9;38;2;REST-API Testserver JO
        PRIMERGY RX2530 M1; REST-Demo3; Added by
script;10.172.124.147;admin;admin;9;40;1;REST-API Testserver JO
        $ ism_add_server ism_nodes.csv
        2023-01-05 17:18:20 -- Registering node 10.172.124.223 ... OK
        2023-01-05 17:18:29 -- BG-Retrieving information from NodeID 10290 ...
PID=2635
        2023-01-05 17:18:30 -- Registering node 10.172.124.247 ... OK
        2023-01-05 17:18:38 -- BG-Retrieving information from NodeID 10291 ...
PID=2671
        2023-01-05 17:18:39 -- Registering node 10.172.124.147 ... OK
        2023-01-05 17:18:48 -- BG-Retrieving information from NodeID 10292 ...
PID=2707
```

After this the new servers should appear within 3D view:



#### ism\_run\_refreshnodes [<filter>]

Retrieves current node infos. Without argument all nodes are refreshed. If you want to refresh only specific nodes just enter a [filter].

This might be useful to update node infos after changes (e.g. FW) as ISM does this only once a day.

```
$ ism_run_refreshnodes "type=server&rackid=1"
2023-01-05 10:29:40 -- Reading node list ...
2023-01-05 10:29:44 -- BG refreshing NodeId 10177 (10.172.124.101) [PID=2264]
2023-01-05 10:29:44 -- BG refreshing NodeId 10180 (10.172.124.113) [PID=2266]
2023-01-05 10:29:44 -- BG refreshing NodeId 10181 (10.172.124.125) [PID=2269]
2023-01-05 10:29:45 -- BG refreshing NodeId 10118 (10.172.124.233) [PID=2274]
2023-01-05 10:29:45 -- BG refreshing NodeId 10157 (10.172.124.87) [PID=2280]
2023-01-05 10:29:45 -- BG refreshing NodeId 10191 (10.172.124.225) [PID=2286]
2023-01-05 10:29:46 -- BG refreshing NodeId 10192 (10.172.124.145) [PID=2293]
2023-01-05 10:29:47 -- BG refreshing NodeId 10230 (10.172.124.203) [PID=2301]
2023-01-05 10:29:47 -- BG refreshing NodeId 10143 (10.172.124.221) [PID=2306]
2023-01-05 10:29:48 -- BG refreshing NodeId 10117 (10.172.124.231) [PID=2313]
```

### ism\_run\_gfupdate [-s]

This command refreshs (synchronizes) the ISM VA internal repository with Fujitsu's internet repository (aka GlobalFlash). Without argument all available firmware/driver components are downloaded. When you use option -s then it runs in *smart* mode which means only software components are downloaded for servers and their components that are registered in ISM VA.

#### **CAUTION**

You should have enough disk space within your ISM VA to prevent it from running out of space. The whole GlobalFlash repository needs more than 20 GByte!

As it is a good idea to synchronize your ISM VA repository on regurlar schedule you should add a line to your crontab to archive this like:

#### 0 23 \* \* \* ism run qfupdate -s

Then this job is done each day at 11pm.

```
$ ism_run_gfupdate -s
        2023-01-05 18:27:35 -- Retrieving meta data - Please wait ~2 minutes ...
        2023-01-05 18:28:56 -- Saving meta data.
        2023-01-05 18:29:00 -- Smart filtering in progress. This takes some time ...
        2023-01-05 18:29:29 -- Starting download of firmware/drivers ...
          "SchemaType":
"https://10.172.125.85:25566/ism/schema/v2/System/SystemSettingsFirmwareFtsFirmwareDow
nload-POST-Out.0.0.1.json",
          "MessageInfo": [],
          "IsmBody": {
            "TaskId": "398",
            "CancelUri":
"https://10.172.125.85:25566/ism/api/v2/system/settings/firmware/ftsfirmware/download/
cancel"
          }
        }
        2023-01-05 18:29:35 -- Cleaning up.
```

Then you can see a task within the GUI that is downloading the required software components to ISM VA. Of course this task can take a long time depending on how many components have to be downloaded.



### ism\_set\_thresholds [<warn> [<critical> [<filter>]]]

This command defines some power threscholds for nodes. If power consumption is about *warning* or *critical* threshold then an event is raised. Systems with warning or critical values can also be seen in 3D view when you select "Power Consumption".

Without arguments defaults values will be used. You can see them in the example below:

```
$ ism_set_thresholds
2023-01-05 17:58:23 -- Log in to ISM if necessary ...
2023-01-05 17:58:27 -- Session_Id=5f6b3a3fb9587f464dd62943d1acdadb
2023-01-05 17:58:27 -- Using filter "type=server&nodetag=powercheck"
2023-01-05 17:58:27 -- Setting upper power thresholds (300W/400W) to: rx100s8-
124-84-irmc rx2530m6-4-77
```

## ism\_show\_racks

Shows RackId and RackName for all racks as table.

### ism\_show\_profiles

List all available deployment profiles in ISM.

TIP To avoid line wrapping you can pipe output to less -S.

<pre>\$ism_show_profiles</pre>			
ID Profile	Node		
NodeIP-iRMC Status Category			
=== ===================================		=====	
======================================			
19 TX2550m5-9-25_PXE_ESXi_7U3	1X2550M5-9-2	TX2550M5-9-25	
192.xxx.x.xx assigned Server-TX			
16 RX2520m4-7-33_PXE_ESXi_7U3	RX2520M4-7-3	RX2520M4-7-33	
192.xxx.x.xx error Server-RX			
2 RX2540M2-9-6-wind2019	RX2540M2-9-6	RX2540M2-9-6	
192.xxx.xx error Server-RX			
17 TX2550m5-9-25_PXE_SLES_15-4			
unassigned Server-TX			
9 TX2550m5-9-25_PXEuse_existing			
unassigned Server-TX			
14 RX2520m4-7-33_PXE_SLES_15-4			
unassigned Server-RX			
13 snmptrapdest			
unassigned Server-RX			
12 RX2520m4-7-33_elcmRAID0_win2019			
unassigned Server-RX			
11 RX2520m4-7-33_PXEuse_existing_SATA			
unassigned Server-RX			
10 RX2520m4-7-33_PXEuse_existing_raid_copy			
unassigned Server-RX			

```
8 RX2520m4-7-33_PXE__use_existing_raid --- ---
unassigned Server-RX
7 RX2520m4-7-33_PXE_Sata_R1 --- ---
unassigned Server-RX
6 RX2520m4-7-33_elcm_copy --- ---
unassigned Server-RX
5 RX2520m4-7-33_elcm --- ---
unassigned Server-RX
4 RX2520m4-7-33 --- ---
unassigned Server-RX
3 RX2520M4-7-33-wind2019_copy --- ---
unassigned Server-RX
```

#### ism\_show\_isos

Shows the ISO files that have been uploaded to ISM VA.

```
$ ism_show_isos
        ID Filename
MiB
       9 VMware-ESXi-7.0.3.update03-19193900-Fujitsu-v530-1.iso
440
        2 VMware-ESXi-6.7.0-14320388-Fujitsu-v480-1.iso
376
        3 en_windows_server_2019_updated_april_2020_x64_dvd_12d6dc63.iso
5125
       10 SVIM14.21.11.07.iso
7493
       11 SLE-15-SP4-Full-x86_64-GM-Media1.iso
12438
        5 rhel-8.0-x86 64-dvd.iso
6774
        6 SVIM13.20.10.06.iso
8117
        7 VMware_ESXi_7.0.0_15843807_Fujitsu_v500_1.iso
369
        8 VMware-ESXi-7.0.1.update01-16850804-Fujitsu-v510-1.iso
389
```

### ism\_del\_iso [<id>]

Deletes uploaded ISO files. If no argument is given then it runs in interactive mode (can be cancelled by SIGINT signal, Ctrl-C).

```
9 VMware-ESXi-7.0.3.update03-19193900-Fujitsu-v530-1.iso
2 VMware-ESXi-6.7.0-14320388-Fujitsu-v480-1.iso
3 en_windows_server_2019_updated_april_2020_x64_dvd_12d6dc63.iso
10 SVIM14.21.11.07.iso
11 SLE-15-SP4-Full-x86_64-GM-Media1.iso
5 rhel-8.0-x86_64-dvd.iso
6 SVIM13.20.10.06.iso
7 VMware_ESXi_7.0.0_15843807_Fujitsu_v500_1.iso
8 VMware-ESXi-7.0.1.update01-16850804-Fujitsu-v510-1.iso
Please enter ID that should be deleted (or q to quit):
... (truncated)
```

## **Security concerns**

Even if it is possible to enter user names and passwords via commandline parameters to all commands: This should be used only in non critical environments (e.g. for testing). Otherwise this data could be read by any other user (e.g. by ps -ef).

The preferred and secure way to provide those critical data to the scripts is by defining those data in either .ism\_env file, in your ~/.profile (or ~/.bash\_profile) file or by exporting vars in your shell (e.g. export ISM\_USER=administrator:mysecretpassword).

WARNING

And of course, those files should be readable only by their owner (e.g. chmod go-rwx .ism\_env ~/.profile)!

## **Bibliography**

[ISM\_REST\_API] Fujitsu: REST API Reference Manual

NOTE

Further links to documents, API specifications, tools and more can you find here.

TIP

You can convert/render this document to HTML with command line tool asciidoc or can open it in your favorite browser after installing the Asciidoctor.js addon.