

MACHINE LEARNING #please note answers are marked in red

Q1 to Q11 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.

1.	Movie Recommendation systems are an example of: i) Classification ii) Clustering iii) Regression Options: a) 2 Only b) 1 and 2 c) 1 and 3 d) 2 and 3
2.	Sentiment Analysis is an example of: i) Regression ii) Classification iii) Clustering iv) Reinforcement Options: a) 1 Only b) 1 and 2 c) 1 and 3 d) 1, 2 and 4
3.	Can decision trees be used for performing clustering? a) True b) False
4.	Which of the following is the most appropriate strategy for data cleaning before performing clustering analysis, given less than desirable number of data points: i) Capping and flooring of variables ii) Removal of outliers Options: a) 1 only b) 2 only c) 1 and 2 d) None of the above
5.	What is the minimum no. of variables/ features required to perform clustering? a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 3
6.	For two runs of K-Mean clustering is it expected to get same clustering results? a) Yes b) No
7.	Is it possible that Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between successive iterations in K-Means? a) Yes b) No c) Can't say d) None of these



MACHINE LEARNING

- 8. Which of the following can act as possible termination conditions in K-Means?
 - i) For a fixed number of iterations.
 - ii) Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between iterations. Except for cases witha bad local minimum.
 - iii) Centroids do not change between successive iterations.
 - iv) Terminate when RSS falls below a threshold. Options:
 - a) 1, 3 and 4
 - b) 1, 2 and 3
 - c) 1, 2 and 4
 - d) All of the above
- 9. Which of the following algorithms is most sensitive to outliers?
 - a) K-means clustering algorithm
 - b) K-medians clustering algorithm
 - c) K-modes clustering algorithm
 - d) K-medoids clustering algorithm
- 10. How can Clustering (Unsupervised Learning) be used to improve the accuracy of Linear Regression model (Supervised Learning):
 - i) Creating different models for different cluster groups.
 - ii) Creating an input feature for cluster ids as an ordinal variable.
 - iii) Creating an input feature for cluster centroids as a continuous variable.
 - iv) Creating an input feature for cluster size as a continuous variable. Options:
 - a) 1 only
 - b) 2 only

 - c) 3 and 4d) All of the above
- 11. What could be the possible reason(s) for producing two different dendrograms using agglomerative clustering algorithms for the same dataset?
 - a) Proximity function used
 - b) of data points used
 - c) of variables used
 - d) All of the above

Q12 to Q14 are subjective answers type questions, Answers them in their own words briefly

12. Is K sensitive to outliers?

Ans: yes its sensitive to outliers as mean is influenced by extreme values

13. Why is K means better?

Ans it's a form of unsupervised data so that no training of data is required

14. Is K means a deterministic algorithm?

Ans no it s not a deterministic alogorithm rather it's a nondeterministic it gives different data every time