

## **Beta Distribution**

Function and properties



## Beta pdf is

$$f(x; a, b, \alpha, \beta) = \frac{(x-a)^{\alpha-1}(b-x)^{\beta-1}}{B(\alpha, \beta)(b-a)^{\alpha+\beta-1}},$$

$$a \le x \le b$$
,  $\alpha, \beta > 0$ 

where 
$$B(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)}{\Gamma(\alpha+\beta)} = \int_0^1 x^{\alpha-1} (1-x)^{\beta-1} dx$$

$$\Gamma(\alpha) = \int_0^\infty t^{\alpha - 1} e^{-t} \, dt$$

 $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are shape parameters.



Standard Beta (a=0, b=1) pdf is

$$f(x; a, b, \alpha, \beta) = \frac{(x)^{\alpha - 1}(1 - x)^{\beta - 1}}{B(\alpha, \beta)}, \ 0 \le x \le 1, \ \alpha, \beta > 0$$

## In SAS, Proc Univariate-Beta Fit:

theta=a, sigma=b-a, alpha= $\alpha$ , beta= $\beta$ 

$$\mu$$
=mean= $\frac{\alpha}{\alpha+\beta}$ , scale parameter= $\phi$ = $\alpha$ + $\beta$ 

Var(y)=
$$\frac{a(\mu)}{1+\phi}$$
 where  $a(\mu)=\mu(1-\mu)$ 
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 $\alpha$ = $\beta$ =1 then Uniform distribution

 $\alpha$ = $\beta$  then symmetric

 $\alpha$ <1,  $\beta$ <1 then U shaped

 $\alpha>1$ ,  $\beta=1$  then strictly increasing

 $\alpha = 1$ ,  $\beta > 1$  then strictly decreasing

 $\alpha>1$ ,  $\beta>1$  then unimodal



## In SAS, Proc Univariate-Beta Fit, food example:

theta=a=0,  
sigma=b-a=1-0=1,  
alpha=
$$\alpha$$
=2.464531,  
beta= $\beta$ =4.897577

beta=
$$\beta$$
=4.897577

$$\mu = mean = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha + \beta} = \frac{2.464531}{2.464531 + 4.897577} = 0.334759,$$

scale parameter=
$$\phi$$
= $\alpha$ + $\beta$ = 2.464531 + 4.897577=7.3621

$$Var(y) = \frac{\mu(1-\mu)}{1+\phi} = \frac{0.334759(1-0.334759)}{1+7.3621} = 0.026632$$

Std dev.=
$$\sqrt{Var(y)}$$
=0.163192



Fitting Proc GLIMMIX without any predictors with the response and beta distribution:

 Logit is estimated by the intercept. Food example has the estimated value, -0.6867

mean =
$$\mu = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-logit}} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{0.6867}} = 0.33476$$

• Output has the estimated scale, 7.3621  $\phi = \alpha + \beta = 2.464531 + 4.897577$