Working with Data in R

Data Storage in R

- Named data structures (objects)
- Vector series of data values
- Scalar single value vector
- Matrix or array multidimensional vectors of same data type (matrix: 2 dimensions)
- Factor grouping by category
- Data frame matrix-like structure with different data types
- Function object containing program code
- Typically returned by class() function

R Data Types

- Numeric
 - Integer
 - Double
- Logical True/False
- Character
- List elements not of same type (also a structure)
- Complex (real + imaginary)
- Raw data bytes represented as 2 hex digits
- Typically returned by mode() function

Information About Objects

- class(objectname) reveals object structure
- mode(objectname) reveals data type
- summary(objectname) additional info depending on class of object
- str(objectname) **str**ucture of R object
- length(objectname) number of values

Quirky Things About R

 Many R objects have a class attribute, a character vector giving the names of the classes from which the object *inherits*. If the object does not have a class attribute, it has an implicit class, "matrix", "array" or the result of mode(x) (except that integer vectors have implicit class "integer").

No class: class=mode



R Operators

Arithmetic and Assignment Operators

Operator	Description	
+	addition	
-	subtraction	
*	multiplication	
/	division	
^ or **	exponentiation	
x %% y	modulus (x mod y) 5%%2 is 1	
x %/% y	integer division 5%/%2 is 2	
x<-y or y->x	assignment; x gets y	
:	create series (1:10)	



R Operators

Logical Operators

Operator	Description	
<	less than	
<=	less than or equal to	
>	greater than	
>=	greater than or equal to	
==	exactly equal to	
!=	not equal to	
!x	Not x	
x y	x OR y	
П	OR with IF	
х & у	x AND y	
&&	AND with IF	
isTRUE(x)	test if X is TRUE	

Command Syntax

- functionname(x,arg=0)
- x positional argument
 - usually required
 - must be in expected location (order)
- arg keyword argument
 - often optional
 - usually has a default value
- Multiple parameters separated by commas

Command Syntax

- How do you specify an argument with multiple values that are separated by a comma?
 - c(1,2)
 - Known as the combine function
 - plot(c(1,3,5,7),c(2,4,6,8))

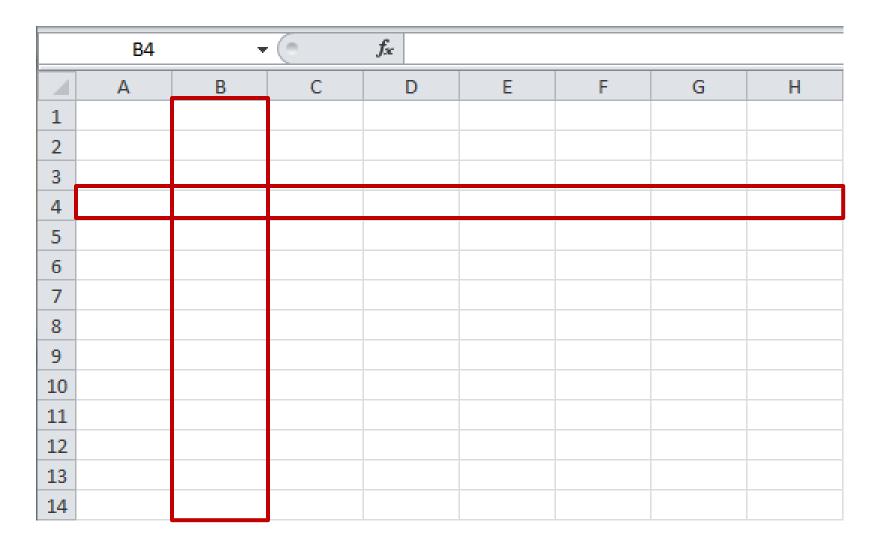
Some Commonly Used R Functions

- length()
- sum(), cumsum(), prod(), cumprod()
- mean(), sd(), var(), median(), min(), max(), range(), summary()
- exp(), log(), sin(), cos(), tan() [radians, not degrees]
- round(), ceiling(), floor(), signif()
- sort(), order(), rank(), rev()
- which(), which.max(), which.min()
- any(), all()
- apply(), tapply(), lapply()

Working with Vectors & Data Structures

Command Syntax

- The devil is in the details!
- This is different from a function!!!
 - dataobject[indices]
 - dataobject name of data frame, vector, etc.
 - indices vector, formula, or function to specify members to use
 - Negative indices remove the specified members



- A vector is a series of values
- Single dimension
- Not necessarily part of a data frame or matrix
- Frequently are a subset of data frame or matrix
- (V <- 1:14)
- [1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14

Accessing Data in a Vector







Working With Missing Data

- NA
- <NA> (among characters without quotes)
- Function arguments
 - na.rm=TRUE instructs function to remove missing
 - na.strings= specify values to identify as missing in raw data
- Functions
 - na.omit() removes cases from action inside ()
 - is.na() tests to see if a value is missing
- NaN "Not a number" i.e.: Square root -4



1	New Zealand	9.5
2	Denmark	9.4
3	Finland	9.4
4	Sweden	9.3
5	Singapore	9.2
6	Norway	9
7	Netherlands	8.9
8	Australia	8.8
9	Switzerland	8.8
10	Canada	8.7
11	Luxembourg	8.5
12	Hong Kong	8.4
13	Iceland	8.3
14	Germany	8
15	Japan	8
16	Austria	7.8



Methods to Combine Vectors

- cbind(V1, V2) as columns
- rbind(*V1*, *V2*) as rows
- data.frame(V1, V2) into a data frame
- Recycling occurs when vectors of unequal length are combined



Combining Vectors into Tables

- Matrix
 - A vector of equal length vectors
 - All values must be of same type
- Data Frame
 - Matrix like structure
 - Ideal for mixed data types