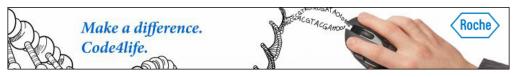
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## What does enumerate mean?



I am using tkinter in Python and came across the following code:

for row\_number, row in enumerate(cursor):

I was wondering whether anyone could explain what enumerate means in this context?

python enumerate





9 docs.python.org/2/library/functions.html#enumerate – ndpu Mar 4 '14 at 12:10

## 3 Answers

The enumerate() function adds a counter to an iterable.

So for each element in cursor, a tuple is produced with (counter, element); the for loop binds that to  $row_number$  and row, respectively.

## Demo:

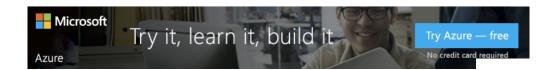
By default, enumerate() starts counting at 0 but if you give it a second integer argument, it'll start from that number instead:

```
>>> for count, elem in enumerate(elements, 42):
... print count, elem
...
42 foo
43 bar
44 baz
```



Your demo is useful, but could you explain condition also as [ i for i,x in enumerate(wl), if x == "gonna"] -Hemant Yadav May 28 at 16:53

1 @HemantYadav: that's just part of a list comprehension (albeit with an error in it, that second comma should probably not be there), and is not specific to enumerate(). See Python for-in loop preceded by a variable; it builds a list of indices for all occurrences of the string 'gonna' in w1 . - Martijn Pieters ♦ May 28 at 17:17



It's a builtin generator function, see http://docs.python.org/2/library/functions.html#enumerate.

In short, it yields the elements of an iterator, as well as an index number:

```
for item in enumerate(["a", "b", "c"]):
      print item
prints
(0, "a")
(1, "b")
(2, "c")
```

It's helpful if you want to loop over an interator, and also want to have an index counter available. If you want the counter to start from some other value (usually 1), you can give that as second argument to enumerate.

edited Mar 4 '14 at 12:31

answered Mar 4 '14 at 12:12



```
I think you're missing a ] in your first line of code. - elParaguayo Mar 4 '14 at 12:29
Thanks, edited. - RemcoGerlich Mar 4 '14 at 12:32
if you add a second variable to item then you can remove the parenthesis: D - Abdelouahab Dec 14 '14 at
```

```
# import modules
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
# generate some time series for six different categories
myts = list("abcdefgh")
tsd = np.random.randn(2000)
tgt = np.random.choice(myts, 2000)
for i, 1 in enumerate(myts):
   tsd[tgt == 1] += i // 2
# Populate into data frame
df = pd.DataFrame(dict(score = tsd, group = tgt))
# Check the results
df.head()
```

Which results into:

```
score
group
        1.658331
       3.020331
       0.253232
       1.494033
       3.533548
```

- 14 For majority of people looking for an answer to this question, this would only create more questions and wouldn't explain anything. You don't need pandas or numpy to explain what enumerate() does. ski Mar 9 '16 at 19:34
- 3 skyjur.. actually this is an explanation given to newbie and not to pro. Manoj Kumar Mar 11 '16 at 4:30
- 4 Yes that is what I want to say, that a newbie who would find this answer wouldn't understand a thing. And non-newbiews probably know what is enumerate() or can refer to documentation. ski Mar 11 '16 at 10:21

Is there a particular reason for using numpy to explain enumerate here? – Fawzan May 25 at 10:15

@Fawzan The main reason was to bring it reproducible example into picture to give an idea about enumerate(), specifically for the readers who are new to Python, relatively. — Manoj Kumar May 25 at 10:58