

# CS 132 Assignment4

Gordon Ng

TOTAL POINTS

**82 / 87**

QUESTION 1

**1 3 / 3**

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 1 pts E21 is Incorrect or was not computed
- 1 pts E31 is Incorrect or was not computed
- 1 pts E32 is Incorrect or was not computed
- 1 pts L is Incorrect or was not computed

- 1 pts Slightly Incorrect U

- 2 pts Incorrect L

- 2 pts Incorrect U

- 1 pts Incorrect final result but correct work

- 4 pts Incorrect final result and work

- 10 pts Missing/Incorrect

QUESTION 2

**2 6 / 6**

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 2 pts Part a) is incorrect or incomplete
- 2 pts Part b) is incorrect or incomplete
- 2 pts Part c) is incorrect or incomplete

QUESTION 5

**5 10 / 10**

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 3 pts Incorrect partition matrix
- 2 pts Slightly incorrect inverse of partitioned matrix
- 4 pts Incorrect inverse of partitioned matrix
- 1 pts Slightly incorrect inverse of each block or component
- 2 pts Incorrect inverse of each block or component
- 1 pts Incorrect final result
- 10 pts Missing/Incorrect

QUESTION 3

**3 1 / 3**

- 0 pts Correct

- 1.5 pts Missing or wrong  $L^{-1}$

- 1.5 pts Missing or wrong  $U^{-1}$

- 1.5 pts Wrong answer using  $A^{-2} = U^{-2}L^{-2}$  or

$$A^{-1} = L^{-1}U^{-1}$$

- 1.5 pts Correct answer without explanation

✓ - 2 pts Wrong answer with partial correct explanation

- 3 pts Wrong or missing answer

QUESTION 6

**6 7 / 10**

+ 10 pts Correct

✓ + 4 pts partitions  $X_k, X(T_k)$  in the correct way

✓ + 3 pts correctly multiply two block matrix

+ 3 pts correctly calculate the difference.

+ 0 pts Wrong or missing answer

QUESTION 4

**4 10 / 10**

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 0.5 pts Slightly incorrect  $U^{-1}$

- 0.5 pts Slightly incorrect  $L^{-1}$

- 1 pts Incorrect  $L^{-1}$

- 1 pts Incorrect  $U^{-1}$

- 1 pts Slightly Incorrect L

QUESTION 7

15 pts

**7.1 5 / 5**

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 5 pts No answer

**7.2 5 / 5**

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 5 pts	No answer	10.2 5 / 5
✓ - 0 pts	Correct	✓ - 0 pts Correct
- 1.66 pts	Partly Correct	- 5 pts No answer
- 3.32 pts	Partly Correct	
- 5 pts	Incorrect	
- 1 pts	Pages Not Selected or Not Selected	
Correctly		
- 5 pts	Missing	

#### QUESTION 8

8 10 / 10

- ✓ - 0 pts Correct
- 3 pts failure to show A is invertible
  - 3 pts failure to show A<sup>-1</sup> is lower triangular.
  - 4 pts failure to show why the operations that reduce A to I change I into a lower triangular matrix.
  - 10 pts Wrong or missing answer

#### QUESTION 9

10 pts

9.1 5 / 5

- ✓ - 0 pts Correct
- 5 pts Incorrect
  - 1 pts Pages Not Selected Or Pages Not Selected
- Correctly
- 5 pts Missing

9.2 5 / 5

- ✓ - 0 pts Correct
- 5 pts Incorrect
  - 1 pts Pages not selected or not selected correctly
  - 5 pts Missing

#### QUESTION 10

10 pts

10.1 5 / 5

- ✓ - 0 pts Correct
- 5 pts No answer

upper

$$\begin{bmatrix} \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times \\ x \end{bmatrix}$$

lower

$$\begin{bmatrix} \times \\ \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times \end{bmatrix}$$

upper

$$1. E_{32} E_{31} E_{21}, A = U \quad A = LU$$

$$2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} - \cancel{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}} - 2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E_{21} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad E_{31} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad E_{32} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$E_{21}^{-1} E_{31}^{-1} E_{32}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = L$$

$$U = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

2a) The Gaussian method leaves zeros under pivots, so the identity.

b)  $EL = I$ , if you do elimination, you follow the formula  $E = L^{-1}$

c)  $LU = A$      $E(LU = A)$      $ELU = EA$      $\boxed{E(EL = I)}$      $IU = EA$

$U = EA$ ) So, it would be  $U$ .

?? 3.  ~~$AVx = b$~~   $A^{-1}x = v \equiv Av = x$

$$A^{-1}(x + A^{-1}y) \quad \begin{array}{l} (I|U|) = b \\ Ly = b \\ y = L^{-1}b \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} Ux = y \\ x = U^{-1}y \end{array}$$

$$LU = b$$

~~$Ax = b$~~

$$\begin{pmatrix} \square & * & * \\ \square & * & \\ \square & & \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad U = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad L^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad U^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad A^{-2} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -2 \\ -2 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad x = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

1 3 / 3

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 1 pts E21 is Incorrect or was not computed
- 1 pts E31 is Incorrect or was not computed
- 1 pts E32 is Incorrect or was not computed
- 1 pts L is Incorrect or was not computed

upper

$$\begin{bmatrix} \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times \\ \times \end{bmatrix}$$

lower

$$\begin{bmatrix} \times \\ \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times \end{bmatrix}$$

upper

$$1. E_{32} E_{31} E_{21}, A = U \quad A = LU$$

$$2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} - \cancel{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}} - 2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E_{21} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad E_{31} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad E_{32} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$E_{21}^{-1} E_{31}^{-1} E_{32}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = L$$

$$U = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

2a) The Gaussian method leaves zeros under pivots, so the identity.

b)  $EL = I$ , if you do elimination, you follow the formula  $E = L^{-1}$

c)  $LU = A$      $E(LU = A)$      $ELU = EA$      $\boxed{E(EL = I)}$      $IU = EA$

$U = EA$ ) So, it would be  $U$ .

?? 3.  ~~$AVx = b$~~   $A^{-1}x = v \equiv Av = x$

$$A^{-1}(x + A^{-1}y) \quad \begin{array}{l} (I|U|x) = b \\ L|y = b \\ y = L^{-1}b \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} LUx = b \\ Ux = y \\ x = U^{-1}y \end{array}$$

~~$Ax = b$~~

$$\begin{pmatrix} \square & * & * \\ \square & * & * \\ \square & \square & \square \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad U = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad L^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad U^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad A^{-2} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -2 \\ -2 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad x = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

2 6 / 6

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 2 pts Part a) is incorrect or incomplete
- 2 pts Part b) is incorrect or incomplete
- 2 pts Part c) is incorrect or incomplete

$$3) \quad L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad U = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad x = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad y = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad A = LU$$

$$A^{-1}y \leftrightarrow A_2 = y \quad A^{-1}x + A^{-2}y \quad A^{-1}(A_2 x + A^{-1}y)$$

$$Ax = b$$

$$LUx = b$$

$$\text{R2L } Lv = y$$

$$U_2 = v$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad v = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \\ u_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad u = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \\ u_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad u_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1}x + A^{-2}y = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 4 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = d \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = I$$

3 1 / 3

- **0 pts** Correct
  - **1.5 pts** Missing or wrong  $L^{-1}$
  - **1.5 pts** Missing or wrong  $U^{-1}$
  - **1.5 pts** Wrong answer using  $A^{-2} = U^{-2} L^{-2}$  or  $A^{-1} = L^{-1} U^{-1}$
  - **1.5 pts** Correct answer without explanation
- ✓ - **2 pts** Wrong answer with partial correct explanation
- **3 pts** Wrong or missing answer

4. In a set of all matrices (addition + multiplication),

a) non invertible matrices

No  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 6 \\ 12 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $A+B = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 6 \\ 12 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$  which is not invertible

No. b)  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$  is not singular

Yes c)  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 4 \\ -2 & 6 & 2 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  The addition of this would still be symmetric (or multi).  $A = A^T$ ,  $(A+B)^T = A+B$  ...

5)  $\begin{array}{c} \text{R}_1 \leftrightarrow \text{R}_2 \\ \text{R}_2 \leftrightarrow \text{R}_3 \\ \text{R}_3 \leftrightarrow \text{R}_4 \end{array}$

$$U = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 7 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\xrightarrow{\frac{1}{3}\text{R}_1 + \text{R}_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 7 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\xrightarrow{-\frac{1}{2}\text{R}_2 + \text{R}_3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 7 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\xrightarrow{-\frac{1}{7}\text{R}_4 + \text{R}_5} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{3} & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E_1 E_2^{-2} (E_1(E_2)A)(E_1(E_1^{-1}E_2^{-2}))^{-1}$$

$$A = U \cdot L$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{3}-3000} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & -3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{7} & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{7}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{3} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{5}{7} & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -5 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{7}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

4 10 / 10

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 0.5 pts Slightly incorrect U<sup>-1</sup>

- 0.5 pts Slightly incorrect L<sup>-1</sup>

- 1 pts Incorrect L<sup>-1</sup>

- 1 pts Incorrect U<sup>-1</sup>

- 1 pts Slightly Incorrect L

- 1 pts Slightly Incorrect U

- 2 pts Incorrect L

- 2 pts Incorrect U

- 1 pts Incorrect final result but correct work

- 4 pts Incorrect final result and work

- 10 pts Missing/Incorrect

$$6. \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 78 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 56 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} A_{11} & A_{12} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} B_{11} & B_{12} \\ B_{21} & B_{22} \end{matrix} \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{11} B_{11} + A_{12} B_{21} &= I \\ A_{11} B_{12} + A_{12} B_{22} &= 0 \\ A_{21} B_{11} + A_{22} B_{21} &= 0 \\ A_{21} B_{12} + A_{22} B_{22} &= I \end{aligned}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{inv}(A) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -5 & 0 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{inv}(B) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -4.0 \\ -2.5 & 3.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -5 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2.5 & 3.5 \end{bmatrix} = B$$

5 10 / 10

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 3 pts Incorrect partition matrix
- 2 pts Slightly incorrect inverse of partitioned matrix
- 4 pts Incorrect inverse of partitioned matrix
- 1 pts Slightly incorrect inverse of each block or component
- 2 pts Incorrect inverse of each block or component
- 1 pts Incorrect final result
- 10 pts Missing/Incorrect

$$7. \quad \begin{matrix} \text{if } x_n = [x_1, \dots, x_k] \\ G_n = \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ x_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x^{n-1} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cdot \\ \vdots \\ n \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} G_{nk} &= x_n x_k^T = x_1 x_1^T + \dots + x_k x_k^T \\ G_{k+1} &= x_{k+1} x_k^T + x_1 x_{k+1}^T + \dots + x_{k+1} x_{k+1}^T \end{aligned}$$

~~By continuing to do this we get  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n$~~

$$G_{k+1} = x_{k+1} x_{k+1}^T + x_{k+1} x_{k+1}^T$$

$$G_{xn} = \begin{bmatrix} x_n | x_{k+1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_{k+1}^T \\ x_{k+1}^T \end{bmatrix}$$

9. Lower triangle matrix, inverse of lower triangular matrix is still lower triangular, so it is lower triangular. The identity has zeros above and below pivots.

$$n \begin{bmatrix} \overset{n}{\ddots} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ x & \overset{0}{\ddots} & 0 & 0 \\ x & x & \overset{0}{\ddots} & 0 \\ x & x & x & \overset{0}{\ddots} \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} A \text{ is invertible} \\ A^{-1} \text{ is lower triangular} \end{matrix}$$

Square matrices with pivots one in every column are invertible by definition.

6 7 / 10

- + 10 pts Correct
- ✓ + 4 pts partitions  $X_k$ ,  $X(T_k)$  in the correct way
- ✓ + 3 pts correctly multiply two block matrix
- + 3 pts correctly calculate the difference.
- + 0 pts Wrong or missing answer

$$8a) \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & Y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & I \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A\bar{I} + BX = 0$$

$$CI + DX = Z$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & Y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & I \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AO + BY = I$$

$$(I + DY = 0)$$

$$X = B^{-1}A \quad Z = C$$

$$Y = B^{-1}$$

$$b) \begin{bmatrix} X & 0 \\ Y & Z \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A & 0 \\ B & C \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix}$$

$$XA + 0B = I$$

$$YA + 2B = 0$$

$$YO + 0C = 0$$

$$YO + 2C = I$$

$$X = A^{-1}$$

$$Y = (A^{-1})(-2B)$$

$$Z = C^{-1}$$

$$c) \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X & Y & Z \\ 0 & 0 & I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = A^{-1}$$

$$Y = 0$$

$$Z = (A^{-1})(-B)$$

$$a) A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & -2 \\ -3 & 5 & 1 \\ 6 & -4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ 5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad Ly = b$$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad U = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{ref}(A) \quad A = \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -7 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & -5 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \quad \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -7 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 6 \end{array} \right] \quad \bar{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{ref}(B) \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & -2 & -7 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -6 \end{array} \right] \quad \bar{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$b) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -4 & -3 \\ 2 & -7 & -7 & -6 \\ -1 & 2 & 6 & 4 \\ -4 & -1 & 9 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 7 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad Ly = b$$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -2 & -4 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 & 6 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right]$$

$$U = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -2 & -4 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 & 6 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right]$$

$$U = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -2 & -4 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 & 6 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right] \quad x = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ -1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

7.1 5 / 5

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 5 pts No answer

$$8a) \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & Y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & I \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A\bar{I} + BX = 0$$

$$CI + DX = Z$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & Y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & I \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AO + BY = I$$

$$(I + DY = 0)$$

$$X = B^{-1}A \quad Z = C$$

$$Y = B^{-1}$$

$$b) \begin{bmatrix} X & 0 \\ Y & Z \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A & 0 \\ B & C \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix}$$

$$XA + 0B = I$$

$$YA + 2B = 0$$

$$YO + 0C = 0$$

$$YO + 2C = I$$

$$X = A^{-1}$$

$$Y = (A^{-1})(-2B)$$

$$Z = C^{-1}$$

$$c) \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X & Y & Z \\ 0 & 0 & I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = A^{-1}$$

$$Y = 0$$

$$Z = (A^{-1})(-B)$$

$$a) A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & -2 \\ -3 & 5 & 1 \\ 6 & -4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ 5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad Ly = b$$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad U = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{ref}(A) \quad A = \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -7 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & -5 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \quad \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -7 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 6 \end{array} \right] \quad \bar{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{ref}(B) \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & -2 & -7 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -6 \end{array} \right] \quad \bar{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$b) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -4 & -3 \\ 2 & -7 & -7 & -6 \\ -1 & 2 & 6 & 4 \\ -4 & -1 & 9 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 7 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad Ly = b$$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$U = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -4 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 & 6 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ -1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

7.2 5 / 5

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 5 pts No answer

$$8a) \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & Y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & I \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A\bar{I} + BX = 0$$

$$CI + DX = Z$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & Y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & I \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AO + BY = I$$

$$(I + DY = 0)$$

$$X = B^{-1}A \quad Z = C$$

$$Y = B^{-1}$$

$$b) \begin{bmatrix} X & 0 \\ Y & Z \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A & 0 \\ B & C \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix}$$

$$XA + 0B = I$$

$$YA + 2B = 0$$

$$YO + 0C = 0$$

$$YO + 2C = I$$

$$X = A^{-1}$$

$$Y = (A^{-1})(-2B)$$

$$Z = C^{-1}$$

$$c) \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X & Y & Z \\ 0 & 0 & I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = A^{-1}$$

$$Y = 0$$

$$Z = (A^{-1})(-B)$$

$$a) A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & -2 \\ -3 & 5 & 1 \\ 6 & -4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ 5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad Ly = b$$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad U = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{ref}(A) \quad A = \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -7 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & -5 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \quad \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -7 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 6 \end{array} \right] \quad \bar{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{ref}(B) \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -6 \end{array} \right] \quad \bar{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$b) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -4 & -3 \\ 2 & -7 & -7 & -6 \\ -1 & 2 & 6 & 4 \\ -4 & -1 & 9 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 7 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad Ly = b$$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$U = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -4 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 & 6 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

7.3 5 / 5

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 1.66 pts Partly Correct

- 3.32 pts Partly Correct

- 5 pts Incorrect

- 1 pts Pages Not Selected or Not Selected Correctly

- 5 pts Missing

$$7. \quad \underline{G_x} = [x_1, \dots, x_k] \quad G_x = \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ x_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x^T \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ x^T \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G_{xx} = x_k x_k^T = x_1 x_1^T + \dots + x_k x_k^T$$

$$G_{xk+1} = x_k x_k^T + x_{k+1} x_{k+1}^T + \dots + x_{n+1} x_{n+1}^T$$

~~By continuing to do this we get \$G\_{xx}\$.~~

$$G_{xx+1} = x_k x_k^T + x_{k+1} x_{k+1}^T$$

$$G_{xxn} = \begin{bmatrix} x_n | x_{k+1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x^T \\ x_{k+1}^T \end{bmatrix}$$

9. Lower triangle matrix, inverse of lower triangular matrix is still lower triangular, so it is lower triangular. The identity has zeros above and below pivots.

$$n \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad A \text{ is invertible}$$

$A^{-1}$  is lower triangular

Square matrices with pivots one in every column are invertible by definition.

8 10 / 10

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 3 pts failure to show A is invertible
- 3 pts failure to show  $A^{-1}$  is lower triangular.
- 4 pts failure to show why the operations that reduce A to I change I into a lower triangular matrix.
- 10 pts Wrong or missing answer

$$8a) \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & Y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & I \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A\bar{I} + BX = 0 \quad AO + BY = I \quad X = B^{-1}A \quad Z = C$$

$$CI + DX = Z \quad (I + D\bar{O}) = 0 \quad Y = B^{-1}$$

$$b) \begin{bmatrix} X & 0 \\ Y & Z \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A & 0 \\ B & C \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix}$$

$$XA + 0B = I \quad X0 + 0C = 0 \quad Y = (A^{-1})(-ZB)$$

$$YA + 2B = 0 \quad Y0 + 2C = I \quad Z = (-1)$$

$$c) \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X & Y & Z \\ 0 & 0 & I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = A^{-1}$$

$$Y = 0$$

$$Z = (A^{-1})(-B)$$

$$1) A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & -2 \\ -3 & 5 & 1 \\ 6 & -4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ 5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad Ly = b$$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad U = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{ref}(A) \quad A = \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -7 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & -5 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \quad \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -7 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 6 \end{array} \right] \quad Y = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{ref}(B) \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -6 \end{array} \right] \quad X = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$b) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -4 & -3 \\ 2 & -7 & -7 & -6 \\ -1 & 2 & 6 & 4 \\ -4 & -1 & 9 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 7 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad Lx = y \quad \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & -4 & -3 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Ly = b \quad \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 7 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -4 & 3 & -5 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right] \quad x = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -3 \end{array} \right] \quad Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

9.1 5 / 5

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 5 pts Incorrect

- 1 pts Pages Not Selected Or Pages Not Selected Correctly

- 5 pts Missing

$$8a) \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & Y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & I \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A\bar{I} + BX = 0$$

$$CI + DX = Z$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & Y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & I \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AO + BY = I$$

$$(I + DY = 0)$$

$$X = B^{-1}A \quad Z = C$$

$$Y = B^{-1}$$

$$b) \begin{bmatrix} X & 0 \\ Y & Z \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A & 0 \\ B & C \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix}$$

$$XA + 0B = I$$

$$YA + 2B = 0$$

$$YO + 0C = 0$$

$$YO + 2C = I$$

$$X = A^{-1}$$

$$Y = (A^{-1})(-2B)$$

$$Z = C^{-1}$$

$$c) \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X & Y & Z \\ 0 & 0 & I \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = A^{-1}$$

$$Y = 0$$

$$Z = (A^{-1})(-B)$$

$$a) A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & -2 \\ -3 & 5 & 1 \\ 6 & -4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ 5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad Ly = b$$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad U = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{ref}(A) \quad A = \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -7 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & -5 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \quad \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -7 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 6 \end{array} \right] \quad \bar{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{ref}(B) \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -7 & -2 & -7 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -6 \end{array} \right] \quad \bar{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$b) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -4 & -3 \\ 2 & -7 & -7 & -6 \\ -1 & 2 & 6 & 4 \\ -4 & -1 & 9 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 7 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad Ly = b$$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & -2 & -4 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 & 6 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right]$$

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right] \quad X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

9.2 5 / 5

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 5 pts Incorrect

- 1 pts Pages not selected or not selected correctly

- 5 pts Missing

The screenshot shows a MATLAB interface with a toolbar at the top featuring various icons for running code, a search bar, and a help icon. Below the toolbar, there are tabs for 'Run', 'Run and Advance', 'Run and Time', and a 'RUN' button. The main area contains two tabs: 'Command Window' and 'Editor - findTranspose.m'. The 'Editor' tab is active, displaying the following MATLAB code:

```
1 %x is the input vector or matrix. You can find the
2 %size that is the number of rows and the number
3 %of columns of x by using the size function in MATLAB
4 function transpose_ret = findTranspose(x)
5 trans=zeros(size(x));
6 numcol=size(x,2);
7 for i=1:numcol
8 trans(:,i)=x(i,:);
9 end
10 %transpose_ret is the variable that will contain the transpose of the input x
11
```

10.1 5 / 5

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 5 pts No answer

Ran and Advance RUN

Command Window

Editor - findInverseOf2x2Matrix.m

```
findTranspose.m    findInverseOf2x2Matrix.m +  
function inverse_ret = findInverse(x)  
if i(1,1) == 0 && i(2,1) == 0 || i(2,1) == 0 && i(2,2) == 0  
    disp('Error');  
    return  
end  
  
x = eye(2);  
if i(1,1) == 0 | A(2,2) == 0;  
    x = (0 1; 1 0) * x;  
    i = (0 1; 1 0) * i;  
end  
  
if i(2,1) == 0  
    x = (1 0; -i(2,1) 1)*x;  
    i = (1 0; -i(2,1) 1) * i;  
end  
  
if i(1,1) == 0  
    x = (1/i(1,1) 0; 0 1) * x;  
    i = (1/i(1,1) 0; 0 1) * i;  
end  
  
if i(1,2) == 0  
    x = (1 -i(1,2); 0 1) * x;  
    i = (1 -i(1,2); 0 1) * i;  
end  
  
if i(2,2) == 0  
    x = (1 0; 0 1/i(2,2))*x;  
    i = (1 0; 0 1/i(2,2)) * i;  
end
```

ASUS

10.2 5 / 5

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 5 pts No answer