From Last Week: Task 3 - Autoworm - Model Solution

```
resetMaxFile(#noPrompt)
cyl = Cylinder smooth:on sides:18 height:50 heightsegs:5 radius:5 \
               transform: (matrix3 [0,1,0] [0,0,-1] [1,0,0] [0,0,0])
B1 = BoneSys.createBone [0,0,0] [10,0,0] [0,0,1]
B2 = BoneSys.createBone [10,0,0] [20,0,0] [0,0,1]
B3 = BoneSys.createBone [20,0,0] [30,0,0] [0,0,1]
B4 = BoneSys.createBone [30,0,0] [40,0,0] [0,0,1]
B5 = BoneSys.createBone [40,0,0] [50,0,0] [0,0,1]
B5.parent = B4
B4.parent = B3
B3.parent = B2
B2.parent = B1
skn = skin()
addmodifier cyl skn
max modify mode
modPanel.setCurrentObject skn
skinOps.addBone skn B1 1
skinOps.addBone skn B2 1
skinOps.addBone skn B3 1
skinOps.addBone skn B4 1
skinOps.addBone skn B5 1
animate on (
   at time 10 (
      rotate B2 (angleaxis -45 [0,1,0])
      rotate B3 (angleaxis 45 [0,1,0])
      rotate B4 (angleaxis 45 [0,1,0])
      rotate B5 (angleaxis -45 [0,1,0])
   )
   at time 20 (
      rotate B2 (angleaxis 45 [0,1,0])
      rotate B3 (angleaxis -45 [0,1,0])
     rotate B4 (angleaxis -45 [0,1,0])
     rotate B5 (angleaxis 45 [0,1,0])
   )
)
```

Here is a solution for the ten-box task from last week:

```
resetMaxFile()
for k in 0.0 to 324.0 by 36.0 do (
   box length:1 width:1 height:1 position:[10,0,0] \
        rotation:(angleAxis k [0,0,1])
)
```

And here is Dave Wortley's basic 'Test Dialog':

(https://davewortley.wordpress.com/lessons/)

```
try(DestroyDialog RL_Test)catch()
Rollout RL_Test "The Test Dialog"
(
    button btn_ok "Ok"
    on btn_ok pressed do
    (
        DestroyDialog RL_Test
    )
)
CreateDialog RL Test
```

Task 1a

Combine these two scripts so that the ten boxes are created when the OK button is pressed.

Task 1b

Drag-and-drop your script onto the max toolbar to create a new button to create the dialog.

For other GUI elements, their capabilities, and their deployment details see the "Visual MAXScript Editor...", "MAXScript Help...", and Dave Wortley's lesson 3:

https://davewortley.wordpress.com/2012/06/24/lesson-3-more-building-interfaces/

Here is the script for creating the firework animation:

```
fn animTrajectory speed:10 steps:10 = (
     speed = float(speed)
     az = -speed/(steps-2)*2
     dz = speed
     newpos = \$.pos
     step = (animationRange.end - animationRange.start) / (steps - 1)
     animate on (
           for keytime in animationRange.start to \
                          animationRange.end by step do (
                at time keytime (
                      $.pos = newpos
                )
                newpos = newpos + [0,0,dz]
                dz = dz + az
           )
     )
)
fn animExplode radius:10 = (
     radius = float(radius)
     convertToMesh $
     meshop.explodeAllFaces $ 0
     update $
     animate on (
           at time ((animationRange.start + animationRange.end) / 2) (
                meshop.bevelFaces $ #{1..$.numFaces} 0.000000001 0
           at time animationRange.end (
                meshop.bevelFaces $ #{1..$.numFaces} radius 0
           )
```

Task 2

Construct a GUI for this tool that allows the parameters of the functions to be set (i.e. speed, steps and radius) and calls them appropriately when a button is pressed. e.g.



Finally, here is the script I showed you that uses the faces of a mesh to create a looping animation of multiple spheres that traverse the edges.

```
obj = $
convertToMesh obj
for faceId = 1 to obj.numFaces do
  vertIds = getFace obj faceId
  v1 = getVert obj vertIds[1]
  v2 = getVert obj vertIds[2]
  v3 = getVert obj vertIds[3]
   s = Sphere radius:1 segs:32
   s.parent = obj
   animate on (
      at time 0 (s.pos = v1)
      at time 10 (s.pos = v2)
      at time 20 (s.pos = v3)
      at time 30 (s.pos = v1)
   )
update obj
```

Task 3

Use this script to develop a tool with an appropriate GUI that:

- a) allows the speed of the spheres to be changed
- **b)** allows any object in the scene to be picked and copied instead of always using a sphere (hint see "pickbutton")
 - c) add a colour picker that allows the "wirecolour" of all the newly created objects to be set