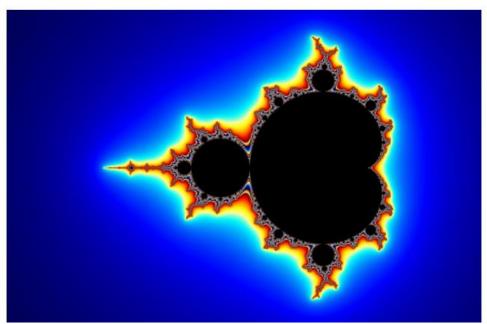




# An Introduction to Fractals with





**Professor Stephen Lynch NTF FIMA SFHEA** 

https://www.lboro.ac.uk/departments/compsci/staff/stephen-lynch/

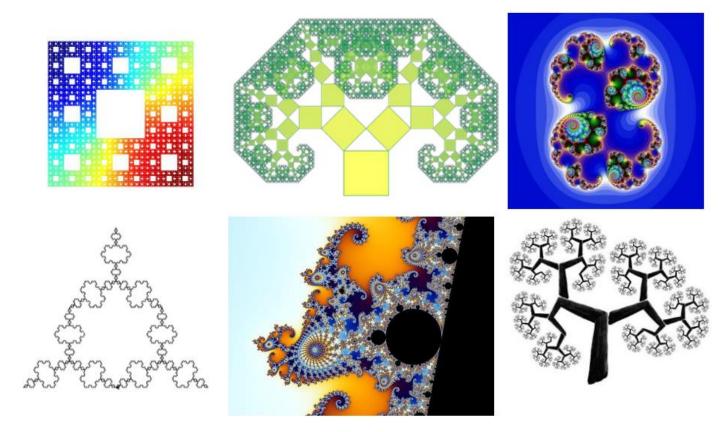
**Definition 1.** A *fractal* is an image repeated on an ever-reduced scale.

**Definition 2.** A fractal is an object with non-integer dimension.

# **Fractals in Nature**

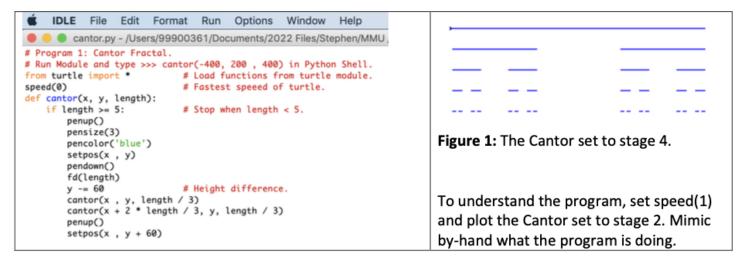


# **Mathematical Fractals**



#### Example 1. The Cantor set (1870).

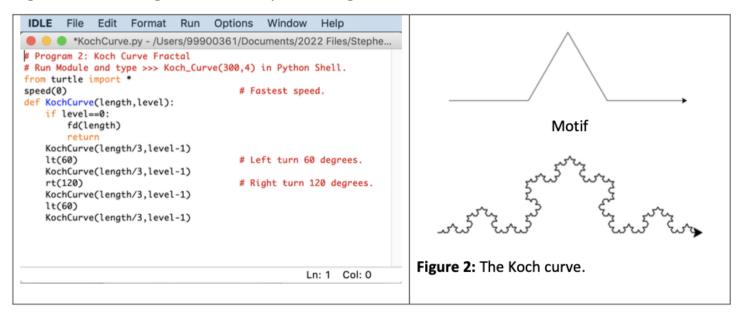
Start with a unit line segment and at each stage remove the middle third segment and replace one segment with two segments each of length one third of the previous segment.



**Problem 1:** Edit Program 1 to plot a variation of the Cantor set, where two segments (each one-fifth the length of the previous segment) are removed at each stage.

#### Example 2. The Koch curve (1904).

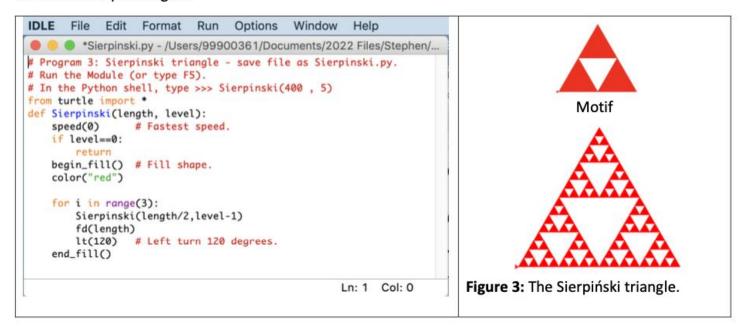
Start with a unit line segment, remove the middle third segment and replace one segment with four segments each of length one third the previous segment, as illustrated below.



**Problem 2:** Edit Program 2 to plot a Koch square curve, where one segment is replaced with five segments each one-third the length of the segment before.

### Example 3. The Sierpiński triangle (1915).

Start with a solid equilateral triangle and at each stage remove the middle-inverted triangle. Complete the construction up to stage 4.



**Problem 3:** Edit Program 3 to plot a Sierpiński square, where the middle square is removed at each stage. See one face of the Menger Sponge in Figure 4b.

**Example 4.** Use train tickets to construct stage 1 of the *Menger Sponge (see Figures 4a and 4b)*.

**Problem 4:** Given that you need 6 tickets to make one small block:

How many tickets do you need for the stage 1 construction? (See Figure 4a).

How many tickets would be required for the stage 2 construction?

How many tickets would be needed for the stage 4 construction? (See Figure 4b).



Figure 4a: Menger sponge, stage 1.

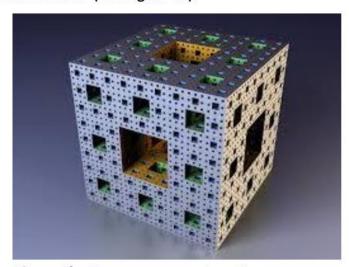
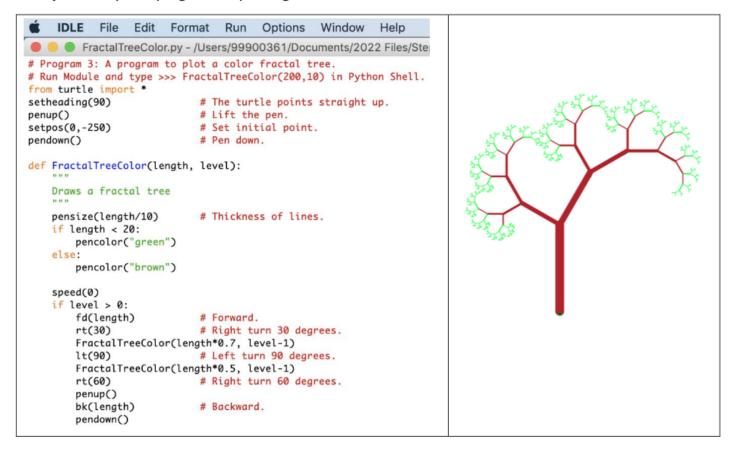


Figure 4b: Menger sponge, stage 4.

#### **Example 5.** A Python program for plotting a fractal tree.



**Problem 5:** Edit Program 4 to plot a trifurcating tree with three branches at each level.

The formula for working out the fractal dimension  $D_f$ , say, is

$$D_f = -\frac{ln(\text{Number of segments})}{ln(\text{Length scale})}$$
.

The fractal dimension of the Cantor set is  $D_f = \frac{ln2}{ln3} \sim 0.6309$ .

The fractal dimension of the Koch curve is  $D_f = \frac{ln4}{ln3} \sim 1.2619$ .

The fractal dimension of the Sierpiński triangle is  $D_f = \frac{ln3}{ln2} \sim 1.5850$ .

The fractal dimension of the Menger sponge is  $D_f = \frac{ln20}{ln3} \sim 2.7268$ .

Problem 6: Work out the fractal dimensions of the other fractals.

#### **Further Information:**

URL to download IDLE Python (which is free):

https://www.python.org/downloads/

URL for an introduction to the Python Turtle module:

https://docs.python.org/3/library/turtle.html

#### Python for employability:

https://www.mathscareers.org.uk/python-for-a-level-maths-undergraduate-maths-and-employability/

Python for A-Level Mathematics and Beyond:

https://drstephenlynch.github.io/webpages/Python\_for\_A\_Level\_Mathematics\_and\_Beyond.html

#### The Mandelbrot Set

URL for the Mandelbrot set (song):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=alj30SOoIDM

#### **IMA Workshops and Recent Python Books**

One-day interactive workshops: Python for A-Level Mathematics and Beyond:

https://ima.org.uk/events/conferences/ (one in winter and one in summer)

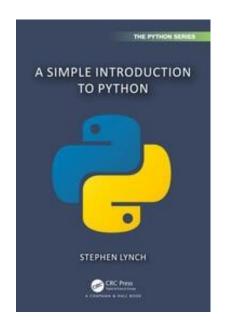


Python Books: (click on book)

# A Simple Introduction to Python (for complete novices)

#### Features:

- No prior experience in programming is required.
- Demonstrates how to format Jupyter notebooks for publication on the Web.
- Full solutions to exercises are available as a Jupyter notebook on the Web.
- All Jupyter notebook solution files can be downloaded through GitHub.



# **Python for Scientific Computing and Artificial Intelligence** (intermediate level)

#### Features:

- No prior experience of programming is required.
- Online GitHub repository available with codes for readers to practice.
- Covers applications and examples from biology, chemistry, computer science, data science, electrical and mechanical engineering, economics, mathematics, physics, statistics and binary oscillator computing.
- Full solutions to exercises are available as Jupyter notebooks on the Web.

