

1. LOGISTIC REGRESSION

1.1. Conditional multinomial model.

$$\log \frac{\mathbb{P}(Y = k|X)}{\mathbb{P}(Y = 0|X)} = \beta_k^T X, \quad k = 1, \dots, K-1$$

Equivalently,

$$\mathbb{P}(Y = k|X) = \mathbb{P}(Y = 0|X) e^{\beta_k^T X}$$

Sum the above equations for $k = 1, \dots, K-1$:

$$\sum_{k=1}^{K-1} \mathbb{P}(Y = k|X) = \mathbb{P}(Y = K|X) \sum_{k=1}^{K-1} e^{\beta_k^T X}$$

But

$$\sum_{k=1}^{K-1} \mathbb{P}(Y = k|X) = 1 - \mathbb{P}(Y = 0|X).$$

Therefore,

$$1 - \mathbb{P}(Y = 0|X) = \mathbb{P}(Y = 0|X) \sum_{k=1}^{K-1} e^{\beta_k^T X}$$

$$\mathbb{P}(Y = 0|X) = \frac{1}{1 + \sum_{k=1}^{K-1} e^{\beta_k^T X}}$$

Therefore,

$$\mathbb{P}(Y = k|X) = \frac{e^{\beta_k^T X}}{1 + \sum_{k=1}^{K-1} e^{\beta_k^T X}}$$

When $K = 2$,

$$\mathbb{P}(Y = 1|X) = \frac{e^{\beta_1^T X}}{1 + e^{\beta_1^T X}} = \sigma(\beta_1 X)$$

and we recover binary logistic regression.

$$p(y|\theta_1, \dots, \theta_{K-1}) = \theta_0^{y_0} \theta_1^{y_1} \dots \theta_K^{y_K}, \quad \theta_0 = 1 - \sum_{k=1}^{K-1} \theta_k$$

$$\ell(\theta) = \sum_{k=0}^{K-1} y_k \log \theta_k$$

$$\theta_k = \sigma(\beta_k^T x)$$

$$\frac{1}{1 + \sum_{k=1}^{K-1} e^{\beta_k^T x}} (1, e^{\beta_1^T x}, \dots, e^{\beta_{K-1}^T x}) \in \Delta_{K-1}$$

$$\text{softmax}(t_0, \dots, t_n) = \frac{1}{e^{t_0} + \dots + e^{t_n}} (e^{t_0}, \dots, e^{t_n}) \in \Delta_n$$