



Xi'an Jiaotong-Liverpool University  
西交利物浦大學

## Coursework #1 EEE109

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Student Name:

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Be cautious of following the rules:

- (1) Handwriting only;
- (2) Submit electronic copy via LMO in PDF format only;
- (3) Do not be late: 0 mark after five working days;
- (4) Wrong Submission: if you submit a wrong file, and you find out in five working days. Students can resubmit the correct file, but late submission. If you find out after five days and I can not help you!;
- (5) Student can write the answer on this document (the blank area is enough for writing) or a new exercise book;
- (6) May luck be with you!

## 1 Question 1 (10 Marks)

Silicon is doped with  $5 \times 10^{16}$  arsenic *atoms/cm*<sup>-3</sup>. Consider the following questions:

- (a) Is the material n- or p-type? (2 marks)
- (b) Calculate the electron and hole concentration at T=300K (4 marks)
- (c) Calculate the electron and hole concentration at T=350K (4 marks)

**Table 1.3** Semiconductor constants

Material	$E_g$ (eV)	$B$ (cm <sup>-3</sup> K <sup>-3/2</sup> )
Silicon (Si)	1.1	$5.23 \times 10^{15}$
Gallium arsenide (GaAs)	1.4	$2.10 \times 10^{14}$
Germanium (Ge)	0.66	$1.66 \times 10^{15}$

## 2 Question 2 (15 Marks)

Consider the Zener Diode circuit shown in Figure 1. Consider the following parameters:  $V_I = 20\text{V}$ ,  $V_Z = 10\text{V}$ ,  $R_i = 220\Omega$  and  $P_Z(\text{max}) = 440\text{mW}$ .

- (a) If the load resistor is  $R_L = 380\Omega$ . Please calculate the load current  $I_L$ , zener diode current  $I_Z$ , and input current  $I_I$  (6 marks)
- (b) Determine the value of  $R_L$  that will establish  $P_Z(\text{max})$  (5 marks)
- (c) Repeat part of (b) if  $R_i = 175\Omega$  (4 marks)

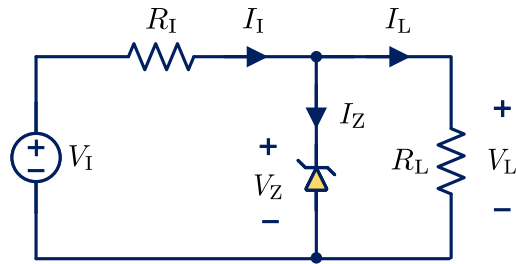


Figure 1: zener diode circuit

### 3 Question 3 (10 Marks)

The input voltage source is a square wave, as shown in Figure 2.

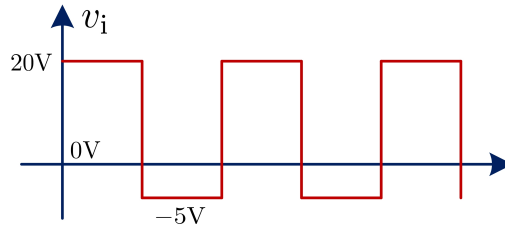


Figure 2: input voltage source

- (a) Plot the waveform of output voltage  $v_o$  in circuit shown in Figure 3. Assume the turn-on voltage of the diode is  $v_\gamma = 0.6\text{V}$ . Please mark the maximum and minimum values on your figure. (5 marks)
- (b) Plot the waveform of output voltage  $v_o$  in circuit shown in Figure 4. Assume the turn-on voltage of the diode is  $v_\gamma = 0.6\text{V}$ . Please mark the maximum and minimum values on your figure. (5 marks)

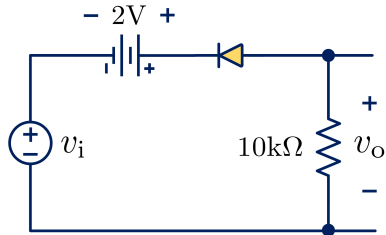


Figure 3: circuit I

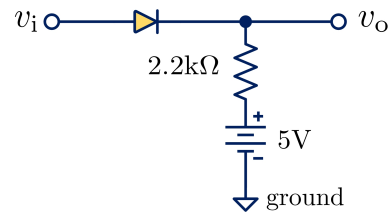


Figure 4: circuit II

## 4 Question 4 (15 Marks)

The two diodes circuit is shown in Figure 5. Calculate the output voltage  $v_o$  and the diode current  $I_{D1}$  and  $I_{D2}$  for the following voltage conditions:

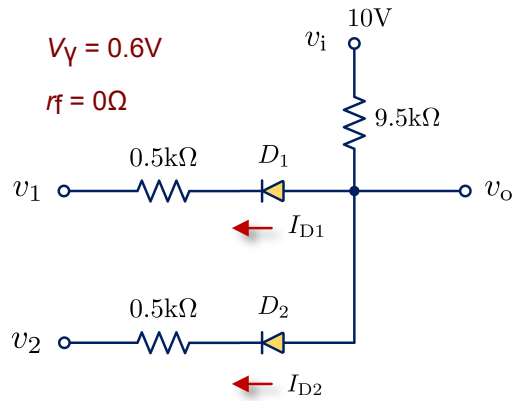


Figure 5: two diodes circuit

- (a)  $v_1 = 10\text{V}$  and  $v_2 = 0\text{V}$  (5 marks)
- (b)  $v_1 = v_2 = 10\text{V}$  (5 marks)
- (c)  $v_1 = v_2 = 0\text{V}$  (5 marks)

## 5 Question 5 (15 Marks)

A full wave rectifier circuit with battery charging is shown in Figure 6. Assume  $V_B = 9V$ ,  $V_\gamma = 0.7V$  and  $v_s = 15 \sin [2\pi (60) t] (V)$ .

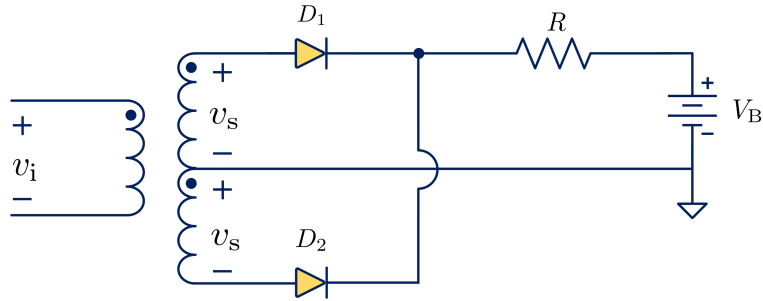


Figure 6: full wave rectifier circuit with battery charging

- Determine the resistance of  $R$  such that the peak battery charging current is  $1.2A$  (5 marks)
- Determine the average battery charging current (5 marks)
- Determine the fraction of time that each diode is conducting (5 marks)

## 6 Question 6 (15 Marks)

The threshold voltage of each transistor in Figure 7 is  $V_{TP} = -0.4V$ . Please determine the region of operation of the transistor in:

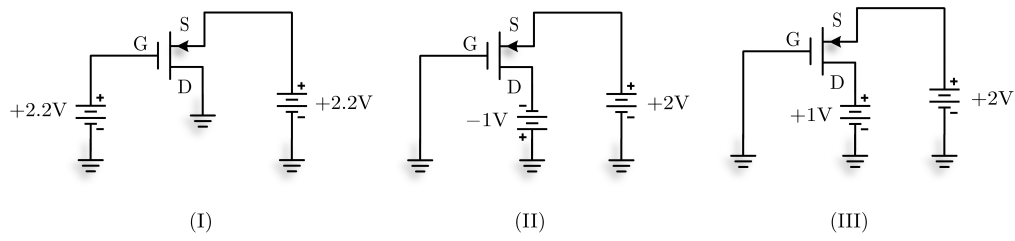


Figure 7: three transistor circuits

- (a) The transistor in (I) (5 marks)
- (b) The transistor in (II) (5 marks)
- (c) The transistor in (III) (5 marks)

## 7 Question 7 (10 Marks)

An npn transistor with  $\beta = 80$  is connected in a common-base configuration, as shown in Figure 8.

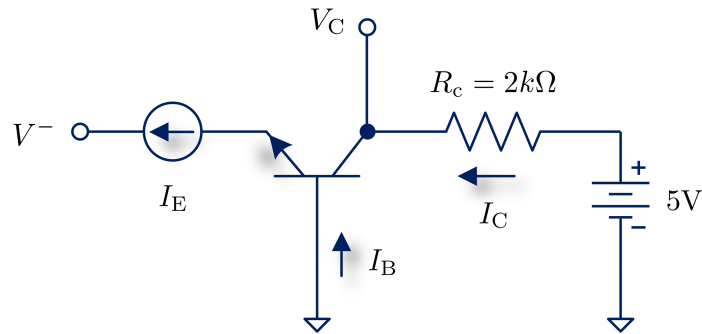


Figure 8: npn with common base configuration

- (a) The emitter is driven by a constant-current source with  $I_E = 1.2\text{mA}$ . Determine the value of  $I_B$ ,  $I_C$ ,  $\alpha$  and  $V_C$  (5 marks)
- (b) Repeat part (a) for  $I_E = 0.8\text{mA}$  (5 marks)



## 8 Question 8(10 Marks)

Consider the circuit shown in Figure 9. Use the Thevenin Equivalent Circuit to solve the following questions.

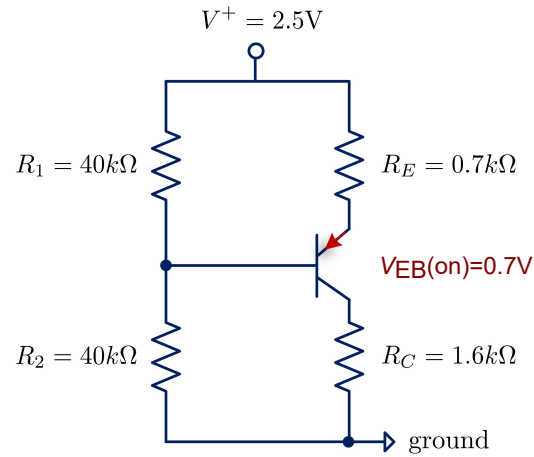


Figure 9: BJT circuit

- (a) Please determine the value of  $R_{TH}$ ,  $V_{TH}$ ,  $I_{BQ}$ ,  $I_{CQ}$ , and  $V_{ECQ}$  for  $\beta = 90$  (5 marks)
- (b) Determine the percent change in  $I_{CQ}$  and  $V_{ECQ}$  if for  $\beta$  is changed to for  $\beta = 150$  (5 marks)