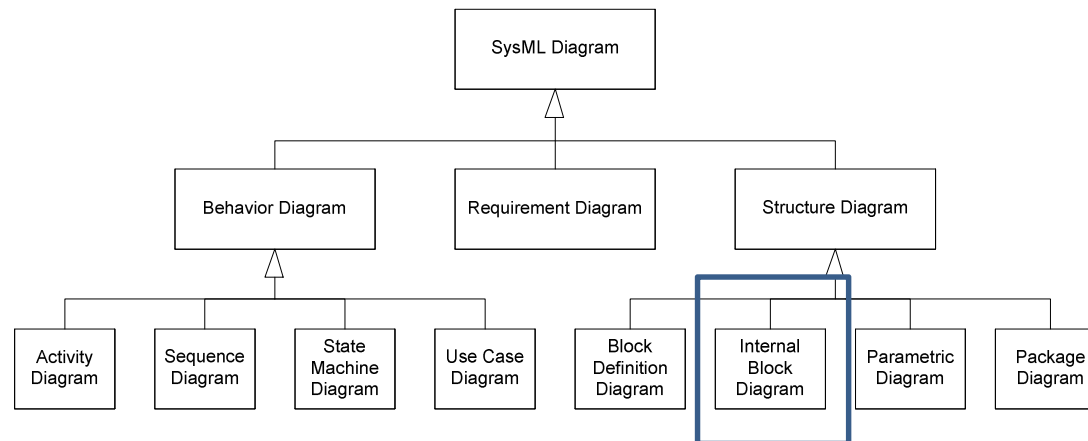


# SysML Structural Diagrams 2

Introduction to Systems Engineering  
I2ISE

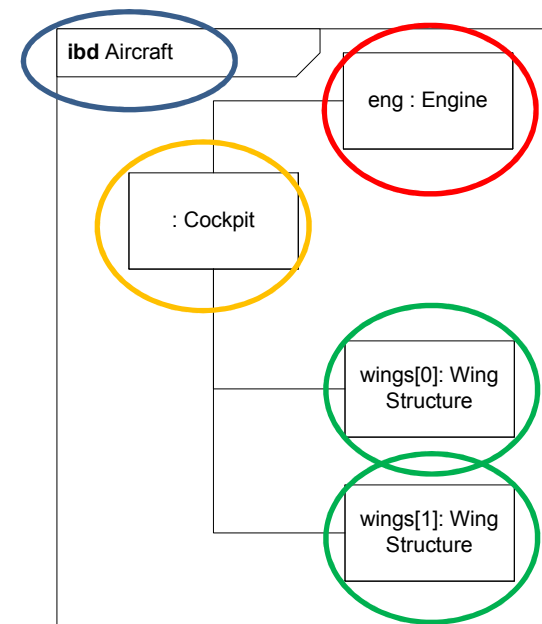
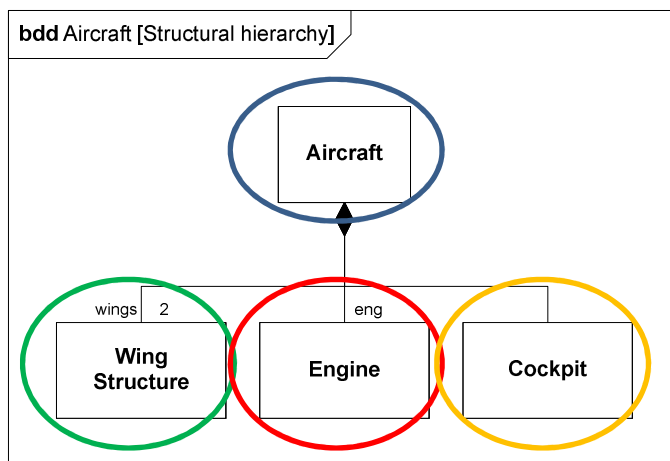
# SysML

## Internal Block Diagrams



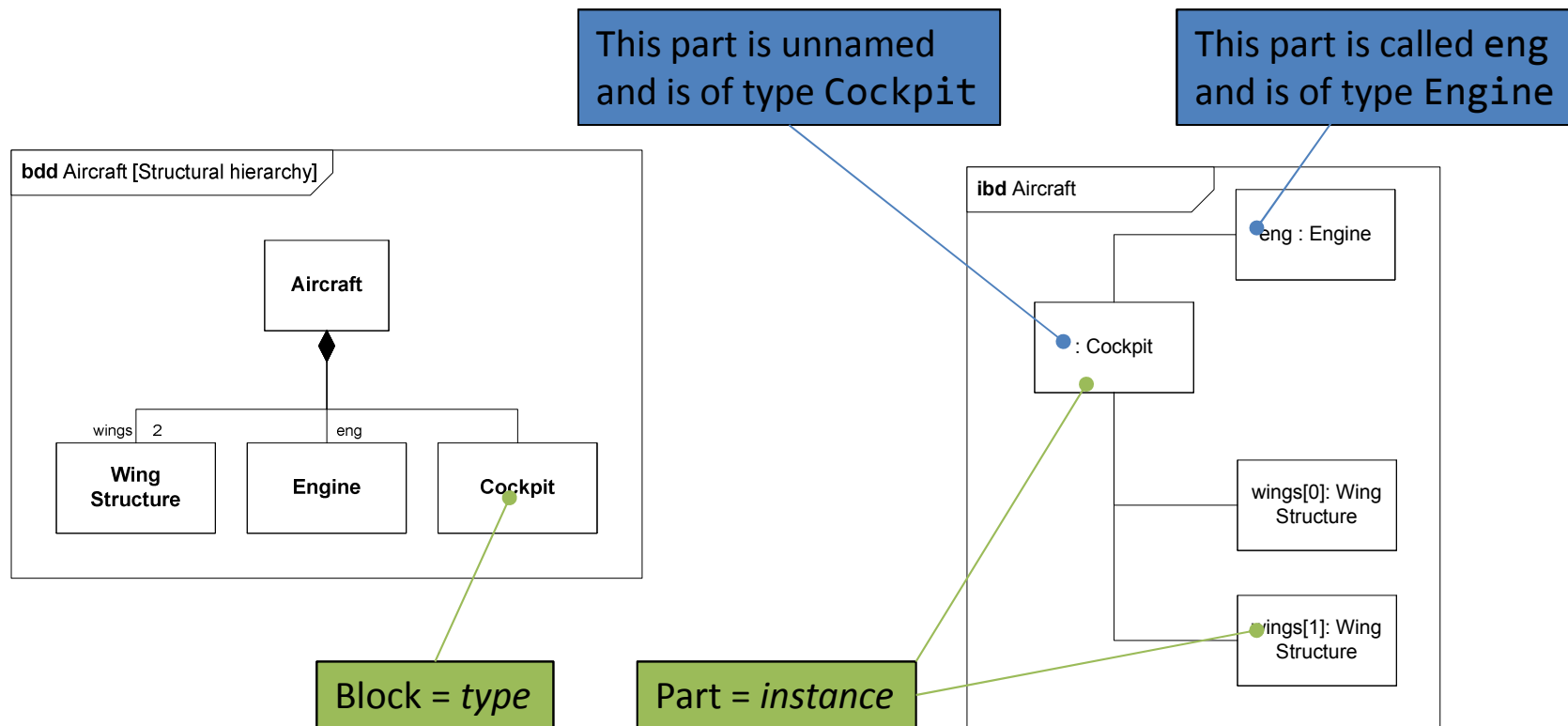
# SysML: Internal Block Diagram

- An *Internal Block Diagram (ibd)* is used to define
  - the *interconnection* and *interfaces* of the parts of a block, and
  - the *information flow* between parts
- An ibd **always** relates to a block on a bdd. It shows the internal connections of the block's constituents



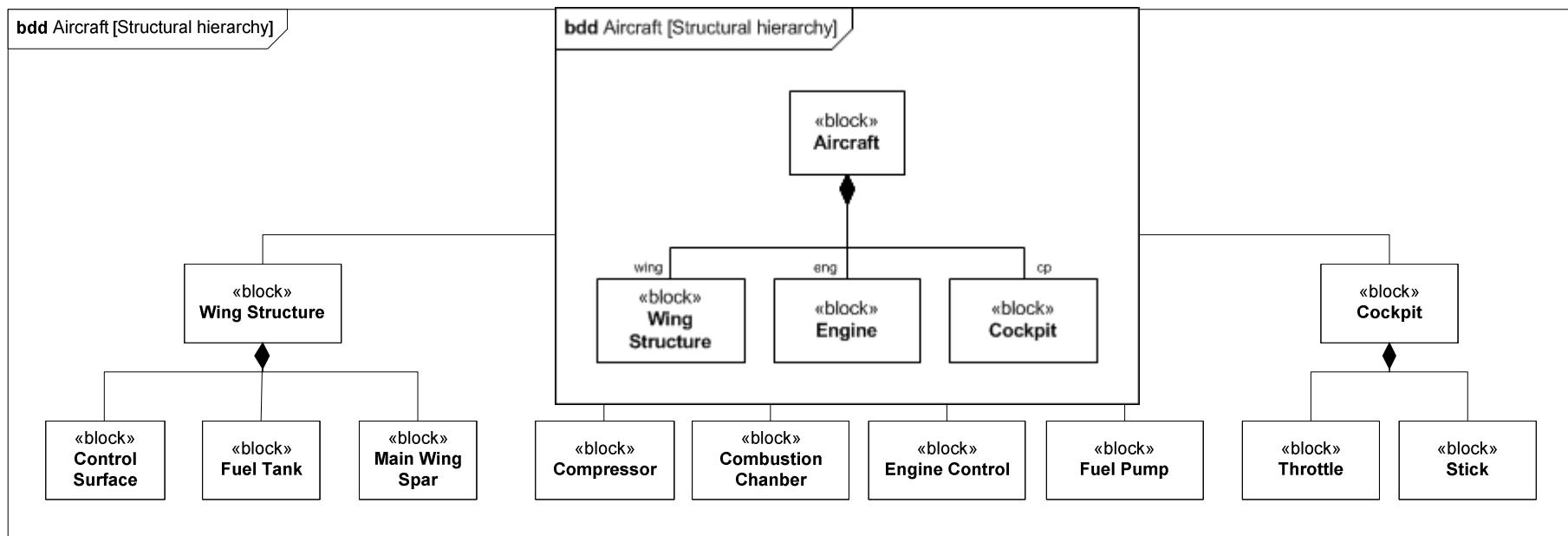
# SysML: Blocks and parts

- A block is a *type definition* – there can be only one block with a given name
- A part is an *instance* of a block – there can be many instances of the same block

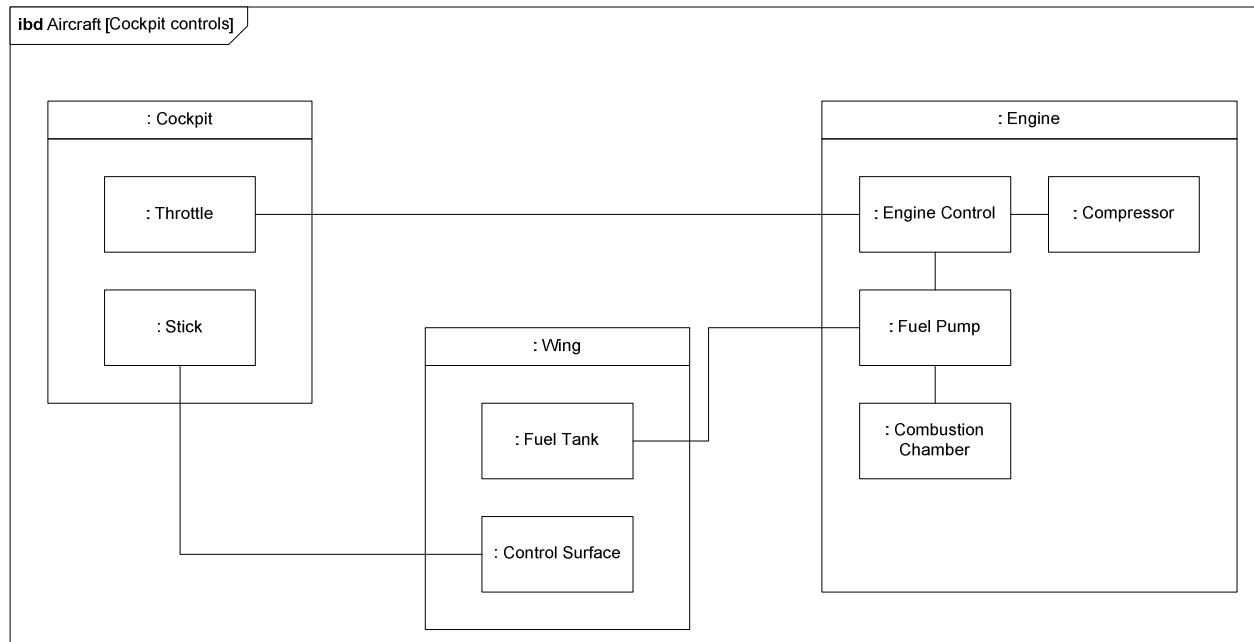
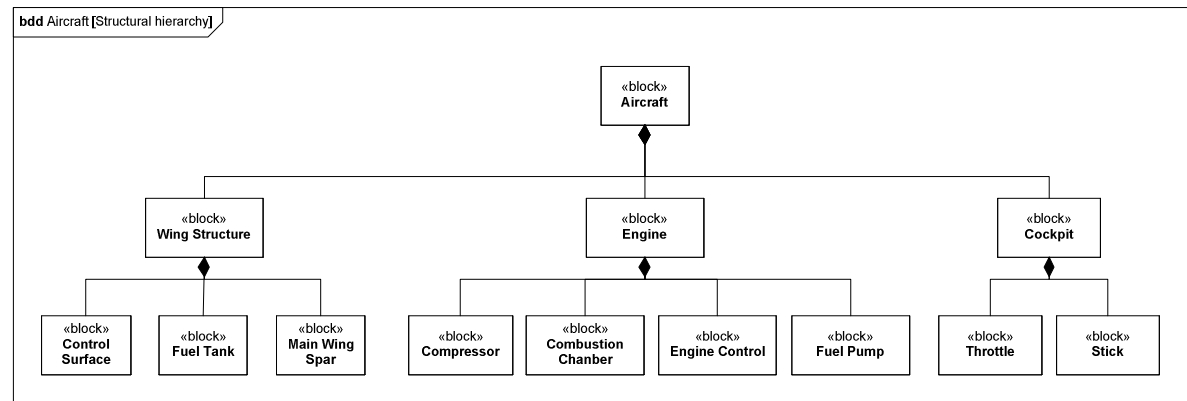
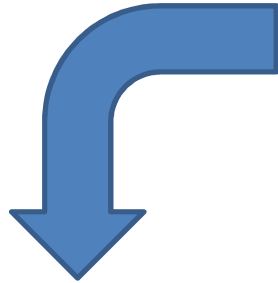


# ibd: Aircraft - deep structure

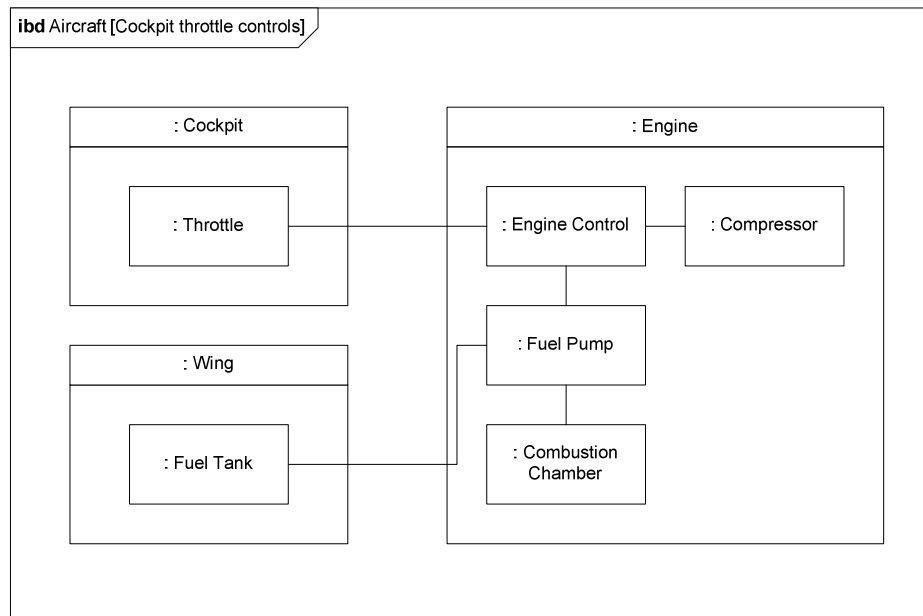
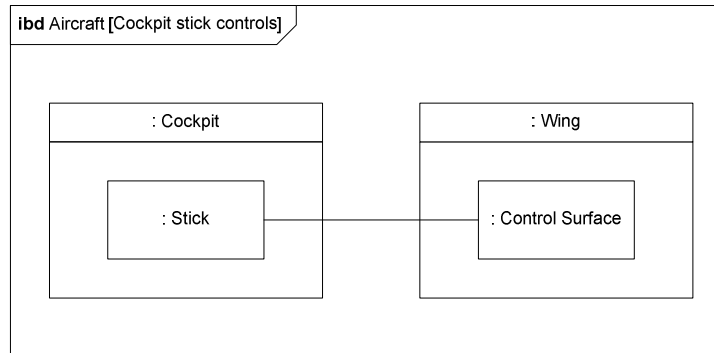
- Deep structure on a bdd can be shown in an ibd:



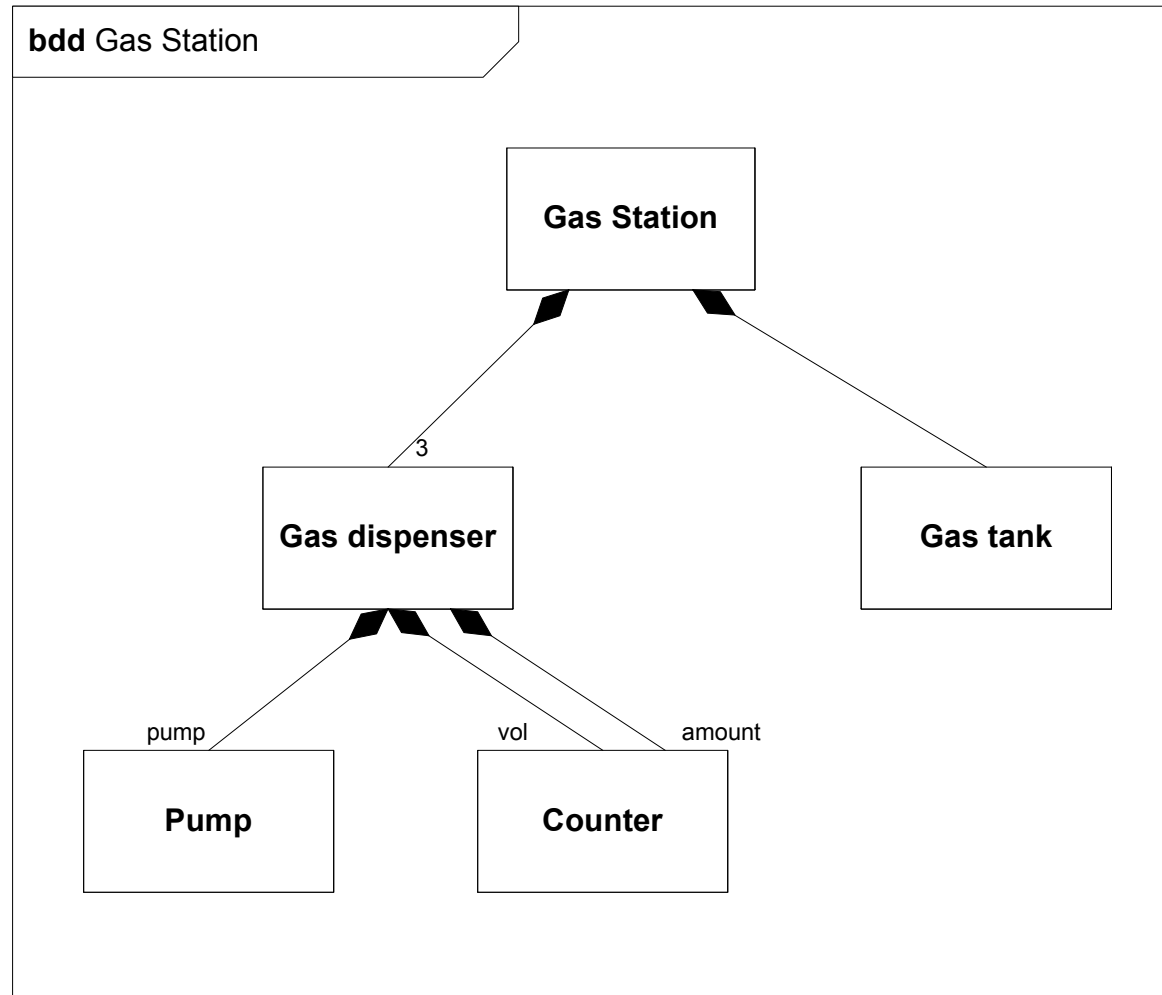
# ibd: Aircraft - deep structure



# ibd: Aircraft – better deep structure

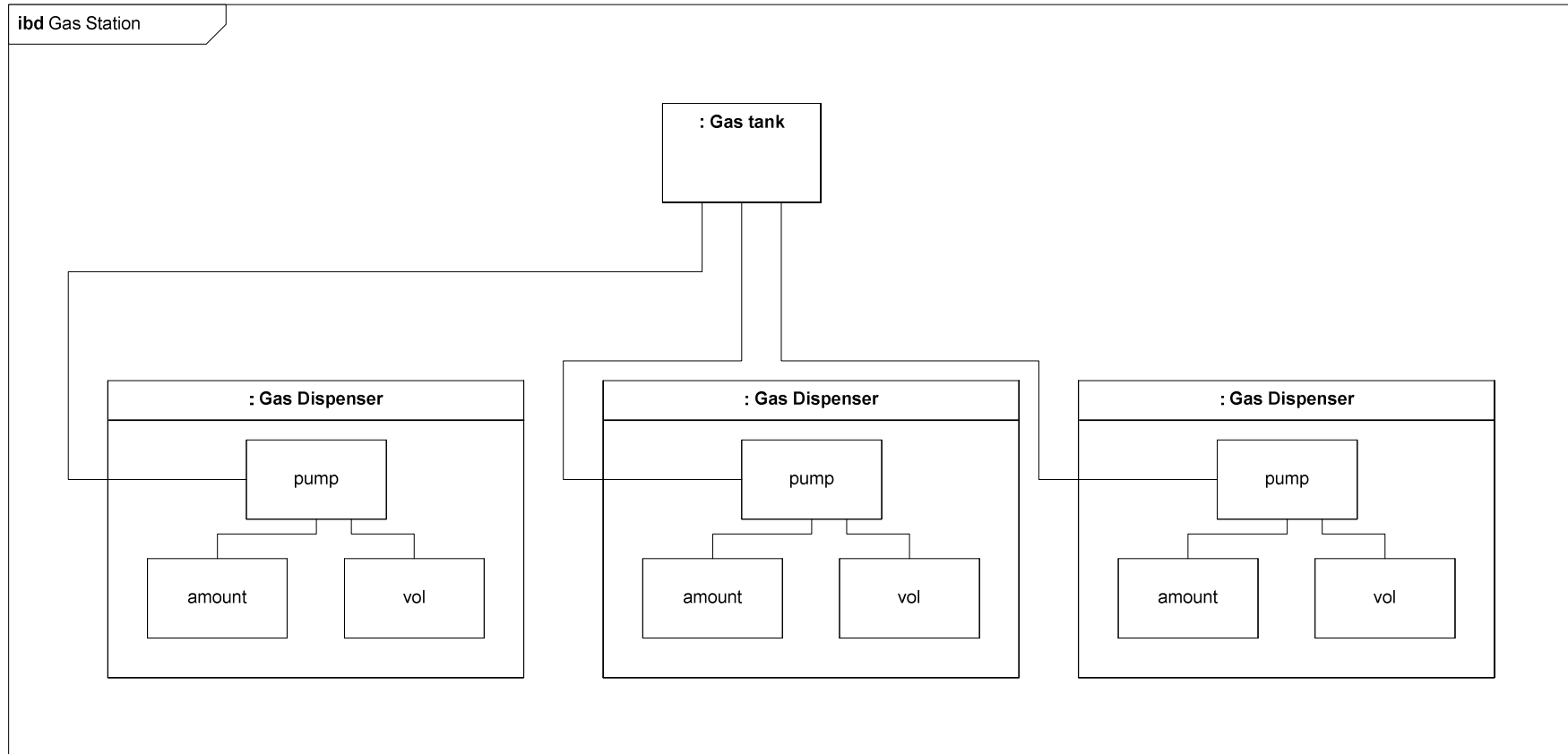


# ibd: Gas station example

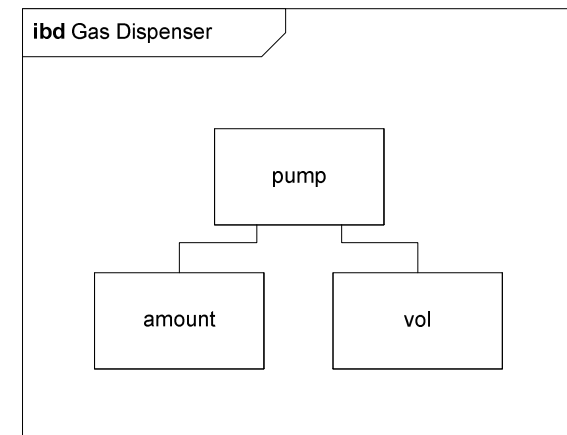
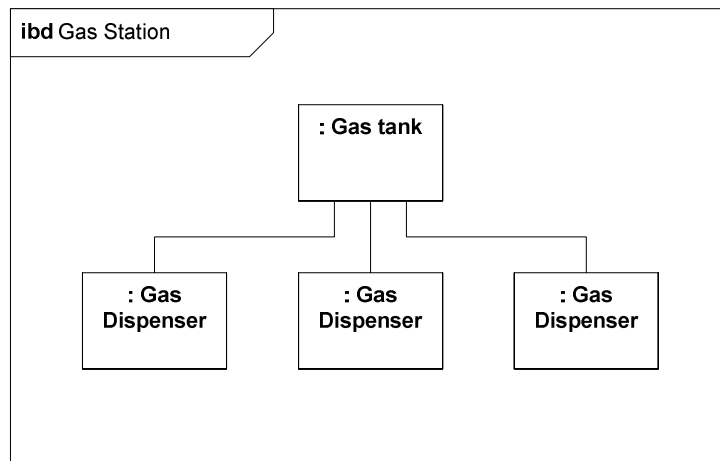




# ibd: Gas station example

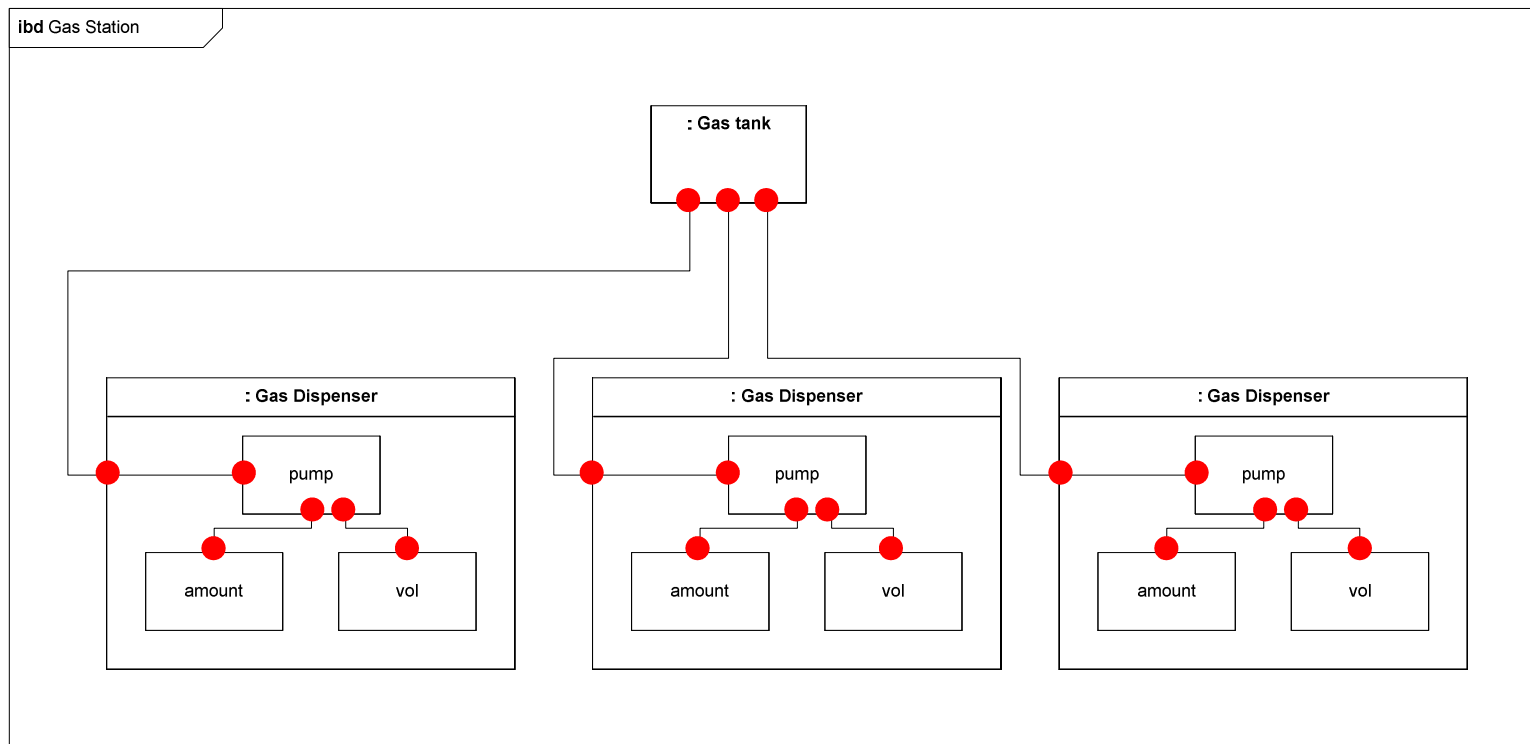


# ibd: Better Gas station example



# So far, so good...

- We can say a lot about the structure of a system in terms of *blocks* and *parts*...but what about their *interfaces*?



# SysML

Modeling interfaces  
using *items*, *item flows* and *ports*

# Modeling interfaces

- We would like to express more about the *connection* between parts on the ibd
  - This would help us to define the *interface* of the parts
- To do this, we must define *items*, *item flows* and *ports*!

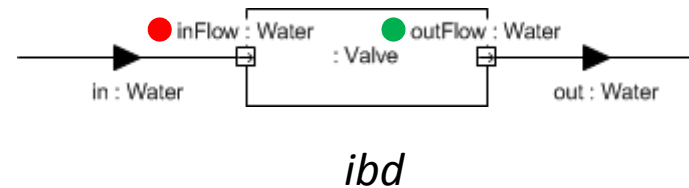
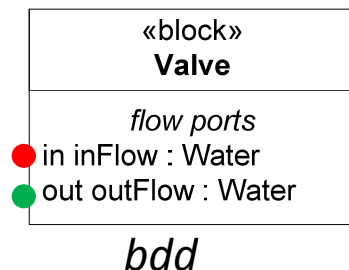
# Items and item flows

- An *item* describes an entity that flows through a system (blocks, value types or signals)
  - Physical flow, information flow, energy, ...
  - Simple or complex
- An *item flow* is used to describe a flow of items (!) on a connector between two blocks on an ibd
  - Item flow = item *type* + flow *direction*



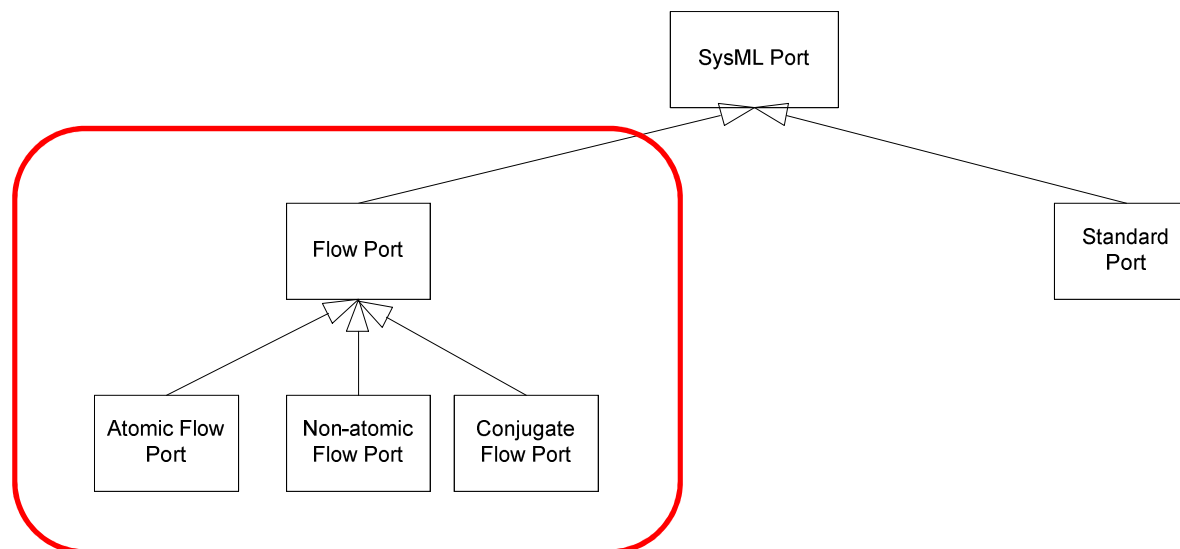
# Ports

- A *port* is an interaction point on the boundary of a block
  - Ports are where the items flow into / out of
  - One block can have many ports
- Ports are *defined* on the blocks on a bdd and used to connect *parts* on ibds



# Ports

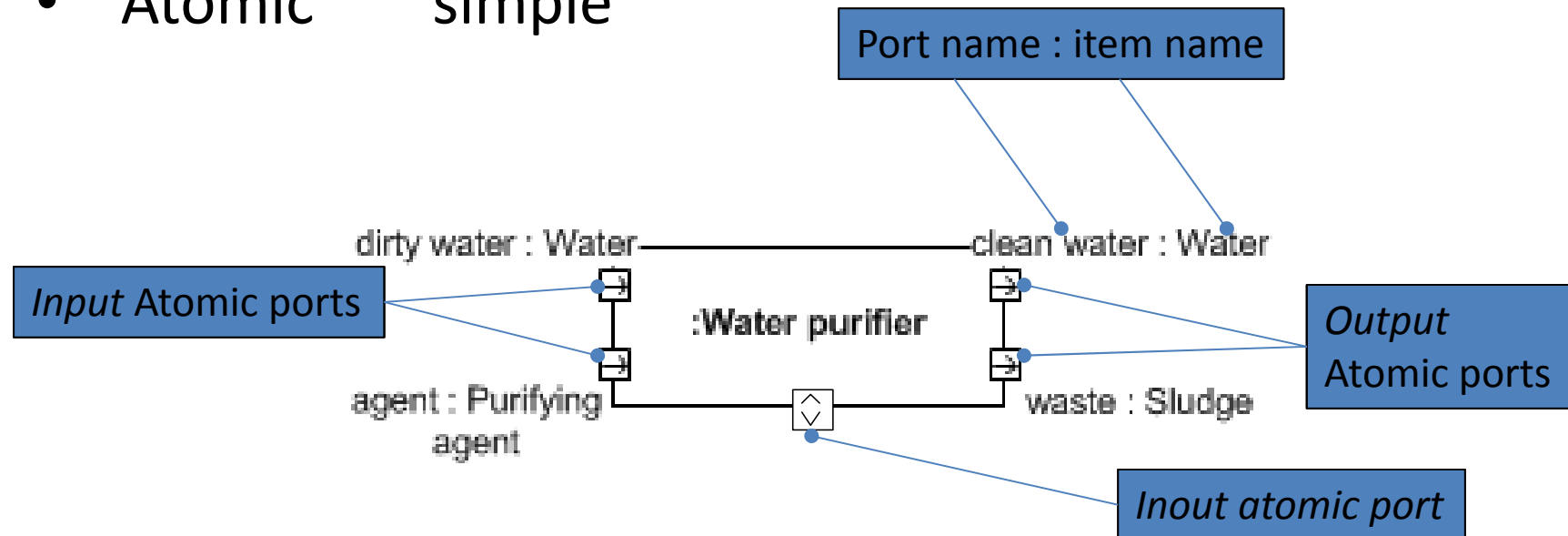
- Ports come in different flavours, each with different meaning and use
- We will concentrate on *flow* ports





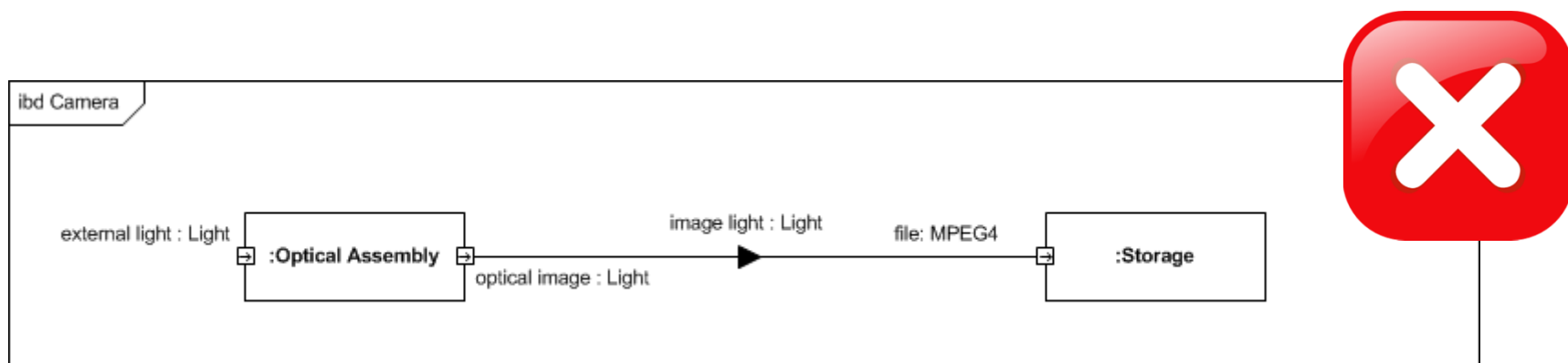
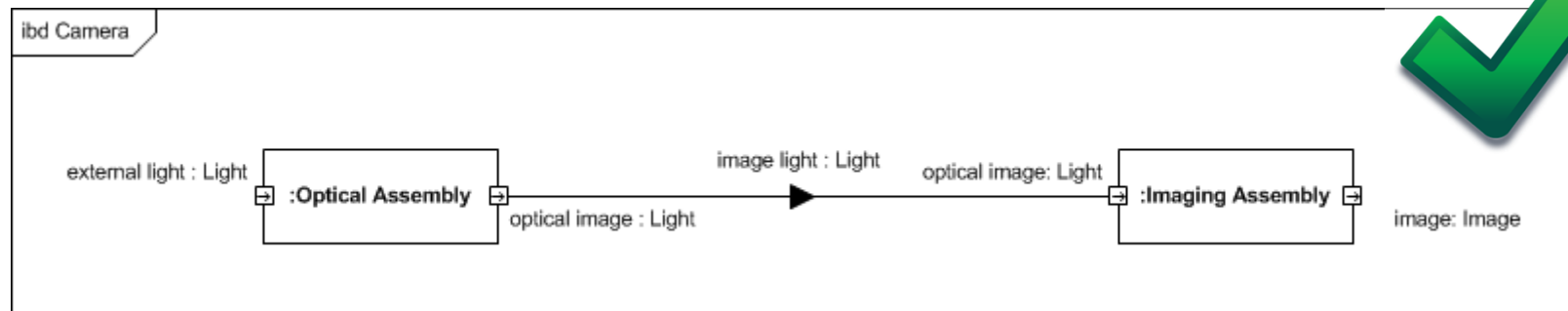
# Atomic flow ports

- *Atomic flow ports* are used to describe flows of a single, simple type of item flow to/from a block
  - Directions: In, out or inout
- "Atomic" ~ "simple"



# Atomic flow ports

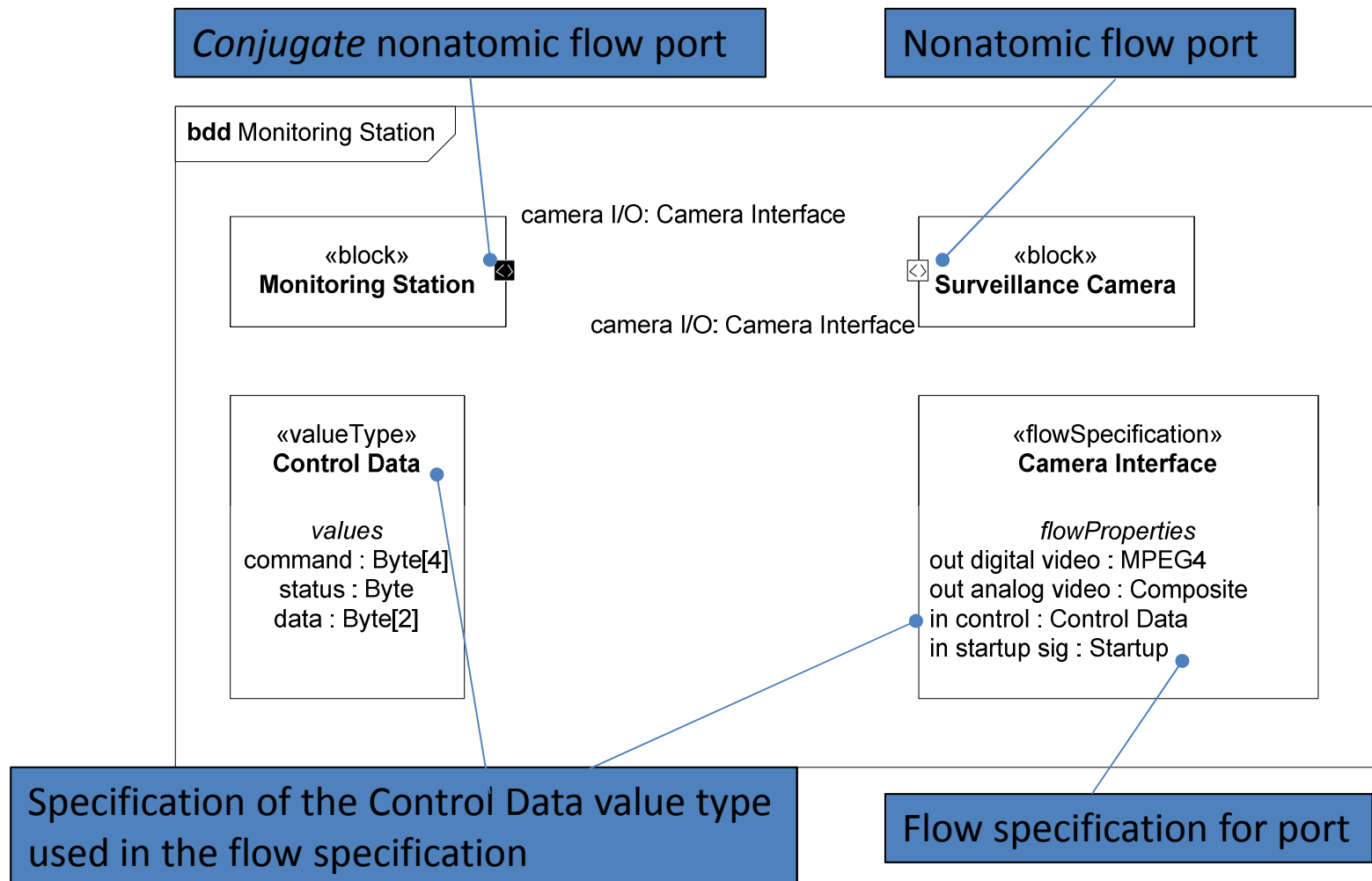
- Atomic flow ports can be connected only if directions and item flow are compatible:



# Nonatomic flow ports

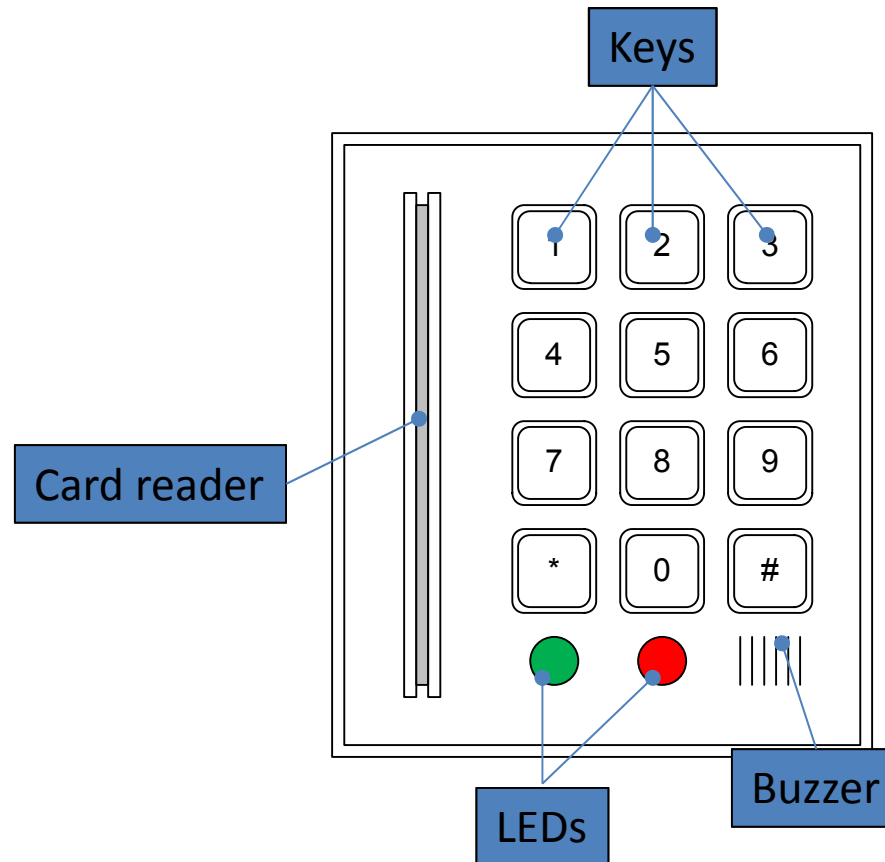
- Nonatomic flow ports are used for composite interfaces
  - "Nonatomic" ~ "composed of several things"
- A nonatomic flow port must be matched by a *flow specification* on a bdd
  - Each component given as a flow property (type and direction)
- You may also use a *conjugate flow port* (see next slide)

# Nonatomic flow ports



# Your turn!

- Given a bdd for an access control system, create ibd incl. ports and item flows



# Your turn!

