Spot Websocket API v2 ■ User Data ■ Executions

## **Executions**

CHANNEL wss://ws-auth.kraken.com/v2 executions

Authentication Required

The executions channel streams order status and execution events for this account.

It corresponds to a combination of the following Websockets v1 channels: <code>openOrders</code> and <code>ownTrades</code>.

This channel contains account specific data, an authentication token is required in the request.

## Subscribe Request

Subscribe Schema Example: Subscribe Example: Subscribe Ack Subscribe Ack Schema **MESSAGE BODY** - method string **REQUIRED** Value: subscribe params object channel string -REQUIRED Value: executions - snap\_trades boolean Possible values: [[true], [false]] **Default value:** false If true, the last 50 order fills will be included in snapshot. - snap\_orders boolean Possible values: [ true , false ] Default value: true If true, open orders will be included in snapshot. order\_status boolean

Possible values: [[true], [false]] Default value: [true] If true, all possible status transitions will be sent. Otherwise, only open / close transitions will be streamed: [new], [filled], [canceled], [expired]. ratecounter boolean Possible values: [ true ], [false ] **Default value:** false If [true], the rate-limit counter is included in the stream. - <del>snapshot\_trades</del> boolean — Deprecated Usage: Use 'snap\_trades' field. Possible values: [ true , false ] If [true], snapshot provides only trade events. Otherwise, open orders and trades will be included in snapshot. snapshot boolean — Deprecated Usage: Use 'snap\_orders' or 'snap\_trades' field. Possible values: [[true], [false]] Request a snapshot after subscribing. This is a authenticated channel, a session token is required. See guides on how to generate a token via REST.

-req id integer

Optional client originated request identifier sent as acknowledgment in the response.

## **Snapshot / Update Responses**

The snapshot and update stream share the same data schema, the fields included in the message is dependant on the exec\_type.

By default, the snapshot response contains all open orders and latest 50 trades.

The snapshot message content can be adjusted with the subscription parameters.

Snapshot / Update Schema Example: Pending Example: Live Order Example: Execution **MESSAGE BODY** 

```
- channel string
 Value: executions
- type string
 Possible values: [ snapshot
                              update]
- data array [
 A list of execution reports: order status and fills.
   [many] execution_report object
     amended boolean
     Possible values: [ true |, false ]
     Indicates if the order has been amended, the modification history can be extracted from the
     REST [OrderAmends] endpoint. This field is present in the snapshot and the [amended],
      restated event types.
    -avg price float
     Order's average fill price.
    - cash_order_qty float
     Order volume expressed in quote currency (if specified on the original order).
    - cl_ord_id string
     Optional client identifier associated with the order.
    - contingent object
     The contingent object describes the template for generating the secondary close orders
     when the primary order fills.
       order_type string
       Possible values: [limit], stop-loss, stop-loss-limit], take-profit
                                                                                take-profit-limit
        trailing-stop, trailing-stop-limit]
        Describes the order type of the secondary orders which will be created on each fill.
      -trigger_price float -
                                                                                        CONDITIONAL
        Condition: Only on triggered secondary order types.
```

Describes the trigger price amount on the secondary orders. This field is used in combination with the contingent.trigger_price_type field to determine the effective trigger price.
trigger_price_type string conditional
Condition: Only on triggered secondary order types.
Possible values: [static, pct, quote]
Describes trigger price units on the secondary orders.
• static: a static market price for the asset, i.e. 30000 for BTC/USD.
• pct: a percentage offset from the reference price, i.e10% from index price.
• quote: a notional offset from the reference price in the quote currency, i.e, 150
BTC/USD from last price
— limit price float — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
Condition: Only on secondary order types that support limit price.
Describes limit price amount on the secondary orders. This field is used in combination with
the contingent.limit_price_type field to determine the effective limit price.
- limit_price_type string
Condition: Only on secondary order types that support limit price.
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Condition: Only on secondary order types that support limit price.  Possible values: [static, pct, quote]  Describes limit price units on the secondary orders.  • static: a static market price for the asset, i.e. 30000 for BTC/USD.  • pct: a percentage offset from the reference price, i.e10% from index price.
Condition: Only on secondary order types that support limit price.  Possible values: [static], pct], quote]  Describes limit price units on the secondary orders.  • static]: a static market price for the asset, i.e. 30000 for BTC/USD.  • pct]: a percentage offset from the reference price, i.e10% from index price.  • quote]: a notional offset from the reference price in the quote currency, i.e, 150 BTC/USD from last price
Condition: Only on secondary order types that support limit price.  Possible values: [static], pct], quote]  Describes limit price units on the secondary orders.  • static: a static market price for the asset, i.e. 30000 for BTC/USD.  • pct: a percentage offset from the reference price, i.e10% from index price.  • quote: a notional offset from the reference price in the quote currency, i.e, 150  BTC/USD from last price  CONDITIONAL
Condition: Only on secondary order types that support limit price.  Possible values: [static, pct, quote]  Describes limit price units on the secondary orders.  • static: a static market price for the asset, i.e. 30000 for BTC/USD.  • pct: a percentage offset from the reference price, i.e10% from index price.  • quote: a notional offset from the reference price in the quote currency, i.e, 150  BTC/USD from last price  Condition: trade events only.
Condition: Only on secondary order types that support limit price.  Possible values: [static], pct], quote]  Describes limit price units on the secondary orders.  • static: a static market price for the asset, i.e. 30000 for BTC/USD.  • pct: a percentage offset from the reference price, i.e10% from index price.  • quote: a notional offset from the reference price in the quote currency, i.e, 150  BTC/USD from last price  CONDITIONAL
Condition: Only on secondary order types that support limit price.  Possible values: [static], pct], quote]  Describes limit price units on the secondary orders.  • static]: a static market price for the asset, i.e. 30000 for BTC/USD.  • pct]: a percentage offset from the reference price, i.e10% from index price.  • quote]: a notional offset from the reference price in the quote currency, i.e, 150  BTC/USD from last price  Condition: trade events only.  Value of an individual execution.
Condition: Only on secondary order types that support limit price.  Possible values: [static], pct], quote]  Describes limit price units on the secondary orders.  • static: a static market price for the asset, i.e. 30000 for BTC/USD.  • pct: a percentage offset from the reference price, i.e10% from index price.  • quote: a notional offset from the reference price in the quote currency, i.e, 150  BTC/USD from last price  Condition: trade events only.  Value of an individual execution.
Condition: Only on secondary order types that support limit price.  Possible values: [static], pct], quote]  Describes limit price units on the secondary orders.  • static]: a static market price for the asset, i.e. 30000 for BTC/USD.  • pct]: a percentage offset from the reference price, i.e10% from index price.  • quote]: a notional offset from the reference price in the quote currency, i.e, 150  BTC/USD from last price  Condition: trade events only.  Value of an individual execution.

The order cumulative executed quantity.

- display\_qty float

Display quantity for iceberg order types.

-display qty remain float —

CONDITIONAL

Condition: Iceberg Order

Indicates next display\_qty in Iceberg order.

- effective time string

Format: RFC3339

Example: 2022-12-25T09:30:59.123456Z

Scheduled start time of the order.

exec\_id string — CONDITIONAL

Condition: trade events only.

Execution identifier.

exec type string

Possible values: [pending\_new], [new], [trade], [filled], [iceberg\_refill], [canceled], [expired], [restated], [status]]

Describes the type of order event and determines the set of fields in the message.

- pending\_new: Order request has been received and validated but the order is not live yet.
- new: Order has been created and is live in the engine.
- trade: The order has received a fill.
- filled: The order has been fully filled.
- canceled: The order has been cancelled.
- [iceberg\_refill]: Indicates an Iceberg order refill.
- expired: The order has expired.
- [amended]: There is a user initiated amend on the order, i.e. limit price change.
- restated: There is a engine initiated amend on the order for maintenance of position or book, see reason field, i.e. reduce non-tradable liquidity.
- status: The order has a status update, i.e. trigger price has been updated.

- expire time string

Format: RFC3339

Example: 2022-12-25T09:30:59.123456Z Scheduled expiration time of the order. - ext\_ord\_id string Format: UUID An optional, external partner order identifier shown on order events. - ext\_exec\_id string Format: UUID An optional, external partner execution identifier shown on trade events. Condition: trade events only. The fees paid on this trade event. Currently, the fees are expressed in the quote currency only. -[0] fee object asset string The fee currency. **- gty** float The fee amount. - fee\_ccy\_pref string The preferred currency for paying fees. fcib: prefer fee in base currency. fciq: prefer fee in quote currency. -fee\_usd\_equiv float The total fee paid in USD. - limit\_price float Limit price for order types that support limit price restriction. - liquidated boolean Indicates if the order has been liquidated by the engine. - liquidity ind string Possible values: [m, t]

The liquidity indicator: t taker, m maker. -last price float ----CONDITIONAL Condition: trade events only. The average price in this trade event. -last\_qty float -CONDITIONAL Condition: trade events only. The quantity filled in this trade event. -margin boolean Indicates if the order can be funded on margin. - margin borrow boolean Indicates if an execution is on margin, i.e. if the trade increased or reduced size of margin borrowing. On trade events only. - no\_mpp boolean Indicates if the order has market price protection. - ord\_ref\_id string Referral order transaction id that created this order. - order id string Unique order identifier generated by Kraken. -order\_qty float The client order quantity. - order\_type string Possible values: [limit], market], iceberg, stop-loss, stop-loss-limit], take-profit [take-profit-limit], [trailing-stop], [trailing-stop-limit], [settle-position]] The execution model of the order. order status string Describes current state of the order. pending\_new: Order has been received but not yet created by the engine. new: Order is live but has no fills. partially\_filled : Order is live and some fills.

• canceled: The order has been cancelled.

filled: The order has been fully filled.

expired: The order has expired. - order\_userref integer Optional numeric, client identifier associated with one or more orders. - post\_only boolean Possible values: [[true], [false]] Indicates a post only order. - position\_status string Possible values: [opened], [closing], [closed]] Indicates status of the position on a margin order. - reason string The reason associated with an event, if applicable. - reduce\_only boolean Possible values: [true, false] Indicates a reduce only order. - sender\_sub\_id string For institutional accounts, identifies underlying sub-account/trader for Self Trade Prevention (STP). - side string Possible values: [[buy], [sell]] Side of the order. - symbol string Example: "BTC/USD" The symbol of the currency pair. -time\_in\_force string Possible values: [GTC], GTD, [IOC] Time-in-force specifies how long an order remains in effect before being expired. GTC: Good Till Canceled GTD: Good Till Date IOC: Immediate Or Cancel

Executions | Kraken API Center timestamp string Format: RFC3339 Example: 2022-12-25T09:30:59.123456Z Time of the event. -trade id integer The trade identifier. -triggers object Describes the parameters and status of the price trigger for triggered order types. reference string Possible values: [ index ], [last ] The reference price tracked for triggering orders. price float Specifies the amount for the trigger price - it supports both static market prices and relative prices. This field is used in combination with the price\_type | field below to determine the effective trigger price. - price type string Possible values: [| static | , | pct | , | quote |] The units for the trigger price. static: a static market price for the asset, i.e. 30000 for BTC/USD. [pct]: a percentage offset from the reference price, i.e. -10% from index price. quote: a notional offset from the reference price in the quote currency, i.e, 150 BTC/USD from last price -actual price float The current value of the effective trigger price, this is useful if the trigger was entered using a relative price or the trigger price changes over time. - peak\_price float The peak / trough price on trailing-stop and trailing-stop-limit orders. - last price float

On trigger activation, the value of the reference last price that triggered the order.

untriggered

Possible values: [ triggered ],

- status string

	er becomes	
	— timestamp string	
	Format: RFC3339	
	Example: 2022-12-25T09:30:59.123456Z	
	On trigger activation, the timestamp of the trigger event.	
	<del>cancel_reason</del> string	DEPRECATED
	Deprecated Usage: Use 'reason' field.	
	Cancellation reason.	
	— stop_price float —	DEPRECATED
	Deprecated Usage: Use 'triggers' object.	
	The stop price for triggered order types.	
	— <del>trigger</del> string —	DEPRECATED
	Deprecated Usage: Use 'triggers' object.	
	Possible values: [index], [last]	
	Reference price for triggered order types.	
	triggered_price float	DEPRECATED
	Deprecated Usage: Use 'triggers' object.	
	Price which triggered the order.	
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## **Unsubscribe Request**

Unsubscribe Schema Unsubscribe Ack Schema Example: Unsubscribe Example: Unsubscribe Ack

MESSAGE BODY

- method string
- Value: unsubscribe

- params object
- channel string
- Value: executions
- Value: executions

**token** string — REQUIRED

This is a authenticated channel, a session token is required. See guides on how to generate a token via REST.

req\_id integer

Optional client originated request identifier sent as acknowledgment in the response.