

#### **Docker and Visual Studio**

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#### Overview



Using the Docker tools in Visual Studio 2017

Building your images with Docker files

Building a group of containers using Docker compose files

Debugging your cross-container solutions with visual Studio 2017



# Using the Docker Tools in Visual Studio 2017



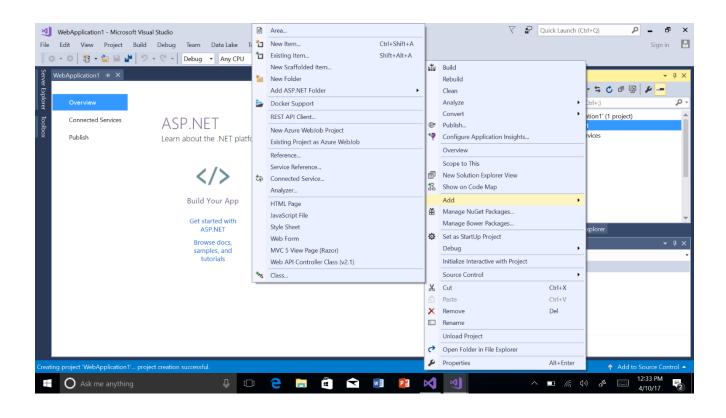
## Add Docker support to your project

Understands ASP.NET vs. .NET Core

Adds required Docker files to the projects

Adds required Docker-compose Yaml files

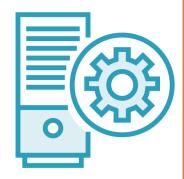
# Docker Tools in Visual Studio 2017







#### The Docker files added



#### **Docker Files Added**

```
FROM microsoft/aspnetcore:1.1

ARG source
WORKDIR /app
EXPOSE 80
COPY ${source:-obj/Docker/publish} .
ENTRYPOINT ["dotnet", "dotnetcore.dll"]
```

□ FROM microsoft/aspnet

ARG source

WORKDIR /inetpub/wwwroot

COPY \${source:-obj/Docker/publish} .



```
FROM microsoft/aspnet
ARG source
WORKDIR /inetpub/wwwroot
COPY ${source:-obj/Docker/publish} .
```

### The Dockerfile Debug/release Trick

Pass in argument at build

Debug -> obj/docker/empty

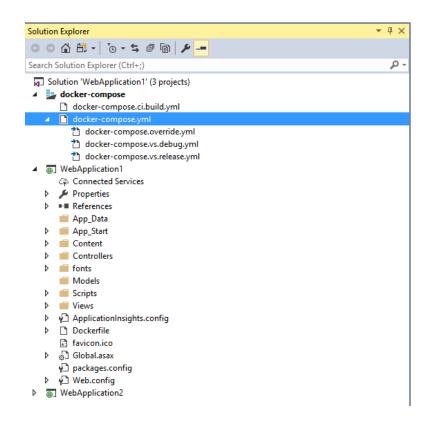
Release -> obj/docker/publish





Building Containers from the Command-line





#### Yaml Files Added

Used to run container compositions

Build

Run

Are a superset of json

You can pass multiple files on the command-line that get merged

Provide additional run information to build or start the containers



```
services:
   webapplication1:
    image: webapplication1
   build:
       context: .\WebApplication1
       dockerfile: Dockerfile
```

#### The Yaml File Trick

The docker-compose file defines the services

Defines what to build



#### {override}

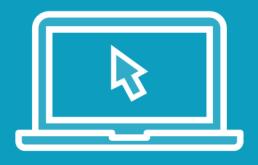
```
services:
    webapplication1:
        ports:
        - "80"

networks:
    default:
        external:
        name: nat
```

#### The Yaml File Trick

The override file defines the ports and networking





Building Containers from the Command-line Using Docker-compose



#### {Debug}

"com.microsoft.visualstudio.targetoperatingsystem=windows"

#### The Yaml File Trick

Source arg dockerfile get's the DOCKER\_BUILD\_SOURCE value == obj\docker\empty

Volume mapping to c:\inetpub\wwwroot

Volume mapping to local user folder (~) on host to remote debugger





Show the Volume Maps on the Containers



{Release}

#### The Yaml File Trick

Source arg dockerfile get's the DOCKER\_BUILD\_SOURCE value == obj\docker\publish Volume mapping to local user folder (~) on host to remote debugger



```
services:
    ci-build:
    image: microsoft/aspnetcore-build:1.0-1.1
    volumes:
        - .:/src
    working_dir: /src
    command: /bin/bash -c "dotnet restore ./dotnetcore.sln && dotnet

        publish ./dotnetcore.sln -c Release -o
./obj/Docker/publish"
```

### The Compose File to Build The Source

Docker-compose.ci.build

Container image used to build the sources

Enables you to switch build environments in a very easy way



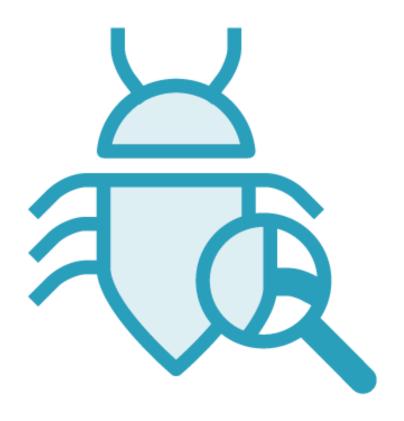


Use the Visual Studio 2017 IDE to Build Containers



# Debugging Your Cross-container Solutions with Visual Studio 2017





### **Debugging Containers**

This uses the remote debugger capabilities of Visual Studio better known under the name msvsmon

Can be found on your local machine [osdisk]:\Users\<username>\msvsmon

Is mapped in the yaml file as volume mount on your container





Show How to Debug Cross Containers



#### Summary



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