

practical-3-dl

```
[1]: #Name: Subodh Chaudhari  
     #Roll No:13  
     #Batch: B1 [IT]
```

```
[3]: #Build the Image classification model by dividing the model into following 4 stages:  
     ↪stages:  
     #1.Loading and preprocessing the image data  
     #2.Defining the model's architecture  
     #3.Training the model  
     #4.Estimating the model's performance
```

```
[6]: import numpy as np  
     import pandas as pd  
     import random  
     import tensorflow as tf  
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
     from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score  
     from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential  
     from tensorflow.keras.layers import Flatten, Conv2D, Dense, MaxPooling2D  
     from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import SGD  
     from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical  
     from tensorflow.keras.datasets import mnist
```

```
[8]: # Loading and preprocessing the image data  
     (X_train, y_train), (X_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
```

```
[9]: print(X_train.shape)  
     (60000, 28, 28)
```

```
(60000, 28, 28)
```

```
[9]: (60000, 28, 28)
```

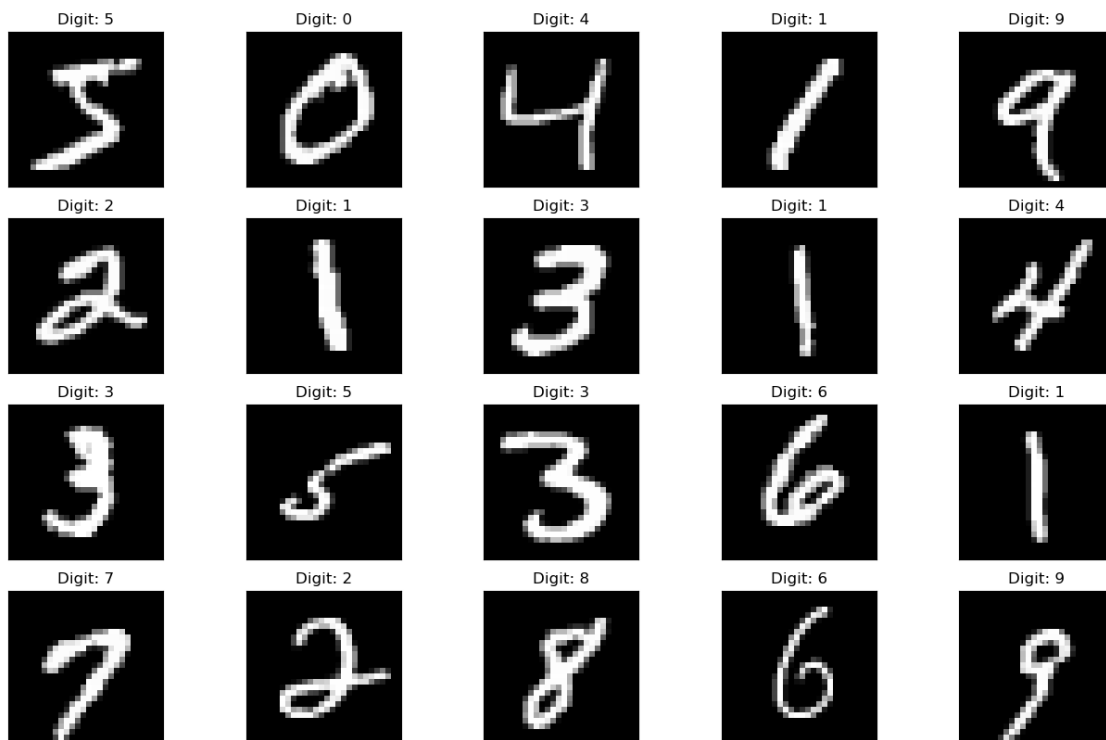
```
[10]: X_train[0].min(), X_train[0].max()
```

```
[10]: (0, 255)
```

```
[11]: X_train = (X_train - 0.0) / (255.0 - 0.0)
      X_test = (X_test - 0.0) / (255.0 - 0.0)
      X_train[0].min(), X_train[0].max()
      (0.0, 1.0)
```

```
[11]: (0.0, 1.0)
```

```
[18]: def plot_digit(image, digit, plt, i):
      plt.subplot(4, 5, i + 1)
      plt.imshow(image, cmap=plt.get_cmap('gray'))
      plt.title(f"Digit: {digit}")
      plt.xticks([])
      plt.yticks([])
      plt.figure(figsize=(16, 10))
      for i in range(20):
          plot_digit(X_train[i], y_train[i], plt, i)
      plt.show()
```



```
[19]: X_train = X_train.reshape((X_train.shape + (1,)))
      X_test = X_test.reshape((X_test.shape + (1,)))
```

```
[20]: y_train[0:20]
```

```
c=np.array([5, 0, 4, 1, 9, 2, 1, 3, 1, 4, 3, 5, 3, 6, 1, 7, 2, 8, 6, 9],dtype='u1')
```

```
[21]: # Defining the model's architecture
model = Sequential([
    Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation="relu", input_shape=(28, 28, 1)),
    MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
    Flatten(),
    Dense(100, activation="relu"),
    Dense(10, activation="softmax")
])
```

```
[22]: optimizer = SGD(learning_rate=0.01, momentum=0.9)
model.compile(
    optimizer=optimizer,
    loss="sparse_categorical_crossentropy",
    metrics=["accuracy"]
)
```

```
[23]: model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 26, 26, 32)	320
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 13, 13, 32)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 5408)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 100)	540900
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1010

Total params: 542230 (2.07 MB)
 Trainable params: 542230 (2.07 MB)
 Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

```
[37]: #Training and testing the model
Model_log=model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=10, batch_size=15,
    verbose=1,validation_data=0);
```

Epoch 1/10

```

4000/4000 [=====] - 26s 6ms/step - loss: 0.0044 -
accuracy: 0.9989
Epoch 2/10
4000/4000 [=====] - 24s 6ms/step - loss: 0.0020 -
accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 3/10
4000/4000 [=====] - 27s 7ms/step - loss: 0.0018 -
accuracy: 0.9996
Epoch 4/10
4000/4000 [=====] - 27s 7ms/step - loss: 8.3403e-04 -
accuracy: 0.9998
Epoch 5/10
4000/4000 [=====] - 25s 6ms/step - loss: 4.2142e-04 -
accuracy: 0.9999
Epoch 6/10
4000/4000 [=====] - 26s 7ms/step - loss: 1.9528e-04 -
accuracy: 1.0000
Epoch 7/10
4000/4000 [=====] - 30s 7ms/step - loss: 1.3558e-04 -
accuracy: 1.0000
Epoch 8/10
4000/4000 [=====] - 33s 8ms/step - loss: 1.0930e-04 -
accuracy: 1.0000
Epoch 9/10
4000/4000 [=====] - 34s 9ms/step - loss: 9.6641e-05 -
accuracy: 1.0000
Epoch 10/10
4000/4000 [=====] - 25s 6ms/step - loss: 8.5826e-05 -
accuracy: 1.0000

```

```

[41]: plt.figure(figsize=(16, 10))
      for i in range(20):
          image = random.choice(X_test).squeeze()
          digit = np.argmax(model.predict(image.reshape((1, 28, 28, 1))))[0], axis=-1)
          plot_digit(image, digit, plt, i)
      plt.show()

```

```

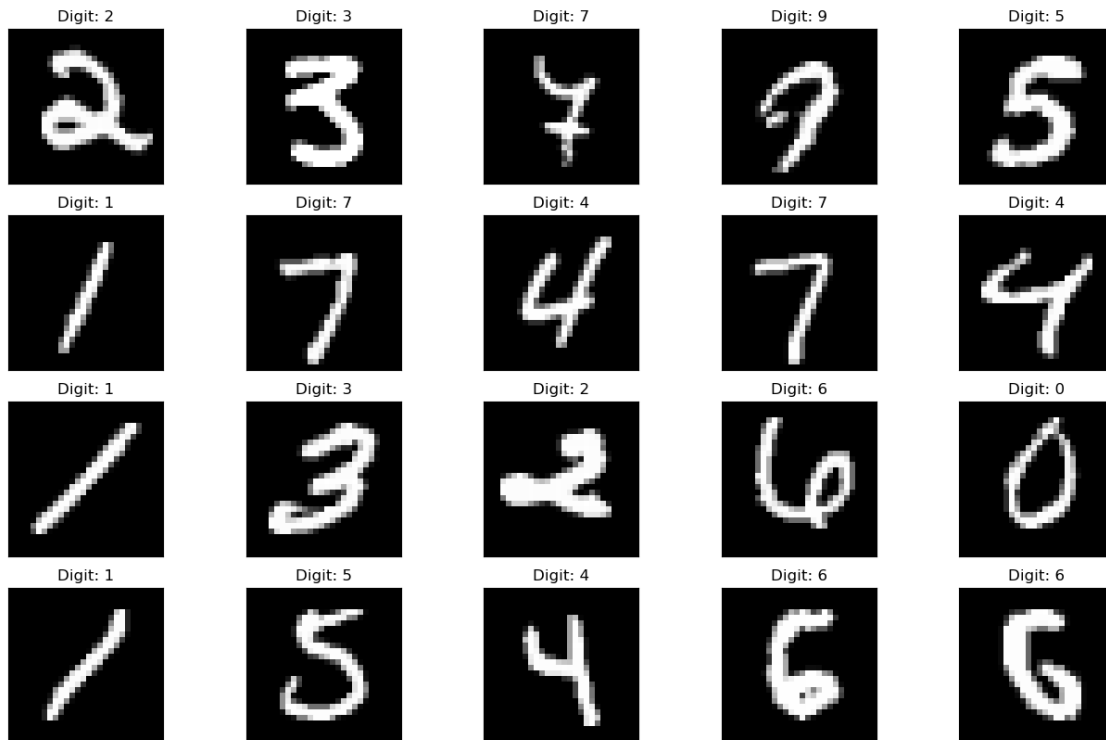
1/1 [=====] - 0s 16ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 18ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 18ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 18ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 18ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 16ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step

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1/1 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 20ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 23ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 20ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 19ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 21ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 21ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 18ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 20ms/step

```



```

[42]: predictions = np.argmax(model.predict(X_test), axis=-1)
      accuracy_score(y_test, predictions)

```

```

313/313 [=====] - 1s 3ms/step

```

```

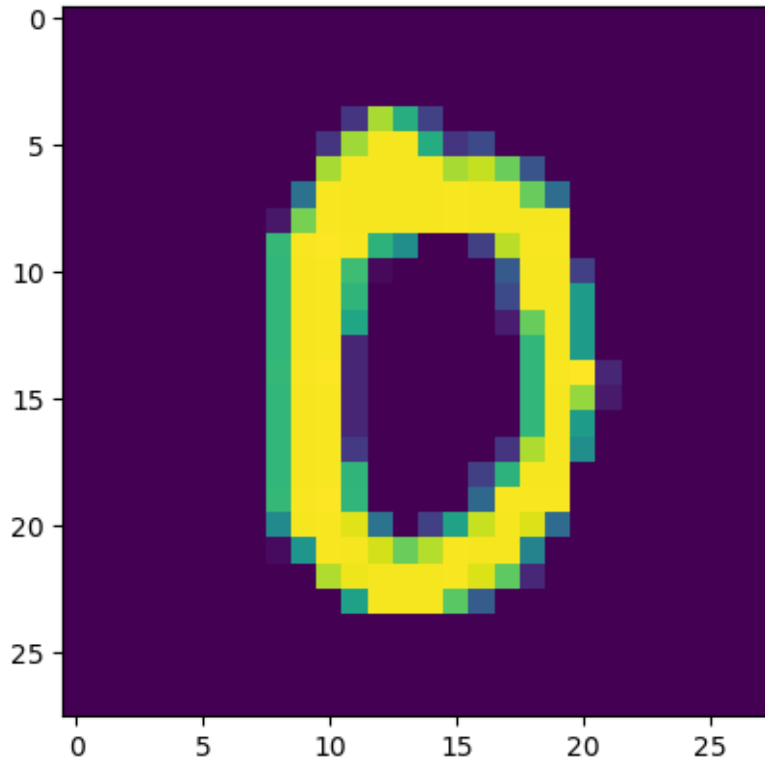
[42]: 0.9896

```

```

[43]: n=random.randint(0,9999)
      plt.imshow(X_test[n])
      plt.show()

```



```
[44]: predicted_value=model.predict(X_test)
      print("Handwritten number in the image is= %d" %np.argmax(predicted_value[n]))
```

```
313/313 [=====] - 1s 3ms/step
Handwritten number in the image is= 0
```

```
[45]: # Estimating the model's performance
      score = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test, verbose=0)
      print('Test loss:', score[0])
      print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
```

```
Test loss: 0.045085225254297256
Test accuracy: 0.9896000027656555
```

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[ ]:
```